## ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

# NORMAL, MODEL, GRAMMAR,

AND

## COMMON SCHOOLS,

IN

## UPPER CANADA

FOR THE YEAR 1860,

WITH APPENDICES,

BY THE CHIEF SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

Printed by Order of the Legislative Assembly.



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1861.



#### DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FOR UPPER CANADA

No. 1791. G 2.

Education Office, Toronto, 4th May, 1861.

SIR,—I have the honor to transmit berewith, to be laid before His Excellency the Governor General, my Report of the state of the Normal, Model, Grammar, and Common Schools of Upper Canada, during the year 1860, including a Statistical statement of other Educational Institutions, as far as I have been able to obtain information respecting them. To my Report I have added an Appendix, which contains copious extracts from local Reports, and various documents and papers illustrative of the means which have been employed to promote the improvement and extension of the Grammar and Common Schools throughout Upper Canada.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
(Signed), E. RYERSON.

The Honorable Charles Alleyn, M.P.P., Secretary of the Province, Quebec.

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#### ANNUAL REPORT

OF THE

### NORMAL, MODEL, GRAMMAR AND COMMON SCHOOLS,

IN

#### UPPER CANADA.

FOR THE YEAR 1860.

#### PART 1.-GENERAL REPORT.

To His Excellency the Right Honorable Sir Edmund Walker Head, Baronet, Governor General of Canada, &c., &c.,

#### MAY IT PLEASE YOUR EXCELLENCY:

As required by law, I here present my Report on the condition of the Normal, Model, Grammar and Common Schools of Upper Canada, for the year 1860. The depression arising from two years' failures of the productions of husbandry, and commercial disasters, deeply affected this as well as the preceding year; yet the total amount of receipts for Common School purposes in Upper Canada was \$1,324,272, being an increase of \$14,452 over the aggregate receipts of the year 1859; and the aggregate receipts of that year were \$65,331 in advance of those of the preceding year. The whole number of pupils attending the Common Schools in 1860, was 315,812; being an increase of 14,229 over the aggregate attendance of the previous year. The progress of the Schools may be inferred from the following summary reference to the Statistical Tables:

#### THE COMMON SCHOOLS.

## I. TABLE A.—RECEIPTS AND EXPENDITURES OF COMMON SCHOOL MONEYS. \*\*Receipts.\*\*

1. The amount paid by this Department from the Legislative Grant for Salaries of Teachers, was \$151,518; being a decrease of \$508.

2. The amount apportioned for the purchase of maps, apparatus, prizes, and libraries, was \$9,962; being an increase of \$3,102.

3. The amount levied by Municipal Council assessment, was \$281,760; being a decrease of \$7,190. The amount actually received from this assessment was \$278,693.

4. The amount of School Trustees assessment, was \$556,682; being an increase of \$20,978.

5. The amount of rate-bill fees imposed on pupils attending the Schools, was \$19,508; decrease of \$9,350.

6. The amount received by Trustees from the Clergy Reserve Fund and various other sources, was \$106,738; increase \$30,431. This large increase in connexion with the decrease in the Municipal assessment, appears to show that the Municipalities have aided the School Sections from the Clergy Reserve moneys in their hands, in preference to levying special rates.

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7. The amount received from balances, was \$129,169; decrease of \$18,943.

8. The total receipts for Common School purposes in Upper Canada for 1860, were \$1,324,272; being an increase of \$14,452 over the aggregate receipts of last year.

#### Expenditures.

9. The amount expended for the Salaries of Teachers during the year, \$895,590: increase \$36,265.

10 The amount expended for maps, apparatus, prizes, and libraries, was \$25,390;

increase \$7,933.

- 11. The amount expended for the purchase of school sites and the erection of school houses, was \$113,607; decrease \$1,030. In many instances free grants of school sites
- 12. The amount expended for the rent and repairs of school houses, was \$33,422; increase \$671.
- 13. The amount expended for school books and stationery, was \$91,762; increase \$5,887.
- 14. The total expenditure on behalf of Common Schools for 1860, was \$1,159,773; being an increase of \$49,727.

### II. TABLE B .- School Population-Pupils Attending the Common Schools.

The law secures to all persons from 5 to 21 years of age, the right of attending the Common Schools, though, by an Act previously passed and still unrepealed, the legal returns of school population include only children between the ages of 5 and 16 years

1. The school population (including only the children from 5 to 16 years of age)

amounts, according to the Returns, to 373,589; an increase of 11,504 over 1859.

2. The number of pupils attending the schools, from 5 to 16 years of age, is 295,680 being an increase of 16,190. The number of children of other ages attending the schools is 20,131; decrease 1,970. The whole number of pupils attending the schools is 315,812; being an increase of 14,220.

3. The number of boys attending the schools is 172,104; increase 6,416. The number of girls attending the schools is 143,708; increase, 7,804. A larger number of girls than boys attend the private schools, especially in cities, towns and villages. The number

of indigent pupils attending the schools is 6,053; decrease, 113.

The same table shows the number of pupils in each of the various subjects taught in the schools, and exhibits, as in each previous year, a gratifying increase of pupils studying the higher subjects.

#### III. TABLE C .-- COMMON SCHOOL TEACHERS-THEIR RELIGIOUS PERSUASIONS, RANK, SALARIES.

1. The whole number of Teachers employed during the year, was 4,281; increase, The number of male Teachers employed, 3,100; decrease, 15. The number of

female Teachers employed, was 1,181; increase, 61.

2. The Religions Persuasions of Teachers. - The number of members of the Church of England, is 745—decrease, 2; of the Church of Rome, 462—increase, 2; Presbyterians of different kinds, 1,238—increase, 42; Methodists of various kinds, 1,249— increase, 13; Baptists, 227—increase, 2; Congregationalists, 90—increase, 3; for the other persuasions, see Table.

As to the rank of Teachers, it appears from the Table that there are 1,141 Teachers of the first class, increase-126; of the second class, 2,280-decrease, 49; of the third

class, 714—decrease, 54.

4. Teachers' Salaries.—The lowest salary paid any male Teacher is \$96, and the highest salary is \$1,300. The average salary of male Teachers, with board, is \$188—increase, \$2. The average salary of males Teachers, without board, is \$457-increase, \$1. The average salary of female Teachers, with board, is \$124-increase, \$1; without board, \$242-decrease, \$3.

## IV. TABLE D.—School School Houses, School Visits, School Lectures, Time of Keeping the Schools open.

1. The whole number of school sections is 4134—increase, 45. The whole number of schools reported as open, is 3,969—increase, 51. The number of school sections in which there are no schools open, or from which no reports are received, is 162—decrease, 8.

2. The number of free schools is 2,602—increase, 285. The number of schools reported as partly free, 1278—decrease, 185. The number of schools in which a rate-bill of twenty-five cents or less per month is charged to each pupil, is 89—decrease, 49. As remarked last year, these returns show the gradual and rapid advance of free schools; the establishment of them being the annual voluntary act of the rate-payers in each school division.

3. The total number of school houses reported is 3996—increase, 52. Of these, 412 are brick—increase, 44; stone, 314—increase, 1; frame, 1511—decrease, 1; log, 1662—decrease, 7; not reported, 97. Of these, 3267 were freehold, 451 leased, 162 rented, 116 not reported.

4. The number of school houses built during the year, is 154—increase, 8 over the number built in 1859. Of these, 32 were built of brick, 6 of stone, 75 frame, 39 of logs,

and 2 not reported.

5. The whole number of official school visits reported, is 64,807—increase, 1624. By Local Superintendents, 8,849—increase, 110; by Clergymen, 5967—increase, 341; by Municipal Councillors, 1944—decrease, 51; by Magistrates, 2,226—increase, 35; by Judges and Members of Parliament, 319—decrease, 215; by Trustees, 20,325—decrease, 155; by other persons, 25,177—increase, 1,559.

6. The number of school examinations reported, is 7096—increase, 240. The number of schools in which prizes were distributed for the encouragement of deserving pupils is 842—increase, 132. Number of books distributed as prizes, as per Table P., is 20,194—

increase, 8,105.

7. The whole number of school lectures delivered, is 3,194—increase, 90. By Local

Superintendents, 2,767—increase, 380; by other persons, 427—decrease, 290.

8. The average length of time the schools are kept open is ten months and eighteen days—increase, four days.

## V. TABLE E.—Religious Exercises, Bible, Text Books—Apparatus used in the Schools.

1. It appears that out of 3,969 schools reported, the daily exercises of 2,226 are opened and closed with prayer—an increase of 167; and the Bible or New Testament is

used in 2,758—being an increase of 71.

2. The National series of text-books is almost universally used in the schools, the national readers being used in 3843 schools, and various readers in only 98. The National arithmetic is used in 3,420 schools—a decrease of 198, as this book is giving way to Sangster's National Arithmetic, used in 321 schools, and better adapted to our currency; other arithmetics are used only in 192 schools—a decrease of 70.

3. The total number of maps used in the schools is 18,205, increase, 1,888; total number of schools using maps, 2610; increase, 202. The total number of globes used in the schools is 855; increase, 81. Schools using blackboards, 3,312; increase, 180. See

Table for other particulars, and books used in the various subjects of study.

#### VI. TABLE F.—ROMAN CATHOLIC SEPARATE SCHOOLS.

The number of schools reported is 115; increase 10. The amount of Legislative Grant apportioned is \$7,419. The amount of Trustees local assessment or rate is \$14,305 increase, \$1,374. The amount of local subscriptions and other sources, \$9,408; decrease, \$458. The total amount received \$31,360, (Including Legislative Grant for previous year, paid in 1860); increase, \$796. Amount paid to Teachers \$23,205; increase \$202; amount paid for maps, apparatus and prizes, \$222; decrease \$129; amount paid for building and other purpuses, \$7,931; increase, \$724. Number of pupils reported in the schools \$14,708; increase, 1,714. For other particulars see the Table.

#### THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

#### VII. TABLE G.—RECEIPTS, EXPENDITURES, PUPILS, FEES.

1. Receipts.—The sum paid from the Legislative Grant for salaries, is \$33,172; increase, \$1,055. The amount of the Legislative apportionment for maps, apparatus, prizes and libraries, \$792; increase, \$106 The amount received from fees of pupils, \$20,316; increase, \$775. The amount of Municipal Grants, \$13,735; decrease, \$4,392. In reference to this decrease, it should however be observed that the Trustees of five of the Grammar Schools have not sent their accounts, so that the actual amount of the Municipal Grants is probably much greater than the total reported. The amount reported as received from balances and other sources is \$12,262—increase, 2,433.

Total receipts for Grammar School purposes as far as reported, \$80,279—decrease,

\$21.

2. Expenditures.—Amount paid for masters' salaries, \$64,005—increase, \$24.41. Amount paid for apparatus, prizes and libraries, \$1866—increase, \$159. Amount paid for building, rent and repairs, \$6037—decrease, \$1893. The amount paid for contingencies, books, &c., \$5647—increase, \$1998. The total expenditure for Grammar School, purposes is \$75,566—increase, 2,705. Balance over, \$2723—decrease, \$2,727.

3. The total number of Grammar Schools is 88—increase, 7.

4. Pupils.—The total number of pupils is 4546—increase, 165. The number of pupils whose parents reside in the city, town or village of the Grammar School is 3,274—increase, 125. The number of pupils whose parents reside out of town, but in the county of the Grammar School, 995—increase 26. Number of pupils whose parents reside out of the county of the Grammar School to which they send their children, 277—increase, 14. The number of pupils reported as in Grammar School subjects, 4,124—increase, 17. Number of new pupils admitted during 1860, 1,761—increase, 192, Of these 1,547 had passed the required entrance examination—increase, 62. Number of boys formerly attending Common Schools who were admitted free by scholarships, 143—increase, 57.

5. Fees.—It appears that 6 of the Grammar Schools are entirely free; 8 are free to

resident pupils, and the remainder charge from 75 cents up to \$9 per quarter.

#### VIII. TABLE I .-- NUMBER OF PUPILS IN THE VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION.

The number of pupils in English is 4,406—increase, 225. In Latin, 2,385—increase, 166. In Greek, 558—increase, 70. In French, 1,246—increase, 68. In Arithmetic, 4,290—increase, 140. In Algebra, 1,973—increase, 141. In Euclid, 1,549—increase, 29. In Geography, 4,072—increase, 167. In History, 3,588—increase, 155. In Physical Science, 2,960—increase, 565. In Writing, 3,989—increase, 23. For other particulars, see Table.

IX. TABLE K.—TEXT-BOOKS USED IN THE SCHOOLS.

It appears that the Bible or Testament is read in 60 schools—increase, 5. As noticed last year, there is an increase in the use of the best text-books, which are named in the Table, together with the several schools using them. Sangster's Arithmetic, which was only published last year, was at once introduced into 43 Grammar Schools, (nearly half the whole number) and is rapidly displacing other books less suited to the country.

## X. TABLE L.—MASTERS—THEIR SALARIES, SCHOOL HOUSES, MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION.

- 1. The total number of masters employed in the schools during the year, is 127. The number of head-masters appointed during 1860, is 30. The number appointed under the old law, 6—decrease, 3. The number of head-masters who are graduates, is 59—increase 9; of these, 38 were educated at Provincial Universities, 16 at English, Irish or Scotch Universities, 4 at American Universities, and 1 at Giessen; 23 teach under the authority of Provincial certificates.
- 2. Religious Persuasions.—The following is a classification of the religious denominations to which the Grammar School masters belong, as far as reported:—Church of England, 48; Presbyterians, 38; Methodists, 13; Baptists, 1; Congregationalists, 2; Reported as Protestants, 4; Roman Catholic. 1.

3. Salaries.—Th table shows the salary paid to each master, so far as reported. It appears that the average salary of head-masters is \$709, and of assistant-masters, \$383. The highest salary paid was \$1,400.

4. School Houses.—38 are of brick, 19 of stone, 29 of frame, and 1 of concrete; 69

freehold, 2 leased, and 15 rented.

5. Miscellaneous.—It appears that the daily exercises of 64 of the schools are opened and closed with prayer—decrease, 2; 52 are united with common schools—increase, 10; 15 are meteorological stations—increase, 1; that in the schools there are 1345 maps—increase, 283; and 108 globes—increase, 3; 83 schools use blackboards—increase, 3; 20 have complete sets of apparatus, and 13 have part sets; 6 schools have established museums of natural history, botany, &c. The magic lantern or microscope is used in 15 schools; 81 schools observe the general regulations; 584 pupils were rewarded with prizes at the examinations; 53 pupils were matriculated at the various universities during 1860, 25 of whom obtained honors or scholarships at such examinations; 41 pupils passed the Law Society examination, and 9 the surveyors' examination. The number of pupils passing these examinations is probably much understated, the Boards of Trustees not always being informed of the progress of the pupils after leaving school.

#### NORMAL AND MODEL SCHOOLS.

#### XI. TABLE M.—OPERATIONS OF THE SCHOOLS DURING 1860.

The year is divided into two sessions of five months each. The number of students or teachers-in-training, admitted into the Normal School during the first session of last year, was 158; the number admitted the second session, 132. The number of teachers to whom certificates were awarded on a lengthened paper examination at the end of the first session, was 96, at the end of the second session, 90.

#### XII. TABLE N — APPROXIMATE INFORMATION ON OTHER EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS.

The information in this table has been gleaned from different sources some more and others less recent and full, there being no law in Upper Canada to secure periodical and annual returns of information to this department, as in Lower Canada, from any other institutions than the Grammar and Common Schools. But the information in this table, though only an approximation to what is to be desired, gives a tolerable correct idea of what is done in our colleges and academies.

#### XIII.—TABLE O.—THE FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES.

The amount expended for free public libraries in 1850, was \$5,289, being \$516 less than in 1859. The number of libraries established was 57, and the number of volumes sent to these and to libraries established in previous years was 9072. The whole number of libraries established is 411. The whole amount expended for the establishment is \$99,807, and the number of volumes contained in them is 186,658.

2. The number of Sunday School Libraries, according to the returns, is 1756-

increase, 72. The number of volumes in these libraries is 278,648—increase, 1741.

3. The number of other public libraries reported is 347—increase, 13. The number of volumes contained in them is reported to be 157,805—increase, 39,249. This large increase arises from a more full report being received of the libraries attached to various public institutions in Toronto, and from which it appears that there are about 34,400 more volumes in the city libraries than were reported for 1859.

The total number of school and public libraries in Upper Canada is reported as 2,514,

and the number of volumes 623,111.

## XIV. TABLE P.—Maps, Globes, and various Articles of School Apparatus; Prize Books.

The amount expended for these purposes was \$16,832—increase, \$4,927. The number of maps of the World sent was 218—increase 14; of Europe, 324—increase, 63; of Asia, 260—increase, 36; of Africa, 259—increase, 70; of America, 280—increase, 28; of

Canada, 296—increase, 73; of Great Britain and Ireland, 401—increase, 138; of the Hemispheres, 219—increase, 87; of Classical and Scripture maps, 167—decrease, 6; other maps and charts, 339—increase, 55.

The number of globes sent out was 188—increase, 53; other school apparatus (different pieces), 1946—increase, 763: number of sheets of object lessons, 12,746—increase,

3328; number of volumes of prize books, 20,194—increase, 8,105.

#### XV. TABLE Q.—Superannuated Common School Teachers.

The number of worn-out Teachers who received aid in 1860, was 150. Of the 181 Teachers whose applications for aid had been granted, 25 died, 3 were not heard from in reply to letters, 2 resumed teaching, and 1 withdrew from the fund. The average period of service of the remaining 150 is 21½ years, and their average age in 1860 was 66½ years.

XVI. TABLE R.—DISTRIBUTION OF THE LEGISLATIVE GRANT, TOGETHER WITH THE SUMS RAISED AS AN EQUIVALENT THERETO, WITH OTHER MONEYS RAISED BY TRUSTEES.

This Table exhibits the distribution of all moneys granted by the Legislature for both Grammar and Common School purposes, together with the sums raised by Municipalities and School Trustees as equivalents thereto, and other moneys raised from local sources. The Table shows how much each County, (not specifying the Townships), City, Town, and incorporated Village has received, directly and indirectly, for all School purposes, during 1860, from the Legislative School Grant, and how much it has raised as an equivalent in return. This Table shows that the total amount provided by the Legislature for all Grammar and Common School purposes in 1860 was \$221,220, being a decrease of \$3,276, principally arising from the decreased expenditure for Normal School Students and the Model Grammar School; that the total amount provided by the people from local sources was \$216,119, being an increase of \$10,311; that the grand total of moneys provided from all sources was \$1,437,339, being an increase of \$7,034 over the sums provided in 1859. For the details I refer to the Table.

#### XVII. TABLE S.—EDUCATIONAL SUMMARY FOR THE YEAR 1860.

This Table presents at one view the number of educational institutions of every description (so far as the returns of them could be obtained), and the numbers of pupils attending them, and the amount expended for their support, in each County in Upper Canada. The total number of educational institutions of every description in Upper Canada reported was 4,379—increase 5; the total amount expended in support of these institutions was \$1,448,448; adding balance on hand the total amount available was \$1,615,670—being an increase of \$20,862. But the total number of pupils returned as attending the Common and Grammar Schools was 320,358—increase, 14,385; and an increase of 208 students and pupils attending other institutions, inclusive of the Normal and Model Schools. The aggregate amount available for the support of the Common, Grammar and Normal Schools, Superannuated Teachers, &c., (not including other educational institutions), during the year, was \$1,437,339—being an increase of \$7,034, thus showing an increase of \$13,828 on the amount expended in the support of other institutions.

XVIII. TABLE T.—GENERAL STATISTICAL ABSTRACT OF THE PROGRESS OF EDUCATION IN UPPER CANADA, FROM 1842 TO 1860, INCLUSIVE.

This Table presents a statistical view (as far as Returns can have been obtained) of all that has been done in connexion with every branch and all the institutions of education in Upper Canada, during nineteen years. Returns, under all the heads mentioned, do not go further back than 1850. Take, then, a period of eleven years, from 1850 to 1861, the following are some of the results in reference to Grammar and Common Schools.

1. Grammar Schools.—The number of Grammar Schools in 1850, was 57; in 1860, it was 88. The number of pupils attending the Grammar Schools in 1850, was 2,070; in 1860, it was 4,546; though many hundreds were excluded from the Grammar Schools in 1854 by the regulations, which required an entrance examination—increased attendance in 1860 over 1850, 2,476. As the present Grammar School Law did not go into operation

until 1854, no Returns of the amount provided for the salaries of Grammar School masters exist earlier than 1855. The amount provided for the salaries of masters in 1855, was \$46,255; the amount provided for the same purpose in 1860, was \$64,005.

2. Common Schools.—The number of Common Schools in 1850, was 3,059; the number in 1860, was 3,969—total increase, 910. The number of Free Schools in 1850, was 252; the number in 1860, was 2,602—total increase in the eleven years, 2,350.

3. The whole number of pupils attending the Common Schools in 1850, was 151,891; the number of pupils attending them in 1860, was 315,812—increase of 1860 over 1850, 163,921.

4. The total amount paid for salaries of Common School Teachers in 1850, was \$353,-716; the amount paid for the same purpose in 1860, was \$895,591—increase of 1860 over 1850, \$541,875.

5. The amount expended for the building and furnishing of school-houses, libraries, apparatus, &c., in 1850, was \$56,756; the amount expended for these purposes in 1860,

was \$264,183—increase of 1860 over 1850, 207,427.

6. The total amount expended for all Common School purposes in 1850, was \$410,472; the total amount expended for these purposes in 1850, was \$1,159,774-increase of 1860 over 1850, \$749,302.

#### XIX.—THE EDUCATIONAL MUSEUM.

Nothing is more important than that an establishment designed especially to be the institution of the people at large—to provide for them teachers, apparatus, libraries, and every possible agency of instruction—should in all its parts and appendages, be such as the people can contemplate with respect and satisfaction, and visit with pleasure and profit. While the schools have been so established and are so conducted as to leave nothing to be desired in regard to their character and efficiency, the accompanying agencies for the agreeable and substantial improvement of all classes of students and pupils, and for the useful entertainment of numerous visitors from various parts of the country, as well as many from abroad, have been rendered as attractive and complete as the limited means provided would permit. Such are the objects of the Educational Museum.

