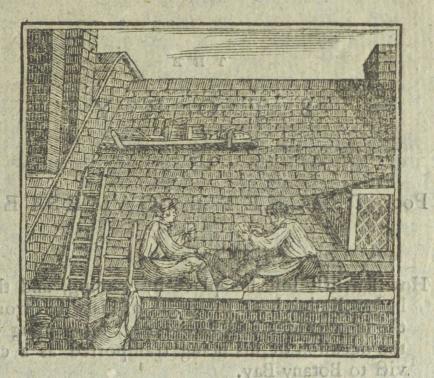
THE

GAMESTER.



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THE

TORY

OF

Poor TRICKET the GAMESTER.

SHEWING

How he first lost his place by gaming, and then had well nigh been the death of his wife through the same cause, and how lastly, his gaming was the occasion of his being transported as a convi& to Botany Bay, Sold Ly It MARS

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thou got under thy cover, wife? faid Betlworth, "fonething nice I hope." "As good as I could

"I CAN'T, for my life, imagine (faid Mr. Smith to his opposite neighbour Mr. Tomson) what those fellows can be about on the top of my house. They have been these two days employed there in repairing the damage done by the high wind t'other repairing the damage done by the high wind t'other night; a job which I think might have been done in a very few hours." "Step over the way to my door," faid Tomfon "and I will prefently explain to you why the job is fo long in hand." Smith did fo— "Turn about and look up," faid Tomfon, "and you will fee the two men fitting over against each other on the ridge of your house." Why they are playing at cards!" said Smith—" no wonder my business is so long in doing." Away went Smith to the master long in doing." Away went Smith to the master bricklayer to complain of his men. The master was very angry, as he well might be, and dismissed the idle fellows from his fervice: and as he made known the story, the men found no one willing to employ them, so they had full leisure for their gaming, and Betsworth lost all his money to Trickit—Betsworth's wife in vain asked him for cash, provisions were scarce, and they had lived on short commons several days. On Saturday Betsworth had ((48))

no wages to receive, nevertheless, he desired his wife would get a bit of meat for a hot Sunday's dinner; "for," faid he, "we have lived hardly enough this week, and I shall ask my friend Tricket to eat a bit with us." The wife faid nothing, but when her husband and Trickit came in to dinner on Sunday, she laid the cloth, and set upon the table a dish with a cover. "What hast thou got under thy cover, wife?" faid Betsworth, 66 fomething nice I hope." 66 As good as I could get," said the wife, "had you brought me money, you should have had something better." Upon this he listed up the cover and behold! the dish contained nothing but fome dirty old cards fcattered about it! "Is this," faid Betfworth "what you provide for me and my friend?" "It is all that you and your friend have left us," said she, "I have nothing to eat myfelf, and these are the only tools you work with to provide for my maintenance and your own." "Burn the cards," faid Betsworth, "they have been the ruin of me; forgive me wife, I deserve a more bitter reproof." "Tricket," added he, " my poor Molly has ferved us rightly enough; for my part I am resolved to go to my master to-morrow, confess my fault, and try to get his work again; and I hope God will pardon me for the distrefs I have brought upon my family by my love of gaming; and that he will mercifully strengthen me to relist every temptation to return to such a horrid practice." Tricket did not relish the jest but went furlily out of the house. Betsworth how-ever is said to have taken a hint from this little trick of his wife, and, as far as I have heard, he has never fince been found amongst the Gamesters.

I must now proceed to tell you something more of Tricket, who continued his evil practices, and who is the only one of these two Gamesters whose

history I mean to speak of any farther.

Having lost his former gull whom he tried once or twice to draw in to another game, by faying that the man wanted spirit, Trickit happened to light upon a second brother Gamester, whom he hoped to drain as he had done Betsworth; but either through a fad run of ill luck, or, as I rather think, by his being not a little cheated, he foon loft every farthing of his former booty; and he had nothing now left for him to stake at the mext gaming party, except what little he could get by stripping his poor wife of the earnings of her hard labor. She had two children of four and five years of age, for whom, as well as herfelf, the contrived to get bread by taking in washing

