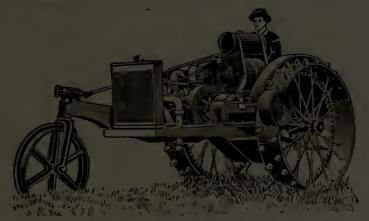


THE LIGHT FARM TRACTOR



SOLVES THE
FARM LABOUR
PROBLEM

CANADIAN ALLIS-CHALMERS, LIMITED





Fig. 1—An Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Farm Tractor plowing on the farm of Mr. Peter Wilson, near Cobden, Ont.



Fig. 2—An Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Farm Tractor plowing on the farm of Mr. J. S. Ainslee, near Comber, Ont.

Farm Tractors, A National Necessity, But-

I A STATE OF THE S

HE practical farmer's assistance is required to make the most efficient use of them. The Allis-Chalmers Farm Tractor described in these pages is not a dreamy inventor's idea. It was designed and built after a thorough study of the tractor situation from the point of view of the practical farmer—what he wants and expects in a tractor,

what a really satisfactory farm tractor should be and do. Then, before it was placed on the market, it was tested under the most severe conditions that could possibly be met in actual farm use.

Co-operation of the Farmer

WE believe we have here a thoroughly efficient and practical farm tractor, both for dragging or hauling and for power purposes. With a few lessons almost anyone can learn to operate the Allis-Chalmers Farm Tractor, but its adaptation to all the varied uses on a farm, to which such a self-propelling power plant can be put, rests mainly with the practical farmer. His sympathetic co-operation is vitally necessary if full advantage is to be taken of the opportunity now offered to substitute cheap mechanical power for high-priced manual labour. There is a world-wide demand for more food, and prices of farm products are higher than ever before but, unfortunately, there is a world-wide scarcity of labour. The farm tractor affords the one solution of the farm labour problem, and the highest degree of tractor efficiency yet attained is found in the Allis-Chalmers Farm Tractor.



Fig. 3—Two Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Farm Tractors, plowing and disking, Central Experimental Farm. Ottawa

Good In All Sorts of Soil

THE Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Farm Tractor, that is 10 H.P. on the draw bar or 18 H.P. on the pulley, completely covers the requirements of a farm of 80 to 320 acres at a reasonable cost. It is easily steered, either to the right or to the left—the steering wheel running in the furrow steers the tractor automatically when plowing. You can make a square turn at the end of your field and handle tractor and plow with no more waste of space than with a two-horse team. It is always under the operator's instant and easy control. It makes good in all sorts of soil and for all kinds of work. It's a tractor you can safely buy because the service and the value are in it.

Wide Range of Usefulness

THE Allis-Chalmers Farm Tractor is a light, strong, durable machine which will pull three plows in almost any soil, pull disc harrows, drag harrows, rollers, crushers, pulverisers, drills, binders, wagons, road graders, anything that is required of it; and, being fitted with a pulley, will do the threshing, pumping, sawing, silo-filling, corn shelling—all kinds of belt work anywhere you want to use it. In plowing it takes the place of six horses, and the motor, being specially designed for this tractor, has great power for its weight. It uses either gasoline or kerosene, and consequently its range of service is proportionately increased. With kerosene it has made some remarkable records, using a surprisingly low quantity per horse power hour.



Fig. 4—Threshing Wheat with an Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Farm Tractor

A Self-Propelling Power Plant

THE Allis-Chalmers Farm Tractor is a self-propelling power plant and will furnish power for any of the ordinary operations on the farm, being equipped with a pulley for that purpose. One important use is to pulverise limestone for acid soils. The liming of soils is a very old practice. It was practised by Roman farmers more than two thousand years ago, and probably the Chinese were the first to use lime on the soil. Any of the Agricultural Colleges will be glad to analyse samples to determine whether a particular soil suffers from acidity. But it is important to note that a jaw crusher will not do the work of a grinder on limestone, because the moisture in the stone causes the fine material to pack in between the jaws, and breakage of the machine results. The hammer principle should be sought, and the Allis-Chalmers "Hummer" has been designed specially for the work of pulverising limestone. A special bulletin, No. 1452, gives a complete description of the "Hummer," and also illustrated reports on the use of pulverised limestone for acid soils at different places.