This Educational Museum is founded after the example of what is being done by the Imperial Government as part of the system of popular education—regarding the indirect as scarcely secondary to the direct means of training the minds and forming the taste and character of the people.\* It consists of a collection of school apparatus for Common and Grammar Schools, of models of agricultural and other implements, of specimens of the natural history of the country, casts of antique and modern statues and busts, &c., selected from the principal museums of Europe, including busts of some of the most celebrated characters in English and French history; also, copies of some of the works of the great masters of the Dutch, Flemish, Spanish, and especially of the Italian schools of painting. These objects of art are labelled, for the information of those who are not familiar with the originals, but a descriptive historical catalogue of them is in course of preparation. In the evidence given before the Select Committee of the British House of Commons, it is justly stated, "that the object of a National Gallery is to improve the public taste, and afford a more refined description of enjoyment to the mass of the people;" and the opinion is, at the same time, strongly expressed, that as "people of taste going to Italy constantly bring home beautiful modern copies of beautiful originals," it is desirable, even in England, that those who have not the opportunity or means of travelling abroad, should be enabled to see, in the form of an accurate copy, some of the celebrated works of Raffaelle and other great masters; an object no less desirable in Canada than in England. What has been thus far done in this branch of public instruction, is in part the result of a small annual sum which, by the liberality of the Legislature, has been placed at the disposal of the Chief Superintendent of Education, out of the Upper Canada share of school grants, for the purpose of improving school architecture and appliances, and to promote arts, science and literature by means of models, objects and publications, collected in a Museum in connection with this department.

<sup>\*</sup> See my Annual Report for 1857, in which there is a full detail of what is done in England in this respect.

The more extensive Educational Museum at South Kensington, London, established at great expense by the Committee of Her Majesty's Privy Council of Education, appears. from successive Reports, to be exerting a very salutary influence, while the School of Art connected with it is imparting instruction to hundreds, in drawing, painting, modelling, &c. A large portion of the contents of our Museum has been procured with a view to the School of Art, which has not yet been established, though the preparations for it are completed. But the Museum has been found a valuable auxiliary to the Schools; the number of visitors from all parts of the country, as well as from abroad, has greatly increased during the year, though considerable before; many have repeated their visits again and again; and I believe the influence of the Museum quite corresponds with what is said of that of the Educational Museum in London.

#### XX. VISIT OF HIS ROYAL HIGHNESS THE PRINCE OF WALES.

The visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales to the Educational Department on 11th September, forms a very gratifying feature in the year's operations. His Royal Highness was accompanied by His Grace the Duke of Newcastle, Her Majesty's Principal Secretary of State for the Colonies,-His Excellency the Governor General, and a distinguished suite. An account of this Visit of His Royal Highness will be found in Appendix C.

XXI. GENERAL REMARKS.—PROGRESS OF THE SCHOOL SYSTEM DURING TEN YEARS, FROM 1850 TO 1860, AS COMPARED WITH THAT IN THE STATES OF MASSA CHUSETTS, NEW YORK, AND PENNSYLVANIA.

The remarks which I made in my last Report in respect to the Normal and Model, Schools and Museum, equally apply this year, and need not be repeated. The preceding references to the Statistical Tables show the general and steady progress of the Schools, during last year. In my Report for 1857, I gave a practical and comparative view of the principles, working and results of the systems of elementary instruction in Great Britain, Ireland and Upper Canada. In my last Report I instituted a short comparison between the School Legislation and the results of the School System of New York and Upper Canada. I will conclude this Report by a brief comparative view of the progress of our School System during the last ten years and that of three of the oldest and wealthiest States of the American Republic, and those in which School Systems have been long established. I refer to the States of Massachusetts, New York, and Pennsylvania.

The following Statistical Table has been compiled from official School Reports and

other public documents:

4
•

Nun o Scho	f	Time of School Months a	open.	Popul	ation.	Percentage of increase of Popula-	Chile	dren.	Percentage of increase of children.	At So	chool.	Percentage of in- crease of children attending school,	Money	s Raised.	Increase per cent.
1850.	1860.	1850.	1860.	1850.	1860.		1850.	1860.	_	1850.	1860.	_	1850.	1860.	
	1						UPPER ((from 5 to 16.))								
3059	3969	911	1018	952004	1394013	47	259253	373589	45	151891	315812	108	\$410476	\$1324272	222
							MASSACI								
3749	4497	724	718	994514	1231500	24	215926	223714	4	182685	246419	35	\$871351	\$1465351	. 68
. (							NEW (from 5 to 16)	Y O R K.							
11397	11650	800	73	3097394	3851563	24	735188	1315900	79	794500	867388	9	\$1766668	\$4300675	145
						}	PENNSY	LVANIA.							
8510	11577	500	$55\frac{1}{2}$	2311786	2924500	27	No return.	No. return.	*******	424344	585669	38	\$955185	\$2619377	175

From the Statistics of the foregoing Table the following facts are worthy of notice:

1. While the populations of Pennsylvania, New York and Massachusetts have increased respectively during the ten years 27, 24 and 24 per cent., that of Upper Canada has increased 47 per cent.

2. The basis of School population returns in Upper Canada has remained unchanged, being from 5 to 16 years of age, that of Massachusetts has been changed from 4 to 16 to 5-15 years, and that of New York has been changed from 5-16 to 4-21 years. No School population returns are made in the State of Pennsylvania. With this change in the basis of School population returns largely to the advantage of the State of New York and to the disadvantage of Massachusetts; the ratio of increase of School population in the State of New York, during the decade, is 79 per cent., in Massachusetts 4 per cent., in Upper Canada 45 per cent.

3. The difference in the increase of attendance at the Schools is very remarkable. During the ten years, that increase in Pennsylvania is 38 per cent., in the State of New York 9

per cent., in Massachusetts 35 per cent., in Upper Canada it is 108 per cent.

4. In regard to school moneys, the increase for the ten years in Pennsylvania is 175 per cent.; in the State of New York, 145 per cent.; in Massachusetts, 68 per cent.; in Upper Canada, it is 222 per cent. It is also to be observed, that in those States large cities are included, with which we have none to compare, and in which very much larger sums of money are provided for school purposes, in proportion to the population, than in counties. In the City of New York alone, the sum of \$1,261,619\* (more than one-fourth of that of the whole State) was expended in 1860 for school purposes. It is likewise to be noticed, that the greater part of the school moneys in these states, (except Massachusetts) are provided from a permanent school fund and State taxes, while nine-tenths of the school moneys in Upper Canada are raised by the local Municipalities and Trustees. There is no State tax for school purposes, (beyond the comparatively small annual Legislative Grant) in Upper Canada. The working of our school system is chiefly with the local Municipalities and Trustees and not with the State.

5. The most remarkable difference in the development of School Systems, in the States mentioned and Upper Canada, is the greater length of time each year during which our shools are kept open, it being nearly twice as long as in Pennsylvania, and nearly

three months longer than in the States of New York and Massachusetts.

6 In the three essential elements of school progress, the attendance of children at school, the length of the time the schools are kept open, and the increase of moneys provided for school purposes, Upper Canada has every reason of gratulation and encouragement. In these comparisons we have not referred to the comparative youth of our country or School System, or to our Normal School and Public Library Systems, and to the collections and facilities of our Department of Public Instruction to provide the schools with maps, apparatus, &c.; or to the examining and classifying Teachers by County Boards according to a uniform standard, instead of their being examined as well as employed by Trustees. In all these respects, the advantage is admitted by the most experienced educationists in the United States, to be on the side of Upper Canada.

We have borrowed some features of our School System from our American neighbors, and we have endeavored to improve upon whatever we have borrowed. Their writings,

*EXPENSES OF THE NEW YORK CITY SCHOOLS FOR 1860.	
	@#00.000 b
or teachers and Janitors in Ward Schools	
upport of the Free Academy	47,728 5
epairs to Free Academy	752 9
upport of Normal Schools	8,427 8
upport of Evening Schools	68,042 0
epairs through the "Shop"	10,335 4
upplies for Ward Schools through the Depository	64,350 3
upplies for Ward Schools through the Depository	18,278 8
alaries of Officers and Clerks of Board of Education	25,734 6
ncidental Expenses of the Board	15,995 0
pportionment to Corporate Schools.	29,296 3
mount apportioned for special purposes, including exection of school-houses, repairs, &c	164,979 9
or pianos in Ward Schools	10,009 0
Miscellancous	93,760 3
Total P	1 261 610 7

legislation and proceedings have furnished us with many useful hints; and we have been much assisted by their noble example in the general education of youth. Our institutions have afforded us peculiar facilities to apply the principles of free government and self-reliance in the working and extension of our School System, and the British Canadian energy and patriotism of the people have achieved the results which place Upper Canada in so honorable a position in comparison with other countries, and which are conferring such priceless blessings upon her youthful population. May God grant that the success and progress of the past shall but symbolize the greater success and progress of the future!

I have the honor to be, Your Excellency's obedient humble Servant,

E. RYERSON.

DEPARTMENT OF PUBLIC INSTRUCTION FOR UPPER CANADA, Toronto, May, 1861.

## PART II.

## STATISTICAL REPORT.

1860.

### TABLE A.—THE COMMON SCHOOLS

### RECEIPTS BY LOCAL SCHOOL

			1				
	From Leg Gran		:		From Loca	al Sources.	
COUNTIES.	For Teachers' Salaries.	For Maps Apparatus Prizes, & Libraries.	Municipal School Assessment levied.	Municipal School Assessment Received.	Trustees' School Assessment.	Trustees' Rate Bill for Fees.	Clergy Reserve Fund and other sources.
Glengarry Stormont. Dundas. Prescott Russell Carleton Grenville Leeds. Lanark Renfrew Frontenae Addington Lennox. Prince Edward Hastings. Northumberland Durham. Peterborough Victoria. Ontario York Peel. Simcoe. Halton Wentworth Brant Lincoln Welland. Haldimand Norfolk. Oxford Waterloo Wellington. Grey. Perth Huron Bruce. Middlesex Elgin Kent. Lambton Essex Total	\$ cts. 2319 00 2102 00 2102 00 2102 00 1734 45 734 00 3368 65 2392 50 3690 00 3314 00 2032 44 831 00 2098 15 3996 39 3873 00 2027 00 4259 00 4259 00 4259 00 2143 86 2998 58 2169 00 2143 86 2998 58 2169 00 2582 00 2582 00 2582 00 2582 00 2582 00 2582 00 2582 159 3408 00 2582 159 3408 00 2302 00 2302 00 2094 00	\$ ots. 57 00 10 60 5 76 15 57 58 00 72 75 199 54 68 75 72 13 71 50 24 00 247 71 89 36 160 29 249 72 57 62 185 32 347 42 347 43 131 25 103 65 69 85 160 32 257 52 392 40 328 97 508 04 403 36 559 75 255 75 203 24 257 52 367 52 37 18 403 36 569 85 160 32 257 52 392 40 328 97 508 04 257 52 392 40 393 49 295 54 247 99 79 35 8329 31	\$ cts. 2115 00 1895 00 2184 00 2141 00 939 64 3246 00 2352 00 3640 00 3591 86 2007 73 2680 00 2598 00 640 00 3778 00 3842 00 3778 00 2629 00 2425 00 4258 97 6271 00 3469 00 4258 97 6271 00 3469 00 4258 00 3460 00 3	\$ cts. 2115 00 1895 00 2184 00 2184 00 2141 00 939 64 3095 18 2352 00 3640 00 3472 05 2085 2085 2869 00 2346 00 3778 00 3977 00 3977 00 3919 00 4258 97 6271 00 2919 00 4400 52 2163 00 3016 65 2462 00 2430 00 2530 00 52117 00 52117 75 3700 00 52117 75 3408 00 4106 77 4365 00 3462 45 6886 58; 2155 00 4108 70 2410 70 2411 75 3408 00 4106 70 2411 75 3408 00 4106 70 2117 82	\$ cts. 5209 27 4798 57 6082 59 5177 57 1556 01 11399 49 5663 34 15210 92 9256 12 6717 6085 29 2787 40 9476 18 12880 04 20476 75 18357 66 9039 47 12853 26 20942 09 29251 18 13696 27 21815 48 7796 15 9743 68 11783 64 7446 301 8675 03 12867 27 21155 69 20780 18 20623 81 16109 42 14721 21 23728 74 11775 69 151364 83 13751 69 1794 63 1794 63 1794 63 1794 63 1756 757 531367 51	\$ cts. 1774 86 868 84 851 94 54 98 	\$ cts. 1465 22 306 48 49 50 95 74 65 65 737 47 1784 99 5005 34 1755 94 1109 38 1032 23 2096 25 2153 87 1080 86 2687 10893 76 2547 98 806 71 3622 99 2296 99 3865 21 4462 98 83149 06 4867 62 2750 76 2388 76 1698 07 1449 96 1216 72 1186 71 259 32 1186 71 259 32 1186 71 259 32 1187 70 1187 71 259 32 1187 71 259 32 1188 71 259 32 1188 71 259 32 1188 71 259 32 1188 71 259 32 1188 71 259 32 1188 71 259 32 1188 71 259 32 1188 71 259 32 1188 71 259 32 1188 71 259 32 1188 71 259 32 1188 71 259 32 1188 71 259 32 1188 71
CITIES.	4458 50	74 85	24000 00	24000 00	<b>16</b> 43 38	193 96	
Hamilton	2326 50 1453 00 1492 50 1578 50	80 00 106 75	16000 00 6105 00 8000 00 6000 00	16000 00 6105 00 8000 00 6000 00	1043 38 804 24 1114 06 483 00 1298 09	193 96 3341 37 152 00 10 99 2 25	1052 98 26 07 415 08 400 00
Total	11309 00	261 60	60105 00	60105 00	5342 77	3700 57	1894 13

OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.

AUTHORITI	ES.	E	XPENDITU		OCAL SC	HOOL AUTI	HORITIES.	
Balances.	Total Receipts for all Common School purposes during 1860.	For Teachers' Salaries.	For Maps, Apparatus, Prizes and Libraries, including	For Sites and Building School Houses.	For Rents and Repairs of School Houses.	For School Books, Stationery, Fuel and other ex- penses.	Total Expenditure For all Common School purposes, during 1860.	Balances unex- pended.
\$ cts. 622 36 217 94 631 64 283 03 515 65 1039 48 1147 57 6371 87 2077 77 512 10 632 35 334 33 552 53 438 74 1571 01 2547 21 1787 49 748 97 651 79 5142 88 6802 65 1520 99 1367 20 912 93 1800 87 3915 93 2297 04 1743 65 1980 12 3269 61 2272 98 2918 97, 1738 04 3909 07 1182 09 3324 30 1949 63 18298 08 1725 49	\$ cts. 13362 71 9922 83 11945 47 9492 53 8826 52 21006 29 14329 35 37584 62 21461 00 12054 57 17515 71 12761 94 6663 10 19316 76 26081 60 34287 06 33154 02 16271 12 66537 85 19068 16 44717 12 66537 85 19068 16 23323 47 20781 49 21264 92 23075 45 25577 12 39917 09 35682 61 36885 44 2784 73 17978 39 45028 73 30302 42 25833 50 27889 63 16103 17	\$ cts. 10576 80 7233 21 8947 45 7342 40 12493 18 17550 08 10181 59 19855 01 15237 88 9927 58 12785 86 9622 87 5383 04 15583 70 20916 19 25793 47 23460 51 11718 51 11718 51 114356 98 28637 48 46579 71 25426 70 14613 78 17855 72 17337 08 13807 45 14748 11 18747 14 26904 10 22295 46 25173 89 21126 22 18198 17 12379 02 33537 31 19044 25 17943 48 11557 73 741288 66	\$ ets. 136 82 25 21 20 15 02 140 20 15 02 1410 00 171 09 203 27 158 12 68 10 48 00 561 11 216 53 346 12 537 51 120 37 386 17 748 58 1309 85 13	\$ cts. 898 75 659 86 121 75; 520 941 68 175 16 10883 32; 839 16 190 12; 1326 42 787 95 613 72 969 22; 1494 02 3360 08 3433 24 1142 175; 7864 535 2065 12; 2579 14 62 47, 2473 07; 2862 87; 1146 38; 241 250 28; 2041 89; 3625 35; 5439 42; 1398 21; 1367 33; 2741 72 1517 03; 3127 13; 312	\$ cts. 277 98 147 48 402 31 147 85 315 43 299 58 412 87 219 44 294 41 341 28 174 61 230 50 18 93 1272 66 739 82 107 53 871 51 1548 22 590 53 550 98 500 65 392 84 354 87 1130 84 1006 65 882 20 1153 79 656 49 319 10 595 42 351 96 1226 62 799 05 679 65 340 65 340 65 340 65 340 65	\$ cts. 582 96 457 81 409 70 643 04 143 85 418 84 665 34 1620 08 1063 47 437 20 551 14 507 21 232 63 1038 1273 13 1479 56 1349 87 7990 08 559 41 2240 22 4927 92 1177 63 2496 94 938 57 1246 36 771 85 1073 83 1161 77 951 14 1181 30 3343 86 1824 533 1607 54 1352 70 1394 37 919 90 1724 66 1824 533 1607 54 1352 70 1394 37 919 90 1724 66 1743 41 1633 38 1550 02 469 24	\$ cts. 12473 31 8498 61 9902 41 8960 39 2875 20 19358 38 11540 69 33294 10 17724 47 10977 61 15115 95 11327 41 6452 00 18338 81 24254 95 31698 16 30003 79 14511 59 17733 51 39919 54 62230 58 23699 15 31166 95 19037 05 20287 90 21548 52 18476 49 17601 98 18781 15 23634 36 35742 36 335742 36 31219 22 33669 77 25921 03 22115 91 36636 36 15775 11 40232 90 26885 00 23511 28 23397 57 18520 73	\$ cts 1089 40 1424 22 2043 06 532 14 951 32 1647 91 2788 66 4290 52 3736 53 1076 96 2199 82 1434 53 111 10 932 95 1334 63 4797 58 4307 27 2826 42 5448 00 1185 67 3316 86 2818 05 2305 06 4174 76 4174 76 4174 76 4174 77 582 4472 22 4472 22 4472 26 4474 463 33 3815 67 3316 86 4837 2203 28 4795 88 3417 42 2322 22 4472 42 2582 44 116476 71
7874 43 12642 65 	36247 74 8850 13 15060 64	14724 21 6061 66 7328 97 6213 61	149 70 1934 29 32 00 216 00 26 20 2358 19	94 40	937 15 2204 11 594 28 490 16 483 50 4709 20		34129 68 22131 61 8584 53 9751 86 8364 85	4115 4 14116 13 265 66 5308 78 5384 09

### TABLE A.—THE COMMON SCHOOLS

#### RECEIPTS BY LOCAL SCHOOL

	From Leg Gran					From Lo	cal Sources.
TOWNS	For Teachers' Salaries.	For Maps, Apparatus, Prizes & Libraries.	Municipal School Assessment Levied.	Municipal School Assessment Received.	Trustees' School Assessment.	Trustees' Rate Bill for Fees.	Clergy Reserve Fund and other sources.
Amherstburgh Barrie Belleville Berlin Bowmanville Brantford Brockville Chatham Clifton Cobourg Collingwood Cornwall Dundes Galt (Roderich Guelph Ingersoll Lindsay Milton Niagara Oakville Owensound Paris Petch Petchorough Picton Port Hope Prescott Sandwich Sarnia St. Catharines Simcoe Whitby Windsor Woodstock	\$ cts. 274 00 197 50 568 00 690 00 526 524 #462 00 690 00 391 00 336 00 210 00 335 50 310 00 325 50 310 00 326 50 310 00 327 50	\$ cts.  78 45 15 00 12 00 6 00 35 00 100 00 15 00 15 00 7 57 51 40 71 86 8 25 10 00 47 47 10 00 55 00 25 00 35 00 25 00 35 00 25 00 35 00 21 00	\$ cts. 800 00 800 00 2000 00 1492 80 2231 00 8500 00 900 00 1900 00 1900 00 1320 00 866 74 2620 00 1240 35 900 00 1240 35	\$ cts. 800 00 800 00 800 00 1492 80 2231 00 5510 66 4000 00 900 00 1900 00 1900 00 2328 05 1310 00 2328 05 1310 00 1246 04 99 00 714 52 831 50 1213 97 2600 46 1240 35 900 00 880 00 1971 11 963 21 799 14 193 00 2547 00 2618 79 2327 00 2000 00 1800 00 56631 62	\$ ets. 500 00 69 85 3898 45 55 50 140 41 384 32 50 00 53 90 176 00 944 91  514 07 85 00 360 40 905 73 251 70  99 82 2091 20 1582 50 257 76  330 00 175 75 1600 00 300 00	\$ cts. 209 57 9 00  349 95 1252 76 100 84 00 84 00 88 00 727 96  478 80 37 00  785 25 580 00  225 73 347 07 165 85  41 63  622 16 338 71 982 00 440 78  422 98 101 30  418 70  621 76  9430 96	\$ cts.  63 82 6 00 261 21  149 01 46 54 488 49 22 78 10 00 162 25 6 00 385 38  4 00 116 57 191 90 90 00 127 84  588 47  \$58 47  \$50 3467 56 2424 07  54 00 180 03  77 40 60 00
VILAGES.  Ashburnham Bath Bradford. Brampton Brighton Caledonia Cayuga Chippewa Clinton Colborne. Dunnville Elora Embro. Fergus.	in T'p. in T'p. 87 00 204 00 in T'p. 158 00 117 00 99 00 94 00 in T'p. 155 00	5 00 20 00 39 00 	150 00 136 20 337 00 998 90 134 00 800 00 700 00 800 00 170 00 1148 00 500 00 109 00	408 85 268 00 500 00	731 84 617 07	127 14 102 04 116 12 	

## OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—Continued.

AUTHORITIES.				URES BY	LOCAL SO	CHOOL AUT	HORITIES.	
Balances.	Total 'Receipts for all Common School purposes during 1860.	For Teachers' Salaries.	For Maps, Apparatus, Prizes, and Libraries, including 100 per cent.	For Sites and Build- ing School Houses.	For Rents and Repairs of School Houses.	For School Books, Stationery, Fuel and other ex- penses.	Total Expenditure for all Common School purposes during 1860.	Balances unex- pended.
\$ cts.  68 85 221 47  300 16 284 04 1137 51 125 57 111 67 2904 76 313 69  227 52  36 38 307 47 81 70 84 75 348 01 284 20 523 41  70 32 43 00 664 45 749 82 306 65 18 23 17 92 1108 47  11496 56	\$ ets. 1783 57 1287 47 4708 92 2066 75 3242 95 8049 00 5341 40 4756 00 1381 75 3485 62 2250 54 1872 42 2020 50 7159 33 2705 09 4244 80 2617 65 1874 44 1541 15 1607 29 2072 61 1501 67 3217 16 7437 62 6195 43 2199 38 3546 11 2221 84 1118 89 3091 43 4629 32 3222 84 3122 93 32279 92 3821 23 113675 02	\$ cts 1116 96 918 35 3309 00 1765 24 2661 00 4712 08 3194 87 2707 00 856 75 2756 67 1273 00 1649 46 3270 50 1830 00 2715 00 1948 88 1381 29 600 00 1158 04 1195 94 1183 00 2469 58 2599 66 2745 14 1352 22 2630 00 1168 46 1012 00 1184 66 3654 00 2016 00 11954 33 2004 75 2542 25	30 75 24 00 400 00 801 63 18 54 96 50 200 00 110 50 33 75 95 00 74 88 104 60 145 62 20 00 94 94 43 84 43 80 14 55	618 35 310 79	48 25 83 35 94 18 425 07 579 65 68 21 277 43 15 47 45 00 25 18 90 63 27 72 362 80 200 45 3 25 8 63 39 12 35 94 45 204 50 60 00 143 96 298 08	\$\begin{array}{c} \text{s. cts.} & \text{s.} & \text{137 66} & \text{89 97} & \text{903 80} & \text{127 33} & \text{2041 09} & \text{906 604 28} & \text{62 12} & \text{326 88} & \text{246 87} & \text{316 84} & \text{258 91} & \text{549 20} & \text{686 69} & \text{168 22} & \text{149 55} & \text{1433 17} & \text{499 78} & \text{4492 25} & \text{2335 20} & \text{462 43} & \text{79 00} & \text{235 41} & \text{229 27} & \text{862 69} & \text{195 23} & \text{497 152 26} & \text{646 75} & \text{20622 27} & 2062	\$ cts. 1302 87 1287 47 4243 55 2066 37 3188 33 7979 87 5318 31 3786 78 1208 37 3470 33 1823 59 1729 84 1987 55 4030 75 2511 52 3910 12 2402 06 1529 64 1395 39 1607 29 1902 11 1493 07 3063 84 7259 93 5656 09 1900 53 3546 69 1900 53 3546 72 3123 09 2980 19 2274 75 3297 44	\$ c 480 465 54 69 23 969 173 15 426 61 42 31 22 31 22 31 23 193 334 215 314 145 170 8 153 177 7539 298 72 17 70 70 248 99 99 99 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173 173
2 01 36 38 14 11 92 37 540 33 14 00 117 87 3 97 184 96 500 69	766 90 508 14 508 73 1056 32 2024 26 1216 88 1161 95 1347 02 1042 11 477 14 1933 61 1287 33 663 06 1106 90	550 20 224 44 400 00 500 00 702 91 970 00 673 91 929 42 610 00 372 28 950 00 971 90 560 00 530 13	12 00 6 15 10 00 40 00 5 00 78 00 16 00 73 39 59 34	377 65	25 52	71 67; 276 38; 61 93; 130 24; 70 88; 127 34; 90 00 127 03; 10 17; 74 50; 104 40; 56 95; 3 65; 50 96;	716 07 500 82 499 46 652 97 1202 94 1190 04 868 58 1081 89 758 77 477 14 1108 83 661 16 765 45	50 7 9 403 821 26 293 265 283 825 66 1

### TABLE A .- THE COMMON SCHOOLS

#### RECEIPTS BY LOCAL SCHOOL

	From Leg Gran		From Local Sources.					
VILLAGES(Continued.)	For Teachers' Salaries.	For Maps, Apparatus, Prizes & Libraries.	Municipal School Assessment Levied.	Municipal School Assessment Received.	Trustees' School Assessment.	Trustees' Rate Bill for Fees.	Clergy Reserve Fund and other sources.	
Fort Erie. Hawkesbury Hespeler Iroquois Kemptville. Kincardine. Mitchell Napanee Newburgh Newcastle. New Hamburg Newmarket. Oshawa Pembroke Portsmouth Preston Renfrew. Smith's Falls. Southampton Stirling. St. Mary's. St. Thomas Stratford Stratford Trenton. Vienna. Waterloo Welland Yorkville.	\$ cts. 42 00 126 00 89 00 86 00 123 00 96 00 126 00 131 00 142 00 141 00 143 06 145 00 71 00 160 00 16 07 17 00 18 80 40 18 80 40 192 50 199 76 109 76 17 00 147 00 145 00	10 00 12 87 15 00 16 15 5 00 26 00 15 00 9 50 34 00 10 00 10 00	\$ cts. 350 00 130 00 130 00 87 00 999 96 400 00 150 00 150 00 150 00 142 00 150 00 142 00 142 00 150 00 72 00 140 00 812 89 600 00 758 51 332 07 1800 00 1800 00 1800 00 1300 00 446 67 294 71 1200 00 451 95 200 00	1127 47	75 S4  11 00  100 00 296 00	128 02 95 92 79 19 258 98 206 25		
Total  Grand Total	5101 83 	9962 33 6860 00	27997 10 	26595 90 		91508 14	106738 36	
Increase Decrease	508 76	3102 33	7190 02		20978 38		30431 36	

of Upper Canada, 1860.—Continued.

AUTHORIT	TES.			TURES BY	LOCAL	SCHOOL AT	JTHORITIE	s.
Balances.	Total Receipts for all Common School pur- poses, during 1860.	For Teachers' Salaries.	For Maps, Apparatus, Prizes and Libraries, including 100 per cent.	For Sites and Build- ing School Houses.	For Rents and Repairs of School Houses,	For School Books, Stationery, Fuel, and other ex- penses.	Total Expenditure For all Common School purposes, during 1860.	Balances unex- pended.
\$ cts. 3 76 33 03 4 26 54 25 11 28 44 27 25 67  39 28 663 73 81 34 232 00  71 78 218 87  77 09  243 83 214 82 938 61  166 41 36 19  440 81	\$ cts. 589 53 553 95 655 01 405 65 726 78 540 27 1293 14 1251 08 740 55 1768 90 1926 33 1207 71 1867 26 2137 21 1004 48 507 09 1570 38 331 59 2607 09 1570 38 3048 11 622 95 1042 68 2352 06 1316 94 656 31 1787 81 1787 81 6650 00 1181 99	\$ cts. 500 00 449 00 516 00 315 00 640 00 321 00 710 00 714 44 424 12 788 59 927 27 879 77 1147 78 407 00 542 32 1375 75 651 00 1340 00 471 84 895 52: 1509 00 775 99 591 80 939 00 650 00 525 00	\$ cts. 10 00 29 00 18 00 18 00 38 07 55 50 20 34 61 02 38 50 25 00 45 62 35 00 32 30 10 00 53 00 30 00 19 50 68 00 20 00 20 00 20 00 30 00	403 83 136 88 691 62 327 69 108 48 30 00 320 00	11 78 46 00 15 00 23 13 75 00 4 77 15 00 99 52 5 85 46 17 50 00 3 90 21 38 199 98 91 60 61 73 4 28	67 75 64 54 88 52 52 36 60 59 57 61 66 24 531 87 124 05 105 24 66 50 162 25 47 17 00 88 03 206 25 303 48 69 29 287 10 15 55 362 235 362 25 362 25 362 25 42 45 78 10 522 99 64 51 53 39	542 54 650 52	\$ cts.  11 41 4 49 20 29 11 28 138 53 163 11 543 85 3 47 309 49 73 26 463 42 58 90 401 76 162 86 1331 63 83 11 42 48 321 75 7 51 795 42
6225 90	52471 09	31808 32	1122 55	3441 46	1617 99	5997 51	43987 83	8483 26
129169 26 148112 42	1324272 73 1309820 07	895590 69 859324 76	25390 61 17456 83	113607 47 114637 91	33422 41 32751 37	91762 57 85874 98	1159773 75 1110045 85	164498 98 199774 22
18943 16	14452 66	36265 93	7933 78	1030 44	671 04	5887 59	49727 90	35275 24

TABLE B .- THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.

				PUΡ	ILS A	TTE	NDIN	G TE	IE C	омм	0 N .	зсно	ols			
	be- ears	and	zá	chil- s at-				Numl	per of c	hildren	attendi	ng sehe	ol.	nd-	not	Jo of
COUNTIES.	School population tween 5 and 16 your of age.	Pupils between 5 16 years of age.	Pupils of other ages.	Total number of ch dren of all ages tending school.	Boys.	Girls.	Indigent pupils.	Less than 20 days during the year.	20 to 50 days.	50 to 100 days.	100 to 150 days.	150 to 200 days.	200 to 251 days.	Number whose attendance is not reported.	Number of children not attending any school whatever.	Average attendance pupils.
Glengarry Stormont Dundas Prescott Russell Jarleton Frenville Leeds Lanark Renfrew Frontenac	6273	4182 3821 4382 2571 1085 6437 4688 7638 6484 3313 4853	215 149 324 116 40 306 284 721 373 134	4397 3970 4706 2687 1125 6743 4972 8359 6857 3447 5234	2640 4395 3678 1861 2749	1969 1960 2191 1349 480 3127 2332 3964 3179 1586 2485	102 63 84 27 22 82 71 139 72 23 61	296 360 442 330 107 549 495 782 692 540 560	.537 776 792 523 215 1143 924 1630 1284 631 920	1116 917 989 595 236 1553 1234 1967 1560 821 1214	1009 801 843 533 217 1305 1016 1661 1353 662 1114	850 627 699 455 133 1122 783 1153 1142 476 909	586 450 326 222 117 717 487 647 803 248 517	33 39 615 29 100 354 33 519 23 69	1158 168 671 794 326 1698 543 798 1135 1201	1944 1478 1910 1125 368 2660 2061 2814 2612 1240 2094
Addington Jennox Prince Edward Justings Vorthumberland Durham Peterboro' Jictoria Intario	4488 2053 5164 9750 8853 9168 5276 5256 10423	3846 1692 4509 7527 7387 7476 3994 3907 8737	457 201 518 554 657 704 231 305 743	4303 1893 5027 8081 8044 8180 4225 4212 9480	2248 963 2735 4276 4384 4693 2315 2325 5189	2055 930 2292 3805 3660 3487 1910 1887 4291	66 52 134 117 142 121 44 36 188	410; 233; 512; 994; 840; 802; 423; 422; 896;	916 404 1021 1747 1828 1617 852 813 1827	1070 561 1312 2160 2347 2061 1110 1135 2401	936 412 988 1706 1594 1584 856 864 1770	634 199 770 1009 864 1199 557 597 1564	327 76 424 465 571 787 386 342 961	10 8  130 41 39 61	685 355 785 1841 1176 751 619 543	1614 634 1973 2412 2711 2918 1582 1542 3710
Vork eel Simcoe Ialton Ventworth brant binooln Velland Jaldimand	15319 7101 11038 5116 7360 5071 5344 5219 5952	11987 5630 8590 4155 5793 4363 3995 3983 5087	875 573 542 353 448 372 359 482 344	12862 6203 9132 4508 6241 4735 4354 4465 5431	7184 3576 4969 2504 3581 2633 2369 2539 2926	5678 2627 4163 2004 2660 2102 1985 1926 2505	361 115 44 142 193 114 123 129 63	1194 622 1000 400 539 401 433 615 644	2419 1376 1962 831 1201 873 1011 1289 1253	3057 1574 2253 1036 1473 1141 1106 1383 1360	2423 1145 1784 835 1296 904 829 738 1067	2158 886 1216 717 876 643 481 316 721	1571 600 744 553 846 471 334 70 366	40 173 136 10 302 160 54 20	1901 1112 1216 592 762 731 800 690 1202	4930 2189 2962 1568 2251 1828 1451 1323 1853
Vorfolk	7448 11463	6440 9023	631 901	7071 9924	3807 5428	$\frac{3264}{4496}$	135 173	969 <b>1042</b>	1671 1961	1959 2387	1402 2007	769 1422	291 982	10 123	763	2164 3668

Waterloo Wellington Grey Perth Huron Bruce Middlesex Elgin Kent Lambton Essex	8398 11365 9477 8563 13141 5780 12891 8441 7012 5860 5231 308781	7298 9539 7237 6993 9820 4586 11009 6795 5032 5268 3687	315 693 422 358 541 239 1020 742 485 471 188	7613 10232 7659 7351 10370 4825 12029 7537 5517 5739 3875	4323 5584 4062 3998 5676 2613 6703 4056 2991 3055 2166	3290 4648 3597 3353 4694 2212 5326 3481 2526 2684 1709	121 97 29 21 78 30 151 145 101 8 83	885 1246 925 939 1146 733 1315 899 655 646 417	1572 3164 1711 1570 2127 1172 2504 1563 1167 1174 771	1944 2436 2015 1889 2415 1290 2843 2023 1384 1556 1032 65915	1468 2006 1363 1421 2014 740 2325 1522 1140 1165 761	1007 1559 829 914 1546 330 1741 956 808 676 482	723 831 513 547 1047 254 926 513 363 412 372	64  303 71 75 300 375 61  110 40	1290 1651 1542 1541 2725 782 1710 1090 1672 843 1011	2711 3715 2168 2608 4003 1583 4254 2577 1836 1935 1457
CITIES.																
Toronto	11595 5000 3500 2987 3234 26316	7057 4649 2464 2678 2751 19599	54 30 9 41 59	7111 4679 2473 2719 2810	3863 2451 1336 1473 1563 10686	3248 2228 1137 1246 1247 	124	669 386 95 227 288	1134 757 260 244 430 2825	1930 1314 437 443 536 4660	1504 966 555 392 602 4019	1154 845 604 383 512 3498	720 411 522 1030 442 3125		527	2968 2151 1316 1457 1108
months.	1					<u> </u> 			<u> </u>				!			
TOWNS.  Amherstburgh Barrie Belleville Berlin Bowmanville Brantford Brockville Chatham Clifton Cobourg Collingwood Cornwall Dundas Galt Goderich Guelph Ingersoll Lindsay Milton Niagara	581 550 1600 1090 1111 251 1250 600 700 802 760 1057 490 427	426 389 1316 545 415 1604 872 896 230 701 341 473 564 5710 913 418 868 418 418	27 6 22 7 24 129 7 18 9 18 25 18 30 8 8 2 36 10 10 12	594 532 712 949 434 377 213	245   224   099   294   229   950   463   134   468   225   267   329   278   367   511   218   205   114   269	208 171 639 258 210 783 416 481 105 251 141 224 265 254 438 216 169 99	8 30 20 60 206 29 23 129 85 45 54	35 55 94 34 34 32 68 86 25 58 11 76 60 53 21 25 36 38 36 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38 38	41 90 189 38 50 388 97 202 22 110 98 98 12 107 171 71 33 35 99	40 85 229 46 70 461 138 238 43 189 95 165 183 300 88 63 65	70 60 281 118 90 425 128 173 65 157 130 42 153 152 89 71 50	179 67 296 115 100 210 174 132 53 96 52 84 109 138 179 101 78 34	88 38 249 202 109 117 274 83 31 109 59 81 395 101 94 64 107		18 30 8 70	287 163 772 260 276 625 478 334 105 336 129 183 272 488 379 408 178 223 86 220

TABLE B.—The Common Schools of Upper Canada, 1860.—(Continued.)

						<del></del>				-					·· -					
				P	UPIL	S A	TEI	NDIN	G T	не с	0 M I	10 N	S	СНО	) O L	s.				
						Nu	mber ir	the dif	ferent l	ranches	of Ins	tracti	ion.		~					
COUNTIES.		I	Reading					ra-	Geogra-			.				phy.		18.	arn-	
	1st class (lowest).	2nd elass.	3rd class.	4th class.	5th class.	Arithmetic.	Grammar.	General Geogra- phy.	Canadian Geo phy.	History.	Writing.	Book-keeping.	Mensuration.	Algebra.	Geometry.	Nat'l Philosophy.	Vocal Music.	12	No. of girls learn- ing needlework.	Other studies.
Glengarry Stormont Dundas Prescott Russell Carleton Gronville Leeds Lanark Renfrew Frontenac Addington Lennox Prince Edward Hastings Northumberland Durham Peterboro' Victoria Ontario York Peel Simcoe Halton Wentworth Brant Lincoln Welland Haldimand	713 714 794 634 233 1046 761 1305 1141 1684 1000 666 310 723 1631 1572 1233 785 812 1574 2255 1143 1945 674 1017 721 717 666 979	765 615 901 531 159 159 157 868 1452 1110 607 1034 704 704 704 333 878 1634 1497 842 818 1738 2561 1151 1151 116 766 1084 774 774 774 774 774 774 774 774 774 7	921 759 1020 501 219 1410 1070 1686 858 392 1038 1746 2158 1039 854 1077 1897 2826 1939 854 781 858 858 1038 1049 1069 858 1077 1897 1897 1897 1897 1897 1897 1897 18	926 750 888 559 204 1315 1081 1591 1372 619 919 879 337 1106 1504 1589 1577 837 837 837 837 106 2359 1395 1636 939 1211 845 862 1055 1435	922 788 902 485 1092 1092 1643 1495 589 829 1072 506 1259 1373 878 1462 793 62045 22577 1118 1237 995 903 894 1527	2335 1886 2244 1311 472 2316 2236 3977 3577 2334 3106 4259 4495 2196 1749 3545 4495 2196 1749 3545 4495 2196 2196 2196 2196 2196 2196 2196 2196	1490 753 933 745 201 786 1387 1477 601 869 845 1513 1540 814 3661 1336 2174 3661 1368 1515 1424 1475 968 1150 1096	1279 630 838 545 379 1449 813 1622 1629 905 1130 665 2116 2779 2430 2681 1056 1073 3100 5415 1950 2490 243 1218 1258 1258 1258 1258 1258 1258 1258	169 162 59 193 48 774 185 360 78 117 103 895 683 785 1155 134 511 861 1831 780 655 717 531 607 107 272 407	382 373 87 191 62 383 303 265 488 96 361 434 321 1080 927 350 447 1158 1754 503 651 758 515 603 399 521 329	2496 1493 2312 1460 534 31645 1934  36055 1522 2420 2294 3057 4137 4367 4546 2202 1849 7621 3627 4559 7621 3695 2766 2014 2396 2783 2812	68 54 66 35 19 122 564 137 102 23 80 110 159 33 162 159 124 57 197 197 197 1183 325 115 126 124 126 115 126 115 126 127 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128 128	70 13 325 36 43 22 22 27 76 56 56 50 13 10 22 264 99 48 160 160 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	\$55 16 48 24 6 70 66 86 55 10 132 37 140 113 223 347 141 72 196 115 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171 171	49 6 12 9 14 35 57 10 28 32 19 56 43 32 217 50 94 58 80 94 58 80 94 58 80 94 58 80 94 58 80 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94 94	199 37 98 20 47 47 21 18 86 16 1118 86 34 39 25 64 476 616 87 79 216 245 78 64 243 78	113 136 40 226 13 20 329 129 53 136 486 201 510 124 110 1032 1139 330 143 536 510 581 486 286 286 286		12	64  15 36 30  1 35 46 63 329 106 114 47 130 30 315 48 48 109 169 169 98

Waterloo Wellington Grey Perth Huron Bruce Middlesex Elgin Kent Lambton Essex	1803 1914 1634 1651 2094 1132 1855 1116 956 1059 811	1589 1973 1625 1520 2101 1006 1837 1260 976 1100 839 49163	1469 2011 1745 1644 2403 1124 2183 1366 1001 1232 796	1145 1733 1224 1323 2116 813 2241 1145 924 1168 676 49524	1071 1472 778 1045 1358 455 2894 2030 1169 1022 518	4313 4951 3470 5393 5148 1905 6688 4335 3021 2823 1911 138110	1702 2189 1567 1486 2213 724 3106 2171 1321 1355 797	2319 3118 1521 2172 3533 913 4533 3634 2424 1926 1154	729 1027 661 710 827 326 1721 1209 954 445 292	525 540 319 419 647 87 1524 1244 676 375 196	4675 5069 3400 8566 4818 1953 6544 3962 2986 2902 2065	61 170 68 43 137 9 262 252 75 85 53	54 112 32 39 137 17 192 72 25 29 14 2414	93 116 43 62 125 26 383 303 91 56 19	25 65 99 18 218 120 39 37 22	149 37 711 515 106 156 14	1283 395 356 400 504 343 1064 490 476 499 10	319 45 37 30	6  10 10 26 37 34 	269 128 32 51 45 15 386 90 345 91 10
CITIES.																		1		
Toronto		1266 1598 547 508 559	$   \begin{array}{c}     1245 \\     635 \\     519 \\     740 \\     494   \end{array} $	669 671 458 290 358	517 206 403 333 412	1347 $1534$ $1843$	2797 1826 1120 1317 1053	5241 4488 1215 2409 1061	1757 2596 852 1324 1061	2105 1086 439 1270 730	3436 4207 1677 1843 1598	117 142 52 47 64	173 36 100 172 39	182 89 86 328 104	65 64	$65 \\ 134 \\ 254$	3127 3670 612 449 791	1400	1420 500 648 399	170 4679  81 16
Total	4597	4478	3633	2446	1871	11059	8113	14414	7590	5630	12761	422	520	789	417	917	8649	2130	2967	4916
TOWNS.																				
Amherstburgh Barrie Balleville Berlin Bowmanville Brantford Brockville Chatham Clifton Cobourg Collingwood Cornwall Dundas Galt Goderich Guelph Ingersoll Lindsay Milton Niagara	130 355 126 109 778 186 186 114 42 114 62 82 93 61 153 144 366 63 63 16	88 20	115 69 275 106 111 209 240 167 34 202 45 171 89 113 149 155 143 755	90 59 266 42 90 113 167 221 21 134 55 106 78 102 138 301 120 108	74 33 253 44 183 89 106 45 132 91 61 38 124 107 113 55 72 85	301 281 347 471 642 598 280 218 128	214 162 602 187 260 1040 279 200 90 228 270 228 162 339 394 377 162 131 60 216	215 139 566 476 830 1726 450 102 275 270 233 210 532 559 400 198 182 98	 1 183 314 330 226 309 45 21 9 270 91 245 124 245 194 14 21 16	106 55 201 107 150 627 34 118 31 125 81 106 68 124 107 107 82 88 66	249 170 941 326 260 584 525 510 123 428 311 293 346 339 559 460 305 228 129 206	10 7 36 8  91 13 3 14 51 4 14 8  25 23 8 	9 7 2 12  92 9 17 2 14  24 11 27  17 2  4	5 78 25 12	30  9 17 3 5 3 13  9 20 11 2 27	12 35 150 25 59 183 76  86 44 68  51 31 48 51	25 50 458 458 455 1613 587 418 122 6712 20	230 147 12 92  30   14		30 120 611 602 879 7 58 61 56 107 566 13 25