She bore with patience her husband's spending all he got upon his own pleasures, and leaving her to shift for herself; but when he came home, and tore from her what she had worked so hard for, she could not help weeping and complaining, though her complaints were mild and, far from the language of scolding: but her brutal husband, instead of being moved by her tears, only made them a pretence for running from her to the alehouse; "fince," as he faid, "he could not have comfort

at home."

have reduced to berrow a liete from One of the families for which the washed, would often carelessly make her wait a month or two for the payment of her bills; instead of discharging them weekly, when the brought home the linen. This is a cruel inconsideratency, and very contrary to the merciful spirit of the law of God, which forbids to keep back the hire of the labourer. The truth is, perfors whose only support is hard labour, can seldom do more than live from hand to mouth, and whilst their pay is kept back by a thoughtless customer, they are likely enough to be starving for want of it.

It happened that the had just received a washing bill of fix weeks standing, which she had long been lighing for, and was counting her money, when her husband came home in a terrible humour, declared he had not a farthing in the world, and laid his violent hands on this money, every shilling of which he carried off. She screamed after him, begging that he would leave her fome of it at least, or how could the get bread for her children? But he was quickly out of hearing, and haltily returned to his play-mate, who waited for him at the alehouse. Trickit's cruelty flruck his wife to the heart; she lat down in dûmb despair, and could not ease her full heart by weeping; the children looked up in her face with terror, and foon began to cry, and to tell her they were hungry; this gave a free passage to her tears; she hugged them both to her breaft, and told them that they should have all the food their cruel father had left them: she brought out the remainder of her loaf, and divided it between them; for her part she could swallow none.

By being obliged to trust her customers, she had been reduced to borrow a little from her landlady, and she owed some rent besides, so that she was ashamed to apply to her again, and she had not stx pence in the world to supply food or to buy soap for her washing. He who should affish her was her worst enemy, and, careless of her wants, took from

her the fruits of her industry to throw it away in

gaming and drinking.

This barbarous treatment hurt her the more because, with all his faults, the retained more affection for him than he deferved; and had often chearfully supplied his extravagance with a share of what she got, when she could do it without starying herfelf and her children. But now all provifions were fo dear that she found it not easy to get necessaries even by working early and late at her laborious business. No money could she get from her husband, and this day his antagonist had re-fused to play with him any longer upon tick; and the alchouse-keeper, at whose house this gaming commonly went on, would draw no more beer without present pay. His character was become fo bad, that he could not get employed when he ceffity would have urged him to work. In this fituation he had come home desperate and provoked at his ill fortune, when he found his wife with two guineas and a good deal of filver before her. The fight of this money renewed his hopes, and his eagerness for trying once more to recover his losings. With this only object in view, he flew like a vulture on his prey, and without a thought of the distressful state of those who should have been dear to him as his life, fnatched from them all the means of subfistence. Thus does gaming harden the heart and swallow up every good affection! whilst the hateful passions of avarice and envy are continually fed and strengthened by it! Poor Mrs. Trickit, cold and fasting, put her

Poor Mrs. Trickit, cold and fasting, put her children to bed, and sat weeping over them, whilst her husband spent his hours in greedy wishes, hopes, and fears; in rage, in oaths, and curses, over his cards, with the tankard at his fide, often drained by the thirsty passion burning in his stomach, and raging in his mind. At past midnight he came staggering home, and found his wife sitting up for him, pale and shivering, and her face swelled with weeping.—" I thought you had left us for good and all," faid she, "left us to perish: how could you be so barbarous as to rob me of all, and leave me without a penny in the house? I beseech you a give me back some of that money, which was all I had in the world, unless you do indeed defire to see me, and your children die with want." If that was your all," he replied, "die you must; for it is every penny gone, and more after it than I shall ever be able to pay." So saying, he turned his pockets inside out, to shew her they were perfectly empty. At this sight the poor woman, whose spi-

rits were before nearly exhausted with grief and fasting, sell in a fainting sit at his seet: as he had never seen her so before he thought she was dead, and alarmed the house with his cries: though he was much in liquor, and his mind almost distracted, yet the idea of having been the cause of her death struck him with horror. The children, awakened by his out-cry, started up, and seeing her on the sloor, cried, "Mammy! Mammy!" with all their