Although the farm tractor is generally associated with plowing, it has a greater field of usefulness as a self-propelling power plant. Plowing, harrowing, seeding, and other field operations occupy a comparatively small portion of the whole year, but the tractor may be used for power purposes at any time. The practical farmer will not allow his investment to stand idle for a considerable portion of the year, but will utilise it, perhaps, in sawing wood for the winter, in pumping out a flooded cellar, in chopping food or grinding corn for the cattle, in crushing stone for a road or a concrete building, in operating any farm machine to which a belt can be attached from the pulley of the tractor.

7



Fig. 5—An Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Farm Tractor operated by a young lady who had no previous experience with it

Requires No Skilled Operator

NOTWITHSTANDING its power and its adaptability, the Allis-Chalmers Farm Tractor is easy to run and does not require a skilled operator. The women of Canada, who have already taken a large part in munition making and other patriotic work, will find here scope for equally patriotic and certainly more pleasant effort for their country. Farmers' boys of twelve to fourteen and indeed city boys who are volunteering in such large numbers for work on the farm during summer months, after a little practice with these machines, will be able to do the work of scores of men. To show how easily it is operated: When the first 10-18 Farm Tractor arrived in Toronto, one of our Head Office staff who had never seen a tractor in operation or had any previous experience with gasoline engines, was instructed to superintend its unloading and then assemble the fittings on the machine and start it up. By following implicitly the rules given in our "Instruction Book" he accomplished this successfully and then on the following day drove the tractor, under its own power, to the farm 23 miles away, where it was to be put in service for the Ontario Department of Agriculture—a record performance for a novice. It is therefore evident that the practical farmer, by the use of these machines, can direct work which is vitally necessary but which it will be impossible to do otherwise owing to the scarcity of labour.



Fig. 6—Joy for the Boy

Joy for the Boy

I'm was a great day for the small boy shown in the illustration on the opposite page. The tractor was plowing on the farm of his father, Mr. Peter Wilson, near Cobden, Ont., and he watched it at a distance, but only for a short time. Then he trudged alongside and offered his advice on the fine points of plowing, and finally expressed the opinion that he could "run that thing." He was given a chance, but he was so small that he had to stand on his toes to see where he was going. Everything went fine until he approached the fence at the bottom of the field. Some of the spectators appeared to be anxious, and even the bull nearby looked worried, but there was no occasion for alarm. He quickly tripped the plows, whirled the steering wheel and rounded the corner without a tremor. If there had been a "movie" at the scene the next picture would have shown him sailing back with a smile that could not come off. That night he dreamed of other worlds, or, rather, other fields to conquer.



Fig. 7—Wonderful Record by an Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Farm Tractor. See opposite page

Cost of Operation

THE practical farmer will ask for the cost of operation, and here is one out of many answers to a practical question. Fig. 7 shows how 175 acres of wheat field were listed in 115 hours.

This Allis-Chalmers Tractor, pulling a two-row lister, started in to work at 5 p.m., Monday, May 7, 1917, and finished at 7 p.m., Saturday, May 12. During this 122 hours the tractor ran continuously, with the exception of about 7 hours lost in changing crews, taking fuel, oiling and filling grease cups. A total of 175 acres was listed—a little better than $1\frac{1}{2}$ acres per hour, at a total cost of 33 cents per acre, including oil, fuel and help.

This remarkable record was made in wheat ground on the Rathburn farm near Downs, Kansas, this spring. No water was added to the radiator from start to finish. No wrench was used on the tractor from start to finish. At night an ordinary reflector lantern on the front of the tractor enabled the operator to steer. This record is the more remarkable because the tractor was run by men who had not had much tractor experience.

Rigid and Dust Proof

THE Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Farm Tractor is the only tractor with a one-piece steel heat-treated frame—the only tractor frame with no rivets to work loose—that cannot sag under heaviest strains. This means that Allis-Chalmers motor bearings can never get out of line through frame weakness.

All bearing surfaces and wearing parts are absolutely protected from dust and grit—the arch enemies of the tractor. The long life of the Allis-Chalmers Tractor is due largely to this perfect protection from dust.

13



Fig. 8—An Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Farm Tractor plowing on the farm of Mr. J. S. Ainslee, near Comber, Ont.