TABLE B.—THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

Collections in the control of the co			-		.,				, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		`		, 	a Para transfer and other		
				PUP	ILS A	TTE	NDIN	G TI	не с	омм	on s	сно	OLS	•		
	n be- years	and	ages.	chil-				Num	iber of c	hildren	attendi	ng scho	ool.	ond- ed.	en not school	go of
TOWNS.—(Continued.)	School population tween 5 and 16 ye of age.	Pupils between 5 16 years of age.	other	Total number of cdren of all ages tending school.	Boys.	Girls.	Indigent pupils.	Less than 20 days during the year.	20 to 50 days.	50 to 100 days.	100 to 150 days.	150 to 200 days.	200 to 251 days.	Number whose attend- ance is not reported.	Number of children attending any sol whatever.	Average attendance pupils.
Oakville Owen Sound Paris Perth Peterboro' Picton Port Hope Prescott Sandwich Sarnia St. Catherines Simcoe Whitby Windsor Woodstock Total	379 429 750 700 800 472 1100 600 254 445 1500 444 669 656 870	432 424 692 528 749 474 649 384 260 354 1108 439 502 429 579	2 3 35 10 35 24 48 48 46 56 19 5 33	434 427 727 538 784 498 697 394 265 368 1154 495 521 434 612	244 206 387 260 443, 256 425 222 157 195 658, 270 272 239 359	190 221 340 278 341 242 272 172 108 173 496 225 249 195 253	85 10 76 50 38 18 275 92 70	43 68 72 16 58  24 20 14 64 31 25 24 28 67	64 88 125 29 108  76 63 32 22 25 177 132	176 115 280 90 171  96 90 62 90 111 104 131 101 187	79 77 114 80 150 114 82 52 64 167 124 63 115 106	52 71 127 227 108  105 78 63 49 322 185 82 98 79	20 8 9 96 153  282 50 35 28 460 25 170 15 41	36 498 	28 300 40 45 9	154 176 341 302 412 174 567 216 641 276 294 219 220
VILLAGES.				<u> </u>	    											1
Ashburnham Bath Bradford Brampton Brighton Caledonia Cayuga Chippewa Clinton	206 173 284 400 342 260 198 298	149 99 135 303 262 227 178 298 225	5 3  9 5 1 	154 102 135 303 271 232 179 298 237	110 685 95 171 145 130 88 160 139	44 34 40 132 126 102 91 138 98	4 1 14 41	9 4 15 45 19 39 18 33	22 21 35 44 35 46 56 34 35	44 34 15 88 104 65 55 46 46	26 24 36 67 77 45 25 62 47	14 12 25 43 36 30 19 59	7 9 16  7		71 33	86 44 50 124 86 78 85 148

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Colborne Dunnville Elora Embro Fergus Fort Erie Hawkesbury Hespeler Iroquois Kemptville Kincardine Mitchell O'Napanee Newburgh Newcastle New Hamburg Newmarket Oshawa Pembroke Portsmouth Preston Renfrew Smith's Falls Southampton Stirling St. Mary's	215 360 302 200 278 161 300 219 144 295 230 331 400 249 350 363 380 401 135 285 387 170 260 136 171 670	248 331 302 186 278 161 172 191 245 200 282 281 229 135 263 301 400 90 216 354 97 122 115 125 375	10 13 34 7 8 6  8 9 6 22 28  24 17 5 6  14	258 344 336 193 286 167 172 194 253 209 288 303 257 135 263 325 218 359 107 122 110 122 122 385	1001 162 129 110 174 98 104 103 45 141 120 160 166 139 80 143 200 244 252 102 102 102 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105	158 182 207 83 112 69 68 91 129 112 137 1185 120 125 126 133 43 116 166 311 511 511 511 511 511 511 511	38 6 6 2 7 8 8	511 38 311 50 201 211 111 200  266  33 37 24 11 14 18 9 9	38 23 17 14  45	90 104 47 28 71 55 31 40 79 76 49 15 66 71 119 23 66 22 29 16 64 64 66 66	20 67 60 35 49 27 35 45 9 44 40 62 20 70 76 123 32 22 72 24 24 96	44 11 20 53 60 61 46 658 30 61 39 15 71 39 23 60 60 71	19 777 596 44 366 32 25 266 166 312 666 112 28 28 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48 48	20	15 29 7 98 50 100 20 160 45 69 83 66 45 66	64 141 134 110 108 43 68 76 65 122 156 108 117 109 95 117 228 103 40 111 212 37 63 65 74 269
St. Thomas Stratford	439 742	430 546ı	$\frac{24}{15}$	454 561	199 298	255 2631	17	13 40	33 83	$\frac{45}{148}$	$80] \\ 152!$	70 96	155 42	58	100	198 244
Strathroy	178	115	5	120	64	56		10	25	30	17	20	18			83
Streets ville	326	213	12	225	149	76	13	27	38	62	45	35	18		101	105
Thorold	465	465	30	495	305	190 188	19	$\frac{53}{70}$	$\frac{140}{72}$	142	81	$\frac{67}{54}$	$\frac{12}{34}$	13	· ····· !	$\frac{171}{142}$
Trenton	107	407	5	412	224		7	70 13	15	91 17	78 82	$\frac{54}{119}$	5-E			101
Vienna	260	250	i ^}	251	114	137 136	4	10		83	96]	49	$\frac{3}{25}$		52	134
Waterloo	350	298		298	162				35 21				23 43	•••••	19	87
Welland	195	176	19	195		88 130	1 " 1	20 29		$\frac{41}{72}$	44) 40	$\frac{26}{49}$	45 57	*****		142
Yorkville	424	294		294	164	130		29	47	7.2	40	49	57	******	11	1 # 4
Total	13462	10843	378	11221	6154	5067	298	972	1849	2524	2309	1992	1408	107	1184	5067
Grand Total			20132 22102	315812 301592		$\frac{143708}{135904}$	6053 6166	3243 <b>2</b> 30639		77610 73548	61828 58861	$\begin{array}{c} 46281 \\ 43107 \end{array}$	$\frac{31063}{32345}$	$\frac{5141}{5752}$	46632 46803	119011 109861
Increase Decrease	:	: .	1970	14220	6416	7804		1793		4062	2967	3174	1282	611	171	9150
· ·		'		. '		'					·					<u> </u>

TABLE B .-- THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.-- (Continued.)

				P	UPIL	S A	TTEI	NDIN	G T	нк с	омз	иои	s	сно	0 L	s.				
				<del></del>		Nu	nber in	the di	ferent l	oranche	s of In	struct	ion.							
TOWNS (Continued.)		1	Reading					gra-	Geogra-					-		oby.		18.	arn- ork.	<del></del>
	1st Class (lowest).	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	4th Class.	5th Class.	Arithmetic.	Grammar.	General Geogra- phy.	Canadian Geo phy.	History.	Writing.	Book-keeping.	Mensuration.	Algebra.	Geometry.	Nat'l Philosophy	Vocal Music.	g	No. of girls learning ing needlework.	Other studies.
Oakville Owen Sound Paris Perth Peterboro' Picton Port Hope Prescott Sandwich Sarnia Et. Catharines Simcoe Whitby Windsor Woodstock Total	40 45 98 203 100	90 86 96	87 144 98 87 178 126 174 110 39 66 239 81 143 129 127	103 51 105 86 139 179 155 92 17 85 216 97 124 61 94	60  92 27 77 18 121 92 102 60 94 92 94 45 170	337 298 650 401 493 347 517 313 169 240 656 360 384 231 392	184 284 287 204 361 251 353 186 91 178 441 270 358 128 242 9419	234 298 443 381 372 194 520 214 96 200 511 398 255 140 605 ——————————————————————————————————	130 298 162 296 204 110 242 62 9  234 97 63 36 344 	130 45 218 164 224 114 248 63 31 95 116 204 118 49 149	321 195 647 304 438 508 508 335 166 109 500 270 379 220 392 ———————————————————————————————————	 14 1 35  47 4 11 12 26 26 17 1 61	21 21 41 1 5 12 7 5 1 48	54	30 2 15	108  108   6 4  110 50 13 2 20	42 30 182 430 44 119  394 20 80 170 460 330 62 86	150  52 9  30  9 153 	20 20 20  30  110 151	210 14 15 29 121 1 6 217 3240
VILLAGES.													-			1200	0002		1210	
Ashburnham Bath Bradford Brampton Brighton Caledonia Cayuga Chippewa Clinton	22 6 7 32 67 44 45 58	53	20 12 12 113 53 42 28 58 24	17, 13, 25, 35, 61, 54, 40, 46, 20,	20 4 18 47 37 48 31 83 35	33 30 56 116 174 153 124 191 40	20 22 15 35 74 74 54 106 30	25 20 43 93 74 120 100 118 30	 43 50  6  118 13		40 30  136 179 147 104 202 37	  1 11  14	1	 7  3 19 7	 2 2 5 4 6	 18 18 12  7  7	188 188 			3

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Colborne Dunnville Elora Embro Fergus Fort Erie Hawkeebury Hespeler Iroquois Kemptville Kincardine Mitchell Napanee Newburgh Newcastle New Hamburg Newmarket Oshawa Pembroke Portsmouth Preston Renfrew Smith's Falls Southampton Stirling St. Mary's St. Themas Stratterd Stratterd Stratterd Stratterd Stratterd Thorold Trenton Vienna Waterloo Welland	18 25 25 110 30 122 17 38 53 124 55 50 31	429 488 301 838 341 244 154 500 311 199 653 822 166 343 341 344 355 118 155 118 155 168 164 47	50 78 52 37 82 42  105 65 62 62 82 62 82 18 45 71 45 22 26 75 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 105 10	75 63 55 24 37 24 46  10 25 25 21 86 28 31 86 28 37 38 28 76 113 135 17 43 31 43 75 21 29 29 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31 31	23 65 67 44 28 8 8 59 22  28 8 59 17 13 24  21 81 17 40 46 46 45	200 163 175, 168, 145, 99 67, 37, 58, 126, 100, 163, 182, 237, 80, 307, 60, 307, 60, 307, 60, 307, 40, 401, 431, 401, 182, 235, 182, 235, 400, 401, 401, 401, 401, 401, 401, 401	80 49 135 70 141 47 30 10 20 85 52 206 36 37 198 63 77 178 48 40 306 236 236 236 236 236 128 79 206 306 306 307 307 307 307 308 307 307 307 307 307 307 307 307 307 307	755 611 236 91 143 48 34 20 88 92 60 160 257 68 70 251 163 50 316 100 385 361 345 300 122 188 102 48 105	64 62 160 122 566 68 9 57 107 63 6 198 361 81 50 48 72	50 41 67 67 448 22 7 7 28 34 9 27 53 33 36 45 30 45 30 198 280 60 32 63 45 57	150 187 172 158 137 66 37 60 142 90 180 237 68 175 104 278 63 83 83 89 80 275 80 275 80 218 187 198 218 198 218 198 218 198 218 218	144 12 2 2 12 12 29 11 225 9 9 9	 4  15 4	5 9 9 5 3 3 14 4 3 12 7 7 4 4 6 9 9 21 5 5 1 1 8 12 5 1 1 4 8 8 15 14 4	1 3 3	144 144 144 144 144 144 144 144 144 144	 1500 1291 1144 722 500 200 200 200 305 3166 633 63191 1300	200	80 90 14	
Yorkville	84 2105	79	2238	1993	29 1775	6909	3988	$\frac{210}{5094}$	2003	1923	130 6323	288	136	390	190	29 582	210 1979	263	286	617
Total	58511 54078	60299 57475	65127 64332	57715	55220	170645 160752	80755	113105 102939	38166 32752	34615	163593 161510	6489	3452	6442	3270	9820	32630 28927			
Increase		2824	795	1975	2693	9893	7340	10166	5414	4201	2083	69	139	419	290		3703		1494	2979

## TABLE C.—COMMON SCHOOLS

### COMMON SCHOOL

		Tota	1.					Rel	igiou	s Den	omina	ations				
COUNTIES.	Common School Teachers.	Male.	Female.	Church of England.	Church of Rome.	Presbyterian.	Methodist.	Baptist.	Congregationalist.	Lutheran.	Quaker.	Christian and Disciple.	Reported as Protes-	Unitarian.	Other Persuasions.	Not reported.
Glengarry Stormont Dundas Prescott Russell Carleton Grenville Leeds Lanark Renfrew Frontenae Addington Lennox Prince Edward Hastings Northumberland Durham Peterboro' Victoria Ontario York Peel Simcoe Halton Wentworth Brant Lincoln Welland Haldimand Norfolk Oxford Waterloo Wellington Grey Perth Huron Bruce Middlesex Elgin Kent Lambton Essex Total	65   73   55   22   108   83   155   122   68   91   72   39	25 44 19 15 90 45 51 51 42 28 63 88 63 71 54 46 100 109 44 54 54 50 85 90 81 31 32 77 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 121 121	40 29 36 7 18 38 58 50 13 40 30 11 18 37 27 27 27 27 16 6	1 122 7 7 5 30 24 45 14 13 17 10 28 11 12 28 16 14 13 11 14 12 15 15 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	9	30 13 15 25 25 11 26 56 35 15 10	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	7	2 2 4 4 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 3 6 6 6 6	12		3	21 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 6 5 1 5 2
CITIES. Toronto Hamilton Kingston London Ottawa Total	58 40 27 23 22 170	21 9 13 9 12 64	37 31 14 14 10 106	11 9 9 4 5	20 5 9 4 11 49	9 11 1 5 3	$   \begin{array}{c}     13 \\     12 \\     7 \\     7 \\     \hline     3 \\     \hline     42   \end{array} $		1 3 7							1

### OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.

#### TEACHERS.

_		C	ertific	ates.					at- rith- es.	which	nore	Annual Salaries.								
	3T						7	ers who at School with Jertificates.	in wh hange r.	ing r	id.	-	Average.							
Total holding Certi- ficates.		Normal School.		County Board.		J.		annulle	Teachers who formal School w ining Certificate	Schools in er was cha g the year.	ools havir Teacher	lary pa	ary paid	er with	soard.	acher rd.	acher	soara.		
	1st Class.	2nd Class.	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd*Class. Unclassified	Unclassified	Unqualified	Certificates annulled	No. of Teachers who a tended Normal School with out obtaining Certificates	No. of Schools in wh Teacher was changed during the year.	No. of Schools having more than one Teacher.	Highest Salary paid	Lowest Salary paid Male Teacher.	Male Teacher with Board.	Male Teacher without Board.	Female Teacher with Board.	Female Teacher	without		
70 65 73 55 22 105 120 83 155 120 88 97 78 113 96 56 62 105 124 105 124 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108	1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 3 1 6 6 4 6 6 1 1	21 	200 44 88 100 44 106 106 107 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108 108	54 47 18 35 32 46 64 38 35 53	6 133 4 4 199 5 4 4 222 155 400 122 133 7 4 4 266 633 32 2 111 133 7 7 166 711 1229 8 8 3 288 26 15 7 022	1 1 3 1 1 2 1 6 4 4 5 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 3	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 8 2 1 7 1	4 4 20 	2 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 1 1 1 1	\$ cts. 400 00 248 00 320 00 400 00 280 00 400 00 500 00 370 00 400 00 445 00 445 00 440 00 520 00 600 00 500 00 500 00 500 00 500 00 500 00 400 00 500 00 400 00 500 00 400 00 500 00 400 00 500 00 400 00 500 00 400 00 500 00 400 00 500 00 400 00 500 00 60	108 00 120 00 120 00 121 00 108 00 122 00 108 00 108 00 142 00 108 00 108 00 142 00 170 00 142 00 170 00 174 00 181 00 184 00 184 00 185 00 186 00 186 00 187 00 188 00	85 00 140 00 195 00 125 00 121 00 165 00 183 00 191 00 249 00 191 00 260 00 132 00 101 00 100 1	280 00 263 00 261 00 261 00 263 00 266 00 266 00 266 00 265 00 366 00 363 00 284 00 361 00	106 00 123 00 144 00 142 00 144 00 145 00 145 00 185 00 186 00 187 00 187 00 188 00	\$ 165 165 161 151 151 161 154 189 162 140 175 140 166 146 181 116 293 202 297 268 2297 269 190 284 282 282 282 281 282 281 281 282 281 281	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00		
38 40 17	7 12	$^{11}_{16}$		2 4 4	 2 1	10			1	8 1	15 10 6	1300 00 800 00	360 00		667 00 435 00		190	00		
19 17	4 4	<b>2</b> 3	13 7	3		3 5	1		ļ	4	6 10	960 00	400 00		560 00 480 00		$\frac{235}{240}$			
131	27	34	54	13	3	38	1		1	13	17	1300 00	360 00		554 00		241	00		

### TABLE C .- THE COMMON SCHOOLS

#### COMMON SCHOOL

															БОП	TOOL
	!	Total.		Religious Denominations.												
TOWNS.	Common School Teachers.	Male.	Femalo.	Church of England.	Church of Rome.	Preshyterian.	Methodist.	Baptist.	Congregationalist.	Lutheran.	Quaker.	Obristian and Disciple.	Reported as Protestant.	Unitarian.	Other Persuasions.	Not reported.
Amherstburgh Barrie Belleville Berlin Bowmanville Brantford Brockville Chatham Clifton Cobourg Collingwood Cornwall Dundas Galt Goderich Guelph Lindsay Milton Niagara Oakville Owensound Paris Perth Peterborough Picton Port Hope Prescott Sandwich Sarnia St. Catharines Simcoe Whitby Windsor Woodstock	3 4 5 0 5 0 5 2 2 3 5 4 8 9 9 5 9 4 9 9 9 4 9 9 9 9 4 9 9 9 9 9 9	31154333344552222443344335221133663443352113111111111111111111111111111111	12 6 4 1 2 2 3 5 5 2 1 1 1 2 4 4 3 6 6 6 5 5 2 4 2 2 2 1	1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	122551 32211 1221 2211 2221 247	2 : 23 2 2 3 3 3 2 : 21 2 : : : 1 4 2 1 : : 3 2 2 2 3 5 5 : : : 4 68	11 1 3 3 1 4 4 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 5 5 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1	] 	2 1 1 2 1 1 9		1	1				1 1
VILLAGES.  Ashburnham Bath Bradford Brampton Brighton Caledonia Cayuga Chippewa Clinton Colborne Dunnville Elora	1 1 1 2 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3	1 1 1 2 2 2 1 2 1 		1  2		1  1  3 1  2	3  1  2	1								

## of UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

#### TEACHERS.

									4 4 g	d-	ا و	g Annual Salar cs.								
		С	ertifi	cates.					ho plant	which ed du	more									
Ţ.		mal	(	Jount	У			led	s w choo	in	ving	aid.	aid		Average.					
Total holding Certificates.	School.			loard 		sified.	lified.	Certificates annulled	No. of Teachers who at tended Normal School with out obtaining Certificates	o. of Schools in which Teacher was changed during the year.	No. of Schools having than one Teacher.	Highest Salary paid	Lowest Salary paid Malo Teacher.	Male Teacher with Board.	Malo Teacher without Board.	Female Teacher with Board.	Female Teacher without Board			
	1st Class.	2nd Class.	1st Class.	2nd Class.	ard Cl	3rd Class.	Unclassified	Unqualified.	Certifi	No. of tended N	No. of Teach ring t	No. of	Підъ	Lowes	Male Tea Board.	Male 7 with	Femal	Femal		
					ļ							\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	1			
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9 3 6 3 4	3 2 3	1 2 1 1 1	3 1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		     1			1	2 1	1	500 00 500 00 500 00 500 00	300 00 500 00 400 00 500 00 288 00 400 00	********	394 00 400 00		250 00 290 00			
9 5 9 4 2 2	1	1		3 2		1				1	1 2 1 1	550 00 540 00 400 00 400 00 400 00	360 00 360 00 460 00 400 00 400 00	*********	535 00 424 00 487 00 400 00 400 00	40	276 00 280 00 245 00 214 00 300 00 200 00			
1 2 4 6 9 4	2 2 1 2	1 1 4 1	2 2	2 2	1	2 5				1	1 2 1 2 2 2	520 00 520 00 900 00 800 00	600 60 520 00 900 00 300 00		559 00 600 00 520 00 900 00 534 00 414 00		300 00 250 00 580 00 163 00			
4 9 4 3 4 7	2	1	1 1 2 1 1 1 3	3 2 2 2 1 4	3				2	1	2 2 2 3	540 00	300 00 240 00 500 00 400 00 400 00		360 00 360 00 500 00 450 00		$\begin{array}{c cccc} 140 & 00 \\ 275 & 00 \\ 210 & 00 \\ 120 & 00 \\ 216 & 00 \end{array}$			
5 4 5 6	1 1 2	1	3 2 2	1 1 2		1	1		1	3	1 1 2 2	500 00	400 00 418 00 400 00 500 00		450 00 418 00 425 00 500 00		220 00 313 00 300 00 250 00			
181	35	24	74	42	6	35	1	•••	6	18	56	900 00	240 00	********	437 00		253 00			
1 1 1 2 8 8 8 2 2 2 2	1		1 1 1 1 2 1	1  1 1 3  1	1					3 2 1	1	400 00 400 00 400 00 400 00 450 00 650 00 450 00	400 00 300 00	********	400 00 350 00 380 00 345 00	*********	275 00 240 00 370 00			
3	1 1		î	î		2		•••		1	1		400 00 450 00		400 00 450 00		275 00 220 00			