This dreadful noise awakened both the landlady, who slept above stairs, and also a widow lady who lodged on the first sloor, but before either of these could run down stairs, Tricket was at their doors, crying in a horrible tone," "My wife! my wife! come to her if you have any pity! I have killed her! help! help!" He then ran back, and found her lying where he had left her, and the two children on

the ground with her, killing her cold hands and face, fobbing and drowning her with their tears. The lady and landlady reached Tricket's room at the fame instant, and looked with amazement on this wretched groupe; whilst the man cried out, "See! fee! what I have done! I have murdered my wife!" 66 Sure you could not be fuch a monster;" faid the lady, "how have you murdered her? where is her wound? help to raise her up, and let us see the hurt." They then listed her up, and perceived returning life in her. 66 Where is your hurt my poor dear creature?" faid the landlady; "where did that inhuman villain ffrike you?" The poor woman looked wildly: "what do you mean?" faid she, "he did not strike me, though I almost wish he had to the heart." Her husband now, with the most lively joy and gratitude, thanked God that she was alive, and on his knees begged her forgiveness. She affured him, as well as her weakness would allow, that she forgave him all.

The good women now haftened to make a fire, and to warm her bed, for they found she shivered violently; when they had put her into it, the lady brought her a glass of warm wine and water, some of which she prevailed on her to swallow. Tricket, whose anguish had taken off his intoxication, put his children again into their little bed : he gazed upon them, and their mother by turns; whilft his heart was wrung with the fense of their wants and his own wickedness. His wife fell asleep soon after the refreshment she had taken; but in a few hours awoke in a burning fever. Tricket watched by her fide; when he felt her hand and head as hot as fire, his fears returned, and he ran out of the house to fetch an apothecary; though he recollected that he had nothing to pay for help, or even necessary food for her: however he went into the street, taking a club flick in his hand, and had not gone half way to the apothecary's, when, on turning a corner, he saw a gentleman walking alone before him. Tricket at that moment looking round the fireet faw no creature near. Suddenly it darted into his mind, that he might now get bread for his wife and children, and that he could escape home again before any one could detect him; he stopt not for recollection, but striking the gentleman with all his force on the back of his head, felled him to the ground, and was rifling his pockets, when a watchman, turning the same corner Tricket had done;

ran up, winding his rattle as he ran.

Trickit tried to escape; but the rattle brought watchmen from fo many quarters, that he was foon fecured; whilst fome of them conveyed him to the round-house, others affisted the gentleman to rise; having been only stunned, he foon recovered his speech, and directed the men to lead him to his house, which was not far off. There they asked him whether he was robbed? and, on examining his pockets, he found that he had loft his watch, and his purse, both of which he particularly described. The watch he could fwear to, if he faw it; and he told the colour of the purfe, and what money it contained, of which he gave the watchman a memorandum. They then returned to the round-house, where, on fearthing the prisoner, the watch and purse were found upon him. He would not an fwer any of their questions, but remained in gloomy

When the day was more advanced, they carried him before a Justice of the Peace, and gave in their information. Trickit was now obliged to speak; and seeing clearly that he must be convicted, he burst into an agony of grief, and confessed the whole; but he pleaded the distress to which his wife and family were reduced; which alone," he said, "had led him to this rash action: and he repeatedly observed, that since he was driven to it by necessity, he hoped that both his Worship and the Gentleman would let him go: and he protested, that, till the satal moment when he saw the Gentleman, and thought he might rescue his wife from death, and his children from starving, he had never entertained a thought of committing such a crime.

In answer to this speech of Trickit, the Justice, (who was well acquainted with Trickit's whole character and history) remarked, "that although the crime in question was committed on the sudden, and though it arose out of the man's distress, yet, that distress had been brought upon him evidently by gaming." "My friend," said he, "you have gone from one step to another, as almost every other person has done, that has been brought before me. First, when you were in a good place you were negligent of your work through the love of gaming; and when for this cause you lost your employment, you then took to gambling more desperately than ever, through a necessity which you brought upon yourself. Your necessity which you to take from your wife her little earnings, and when you had thus nearly driven her to distraction, then it was that you began to feel for the wants of your wife and children: and thus you were driven by another necessity of your own making to rob on the highway for her relief.