A Light Weight Farm Tractor

THE Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Farm Tractor is of sturdy construction and has ample strength to meet all the demands placed on it, yet it is one of the lightest farm tractors made, weighing 4,800 pounds. The light weight is a decided advantage, for power is not needlessly expended in haulage and the tractor will work in soft ground without packing. In fact, the Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Tractor can be used in any field that can be cultivated with horses. The fewness of its working parts makes it easy to understand and operate and eliminates danger of breakdowns—it requires very little attention. You do not have to be an expert or possess a natural bent for machinery in order to run this tractor successfully. It is a common sense tractor with which the average man can do work on the average farm easier and better. There's nothing complicated about it—no freakish ideas in construction—it is a serviceable, sensible machine from start to finish. The light weight Farm Tractor is not an experiment, but a proved success.

Guaranteed to Give Satisfaction

THE Allis-Chalmers Farm Tractor is guaranteed to be made of first-class materials, to be free from defects and to give satisfactory service for the purposes for which it is intended. At any time within one year of purchase, we will replace free any part which breaks through defect of materials or workmanship, provided failure was not due to neglect or abuse.



Fig. 9—An Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Farm Tractor plowing on the farm of Mr. W. H. Hood, near Unionville, Ont.

Specifications
of the
Allis-Chalmers
Farm
Tractor

Weight														. 4800 p	ounds
Height								6	feet	: 3	inc	hes	to top of	steering	wheel
Length, Overa															
Wheel Base, 1	en	gth												. 96 i	inches
Width, outside															inches
Drive Wheels															
Front Wheel											32	incl	ies diame	ter, 6 inc	ch rim
Frame													One-piec	e steel c	asting
Clearance .													27 inche	s under	frame
Motor, $5\frac{1}{4} \times 7$	in	ch,	tw	0-0	cyli:	nde	r o	ppo	osed	, d	lesi	gne	d and buil	t express	sly for
this tracto															క మే
Н. Р													. Belt 1	.8, Drawl	bar 10
Speed														720 R.	P. M.
Fuel Capacity														. $17\frac{1}{2}$ g	allons
Fuel Used .								٠					. Gasolii	ne or ker	rosene
Differential .									Cut	ge	ear	witl	n hardene	d steel p	inions
Transmission											E	nclo	sed gears	running	in oil
Guiding Device	ce													. Auto	omatic
Ignition															
Cooling Syste:															
Clutch															
Draw Bar .															

Echoes of the Tractor Demonstration

At Fremont, Nebraska, week of August 6, 1917

(From The Farm Implement News report of the S.A.E. Meeting).

Keeping in mind the viewpoint of better service from present tractors, we have laid special emphasis on the farmer's duties in operating farm power equipment. I believe the established tractor manufacturers are fully conscious of their great responsibility in producing more efficient tractors, and in greater numbers. With the farmer and the manufacturer each doing his full share, the resultant tractor service will go far toward solving the nation's food problem.

The engine, transmission and other working parts will last longer if a new tractor pulls a light load for the first two or three days. Too often the new plowing outfit is put on the toughest piece of ground on the farm in order to try it out. Automobile manufacturers of long experience are sending out instructions with new cars to the effect that they should not be driven faster than 20 or 25 miles per hour for the first few hundred miles. Tractor manufacturers and owners should take the lesson.

Service is an important item. The only service the farmer wants is the service of the machine. He does not want ser-

vice from the manufacturer or the dealer, but wants the same kind of service that he gets from his cultivator, his harrow, and his other implements. This is the service that he wants to get, and is going to have before long. It seems that, to take care of the service, the problem is to educate the farmer to run the machine, and this can be done. In case after case, farmers have purchased second-hand tractors, that had been condemned because the original owners could not make them run, while the new purchasers secured excellent satisfaction from them.

The dealer and the traveller should keep away from such statements as number of plows, capacity, inches deep, etc., etc., in positive statements. It is all right to maintain that, should the conditions be favourable, the tractor will pull a certain size of machine or a certain number of plows, but the tangible facts should be that this machine will develop so many pounds at the draw-bar, or so much power at the belt, and then, as in buying a horse, the farmer can utilise that power as he may see fit, either pulling one plow 12 inches deep or three plows 4 inches deep.

Echoes of the Tractor Demonstration—Con.

Belt work is the one most important thing for the tractor to do. It exceeds even the amount of plowing that is done by the tractor.