# TABLE C.—THE COMMON SCHOOLS

### COMMON SCHOOL

		Tota	l.					Reli	gious	Deno	mina	tions	•			
TOWNS.	Common School Teachers.	Male.	Female.	Church of England.	Church of Rome.	Presbyterien.	Methodist.	Baptist.	Congregationalist.	Lutheram,	Quaker.	Christian and Disciple.	Reported as Protes-	Unitarians.	Other Persuasions.	Not reported.
Embro. Fergus Fort Erie Hawkesbury Hespeler Iroquois Kemptville Kineardine. Mitchell Napanee Newharburgh Newcastle. New Hamburg Newmarket Oshawa Pembroke Portsmouth Preston Renfrew Smith's Falls Southampton Stirling St. Mary's St. Thomas Stratford Strathroy Streateville Thorold Trenton Welland Yorkville  Total	22 22 22 22 44 4 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 4 4 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 2	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	] I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I I	2 2 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1						1 			1
Grand Total " 1859	${4281}$ $\frac{4235}{4235}$	3100 3115	${1181}$ $1120$	745 747		${1238}$	$\frac{1249}{1236}$	$\frac{227}{225}$	90 87	28 23	16 30	$\frac{22}{27}$	65 94	$\frac{}{}$	26 52	112 56
Increase Decrease	46	 15	61	2	2	1196 42	13	2	3	5	14	 5	29	 1	26	56

# OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

### TEACHERS.

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		C	ertifi	cates.	•			ŀ	rs who at- School with- Certificates.	whie	100				innual :	Salaries ————	•	
- <u>-</u> -	NT.	rmal		C			ı	اچا	wh resident	in	ing	id.	-	Ę		Ave	rage.	
g Cert		hool.		Count Boar				nnulle	chers al Sch	ools as cho	ls hav	ary ps		ry paid her.	rwith	oard.	ther d.	ther oard.
Total holding Certi-   ficates.	1st Class.	2nd Class.	1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Unclassified.	Unqualified.	Certificates annulled	No. of Teachers who attended Normal School without receiving Certificates	No. of Schools in which Teacher was changed du- ring the year.	No. of Schools having more than one Teacher.	Highest Salary paid.		Lowest Salary p Male Teacher.	Male Teacher with Board.	Male Teacher without Board.	Female Teacher with Board.	Female Teacher Without Board
$_{2}^{2}$	1 2			1					<u> </u>	1		\$ ct 480 ( 475 (	i	\$ cts. 80 00 75 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 480 00 475 00		\$ ots
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2 2 2	1		2	1		1				1 1 1	1 1	450 ( 410 (	00 4 00 4	50 00		$\begin{vmatrix} 450 & 00 \\ 410 & 00 \\ 380 & 00 \end{vmatrix}$		200 00 144 00 150 00
2 3 3	$\begin{array}{c c} 1\\1\\2\end{array}$	1 1 1	1	1		2	 			1	1 1 2	520 ( 650 (	00 5	76 00 20 00 40 00 00 00		776 00 $520 00$ $445 00$ $400 00$		200 00 175 00
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1 1 1		1	1	1				 	1	1		400 0 400 0	$\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 3 \\ 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 4 \end{vmatrix}$	00 00 00 00		340 00 400 00 400 00	••••••	
5 4 4 1	3 2 1	1	2	3	1			 	1	1	1 1 1	500 0 600 0	0 30 0 50 0 30 10 30	00 00 50 00		500 00 500 00 475 00 368 00		207 00 250 00 195 00 218 00
2 3 1	1		$\frac{1}{2}$		 	1 2	 			1		400 0 409 0 320 0	$\begin{vmatrix} 0 & 36 \\ 0 & 46 \\ 0 & 28 \end{vmatrix}$	30 00 00 00 30 00		$\begin{array}{cccc} 380 & 00 \\ 404 & 00 \\ 305 & 00 \end{array}$		300 00
1 2 2			2 2 1	 		1   	   1 		1	1   	1	450 0 400 0	$ \begin{array}{c c} 0 & 38 \\ 0 & 36 \\ 0 & 38 \\ 0 & 40 \end{array} $	30 00 j		388 00 405 00 375 00 400 00		205 00 120 00 300 00
$-\frac{2}{91}$		$-\frac{1}{9}$	35	20	3	10	1		3	24	17	776 0		10 00		460 00		249 00
4135 4112	179 190	246 199		2034 2130	714 768	189 117	7	$\frac{-}{25}$	102	883 788	167 167	1300 0 1400 0			188 00 186 00	457 00 456 00		242 00 245 00
23	11	47	137	96	 54	22 	1	23 		95		100 0		16 00	2 00	1 00	1 00	3 00

TABLE D.—THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.

		1	всноо:	LS.								£	сно	OL E	1008	SES.						
counties.	ool	Schools	Schools I or not ted.		Schools free.	ls at 25c. month.	ouses.		K	IND	•			TIT	LE.		вт	ILT I	URIN	G TH	E YE.	AR.
	No. of School Sections.	No. of Sch open.		No. of Free Schools.	No. of Schoo partly free.	8 5	Total number of School Houses.	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.	Log.	Not Reported.	Freehold.	Leased.	Rented.	Not Reported.	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.	Log.	Not Reported.	Total.
Glengarry Stormont Dundas. Prescott Russell Carleton Grenville Leeds. Lanark Renfrew Frontenac Addington Lennox Prince Edward Hastings. Northumberland Durham Peterborough Victoria. Ontario York Peel Simcoe Halton Wentworth Brant Lincoln Welland Haddimand Norfolk Oxford.	69 92 766 42 82 145 117 986 65 104 133 57 766 73 75 805	85 71 54 41 107 83 1522 1200 67 91 125 113 96 63 104 137 75 22 76 61 73 75 61 103	2	4553352211766083342252344222223441000833885001000244222223044224324242222434424243444244444444	20 188 25 322 377 255 388 388 388 466 188 10 41 577 288 533 458 292 292 292 292 292 292 292 292 292 29	1	107 83 153 121 69	3	9 2 1 3 30 58 8 8  22 7  17 21 10 1 2 2  1 2 2 1 2 2 1 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	148 75 9 79 29 25 541 333 446 78 33 22 24 511 78 36 271 76 47 76 4	41 15 94 46 97 60 42 22 45 38 29 45 32 77 23 27 23	2 	58 50 69 50 19 86 81 129 111 62 65 32 63 112 102 88 48 88 109 103 43 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56 56	8 11 2 1 2 4 4 3 3 4 4 14 2 9 13 8 8 4 4 3 3 14 4 3 3 14 6 3 3 14 6 3 3 18 18	544222 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	11 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 1 1 4 4 3 3 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	1 1 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 2 2	1		3 5 1 1	1	5 2 2

Waterloo Wellington Grey Perth Huron Bruce Middlesex Elgin Kent Lambton Desex	86 118 144 91 138 96 163 100 99 100 66	85 110 132 82 131 90 158 100 87 93 61 3743	1 8 12 9 7 6 5 	75 112 80 103 51 66 87	24 5 7 19 10 55 49 21 6 15		87 110 136 84 130 90 160 100 91 93 61	5 9 7 27	15 5 4  2  1 1	35 19 11 20 7 61 56 52 48 17	55 107 60 101 80 68 32 36 42	5 3 2 3 2	80 112 77 126 77 46 67	9 4 2 10 6 24 21 38 11 11	5 2 3 1 5 1 4 7 8	2 5 6 5 1 3 8 5	4	1 5	3 1 1 3 1 4 4 4 8	1 6 1	1	3 2 9 4 5 4 4 8 3	
CITIES. Toronto Hamilton Kingston London Altigra	15 10 9 6 13	10 9 6 13		8 8 6 13	1	2	15 10 8 6 13 52	10 6 1 3 2	2 5 2	2 2 3 8	1		15 8 3 5		2							1 1	39
TOWNS.  Anthersourgh Barrie Believille Berlin Bowmanville Brantford Brockville Chatham Clifton Cobourg Collingwood Cornwall Dundas Galt Goderich Gueiph Ingersoll Lindsay Milton Niagara	33 36 22 11 66 22 44 22 11 11 22 22 12	3 6 2 1 6 2 4 2 6 2 4 2 1 1 6 2 2 1		2 6 1 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 6 2 5 2	33 6 22 11 5 2 2 2 1 1 6 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 1 2	1 1 1	2  1 2  3	3  1  2 1 4 2  3 1 1			25 21 5 14 22 22 11 32 22 11	1	4	1						1	

TABLE D.—THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·							,		( conse						
			sch	0 O L	VIS	ITS.			ations.	distribut-	holding	LE	CTUR	ES.		IME OP	EN.
COUNTIES.	Total.	Local Superin- tendent.	Clergymen.	Municipal Councillors.	Magistrates.	Judges and Members of Parliament.	Trustees.	Other Persons.	Number of Examinations	No. of Schools dis	No. of Schools P. Recitations.	Total.	Local Superinten- dents.	Other persons.	No. of Schools whose time is reported.	Total Number of Months and Days	Average Number of Months and Days open.
Glengarry Stormont Dundas Prescott Russell Garleton Grenville Leeds Lanark Renfrew Frontenac Addington Lennox Prince Edward Hastings Northumberland Durham Peterborough Victoria Intario Vork Veel Simcoe Halton Wentworth Brant Jincoln Welland Haldimand Vorfolk Naford	898 775 669 460 231 1449 724 1829 1275 680 1267 1088 420 1777 2804 1874 1231 632 965 1535 2427 1004 1206 1352 1072 1066 1280 1379 1352 1516	125 117 151 122 40 248 175 265 223 125 187 104 73 261 198 103 244 198 103 104 114 124 124 124 124 127	47 85 45 48 31 115 54 160 98 66 83 49 30 43 104 95 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51	44 12 21 19 42 17 46 48 42 32 32 14 11 43 86 39 13 50 57 37 29 19 17 20 20 46	41 30 23 18 41 10 86 78 27 35 69 119 12 35 36 44 47 37 36 37 36 37 36 37 36 46 47	33 4 25 2 19 7 1 8 11 3 7 2 2 3 1 1 1 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	317/ 247/ 2501 145/ 60 455/ 336/ 465/ 231/ 487/ 402/ 136/ 4760/ 620/ 401/ 248/ 282/ 516/ 566/ 346/ 572/ 275/ 315/ 315/ 315/ 426/ 426/ 426/ 426/ 426/ 426/ 426/ 426	291 280 179 83 78 546 132 487 356 169 442 477 155 874 1497 800 554 145 635 1340 304 451 635 750 544 145 635 1340 308 669 750 545 471 603 538	168 115 105 74 185 123 185 1250 212 151 162 212 151 162 204 158 204 158 209 278 209 278 145 90 91 144 144 154 156 186	4 11 4 5 9 16 16 12 11 11 11 11 15 20 40 40 40 7 7 18 24 17 18 29 29 29 24 24 24 26 27 27 28 28 29 29 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	19 21 5 25 20	855 377 733455 102372 10664 7064 7064 8181 1282 7182 1282 1282 1282 1282 1282	36 70 39 3 121 722 116 63 60 65 33 34 41 229 44 41 20 65 45 45 45 36 62 65 65 66 65 66 65 66 66 66 66 66 66 66	1   3   3   4   4   4   4   4   4   4   4	113 79 53 61 97 121 75 117 48 76	711 04 370 22 726 24 1164 01 1202 07 898 11 587 18 677 02 1013 10 1390 02 1013 10 1390 02 588 17 1298 14 545 10 606 10 666 29 644 07 759 16	10 18 11 04 10 25 11 29 11 08 10 12 11 09 15 9 03 9 29 9 10 17 11 11 11 17 10 02 11 10 06 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10

Waterloo Wellington Serey Perth Huron Bruce Middlesex Elgin Kent Lambton Zesex	1640 1133 1638 818 1645 1664 950 1254 684	163 204 205 159 244 169 239 157 127 146 106	114 159 145 103 133 67 114 82 110 71 103 3678	32 81 55 41 82 51 40 35 39 48 23	45 85 78 36 63 12 68 55 37 26 16	2 7 24 6 6 4 3	487 348 380 224	871 501 507 345 549 196 578 842 285 580 211	175 235 199 194 304 175 269 191 153 160 94 6702	37 31 8 22 44 9 35 21 21 23 13 747	31 48 24 17 78 23 53 22 32 43 25 	97 73 67	61 68 81 68 170 69 70 91 57 61 38	14 6 16 6 7	84 106 124 82 128 90 151 99 87 92 61	1259 02 918 04	10 04 11 05 10 23 8 25 10 13 9 21 10 01 9 21 10 00
CITIES. Toronto	1307 1440 522 201 593 4063	663 48 119 12 82 924	25 89 57 30 209 401	4 30 11 20 25		4 5	313 157 190 56 178 894	294 1080 140 75 66 1655	36	15 2 1 1 1 1 20	9 3 1 1 13 27	13 2 1 1  16	$\frac{2}{1}$	6	15 10 9 5 13 	180 00 110 00 106 00 60 00 156 00	11 00 11 23 12 00 12 00
TOWNS.  Amherstburgh Barrie  Belleville Berlin  Bowmanville Brantford  Brockville  Chatham  Clifton  Gobourg  Gollingwood  Cornwall  Dundas  Galt  Goderich  Guelph  Ingersoll  Lindsay  Milton  Niagara	239 212 26 161 55 94 105 222 132 118 198 54 203 35 147 48	66 87 45 12 15 37 10 24 14 18 25 27 26 65 3	10 13 52 4  72 5 4 75 12 76	5 5 6 4 2 5 1	11 12 9 1 2 9 18 14 14 66	1		50 9 150 67; 13 31 4 1 45 89 16; 102 4 185 26 26 76 26 26 26	19 2 5 5 5 14 4 4 16 16 12 2 2 3 3 1 2 2 2 3 2 6 2 2	1 1 1 1 2 2 1 6 6 1	5 1 1 5 2 3 2 1	1 2 1 4 20	20	1 2 6 3 1 4	33 22 21 16 22 4 11 11 62 22 12	32 00 31 10 24 00 24 00 10 00 66 00 24 00 48 00 12 16 66 00 24 00 10 13 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00	12 00 10 00 11 00 12 00 12 00 11 08 11 00 12 00 12 00 10 13 12 00 12 00 12 00 11 15 12 00

TABLE D.—The Common Schools of Upper Canada, 1860.—(Continued.)

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		£	сноо	LS.							_		зсно	OL I	ноп	SES.						
TOWNS.—(Continued.)	100	Schools	ols		slo.	at 250. month.	er of		К	IND	· .			717	LE.		BU	ILT D	URIN	G TH	E YE	ır.
TOWNS.—(Counneu.)	No. of School Sections.	No. of Sch open.	No. of Schools closed or not reported.	No. of Free Schools.	No. of Schools partly free.	No. of Schools at 5 or less per mon	Total number of School Houses.	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.	Log.	Not reported.	Freehold.	Leased.	Rented.	Not Reported.	Brick.	Stone.	Frame.	Log.	Not Reported.	Total.
Oakvillo Owen Sound Paris Petrib Peterborough Pieton Port Hope Prescott Sandwich Sarnia St. Catharines Simoco Whitby Windsor Woodstock Total	2 1 1 2 2 2 2 4 4 2 2 4 1 4 3 3 2 4 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	2 2 2 5 4 2 3 2 4 1 4 3 2		1 2 2 4 3 3 1 3		1 2 1 4 2 2 4 4 2 4 4 4 4 4	2 1 2 2 2 2 3 4 4 2 4 3 2 4 4 3 3 2 9 2	1 2 4  1 1 2	1	1 1 2 1 1		1 		3	1 1 1	1						
INCORPORATED VILLAGES. Ashburnham Bath Bradford Brampton Brighton Caledonia Cayuga Chippewa Clinton Colborne	1	2 3 3 1		2 3 1 2		32	3 3	2 1 1 1		3 2 1 1			1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 1	1	1		1					1

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Pergis		2		•••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••			-11							5									
Port Erie	Embro	2	21		- 1				- 1					1 1									l
Hawkesbury	Fergus		2]			٠٠				2			- 1	1 6								1	
Hawkesbury	Fort Erie				1		1							4									
Hespeler	Hawkesbury	2	2		1		1)	2;			Z			Z	•••••							ı	1
Iroquois	Hespeler	. 1	1		1			1						1				1				•••••	
Kemptivile         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         2         1         1         1  .		. 1	1			1		1						1									
Kincardine	Kemptville	, 2l	ام	1	2	i		2		2				2									
Mitchell         1<	Kincardine	2	2		2			2			2				1	1							
Mapanec	Witchell	1	1					1 1			1			1									*****
Newburgh		2	3		-1		3	3			2	li		2			1		<b></b>				
New Hamburg	Nawharah	1 7	11											1		i			<b></b>				• • • • • •
New Hamburg	Newscarle	1 7	- 1						1				1 1	1			l			l			
Newmarket	TAT TI		71				1		1					i î	1 1								
Ochawa	New Hampurg	1	1						-				, ,	2									
Pembroke			2				2							2									
Pembroke			2			*****		1 4	1					1				ı					
Renfrew	Pembroke	1	1	•••••			1	1						9						*****			
Renfrew	Portsmouth	2	$\frac{2}{2}$							1 ~!		1		5		i :							
Restrict    Preston		2		2			$\frac{2}{1}$	1			-		-										
Smith's Fails	Renfrew		1				1	1															
Stirling	Smith's Falls	1	1				1	1		1							:						
St. Mary's   1	Southampton	1.	1		1		, <b>.</b>	1										i		\ 1	•••••		
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St. Thomas       2       2       2       2       1		1 1	1		1			1		1				1									
Stratford			2			,	2	2	1		1	[		2									,
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Streetsville		1 _ 1	7		1			1	} 		1		l			1							
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Grand Total 4134 3969 165   2602   1278   891   3996   412   314   131   1602   57   3207   431   102   176   24   14   57   50   1   14   157   150		\ <sup>1</sup>	1				1	0000			7.577	7.000	05	2005	457	160	110	20	R	7.5	20	2	15
Increase	Grand Total									314	1511	1662	97										
Increase	'' 1859 ≉	4089	3918	171	2317	1463	138	3944	j 368	313	1512	1669	82	[3179]	430	198	11.0	Z4	1 14	07	1 50	<u>1</u>	
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<sup>\*</sup> In the table published in the Report of 1859, the totals of the first five columns are respectively printed as follows: 4354, 3953, 398, 2315, 1498, some Union Schools having been twice reported by the Local Superintendents. The correct figures are given above.