"I cannot help therefore tracing your crime entirely to your gaming, for it is this which has brought you into temptation; and no man can tell when he has once trespassed, as you have done, to what lengths the Devil at one time or other may suddenly drive him. Instead, therefore, of excusing yourself, let me advise you to consider how happy for you it is, that the gentleman whom you ftruck is not killed; for in that case you would have been brought before me, not for the robbery and affault only, but for murder.

Poor Trickit was much affected by these remarks, and did not utter a word more in the way of excuse for his crime; but he begged and prayed the Gentleman, for his dear wife's fake, not to hang him. Upon which the Justice interfered, and told Trickit, that "as to the nature of his punishment, that must depend upon circumstances that would appear on the trial;" and he immediately bound the Gentleman over to profecute.

While this scene was passing at the Justice's poor Mrs. Trickit was left in a doleful case. She was told by her husband, when he went away, that he was only going to run to the apothecary's, in order to bring some help to her, and that he would be back instantly: two hours passed and she heard nothing of him: the began to suspect something dreadful, and her mind grew fo agitated, that her brain feemed on fire, and her fenses for look her. It happened that a gentleman who had been present at the Justice's (having been drawn thither by the croud) called, from motives of humanity, in the course of the day, to inquire into the state of Trickit's family; and he was the first person who brought intelligence of the horrible event that had taken place.

As Mrs. Trickit was so ill, the only step that could be taken at present, was to bring the apothecary to her; who, by laying on a blifter, and giving her proper medicines, abated the fever, and took off the delirium: but as her reason returned, her anxiety about her husband returned also, and she incessantly begged to know what was become of him. Still it was thought that the dreadful truth must not be told her, lest it should bring back her diffraction; and it was not till three days after, when the apothecary declared her to be much better, that the fad condition of her husband was re-

No sooner was this affecting discovery made to Mrs. Trickit, than she grew eager to get out of bed, to go to her husband in the prison; but her weakness made it impossible. It was with great difficulty that she was kept in the house after she was able to rife; and the first moment that she could extort from the apothecary permission to stir out, she put herself into a coach (for she had not strength to walk) and leaving her children in the care of her humane landlady, arrived at the prison. The fight of her threw Trickit into an agony, yet he was glad to fee her alive, and by degrees was foothed, and comforted by her kindness and affection. She entreated him with many tears to make his peace with God by fincere repentance, and to trust in his mercy for forgiveness. She then through her natural fonduels and partiality for her husband, endeavoured to find out some circumstances of mitigation; and particularly remarked, " that fince it was his affection for her and for his starving family, that had put him on this rash action, she hoped that when the trial came on, the Judge would thew

On the 1st of August, 1795, was published, Hints to all Ranks of People. The Happy Waterman. The Riot, a Ballad:-The Plowboy's Dream, a Ballad.

On the 1st of September,

Tom White, Part II .- Noah's Flood .- Dame Andrews, a I dried oddy godi asili b Ballad, di bas Syrillanana bas

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The Parable of the Vineyard.—The Two Farmers, Part II. The Sorrows of Yamba, a Ballad. On the 1st of December, 232 9000 100

The Troubles of Life. - Sorrowful Sam. - Merry Christ. attended what ansmas, a Carol was bounded from an

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New Thoughts on the New Year. The History of Mary Wood, the Housemaid.-Robert and Richard, a Ballad.

On the Ist of February,

The Touchstone; or, the Way to know a good Christian. -The Apprentice turned Master; or, the Two Shoemakers, Part II .- The Story of Sinful Sally. Told by herfelf, a Ballad. 1 1/3

On the Ist of March,

Onesimus; or, the Run-away Servant converted .- Idle Jack Brown; or, the Two Shoemakers, Part III. - Shop. keeper, Part I.

On the 1st of April,

Conversion of St. Paul .- Jack Brown in Prison; or, the Two Shoemakers. Part IV .- Shopkeeper, Part II.

On the Ist of May,

The General Refurrection, Part I .- The History of Charles Jones the Footman, written by Himself .- The Hackney Coachman; or, the Way to get a Good Fare, a Ballad.

On the 1st of June, Carrying Religion into the Common Business of Life.— The Cheapside Apprentice. - The Election Song, a Ballad.

And other Pieces on a similar Plan, on the 1st of every Month.