It will not be possible to give the tractor purchaser satisfactory tractor service until such time as tractors are sold to the ultimate purchaser for cash on delivery. This may apply more particularly to tractors selling for \$2,000, or less, but the majority of tractors now sold are under \$2,000, so let us deal with the majority. The reason for this is found in the difference in the mental attitude of the tractor purchaser who pays cash and the one who buys on time. The difference is simply this: the cash purchaser owns the tractor from the start and quite naturally takes greater interest in it, with a greater desire to learn all there is to know about its operation and care, than the purchaser who does not own the tractor until it is fully paid for. Until tractors are sold to the purchaser for cash on delivery entirely, tractor companies will be attempting to give service to two classes of purchasers who are not on an equal footing.

Tractor service, like charity, must begin at home. We must teach the farmer to take care of his own machine if we want him to have real service.

It is a well-known fact that an automobile requires more attention during the first 500 miles that it is in use than it does for the next three or four thousand. This is particularly true of a tractor. The tractor covers in the first two or three days it is in use what is equivalent to 500 miles' travel of the automobile. It must have careful and exact attention over that period.

The technical and farm press have accomplished much in telling farmers how to plan the work of their tractors, showing the importance of proper care and operation and teaching the farmer to show the right spirit toward the machine. Stories of experiences in power farming can be made interesting reading, and offer an excellent means of teaching the farmer that his success with a tractor largely depends on his own efforts.

F. W. Kamm, Manager of the Farm Machinery Department, Allis-Chalmers Mnfg. Co., looked happy all week. He appeared at each of the eight official demonstrations last year and one or two of the unofficial ones. To crowd them all into one big show this year would please anyone who made the circuit last summer. Mr. Kamm said that he was very well satisfied with the show, that his tractors had performed with distinction, and that he had not a complaint of any kind to make.



Fig. 10-Street Grading with an Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Farm Tractor



Fig. 11—An Allis-Chalmers 10-18 H.P. Farm Tractor plowing on the farm of Mr. J. S. Ainslee, near Comber, Ont.



PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS CLASSIFIED



Product	Bulletin	Product	Bulletin	Product	Bulletin	Product	Bulletin
AIR BRAKES AIR COMPRESSORS Over 1500 c. ft. Medium Portable up to 50 c. ARCHITECTURAL BRONZE AND	1531 42	CONDENSERS Barometric Jet Surface CONTRACTORS' PI Air Compressors Buckets, Excavatin	42 600	CRANES Electric Hand Travelling CRUSHING MACF Ballast Plants Ball Granulators	1411 1813	ENGINES—Con. Gasoline Hoisting Logging Oil Pumping Steam Twin	13, 16 1 52 310 and 1532 1634 1529 1722
IRON WORK BOILERS Water Tube Horizontal Return T	2000, 2004 ubular	Cableways, Lidgerw Concrete Mixers Core Drills Derricks, Lidgerwood Drills, Core "Hammer	301 301 301 302	Blake Crushers Conveyors Crushing Rolls Dodge Crushers Elevators Feeders Gates' Breakers	1451 1411 1811, 1812 1451 1411 1432 1448	EXCAVATING MAC FARM TRACTORS FLOUR MILL MAC Attrition Mills Belting	604 CHINERY 2 133
BRIDGES, Steel Bascule Bridges Highway Bridges Railway Bridges CABLEWAYS	31	" Rock " Mountings Drill Steel Duplex Pumps Excavators, Cablew Hoists, Gasoline	16	Hummer Crusher Jaw Crushers Perforated Metals Revolving Screen: Steel Jaw Crushe; See also Mining, Ce	1451, 1810 s 1425 s 1436 rs 1810 ement and Con-	Bolters, Universal Bolting Cloth Conveyors Corn Mills Dusters Dust Collectors Feeders	1213 2 2 1212 1216 2 1212
CEMENT MACHINE Ball Mills Revolving Screens Rotary Kilus and Co Tube Mills Tube Mill Linings See also Crushing and Machinery	RY 1444 1425 polers 1430 1410 1440	" Steam Lidgerwood Hoists Pile Hammers Pumps, Duplex " Steam " Centrifugal Rock Drills Steam Shovels Tractor Trucks	11 11 305 36 36 1632 303	tractors' Machine DRILLS, ROCK Core Drills Hammer Drills Piston Drills Mountings and Ac ENGINES Blowing Cableway	301 302 303 303 304 1902	Feed Mills Flaking Machines Flour Dressers Granulators Grinding and Corr Middlings Mills Oat Rolls Packers Plate Choppers Purifiers	2 2 1215 2 1214
"COCHRANE" STEA. SPECIALTIES	M	See also Architectura Iron Work, Crushin Machinery and Str	g and Mining	Corliss Diesel Gas	1529 1532 38 and 1535	Reels, Centrifugal Roll Corrugations Rolls	1214 1212 1212



PRINCIPAL PRODUCTS CLASSIFIED—Con.