TABLE D.—THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

Special			COMM	011 00	HOOL	or c	Trun	OANA	DA, IC		Comi	nuca	··)			
			всн	0 O L	VIS	ITS.			ations.	tribu-	holding	LE	CTURE	s.	TIME OP	
TOWNS.—(Continued.)	Total.	Local Superin- tendents.	Clergymen.	Municipal Coun-	Magistrates.	Judges and Members of Parliament.	Trustees.	Other Persons.	Number of Examinations.	No. of Schools distribu- ting prizes.	No. of Schools he Recitations.	Total.	Local Superintendents.	Other Persons.  No. of Schools  whose time is	Total Number of Months and Days open.	Average Number of Months and Days open.
Cakville Cowen Sound Paris Perth Petth Petthorough Picton Port Hope Prescott Sandwich Sarnia St. Catharines Simcoe Whitby Windsor Woodstock Total	303 44 186 138 175 271 235 59 33 170 456 94 130 106 223	2 8 1 1 41 6 25 122	24 6 48 70 50 153 39 16 15 20 102 8 19 40 8	8 222	15 6 4 9 6 8 2 8	1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	39 30 56 36 23 70 117 30 60 86 42 21 14 152 —	200 62 19 40 29 50 206 30 68 17 36 1717	22 33 55 66 22 22 14 24 4 4 2	2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 4 1 1 2	2 1 1 2 2 4 1 1 1	8 9 1	4	1 1 2 4 4 4 4 9 1 1 37	m. d. 2 19 00 2 22 00 2 22 00 5 55 50 4 48 00 2 24 00 2 24 00 2 24 00 3 36 00 3 31 00 2 24 00	12 00 11 00 11 00 11 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00
INCORPORATED VILLAGES. Ashburnham Bath Bradford Brampton Brighton Caledonia Cayuga Chippewa Clinton Colborne	8 33 43 95 57 96 34 94 34 63	2 12 11 3 10 10 5 8	4 3 3 20 3 11 3 2 1 4	1 2 6	2 2 2 2 2	1	3 8 24 29 31 36 12 45 5	41	3 1 3 4 3 7 6 4 2	3 2 1	1	3	1 1 1 3 3	2  9  1	1 10 00 1 12 00 2 24 00 3 21 04 3 36 00 1 10 09 2 24 00 1 12 00	12 00 12 00 12 00 7 01 12 00 10 09 12 00 12 00

Dunville Elora Elora Embro Fergus Fort Erie Hawkesbury Hespeler Iroquois Kemptville Kincardine Mitchell Napanee Newburgh Newastle New Hamburg Newmarket Oshawa Pembroke Portsmouth Preston Renfrew Smith's Falls Southampton Stirling St. Mary's St. Thomas Stratford Stratbroy Streetsville Thorold Trenton Waterloo Welland Vorkville	19 17 40 173 365 127 22 72 97 127 127 127 366 71 72 366 367	15 10 7 6 5 5 5 7 25 	12  14  3	1 24 1 4 4 1 4 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	26 26 1 27 1 1 2 1 3 3 4 4 3 4 4 3 2 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 2 1	]	10 2 40 588 30 15 36 10 55 12 12 5 33 858	8 90 15 100 10 2 1 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	2 2 2 2 1 1 1 4 4 4 4 4 4 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 20 5 5 80	2 2 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 2	1 2 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35	22 22 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 1	24 00 24 00 24 00 11 00 23 00 11 00 12 00 24 00 12 00 14 15 24 00 15 00 16 00 17 00 17 00 18 00 19 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00	12 00 11 00 11 15 11 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 11 00 12 00 12 00 11 15 12 00 12 00 11 15 12 00 12 00 11 15 12 00 11 00 12 00 11 15 12 00 11 15 12 00 11 15 12 00 11 15 12 00 11 15 12 00 11 15 12 00 11 15 12 00 11 15 12 00 11 15 12 00 11 15 12 00 11 15 12 00 11 15 12 00 11 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00 12 00	45
Grand Total	64807 63183		5967 5626	1944 1995	$\frac{2226}{2191}$	319 534	$20325 \\ 20480$	25177 23618	7096 6856			3194	2767 2387	427 717		40172 20 40131 12	10 18 10 14	
Increase	1624	l	341		35	215	155	1559	240	132	1		380	290	31	41 08	0 04	

# TABLE E.—THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.

		sed.	19	<u></u>		1				HOOLS		1	<u> </u>							<u>-</u>					
COUNTIES.	No. of Schools reported.	opened ar	Schools using the Bible Testament.	National.	Various.	Mavor's.		Sullivan's and National.	Various.		Sangster's Mational.	arious.	National and Sullivan's.	Lennie's.	Kirkham's.		Sullivan's and National.	Morse's.	Hodgins'.	Various.	England.	Greece and Rome.	Canada.	National Readers.	Various.
Glengarry Stormont Dundas. Prescott Russell Carleton Grenville Leeds Leanark Renfrew Frontenac Addington Lennox Prince Edward Hastings. Northumberland Durham Peterborough Victoria Ontario York Peel Simcoe Halton Wentworth Brant Lincoln Welland	54 21 107 83 152 120 67 91 74 39 81 125 113 96 63 104	344 422 177 165 57 65 60 41 152 27 15 47 47 48 58 85 58 95 93 93 38	43 422 133 18 600 599 1955 600 799 200 37, 644 108 779 492 650 550 550 650 650 650 650 650 650 650	105 82 149 118 67 90 81 124 113 94 55 63 102 125 75 124 51 76 69 70	5 6 2 1 1 1		1 9 100 3 3 7 7 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	18 2 27 26 61 37 25 34 22 28 78 115 74 49 23	16 6 11 8 8 23 1 10 8 10 4 3 3  11 3 5 7 8	61 61 68 45 19 65 141 101 101 39 78 125 1125 1125 113 72 113 72 117 32 73 63 54 54 54 54 54 54 55 113 72 113 72 113 55 113 72 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 113 11	5	i	1 2 13 13 13 14 17 5 12 13 30 30 11 14 15 15 19 19 25 24 24 24 23 23	666 456 456 155 522 1044 43 444 688 1011 388 447 59 422 101 138 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 101 10	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 1 6  1 5 5 3 1 9	111 6 5 14 1 1 8 2 13 25 43  17 23 20 26 21 8 7 12	63 60 63 44 13 63 777 14 103 52 65 31 778 83 85 78 92 39 41 69 43 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87 87	31 15 26 9 28 38 20 29 20 21 13	11 3 13 13 14 12 2 2 4 2 2 4 2 2	3 122 3 3 1 133 366 299 200 1 13 66 122 322 322 322 32 329 23 399 27	1 2 5 12 7 15 4 10	4	3 3 3 3 2 8 4 6 15 15 15 18 4 4 1 1 18 18 18 3 3 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	22 22 22 22 23 24 21 21 21 22 23 24 24 24 23 21 24 24 25 24 24 25 24 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25 25

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Haldimand Norfolk Oxford Waterloo Wellington Grey Perth Huron Bruce Middlesex Elgin Kent Lambton Essex Total	103 106 85 110 132 82 131 90 158 100 87 93 61	61 96 70 68 25 49 63 39	94 74 78 110 67 99 70 131 71 55 68 28	76	3 4 4 2 2 1 1 5 3 10 6 6 3 5 246	28 36 1 9 2 6 15  13 22 14 19	26	115 69 116 66 130 86 67 80 51	9 12 7 13 12  26 7 21 9	4 1 1 5  2 5,	13 4 9 1 6 11 16	10 66 57 93 1 55 123 77 118 79 66 69 36	34 .9 2 1 1 6 2 10 2 1 10 2 2 1 1 3 3 3 2 2 2 1 1 5 4 10 7 6 5 2 1 6 6 5 9 115	4 17 21 10 10 33 17 1 17 9 16	53 90 8 61 67 79 55 111 38 12 72 59 58 25	29 12 30 14 16 46 14 33 24 18 17	28 7 5 5	7 2 3 1 5 1	2 10 2 2 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	44	3   1
CITIES. Teronto Mamilton Kingston London Oftawa	10 9 6 13	15 10 9 6 13	15 2 9 5 13 44	8 1 6 6 13 3			8 7 10 8 1 5 6 7 27 25	8 1 6	5 5	7	6	8 9 2 23	1 5 6 5	5 6 6	7 2 7 16	8 8 7 1  6 	13		2	2 8 . 6	47
TOWNS. Amherstburgh. Barrie. Belloville Berlin. Bowmanville Brantford. Brockville Chatham Clifton Cobourg Collingwood Cornwall Dundas Galt. Goderich Guelph Ingersoll	3 6 2 1 1	2 3 3 1 2 3 2 5 2 2 1 1 5 2 2 2 2	3 2 4 1 1 5 1 3 1 5 2 	2 1 4 2 1 1 1 1 2 1 4			3 1 1 2 6 1 5 1 5 2 1 1 6 2 4 2 1 1 1 4 2 2 2	2 4 4 1 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 1 1 6 6 2 2	1 3 1 1 4 1 2 4	1 2 6	6	1 2 2 2 2 2 4 1 1 6	1 1 1 1 1 1 6		5	1 3 1 6 2 1 1 1 1	2 1 5 1 3 1 6 4 1	1	1 1 2 1 1 2 1	2 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1	

TABLE E.—THE COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued).

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				NUMB	ER OF	scHo	oLS	USIN	G B	00KS	, MA	PS, .	AND A	PPA	RATU	JS.				
	Воок К	EEPING.	MENSUR	ATION.	Alge	BRA.	GEO	METR	IES.	Стне	в Го	00KS				Arr	ARAT	vs.		
COUNTIES.	National.	Various.	National.	Various.	Colenso.	Various.	National.	Euclid.	Various.	Natural Philoso- phy.	Music.	Other Books.	Total number of Maps.	Number of Schools using Maps.	Globes.	Blackboards.	Sets of Apparatus.	Tablet Lessons.	How many Schools have Magic Lanterns.	How many Schools have commenced a School Museum of Natural History.
Glengarry Stormont Dundas. Prescott Russell Carleton Grenville Leeds Lanark Renfrew Frontenac. Addington Lennox Prince Edward Hastings Northumberland Durham Peterborough Victoria Ontario York Peel Simcoe Halton Wentworth Brant Lincoln Welland	13 12 10 6 1 30 24 48 32 20 22 21 12 13 58 27 19 21 18 16 12 22 22	5 6 6 6 6 2 2 3 3 7 7 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10 9 12 12 14 11 27 21 13 15 16 12 4 25 58 18 18 18 6 6	1 1 2 3 2 1 1 7 2 10 2 1 3 3	1 2 5 5 1 1 1 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	18 9 19 5 3 3 15 22 23 4 14 17 7 9 29 20 20 32 25 	1	7 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 2 1 3 4 1	5 3 3	2	2 4 4	181 40 26, 52, 55, 74 155, 352, 172, 79, 115, 587, 496, 494, 489, 4172, 253, 617, 889, 449, 449, 449, 449, 449, 449, 449	38 7 111 111 99 37 20 85 85 29 19 39 43 33 43 34 43 99 130 17 91 61 59 61 68	8 1 1 8 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	49 55 66 40 49 77 117 79 28 39 106 111 81 132 44 91 132 68 106 51 75 60 72 75	14 13 12 12 15 11 15 16 12 15 15 16 12 15 15 16 12 15 15 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	10 11 8 7 4 5 16 30 34		3

Haldimand Norfolk Oxford Waterloo Wellington Grey Perth Huron Bruce Middlesex Elgin Kent Lambton Essex  Total	8 21 39 9 266 13 10 25 25 49 11 11 14 11 823	5 11 17 4 10 6 9 5 9 13 20 7 10 11 286	5 37 14 9 8	2	5 7 5 5 5 12 4 4 7 15 3 10 8 7 6 1	16 26 51 19 31 9 9 9 15 22 4 78 78 16 10 7	2 1  1 10  1 1 4	12 23 6 17 31 6 28 23 19 8	2 1 1 16 4 1 2 3	9	18 4 1 4 2 2 12 12	426 465 910 500 555 327 448 662 198 1010 588 494 458 227	75 72 62 63 102 33 140 74 77 67 46	18 23 37 25 16 26 28 20 10 24 28 44 8 5	-	4 6 8 8 6 12 2 3  6 8 17 1	26 29 19 22 30 43	1 2 1 1 2 2 2	2
CITIES. Toronto	883	7 2 1 6 7	8 8 5 6 13	1	8 10 2 6 2 26	2 6 1 13		8 4 2  13 	5		5	178 114 90 107 124 613	15 10 9 6 13 53	6 1 5 12 24	10 7 6	4 1 1 1 6	15 10 9 6 13	1	
TOWNS.  Amherstburgh	1 3 1 1 5 1 1 2 2 4 1 1 1 2 2 1 1	1 1 1	4 1 1 2 1	1	1 1 1 5 1 2 4	1 2 3 1 3 1 1 1 1 2 2		1 1 1 2 1 2 2 4	1	1	50 1 3 4 1 1 2	11 19 65 19 26 144 25 48 12 28 32 27 32 68 54 58 14	3 6 2 1 5 2 4 2 6 2 1 1 6 2 1 1 6 2 1 1 6 2 1 1 6 2 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2 1 5 2 4 2 6 2 1 1 6 2		1 4 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1	1	1

TABLE E.—THE COMMON SCHOOL	s of Upper Canada.—(	Continued.)
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							NUL	1BEI	OF	SCH00	ols t	JSIN	<del>3</del> Во	oks,	MA	PS, A	ND.	APP	ARAT	us.					
	reported.	closed	Bible or	REA	DERS.	SP	ELLIN	с Во	oks.	ARIT	нмет	ies.		FRAM	MARS		G	eogr	7 b H U	ss.		Н	STORI	ies.	
TOWNS.—(Contin'd.)	No. of Schools repo	Schools opened and closed with Prayer.	Schools using the E   Testament.	National.	Various.	Mavor's.	Canada.	Sullivan's and National.	Various.	National.	Sangster's National,	Various.	National and Sullivan's.	Lennie's.	Kirkham's.	Various.	Sullivan's and National.	Morse's.	Hodgins'.	Various.	England.	Greece and Rome.	Canada.	National Readers.	Various.
Milton Niagara Oakville Owen Sound Paris Perth Peterborough Prieton Port Hope Prescott Sandwich Sarnia St. Catharines Simcoe Whitby Windsor Woodstock Total	11 22 22 22 22 22 25 44 22 44 11 43 22 27	2 2 2 5 4 2 2 2 2 2 4 1 4 3 2	2 1 2 5 4 2 2 2 2 3 1	1 1 1 1 4 4 2 2 2 2 3 1 4 3 2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	2	1	1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1 3 3 1 4 4	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 4 4 2 2 2 2 4 1 1 4 3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 2 1 1 1	1 1	1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 2 57	4	2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 2	1 1 2 1 2 1 1 1 3 2	3 4 3	3 1 3 1 3	] ] ] ] ] ] ] ]	1 2 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		2  3 3	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 2 
INCORPORATED VILLAGES. Ashburnham Bath Bradford Brampton Brighton Caledonia	1 1 1 2 3 3	1	1 1 1	1 1 1 2 3 3			3	1 1 2 3 3	1	3	3	1	1 3	1 1 3	3	1	 1 3 3	1 1 1 1 3 3	1		1			2	1

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Cayuga Chippewa	2	9	1	9				1		1 5	2			9	-			2			1		*****		
Clinton	2		1	2				9			( -	9		2		•••••		9			11			_ ^	
Colborne	í	1	1	1 1				1	i	1							1	í	1	1	i				
Dunnville	1	1	1	7	i	}	•	1	1 1	1				1		1 4	1	Î		•   • • • • •	JI -		1		
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Fergus				4		······		- 2		. 4				4									• • • • • •		
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Hawkesbury	2		1	2	•••••			2		7 2				2				2	}	•			1		
Hespeler	1									Ţ				1				1	1 .	:			1		
Iroquois	1		1					1		1				1				1		-	1				
Kemptville	2		2	1 -1				2			2	2	1	2	2		1		1	١					
Kincardine	2									1	1			1				1						] 1	
Mitchell	1		2							1				1			1								
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Newcastle	1	1	1	1		l	i l		1 1	1	1	l		1			II	1	1	. 1	11				1
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Southampton	1	1	1	;				1						1 1	!			i	1 -	1 ^		•••••			
Stirling	1	1		,				1						: 1	1					1	;			1	4
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St. Thomas	1 4	1 4	1	3 ^1	. 1						1			1		1		1	2	1 1			1		- 11
Stratford	1			1 ~ 1				1			1			1			1		;	· [ • • • • • •	1		1	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1]
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Vienna	2	1	1					2		ļ	1				1	*****				1	1				
Waterloo	[ 2		1	1				1		IJ <u>.</u>	1					8	[	· !	,						
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TABLE E.—The Common Schools of Upper Canada, 1860.—(Continued.)

	ļ			NUM:	BEÉ O	F SCH	OOLS	USI	NG I	300K	s, M	APS,	AND	APPA	RAT	us.				
	Book K	EEPING.	Mensur	ATION.	Alge	BRA.	GEO	METRI	ES.	Отне	в Во	OKS.				App	ARATI	J <b>S.</b>		
TOWNS.—(Cont'd.)	National.	Various.	National.	Various.	Colenso.	Various.	National.	Euclid.	Various.	Natural Philoso- phy.	Music.	Other Books.	Total number of Maps.	Number of Schools using Maps.	Globes.	Blackboards.	Sets of Apparatus.	Tablet Lessons.	How many Schools have Magic Lan- terns.	How many Schools have commenced a School Museum of Natural History.
Milton Viagara Jakville Dwen Sound Aris Perth Petth Pettrorough Jicton Port Hope Prescott Jandwich Jaraia L. Catharines Jimooe Whitby Vindsor Foodstock Total	1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1	1 4 2 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 1	1 9	1	1 1 1 1 1 4 1 1 1 2 2	1	1 1 2 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 2 1 2 2 2 4 5	1	3		2 1 1 2 2 1 	56 19 22 13 33 33 78	2 1 2 2 1  4 2 2 2 4 1 3  2	1 2 1 1  2 2 2 2 1 1 	2 2 4 1 4 3 2	1 1	 2 2 1	1	
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mith's Falls								1			•••••				,•,	1 1	•••••	1		
Southampton					1	1					******		12	1	1					
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Decrease	*********																			

TABLE F .-- THE ROMAN CATHOLIC SEPARATE

	Schools.	Legislative apport'd.	Anna ya Yaya Sa	RЕ	CEIP	TS.		EXPI	ENDIT	URES.	PUP'LS AND TIME.
MUNICIPAL- ITIES.	No. of Separate Sch.	Amount of the Legislativ School Grant apport'd.	Amount of the Leg. Sch'l Grant p'd., in- cluding am't of pre- vious yr, paid in '60.	Leg. apport'nm'nt for Maps, Apparatus, Prizes, & Libraries.	Amount raised from School Rate on Supporters.	Amount subscribed by supporters, and other sources.	Total amount received.	Amount paid to Teachers,	Am'nt paid for Maps, Apparatus, Prizes, and Libraries.	Amount paid for other purposes.	No. of Pupils. No. of Mo's. open.
Arthur, 1 " 2" " 3 Bedford, 2 Camden East, 15 Carrick, 1 Charlottenburgh 15 " 16 " 17 Culross 3 Dalhousie 7 Edwardsburgh, 1 Ellice, 7 Etobicoke, 6 Egrem'tkNor'ndy 2 Fizzoy 8 Flamboro East 6 Gloucester 1 " 9 Grantham, 7 Greenock, 1 Hawkesbury E., 2 " 4 " 7 Hallowell 12 Holland 3 Hullett 2 Holland 14 Kingston 8 Lancaster 7 " 11 " 13 Leds & Lans. f. 3 Lochiel 10 Maidstone 3 Minto 6 Nelson 1 Nepean 13 Nichol 1 " 5 Normanby 2 " 5 Normanby 2 " 5 Pilkington 2 " 6 Pittsburgh 7 " 8 Raleigh 6 Sandwich 8 " 9 "	171111111111111111111111111111111111111	\$ cts 72 00 7 37 16 00 24 00 24 00 26 00 27 00 16 00 27 00 16 00 17 30 10 40 24 00 24 00 24 00 24 00 24 00 25 00 21 30 31 00 29 00 42 00 31 00 29 00 42 00 31 00 29 00 42 00 31 00 29 00 42 00 31 00 21 32 8 54 11 39 21 00 31 00 30 00 70 00 47 00 5 60 13 86 4 20 13 44 4 20 13 44 4 20 13 44 4 20 13 44 4 20 13 36 00 23 00 23 00 24 00 13 86 59 00 43 15 36 00 23 00 22 00 23 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 23 00	7 37 10 000 15 50 19 50 45 60 33 50 22 50 35 00 20 00 24 50 36 58 46 74 40 41 20 50 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 22 00 31 57 21 32 8 54 11 39 15 50 31 00 50 50 10 40 22 50 31 57 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	10 00 .	69 50 100 00 80 00 104 00 50 50 4 84 45 81 100 32 50 00 26 80 71 00	\$ cts 8 500 49 29 1 00 99 08 30 000 10 00 53 50 11 00 75 00 61 00 17 88 4 40 39 57 23 00 130 00 27 90 80 14 61 13 99 20 27 90 80 14 61 13 99 20 15 00 43 64 58 13 2 00 15 00 43 64 58 13 2 00 15 00 43 64 58 13 2 00 15 00 43 64 58 13 2 00 15 00 43 64 58 13 2 00 58 14 58 15 58 16 58 16	\$ cts 63 cts 63 cts 63 cts 63 cts 64 37 8 37 115 08 151 50 149 50 99 10 58 000 61 000 110 76 249 65 111 57 10 40 112 33 46 74 20 50 95 50 122 00 92 88 135 57 148 55 71 82 8 54 11 39 48 24 80 14 10 75 134 19 104 60 31 00 111 80 80 50 31 83 68 44 420 97 44 475 07 88 71 226 85 39 00 40 00 17 87 102 55 125 00 216 46 7 50 313 83	33 95 31 00 354 75 42 00 32 40 13 86 92 00 48 64 59 00 10 68 4 20 13 44 372 25 78 96 220 00 14 40 15 50 90 55 108 00 200 00 7 50	12 50	\$ cts 24 50 65 32  29 50  10 00 20 00 83 00 25 00 15 76 51 57  12 551 57  12 41  17 12 22 00 12 88 23 57 0 05  13 50 19 14  40 88 70 65 757 05 38 50 10 00 10 68 57 76 84 00 10 282; 9 75; 12 50 24 60 10 2 82; 9 75 12 00 17 00 16 48 138 86	
No Report.	- !										

SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.

TEACHERS.	RELIGIOUS EXERCISES.	NUMBE	ER OF BRAN	PUP CHE	ILS S 0	IN F EI	THE	DI	FFE	ERE	TE		PS, A			
No. of Teachers.  Male.  Male.  Male.  Female.  Female.	No. of Schools open- ed and closed with prayer.  No. of Schools using the Bible.	No. of Pupils learning Reading.	Arithmetic.	Grammar.	Geography.	History.	Book-keeping.	Algebra.	Geometry.	Natural Philosophy.	Music.	No. of Maps.	No. of Schools using Maps.	Apparatus.	Blackboards.	When first established,
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	105 62 56 69 25 33 36 51 8 23 59 62 37 	58 48 30 24 42 112 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 1	100 88 22 77 76 22 455 755 24 46 66	20 4 6	11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		8				1			 1 1  1	1853 1853 1860 1854 1855 1856 1856 1856 1857 1858 1857 1859 1859 1858 1857 1858 1857 1858 1857 1858 1857 1858 1857 1858 1857 1858 1857 1858 1857 1858 1857 1858 1857 1858 1857 1858 1857 1858 1858
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TABLE F.—The Roman Catholic Separate Schools

	ols.	School	,	I	RECEIP	TS.		EXPI	NDIT	URE.	PUP'LS AND TIME.
MUNICIPAL- ITIES.	No. of Separate Schools.	Amt. of Legislative School Grant apportioned.	Amt. of Leg. School grant pd., including apport's of previous years, paid in 1860.	Legisl. apportnt. for Maps, Apparatus, Prizes & Libraries.	Amount raised from School Rate on supporters.	Amount subscribed by supporters, and other sources.	Total amount received.	Amount paid to Teachers.	Amt. paid for Maps, Apparatus, Prizes, and Libraries.	Amt, paid for other purposes.	Number of Pupils.
Sheffield   5   Thurlow   20   Vaughan   18   Vespra   7   Wellesley   9	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10 00 24 00 19 00 66 00 17 00 20 00 51 00 21 00 9 00 30 00	\$ cts 34 94 33 00 16 00 13 50 23 25 14 75 52 00 16 50 32 83 56 00 24 22 8 50 36 00 15 50 18 00 29 00 24 86		24 0 64 0	0 12 00 0 3 00 5 17 05 5	70 94 97 00 16 00 64 00 110 85 73 80 287 33 72 50 112 83 352 89 111 22 61 50 179 66 52 183 82 49 156 00	\$ cts 34 00 90 00 16 00 64 00 99 00 45 00 195 00 300 00 87 22 58 60 143 00 51 68 58 49 140 00 102 00 24 86	6 19	\$ cts 36 94 7 00	45 6 63 11 
Total	67	1891 21	1715 85	15 50	3397 9	3137 25	5844 32	8266 55	39 69	2382 54	3384 10
CITIES. Toronto	2 1 1 7	477 00 147 00 698 00	1448 50 514 50 460 00 146 50 947 50	6 75	1643 3 804 2 1097 0 483 0 1298 0	784 27 152 00 238 99 402 25	2103 01 1709 06 875 24 2647 84	2673 00 1400 93 1450 00 678 00 2326 94	26 20	612 84 702 08 259 06 181 24 294 70	2200 12 970 12 837 10 418 12 1637 12
Total	18	3136 00	3517 00	6 75	5325 7	1771 47	10620 99	8528 87	42 20	2049 92	6062 11
TOWNS.  Amherstburgh. Barrie. Belleville Berlin Brantford Brockville Chatham Clifton Cobourg Dundas Guelph Ingersoll Lindsay Niagara Oakville Paris Petth		114 00 63 00 12 00 12 00 142 00 68 00 36 00 137 00 151 00 151 00 91 00 4 32 66 00 70 00 147 00	77 00 103 00 4 32 64 50	8 25	500 0 69 8 321 0 55 5 5 140 4 384 3 50 0 154 0 154 0 360 4 78 0 360 4 78 0 99 8 591 2 382 5	1 33 13 13 13 12 268 76 2 134 37 00 107 28 137 00 444 18 76 85 77 0 308 15 10 80 00 143 29 24 16 3 1 0 0	731 68 734 64 430 38 517 40 327 15 453 61 205 95 658 70	153 00 155 25 406 02 670 00 695 00 220 38 343 34 306 15 90 94 194 58 350 00	11 87 23 25 10 00	174 06 11 00 362 67 11 37 308 70	130 11 411 12 94 12 235 11 285 12 138 12 86 10 163 11 284 10 216 12 226 12 102 12 236 12 145 9 707 7 118 12

<sup>\*</sup> No Report.

# OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

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No. of Teachers.	Male.	Female.	Relig Ord		No.of Schools open- ed and closed with	prayer.	No.of Sehools using the Bible.	No. of Pupils learn- ing Reading.	Writing.	Arithmetic.	Grammar.	Geography.	History.	Book-keeping.	Algebra.	Geometry.	Natural Philosophy.	Music.	No. of Maps.	No. of Schools using Maps.	Apparatus.	Blackboards.	When first established.
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TABLE F .- THE ROMAN CATHOLIC SEPARATE SCHOOLS

granden and the second	ools.	School	F-0		-	I	RECE	IPT	'S.				RI	ECEIP'	rs.		PUP AN TIM	D .
TOWNS(Con.)	No. of Separate Schools.	Amt. of Legislative School Grant apportioned.		Amt. of Leg. School grantpd, including apport softnerious	years,paid in 1860.	Legisl. apport. for Maps, Apparatus, Prizes & Libraries.	Amount raised from School Rate on	supporters.	Amount subscribed by supporters, and other sources.		Total amount re- ceived.	Amount paid to	reachers.	Amt. paid for Maps, Apparatus, Prizes and Libraries.	Amt. paid for other	purposes.	Number of Pupils.	No. of months open.
Picton Prescott St. Catharines Whitby	1 1 1	\$ ct 41 0 155 0 222 0	0	35 140	50 50 50 50		257 230 300	00	425 82	2 3	\$ cts 293 26 896 32 894 00 69 50	204 467 554	77	0 88	88 428 340	55	118 206 508	10 12 12 6
Total	22	2058 3	0	2005	54	18 25	4949	23	3503 22	2 10-	476 24	7179	02	91 08	3206	14	4326	10
VILLAGES. Napanee Newmarket Oshawa Portsmouth Preston St. Thomas Thorold Tventon	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 8	50 0 47 0 34 0 25 0 33 0 74 0	000000	42 35 52 29 31 46	50 50 00 36 00 81 50 76		15 82 127 75 11 100 221 632	63 00 00 84 00 00	45 94 149 99 101 40 76 82 163 78 170 00 276 00 12 57	2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	66 44 208 17 218 40 256 18 268 62 212 81 422 50 343 33	193 154 156 210 150 409	90 96 75 00 00	50 00	15 63 49 57 62 13	00 00 50 22 87 81 50 33	109 148 80 68	12 10 12 12 12 
		7419 5		7605 7753					9408 44 9867 02				43 37	222 97 352 41	7931 7207	83 80	14708 12994	10 11
Increase Decrease			-	147	73	28 50	1374		458 58		96 65			129 44		03	1714	 1

# of Upper Canada, 1860.—(Continued.)

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No. of Teachers.	Male.	Female.	Relig Ord	Female.	No.of Schools open- ed and closed with prayer.	No.of Schools using the Bible.	No. of Pupils learn- ing Reading.	Writing.	Arithmetic.	Grammar.	Geography.	History.	Book-keeping.	Algebra.	Geometry.	Natural Philosophy.	Music.	No. of Maps.	No.of Schools using Maps.	Apparatus.	Blackboards.	When first established.
1 2 5 1	1	1 4		13	1	1 1 1 1 1	118 204 508 93 4088	34 170 140 44 2211	86 150 230 44 2311	21 100 216 7	43 64 250 5	47 38 	10	2	47	36	50  228	1 1 1 1 27	8 8		 1 1 1 22	1850 1853 1856 1860
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162 148	78	70	15	22 44			13592 11754	6091	6174	3482	3925	1699 2240		243 268	150	248	2205 1244	110	292	713	66 49	
	3	11	10	22	4	5	1838	852	715	244	1821	541	43	25	2	68	961	56	35	8	17	

# TABLE G.—THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS

### MONEYS.

					RECEIPT	rs.			Ex-
		Legis	lative Gr	ant.	Lo	cal Source	es.	ģ ģ	<del></del>
COUNTIES.	GRAMMAR	For M Sala	asters'	Appara-			her	or Gran	laries.
	SCHOOLS.	Apportionment for 1860.	Received from 1st Jan. to 31st Dec.	For Maps, Appears, Prizes, Libraries.	From Fees.	From Municipal Grants.	Balances and other sources.	Total Receipts for Gram- mar School purposes, for 1860.	For Masters' Salaries.
Stormont, Dun- das and Glen- garry	Cornwall   Cornwall	\$ cts. 900 00 386 00 380 00 440 00 327 00 800 00 200 00 263 00	\$ cts. 892 00 329 00 388 00 436 00 238 00 775 00 159 00	55 60 22 00 6 26 10 00 22 05	221 75 94 75 115 00	\$ cts.  100 00 150 00  15 00 121 37 60 00 90 00	\$ ets. 50 84 1230 25 18 06	\$ ets. 1732 94 1847 50 784 07 530 75 378 00 2502 45 634 00 291 27	\$ ets. 1526 50 495 25 505 00 516 00 343 00 2100 00 559 00 284 00
Leeds and Grenville	9 Brockville 10 Prescott 11 Kemptville 12 Gananoque 13 Farmersville 14 Perth*	850 00 245 00 255 00 260 00 400 00	850 00 243 00 277 00 84 00 	6 00	474 00 94 03 41 75 39 05 18 00	436 79 315 25	325 00 166 67 13 50	1324 00 773 82 640 00 448 05 184 67 427 00	1324 00 745 32 622 00 39 05 18 00 400 00
Lanark and Renfrew	15 Smith's Falls 16 Lanark 17 Renfrew 18 Carleton Place	200 00 200 00 200 00 210 00	100 00 200 00		155 00 161 38 173 34	445 00 51 52 120 66	539 10	700 00 952 00 494 00 189 00	700 00 915 30 494 00 189 00
Frentenac, Lennox, and Addington	19 Kingston 20 Newburgh 21 Bath 22 Napance	700 00 380 00 250 00 350 00	700 00 400 00 188 00 330 00	20 00	548 00 149 85 98 00 254 21	312 48  200 00	660 53 227 65 688 63	2241 01 777 50 974 63 784 21	1248 00 490 00 286 00 705 00
Prince Edward. { Hastings	23 Picton	520 00 200 00 840 00 240 00	$\begin{array}{c} 496 & 00 \\ 100 & 00 \\ 820 & 00 \\ 220 & 00 \end{array}$	18 00 18 00	80 00 2 50 65 00	640 00 108 03	433 47 765 55	1216 00 662 00 1668 55	776 00 602 29 1500 00 560 00
Northumber-	27 Stirling	200 00 620 00 515 00	610 00 512 00	<b>24 4</b> 8	1072 13 490 00	361 00 79 15 518 98	20 00	581 00 79 15 1726 61 1520 98	1301 10 1400 00
land and Durham	30 Bowmanville 31 Colborne 32 Newcastle 33 Peterborough	368 00 200 00 200 00 400 00	354 00 200 00 200 00 425 00	6 00	96 00 60 00 407 15 313 81	308 00 630 00 100 00	1591 38	758 00 890 00 2304 53 738 81	600 00 890 00 1243 00 738 81
Peterborough and Victoria	34 Norwood 35 Lindsay 36 Oakwood 37 Omemee	200 00 200 00 200 00 140 00	200 00 206 00 188 00 47 00	25 00	37 70 86 00 35 20			738 81 981 72 278 70 274 00 82 20	766 00 243 70 271 00 47 00
Ontario {	38 Whitby	640 00 200 00 400 00 1100 00	568 00 150 00 321 00 1100 00	5 00 15 00	360 00  1108 99	1000 00	5 00 380 00 325 58	938 00 530 00 321 00 3549 57	928 00 530 00 321 00 2778 34
York and Peel	42 Newmarket 43 Streetsville 44 Richmond Hill. 45 Brampton 46 Weston 47 Markham	440 00 250 00 300 00 360 00 380 00 444 00	420 00 250 00 325 00 370 00 340 00 402 00	24 00 10 00 66 10	355 50 80 00 156 66 20 00 297 00 370 00	200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00 200 00	35 09 14 02 4 29 30 00 137 00 77 25	1010 59 544 02 709 95 620 00 984 00 1115 35	775 50 480 00 481 66 600 00 729 00 762 00
Simcoe	48 Barrie	700 00 200 00 240 00	690 00 58 00 220 00	8 17	608 52 71 62 171 00		8 17 28 38	1314 86 158 00 391 00	1182 50 158 00 391 00
Halton	51 Milton 52 Oakville	480 00 420 00	460 00 245 00	5 25	240 00	498 50	240 00	940 00 964 25	700 00

<sup>\*</sup> No Report.

# OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.

	<del>===</del>					CONTRACTOR SAME		P	U P	I L 8.		
For Maps, Apparatus, 22 Prizes and Libraries. 1	Repairs. For Contingencies and Books, &c.	Total Expenditure for Grammar School pur- poses, for 1860.	Balance over.	Number of Pupils attending dur- ing 1860.	Number of Pupils whose parents resided in the town where the Grammar School is situated.	Number of Pupils whose parents resided out of the town, but within the county.	Number of Pupils whose parents resided in other counties.	Number of Pupils reported as in Grammar School subjects.	Pupils adm	Number of these new pupils who had passed the entrance examination.	How many formerly Common School boys, admitted free by scholarship.	Fees per term  of  three months  per pupil.
\$ cts. \$ 111 20 3 44 00 120 12 52 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	cts. \$ cts. 3 25 17 20 0 00 8 25 5 9 48 121 81 14 75 15 00 00 7 27 29 43 65 60 00 13 156 54 00 00 13 156 54 00 00 14 00 00 15 15 77 00 92 55 18 00 00 14 00 00 14 15 4 80 305 85 17 98 49 00 144 00 14 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	\$ cts. 1688 15 1747 50 708 81 530 75 378 00 291 27 1324 00 771 322 640 00 448 05 184 67 427 00 494 06 189 00 2241 01 567 567 567 567 568 568 568 561 00 2304 563 734 27 1006 2304 563 738 88 931 77 271 00 283 669 00 283 669 00 1115 33 1272 31 158 00 1115 31 1520 998 00 1115 33	\$ cts. 44 79 100 00 75 26 5 70 90 00 55	63 40 95 529 55 844 65 15 60 31 35 30 40 44 85 45 16 60 55 88 82 22 8 15 16 60 55 8 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 8	43 31 577 18 30 66 65 210 227 47 30 27 47 30 27 47 30 28 38 38 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43 43	10 9 30 9 21 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	100 8 22 4 4 12 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	633 155 30 30 40 40 25 25 27 122 422 25 64 1 7 7 12 27 5 7 7 12 27 5 7 1 5 7 7 5 7 7 1 5 7 7 1 5 7 1 5	155 27 30 17 20 24 45 35 50 13 35 66 26 27 25 4 46 27 7 10 10 10 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	133 277 300 144 20 212 4 4 5 5 5 5 6 6 10 8 9 7 7 2 8 8 8 9 7 7 7 2 8 8 8 9 7 7 7 2 8 8 9 9 7 7 7 2 8 8 9 9 7 7 7 2 8 8 9 9 7 7 7 2 8 8 9 9 7 7 7 2 8 8 9 9 7 7 7 2 8 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9 9	37	\$4. \$3, \$2.25, \$1.50. \$5, \$4, \$3. \$3 to \$1.50. \$5, \$4, \$3. \$3 to \$1.50. \$2. \$6, \$5.50, \$4, \$8. \$3, \$2.25, \$1.50. Br. to Resid.\$3,\$1.50 38c. \$4, \$3. \$3, \$1.50 & 75c. 75c. \$1.50 to 75c. \$1.50 to 75c. \$1.50 to 75c. \$1.50, 75c. \$1.50, 75c. \$1.50, 75c. Resid.70c.—non-R. Free to Residents. \$5 to \$1. \$3, \$1.50, 75c. Resid.70c.—non-R. Free.  \$2. Fr. to Town, Co. \$3 Fr. \$4. \$4. \$3.50, \$2.50. \$5.50. \$1.50. Free to Resid.—\$4, \$3.50, \$2.50. \$1.50. \$1.50. \$1.50. \$1.50. \$1.50. \$1.50. \$2. \$3. \$3. \$2. \$4. \$3. \$3. \$2. \$5, \$4. \$4. \$3. \$3. \$2. \$5, \$4. \$3. \$3. \$2. \$5, \$4. \$3. \$3. \$2. \$5, \$4. \$3. \$3. \$2. \$5, \$4. \$3. \$3. \$5. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3

# TABLE G .- THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS

#### MONEYS.

				<del></del>		RECI	IP7	rs.					E	 X-
		Leg	islative	Gr	ant.		L	ocal Sou	rces.		m- es,	_		_
COUNTIES.	GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.		Received from lst Jan. to		For Maps, Apparatus, Prizes, and	From Fees.		From Municipal Grants.	Balances and other	sources.	Total Receipts for Gram- mar School purposes,	for 1860.	For Masters' Salaries.	_
Wentworth	S   Hamilton   53 Hamilton   54 Ancaster   55 Dundas   56 Waterdown   57 Brantford	\$ ct 760 ( 250 ( 350 ( 212 ( 425 (	$egin{array}{ccc} 0 & 730 \\ 0 & 229 \\ 0 & 475 \\ 0 & 214 \\ \end{array}$	00	27 94	310 302 137	50 31	560 ( 747 ( 198 (	382 382 9	17	1600 611 1552	17 49 74	\$ et 1600 ( 229 ( 1246 ( 550 ( 523 4	00 00 00 00
DIMIT	58 Paris 59 Scotland 60 Mount Pleasant	274 0 200 0 200 0	0 184		17 52	2	00 	674 5 50 0 500 0	0 350	54	1052 602 576	06	1000 ( 550 (	00
Lincoln	61 Niagara*	400 0 256 0 200 0 200 0 400 0	0 400 0 228 0 200 0 167	00 00 00	12 00 30 00 9 40	1931 295 240	53 97 00	200 0	$ \begin{array}{c cccc}  & 12 \\  & 143 \\  & 82 \\ \end{array} $	00 04 37 66	424 2332 787 467	00 57 74 66	400 ( 1913 5 700 ( 407 (	00 50 00 00
Welland {	66 Drummondville	200 0	0 225	00		325	00	40 0	0 65	00	900 655 448	00 00		00
Norfolk 5	68 Caledonia 69 Simcoe	600 0 650 0	0 614	00		195		102 9	5 87	10 50	663 1000	35 00	600 0 1000 0	00 00
Oxford	70 Port Dover 71 Woodstock 72 Ingersoll,	272 0 850 0 440 0	0 825	00	67 62	59	00 00	60 0	0		650 1011 700	00 62 00	650 0 854 0 700 0	00
waterloo	73 Berlin 74 Galt	464 0 660 0	0 442 0 651	00	13 89	137 839	00	200 0	0		779	00	709 8	34
weilington	75 Guelph 76 Elora 77 Owensound	600 0 510 0	0 500	00	10 00	180	00		0 10	00		00	1315 0 680 0	00
Perth	78 Stratford	660 0 700 0	0 650	00	74 50	124				55	1192	10 55	739 1 700 0	00
Bruce {	80 Kincardine	730 0 200 0		00		161   1	76 00	400 0 150 0		24		00	1125 0 150 0	
Middlesex	81 London 82 Strathroy 83 Wardsville	1200 0 183 0 114 0	0 33			592 25			. 131	60	1924 289	13 <b>1</b> 5	1882 3 274 1 100 0	36 15
Elgin	84 St. Thomas 85 Vienna*	560 0 380 0	0 390	00			00	594 1		00			887 0 390 0	0.0
Kent 8 Lambton 8 Essex 8	87 Sarnia	700 0 630 0 450 0	0 625	00	10 00	84	00	50 0 150 0	113		1399 832 741		972 3 487 5 581 0	50
Grand Total 1860 do 1859		35973 0 34980 0	$033172 \\ 032117$	00	792 38 685 78	20316 19541	77 15	13735 8 18128 0	7 12262 5 9828		80279 80300		64005 4 61564 3	
Increase Decrease		993 0			106 55	-		4392 1	. 2433			11	2441 1	

<sup>\*</sup> No Report.

The apparent decrease of Receipts is caused by the neglect of the Trustees of the Perth, Carleton Place,

# OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

									Ρ.	U P	ILS		
PENDITU	RE.				ıg dur-	parents here the ated.	se parents town, but	parents	ed as in	dmitted	oils who	mmon free by	
For Maps, Apparatus, Prizes, and Libraries.	For Building Rent and Repairs.	For Contingencies and Books, &c.	Total Expenditure for Grammar School purposes, 1860.	Balance over.	Number of Pupils attending ing 1860.	Number of Pupils whose parents resided out the Town where the Grammar School is situated.	Number of Pupils whose parents resided out of the town, but within the County.	Number of Pupils whose parents resided in other counties.	Number of Pupils reported   Grammar School subjects.	Number of new Pupils admitted during 1860.	Number of these new Pupils who had passed the entrance examination.	How many formally Common School boys, admitted free b scholarship.	Fees per term  of  three months  per pupil.
55 88 18 00 35 04 24 00 191 38 19 40 5 00 153 49 57 00 20 00 25 14 60 172 00 20 00 20 00 1866 13 1706 30	2 12 500 00 39 50 10 00 50 00 65 00 108 75 12 00 40 57 15 00 334 17 52 18 213 29 80 00 6037 23 7930 84	382 17 223 25 51 40 93 83 52 55 14 90 	602 0 576 2 424 0 2292 5 736 9 430 5 900 0 655 0 644 8 1000 0 650 0 1011 6 702 0 1406 3 1404 0 730 0 734 2 1004 2 1033 1 287 5 1911 4 289 1 102 5 1241 1 390 0 1286 1 762 0 730 4	0   0   32 34 55   36 6   37 07 92 83 66 18 8 35 00 120 90 0 120 90 0 120 90 0 120 90 0 120 90 0 120 90 0 120 90 0 120 90 0 120 90 0 120 90 0 120 90 0 120 9	27 58 25 16 54 55 84 39 25 4546 4381 165	578 288 529 211 401 10	2 10	2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 3 8 2 2 1 3 8 2 1 3 1 3 1 5 5 1 1 5 5 1 1 5 5 1 1 1 1 5 5 1	72 35 28 27 58 25 14 54 55 84 33 18 4124 4107	277 244 155 20 20 112 118 52 20 114 211 110 114 118 32 21 112 27 22 25 6 30 112 6 68 7	14 18 18 24 15 18 20 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	3 3 3 6 2 2 10 12 143 86	75c. \$3, \$4, \$3, \$2. \$4, \$3, \$2. \$54, \$3, \$2. \$54, \$6, \$2. \$1.50. \$3 for non-Resid'ts Fr. to Resid.—\$3,\$2. \$1.50. \$9. \$5, \$4, \$3. \$4, \$3, \$2. \$5, \$4. \$5. 75c. \$4. Free. \$1. \$7. \$5. \$6, \$4. \$7. \$6. \$3, \$2, \$1.50. Free. \$3, \$2, \$1.50. Free. \$3, \$2, \$1.50. Free. \$3, \$2. \$5, \$4. \$5. \$3, \$2. \$5, \$4. \$5. \$3, \$2. \$5. \$3, \$2. \$5. \$3, \$2. \$5. \$3, \$2. \$5. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3. \$3

Oshawa, Niagara, and Vienna Schools to send their accounts.