Product	Bulletin	Product	Bulletin	Product	Bulletin	Product	Bulletin
FLOUR MILL MACH Con. Roller Mills Scalpers Sifters "Perfection Separators Supplies Wheat Heaters and Steamers GAS PRODUCERS HOISTS Air Contractors' Electric Gasoline Mining Mining Steam HYDRAULIC MACH Governors, Oil Pres Penstocks Pressure Regulator Pumps, Centrifugal Turbines, Francis Wheels, Impulse Valves, Butterfly "Relief "LIDGERWOOD" APPARATUS	1212 1214 1214 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 8 8 311 11, 16 12, 1445 16, 1445, 1803 1, 1803 1NERY sure 1636	"McKIERNAN-TE PRODUCTS MINING MACHIN Blowers Classifiers Concentrating PI Copper Convertin Cyanide Plants Flotation Equipn Furnaces 144 Gold and Silver I Lead Refining PI Prospecting Mill Roasting Furnac, Sampling Plants Skips Smelting Plants Stamps, Gravity "Steam Tube Mills Ventilating Mack See also Cement, tractors', Hoist ing Machinery. PIPE—CAST IRO PLATE AND TAN	RRY" 1800, 1806 ants 1437 ag 1424, 1428 ent 131 ants 1417A fills 131 ants 1417A is 1443, 1804 1805 1417A 1432A 1408 inery 1418 Crushing, Con- ag and Pump.	PUMPING MACHINI Air Lift Pumps Boiler Feed Pumps Centrifugal Pumps Fire Pumps—Steam " Electri High Duty Pumping Engines Screw Pumps Sewage Pumps Turbine Pumps Underwriters' Fire P ROAD MAKING MAC Concrete Mixers Crushing Plants Excavators Road Rollers Trenching Machiner SAW MILL MACHIN Band Mills Carriages Circular Saw Mills Conveying Machiner Cutting-off Saws Edgers Feeds Lath Mills and Bolte Log Machinery Set Works Slashers Trimmers	308 36 1432 35 c 2001 { 1634 1611 1611 1632 chimps 35 CHINERY 1411 y EERY 1700 1711 1724 y 1707 1720 1723 1723	STEAM ENGINES See Engiaes STEAM SHOVELS STEAM SPECIALTIES Feed Water Heaters Feed Water Heaters Multiporl Valves Pump Governors Reducing Valves Steam Traps Steam Separators Water Softening STRUCTURAL STEEL Building Work Penstocks Railway Turn-tables Theatre Trusses Transmission Towers Water Tanks Water Tanks Water Towers TIMBER TREATING AND PRESERVING MACHINERY TRACTOR TRUCKS TURBINES Steam Water WATERWORKS SUPP Cast Iron Pipe	710 700 601 306 307 513 550 682
LOCOMOTIVES Electric		POWER TRANSM		and all Accessories		Cast Iron Specials Hydrants	
Steam		MACHINERY	133	"SMITH" GAS PRO	DUCERS	Valves	

Strong Points of the Allis-Chalmers Farm Tractor

Absolutely Dust Proof—All bearings and vital parts completely protected from dust and grit.

Superior Construction—Few parts, all easily accessible. High-grade materials—strength plus efficiency.

Ease of Operation—Under instant control of one man—no expert mechanical ability required.

High Clearance—27 inches under frame.

Turns to Right or Left—Almost within its own length.

Light Weight—Power applied to actual work—not needlessly expended to propel machine.

Equipped with Brakes—Either drive wheel can be locked to facilitate short turning.

Wide Range of Use—An all-purpose tractor for both traction and belt work.

Powerful Motor—Built expressly for the tractor, by the company's own mechanics and under its direct supervision.

Long Life—Assured by substantial construction and design that reduces wear-and-tear and friction to the lowest possible point.

Substantial Backing—Made in a big modern plant by a company everywhere recognized as a leader in the manufacture of machinery.



THE 10-18 H.P. FARM TRACTOR

A SELF-PROPELLING POWER PLANT

FOR FURTHER PARTICULARS WRITE TO THE FARM TRACTOR DEPARTMENT

CANADIAN ALLIS-CHALMERS, LIMITED

KING AND SIMCOE STREETS
TORONTO