### TABLE H.-METEOROLOGICAL STATIONS AT

Under the authority of the Consolidated Grammar School Act, a special grant of \$400 distribution of the general Grammar School Fund; provision is also made for declared to be the duty of the Master to make the prescribed meteorological Senior County Grammar Schools have been established, only 16 have contributed (as will be seen from the following table), make the returns required by law. those stations only from which returns are received.

#### NAME OF METEOROLOGICAL STATIONS.

1	Niægara
2	Hamilton
3	Belleville
4	Barrie
5	Chatham.
6	Port Sarnia
7	Milton
8	Cornwall
9	Guelph
10	Whitby
11	Perth
12	Picton
13	Brantford
14	L'Orignal
15	Stratford
16	Ottawa
	Total

### THE SENIOR COUNTY GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.

per annum is made to each Senior County Grammar School, with participation in the the establishment of a Meteorological Station at each of these Senior Schools, and it is returns every month to the Educational Department. Out of the 31 Counties in which the necessary sum of half-price to purchase the necessary instruments, and but few of these Steps, it is hoped, will shortly be taken to enforce the law, or to restrict the grant to

No. of months the Station has been esta-	No. of monthly abstracts received at		CTER OF ABSTRACTS	RECEIVED.
blished, to Dec. 1860, inclusive.	the Education Office.	Well prepared.	Indifferently prepared.	Badly prepared.
36	2		2	
36	25	22	3	
36	26	24	2	
36	19	19	<b></b>	•••
36	1.5		11	4
36	26	26		
35	3			3
35	20	20		•••
28	1	1		
28	24	23	1	
27	9	9	•••	
27	11	11		
18	12	10	2	
Instruments purchas	ed, but not yet sent	for.	•••	***
5		5		
Instruments not yet	sent.	***		<b></b>
	193	170	21	7

# TABLE I .- THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS

### NUMBER OF PUPILS IN THE

						12	engl	ısn.					<u> </u>	
THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.	Total in English.	In English Grammar.	In Spelling & Dictation.	In Blementary Reading.	In advanced Reading.	In Derivation.	In Art of Reading and 5th Book.	In Sullivan's Literary Class Book.	In Elements of Political Economy, 5th Reader.	In Outlines of Eng- lish Literature.	In Elementary Com- position.	In Advanced Composition.	Total in Latin.	In Arnold's 1st Latin Book.
1 Cornwall 2 Williamstown 3 Iroquois 4 L'Orignal 5 Vankleekhill 6 Ottawa 7 Richmond 8 Ashton 9 Brockville 110 Prescott 11 Kemptville 12 Gananoque 13 Farmersville 14 Perth 15 Smiths' Falls 16 Lanark 17 Renfrew 18 Carleton Place 19 Kingston 20 Newburgh 21 Bath 22 Napanee 23 Picton 24 Consecon 25 Belleville 27 Stirling 28 Cobourg 29 Port Hope 30 Bowmanville 31 Colborne 32 Newcastle 31 Colborne 32 Newcastle 31 Colborne 33 Peterborough 34 Norwood 35 Lindsay 36 Oakwood 37 Omemee 38 Whitby 39 Uxbridge 40 Oshawa 41 Toronto 42 Newmarket 43 Streetsville 44 Richmond Hill 45 Brampton 46 Weston 47 Markham 48 Barrie 49 Bradford 60 Collingwood 51 Milton 50 Aknilon 60 Collingwood 51 Milton 50 Oakville 60 Collingwood 51 Milton 50 Oakville 60 Collingwood 51 Markham 54 Ancaster	63 95 29 55 84 65 15 30 30 40 40 48 59 30 30 40 40 50 60 72 51 127 48 50 60 72 51 60 72 73 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74 74	32 50	19 45 29 40 84 45 10 38 40	19 25 4 4 5 50 49 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	13 12 13 14 16 16 16 17 18 18 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	344 166 166 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187 187	20 14 20 14 31 28 31 26 85 17 106 50 26 150 28 11 111 60 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50		19 31 106 28 80 4 17 16 44 18 18 26 4 26 26 28 26 26 27 27 28 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26 26	8 8 4 4 60 23 37 25	19 19 19 20 14 500 20 20 20 20 15 12 13 30 60 60 60 25 19 46 27 26 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 46 47 49 29 14	21 40	566 344 155 111 122 29 133 141 112 500 13 18 122 500 17 15 14 15 16 16 17 15 14 15 16 17 18 17 18 17 18 17 18 17 18 17 18 17 18 17 18 17 18 17 18 18 17 18 18 17 18 18 17 18 18 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	24

## OF UPPER CANADA.

### VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION.

			IN LAT										īN	GREEK	<del></del>		
In Arnold's 2nd Latin Book.	In Latin Grammar.	In Written Latin Exercises and Prose Composition.	In Prosody and Verse Composition.	Reading Cornelius Nepos or other Ele- mentary Reading.	Reading Cæsar's Commentaries.	Reading Virgil or Ovid.	Reading Cicero.	Reading Sallust or Horace.	Average attendance in Latin.	Total in Greek.	In Arnold's 1st Greek Book.	In Greek Grammar.	In Written Greek Exercises.	In Greek Prosody and Verse Composition.	Reading the Anabasis or any Elementary Greek.	Reading the Iliad.	Reading the Odyssey
255 4 11 88 4 5 5 3 3 13 18 5 5 10 2 11 15	100 8133 211 111 112 244 133 44 599 211 45 25 43 100 111 144 736	14 84 14 15 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16 16	10 10 11 16 11 2	10 2 4 10 7	7 16 8 8 5 3	2 2 2 8	2	144 66 11 12 22 2 2 3 3 3 3 7 7 11 11 2 7 7 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	46 21 10 6 7 7 10 8 7 10 5 10 10 13 6 36 36 36 10 4 4 33 30 20 14 4 27 9	111	9 7 7 7 2	10 11 7 22 4 4 13 22 	10 111 5		2 2 2 2 3 5 4 1 1	1	1
24 6 4  12	37 39	15 - 16 14 5 18 6 39	3 1 1 6 3	4 13 5	8 37 7	2 2 20 3 6	1	15 4 3 1 20 3	82 20 10 12 15 25 24 52	10	5 25 1 3 1 2 3 3 2 1 5 7 5 5 6 6	46 4 4 5 			15 4 2 2	1 1 8	10 1 1
10 12 3 10	15 140 8	13 2 65 6		10	1 12 10 20 5	13 7 6		6	20 25 150 6		7 7 2 5 3 5 3 1 1 3 1	2 3 6 1 6	2 1 3 1		1 -	2	

TABLE I.—THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS

## NUMBER OF PUPILS IN THE

							,										
		1	n fi	ENCI	ĭ.					IN	и ма	HEM	ATICS.				
THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.	Total in French.	In Elements of French Grammar.	In advanced French Grammar.	In Written French Ex- ercises & Composit'ns	In French Dictation and Conversation.	Reading Voltaire's Charles XII.	Total in Arithmetic.	Total in Algebra.	Total in Euclid.	In First Four Rules of Arithmetic, Reduc- tion and Fractions.	In the Higher Rules of Arithmetic.	In the First Four Rules of Algebra.	In Equations and the Higher Rules of Al- gebra.	In Buelid, B. I. & II.	A Defi'n of V. & VI.	Elements of Prigonometry.	In Mensuration and Surveying.
1 Cornwall. 2 Williamstown 3 Iroquois 4 L'Orignal 5 Vankleekhill 6 Ottswa 7 Richmond 8 Ashton 9 Brockville 10 Prescott 11 Kemptville 12 Gauanoque 13 Farmersville 14 Perth 15 Smith's Falls 16 Lanark 17 Renfrew 18 Carleton Place 19 Kingston 20 Newburgh 21 Bath 22 Napanee 23 Picton 24 Consecon 25 Belleville 26 Trenton 27 Stirling 28 Cobourg 29 Port Hope 30 Bowmanville 31 Colborne 21 Newcastle 33 Peterborough 34 Norwood 35 Lindsay 36 Oakwood 37 Omemee 38 Whitby 39 Uxbridge 40 Oshawa 41 Toronto 42 Newmarket 43 Streetsville 44 Richmond Hill 45 Brampton 46 Weston 47 Markham 48 Barrie 49 Bradford 50 Collingwood 51 Milton 52 Oakwille 53 Hamilton 54 Ancaster 55 Dundas	17 15 12 78  11 	8 155 6 6 122 15 16 10 16 12 12 29 9	18 4 8 5 10 2 10 6 4 4 2	8 9 12 78	3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	7 2 5 6 17 18 18 18 17 18 17 18 17 18 17 18 18 17 18 18 17 18 18 17 18	633 388 600 299 522 844 45 155 388 511 600 311 27 555 106 106 559 300 1500 28 144 599 300 1500 28 144 599 300 28 144 599 300 28 144 599 300 30 28 144 485 461 300 30 22 611 27 117 500 60 555 87 188 300 30 22 117 500 60 72 72 72 72 73 74 48 41 74 31 40 74 31	166 233 387 7100 844 131 220 166 77 311 112 129 45 930 30 35 56 88 16 16 16 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	211 233 122 75 45 45 48 100 4 77 85 121 247 77 244 77 25 200 116 123 97 13 87 12 12 13 14 15 16 16 17 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	40 18 18 10 14 29 39 20 6 20 20 30 20 30 21 22 40 40 68 68 68 68 68 17 10 11 21 15 68 80 68 84	200 1515 233 455 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255	133 177 155 662 622 122 122 122 122 122 122 122 122	33 63 233 7 4 4 222 2 2 188 4 4 133 9 30 31 7 22 7 29 10 46 5 5 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	188 199 211 2 2 2 2 100 5 4 4 6 6 4 4 1 12 1 1 8 1 1 8 2 6 6 3 3 3 5 5 1 1 8 8 2 2 7 7 1 3 1 2 1 8 1 1 7 2 7 7 6 6 1 4 1 1 1 2 2 8	122 26 6 4 4 2 2 12 12 12 12 12 12 15 16 15 16 11 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	12 2 6 6	15 5 5

# OF UPPER CANADA.—(Continued.)

### VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION.

The color of the	IN GEOGRAPHY.	IN HISTORY.	IN PHYSICAL SCIENCE.	IN OTHER STUDIES.
39         15         24         27         30         13         24         27         26         19         13         7         37         29         8         22           6         29          52	Total in Geography.  In Ancient Geogra- phy.  In Modern Geography In Canadian Geogra- phy.	story ad B and B and Cien of of Ca	in Physnoe.  moe.  ments of tory, 3rd sional Rea sments of losophy, sy, and G ements of	Total in Writing.  Who Write Well.  Who Write Indifferently.  In Book-keeping.  In Drawing.  In Vocal Music.
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	39         15         24         27           42	30	26	37         29         8         22

# TABLE I.—THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS

## NUMBER OF PUPILS IN THE

_															
		IN ENGLISH.													
	THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.	Total in English.	In English Grammar.	In Spelling and Dictation.	In Elementary Read- ing.	In Advanced Reading.	In Derivations.	In Art of Reading and 5th Book.	In Sullivan's Literary Class Book.	In Elements of Politi- cal Economy, 5th Reader.	In Outlines of English Literature.	In Elementary Com- position.	In Advanced Composition.	Total in Latin.	In Arnold's 1st Latin Book.
57 58 59	Paris	46 65 26 40 20	65 26 40	65 26 40	15		65 25	8			57	36 8 20 25	57 6	8 47 18 6 10	2 14 12 3 8
62 63 64 65	St. Čatharines Grimsby Beamsville Welland Drummendville Thorold Caledonia	90 43 42 72 36 29 42 75 39 27	43 32 70 33 10 36 75	43 32 72 33 10 20 75 30	10 4 12 8 21 5	33 68 23 21	18 32 14 20 20 54	10 33 8 36		14 27 36	12	63 17 42 30 18 10 30 20	14  10 12  10 18 39	90 14 10 25 22 10 17 73 18	65 3 8 18 22 4 3 18 6
72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79		73 76 48 72 33 27	43 24 72 56 44 64 27	72		24 73 18	24 72 31 63	18 31 72 7 27		18	24	18 14 12 24 18	12 41 14 8 39	31 24 74 31 22 24 26	21 8 21 13 9
80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87	Kincardine. London Stratbroy Wardsville St. Thomas. Vienna Chatham.	27 53 25 16 54 50 84	26 53 25 16 54 50 84	26 39 25 10 54 50 60	7 16	19 37 25 16 54 50 84	20 25	19 23 25 16 54	••••••	19 23		14 26 10 20 8 24 84	13 23 7 24	19 14 51 11 7 51 20 32	22 6 
	Sarnia	4181	3964 3938	30 22 3592 3689			1685	38 8 3043 1943	43		384 300	1697 1630	1056	39 10 2385 2219	24 7 1112 1032
	Increase Decrease			97	267	255 	37	1100	46	107	84	67	86	166	80

# OF UPPER CANADA.—(Continued.)

### VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION.

		·		IN LA	IN GREEK.												
In Arnold's 2nd Latin Book.		In Written Latin Ex- ercises and Prose Composition.	Prosody Compositi	Reading Corneius Nepos or other Ele- mentary Reader.	Cæsar's Cor ies.	Reading Virgil or Ovid.	Reading Cicero.	Reading Sallust or Horace.	Average attendance in Latin.	Total in Greek.	In Arnold's 1st Greek Book.		In Written Greek Ex- ercises.	In Greek Prosody & Verse Composition.	Reading the Anabusis or any Elementary Reader.	Reading the Hiad.	Reading the Odyssey.
25 5 4 4	2 47 18 6 8 8 25 18 6 4 11 15 6 6 6 4 16 9 14 333 11 7 7 511 200 3 3	30	6	5 1 5 3 3	8 5 3 8 7 9 6 6 8 10 11 14 8 5 2 2 11	6 5 4 4 7 8 8 3 7 7 7 8 16 16 11 1 3 3 5 5 17 7 3 3 3 3 18 13 1 3 3 3 3 1 3 3 3 1 3 3 3 3		44 2 1) 77 73 22 77 33 85 55 31 166 177 22 44 7 7 4 4 1 1 3 3	6 222 20 5 5 7 7	2 5	3 488 22 55 51 11	1 55 3 4 4 5 5 12 1 1 1 5 5 5 1 1 1 1 1 6 6 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	55 3 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3	2 2 3 3 3 3	2 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 4 1 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	3 3 5 13 2 2 2 3 3	13
497 462	38 9 1782 1656	1226	220	3 202 225	414	353 333	28		20	558 488	310	414 378	320 245	59	213	90	
35		229				20		19		<u> </u>		36					-

# TABLE I.—THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS

#### NUMBER OF PUPILS IN THE

_																		
				IN F	RENC	н.					:	IN MA	LTHE	ATICS.				
•	THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.	Total in French.	In Elements of French Grammar.	In advanced French Grammar.	In Written French Exercises & Compositi'n.	In French Dictation and Conversation.	Reading Voltaire's Charles XII.	Total in Arithmetic.	Total in Algebra.	Total in Euclid.	In First Four Rules of Arithmetic, Reduc- tion, and Fractions.	H	In the First Four Rules of Algebra.	In Equations and the Higher Rules of Al-	In Buelid, B. I. & II.	In Euclid, B.I.II.&IV.	In Elements of Plane Trigonometry.	In Mensuration and Surveying.
5 5 5	Paris Scotland Mount Pleasant	10 33 19 10 8	12 16 10	21	33 19 10	33 19		65 24 40	68 1 18 1 12	5 56	26	65	8 14 4	55 55 2 8 16	7 41 4 6 3 10	15 2	2	56 6
66 61 63 64 64 65 65 65 67 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77	Niagara St. Catharines Grimsby Beamsville Welland Drummondville Thorold Caledonia Simcoe Port Dover Woodstock Ingersoll Berlin Galt. Guelph Flora Owensound Stratford Goderich Kincardine London Strathroy Wardsville St. Thomas Vienna Chatham Sarnia Windsor  Grand Total 1860 do 1859	233 166	23	7 10 2 2 7 11 5 5 10	233 16 21 22 21 22 21 22 21 24 4 877 844 877		77 111 3 5 6 6	943 422 60 36 277 41 247 73 67 43 72 27 27 27 27 27 27 27 24 25 16 54 30 25 4290 4150	8 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	3 49 19 18 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19 19	11 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 1	793 33 222 300 1 21 21 35 34 1 24 49 31 31 45 24 49 9 8 54 41 6 6 25  2840	9 7 12	758 8 8 3 144 122 1 17 1 17 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 111 100 3 155 122 8 144 16 16 11 4	8 8 6 3 5		18 7 12 36 16 16 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17
_	Increase Decrease	68	10	22	34	124	54	140	141	29	70	70	23	118	47	76	47	44

# OF UPPER CANADA.—(Continued.)

#### VARIOUS BRANCHES OF INSTRUCTION.

				1								<del></del> -						
IN	GE06	RAPI	HY.			N HISTO			IN P		L SCIE	NCE.	]	TO M	HER	STUD	IES.	
Total in Geography.	In Ancient Geography	In Modern Geography	In Canadian Geogra- phy.	Total in History.	In Greek and Roman History and Anti- quities.	In other Ancient History.	In History of Great Britain and Ireland.	In History of Canada.	Total in Physical Science.	In Elements of Natu'l History, 3rd and 4th National Reader.	In Elements of Natu'l Philosophy, Physi- ology, and Geology.	In Elements of Chemistry.	Total in Writing.	Who Write Well.	Who Write Indifferently.	In Book-keeping.	In Drawing.	In Vocal Music.
52 65 24 40 20 20 38 51 36 61 42 27 55 44 42 27 54 51 34 51 35 54 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51	4 9 24 10 10	48 65 24 30 20 85 37 38 51 30 111 42 23 43 23 43 27 55 11 25 51 27 55 11 25 51 27 51 27 51 27 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51	23  24 21 12  27 27 27  37  7 54	522 655 244 255 200 388 488 376 488 255 555 18 488 255 555 230 277 18 488 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 255 2	12 18 8	34 13 10 11 17 8 11	36 30 31 36 55 32 43 24 44 20 16 69 24 27	27 18	522 65 24 41 55 20 20 27 44 42 26 57 27 48 24 66 39 4 84 30 0	26 §	10 65 11 38 30 36 42 20 27 44 35 18 26 26 27 17 23 14 16 39 4 84 30 30		522 677 244 40 166 168 199 366 199 365 199 233 433 277 668 327 588 255 445 122 544 548 800 355 355 355 355 355 355 355 355 355 3	26 577 819 122 121 211 44 211 215 20 246 233 233 234 432 525 525	10 16 21 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	20 35 44 77 77 3 3 3 9 9  6  16 3	577 233 388 111 200 553 8 8	75
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### TABLE K.—THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS

#### GRAMMAR SCHOOLS USING THE

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	Schools	National or Sullivan's.	Lennie's.	Bullion's.	Other English Grammars.	ion	En	Edinburgh Academy.	'n.	Bullion's.	Andrew's and Stoddart's.	Arnold's 1st Books.	ther Latin Tex and Grammars.	C. Nepos.	sar.	gij.	ا ۍ	570	Sallust.	Other reading Books.
	S	Na	Let	Bu	₽ ₽	Na	n a	Edi	Eton.	Bu	An	Arr	Oth an	C.	Cæsar.	Virgil.	Ovid.	Cicero.	Sal	Oth
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#### OF UPPER CANADA.

# VARIOUS TEXT-BOOKS NAMED.

GREEK.	FRENCH.	ARITHMETIC ALGEBRA	Euclid.	GEOGRAPHY AND
GRAMMARS. READING BOOKS.	GRAMMARS. READING BOOKS.	ARITHMETIC ALGEBRA	EUCLID.	History.
Edinburgh Academy. Arnold's and Anthon's. Bullion's. Number of other Grammars and Text-Books. Money. Honer. Greek Testament. Other Reading Books.	Merlet's French Grammar. Noel and Chapsal. Collot's. Other French Grammars and Text-Books. Voltaire's Charles XII Other Reading Books.	Irish National. Sangster's National. Thomson's. Other Authors. Other Authors.	Coleuso's.   Pott's.   Other Editions.	National and Sulltvan's.  White's. Putz's and Arnold's. Hodgins'. Schmitz's Manual. Modern Atlas. Ancient Atlas.

#### TABLE K .- THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS

				N2 33-1-1-1						GI	MAS	MAR	sci	100	ΟL	s ı	US.	IN	G I	HE
	nent.		1	ENG:	LISE	r.						$\mathbf{L}I$	TIN							
	Testament.		GRAN	IMAR	s.	1	DERS			GRAI	IMAR	s.		[	Re	AD	INC	₃ B	оок	S.
THE GRAMMAR	Schools using Bible or	National or Sullivan's.	e's.	n's.	Other English Grammars.	National Art of Reading	Number of other Books in English.	Edinburgh Academy.		n's.	Andrew's and Stoddart's.	Arnold's 1st and 2nd Books.	Other Latin Text-Books and Grammars.	Nepos.					٠.	Other Reading Books.
	Schoo	Natio	Lennie's.	Bullion's.	Other Gran	Nation	Numb in En	Edinb	Eton.	Bullion's.	Andre	Arnold's Books.	Other	C. Ne	Cæsar.	Virgil.	Ovid.	Cicero.	Sallust.	Other
52 Oakville 53 Hamilton 54 Ancaster 55 Dundas 56 Waterdown 57 Brantford 58 Paris 59 Scotland 60 Mount Pleasant. 61 Niagara 62 St. Catharines 63 Grimsby 64 Beamsville 65 Welland 66 Drummondville 67 Thorold 68 Caledonia 69 Simcoe 70 Port Dover 71 Woodstock 71 Ingersoll 63 Berlin 74 Galt 75 Guelph 76 Elora 77 Owen Sound 78 Stratford 79 Goderich 50 London 81 Kincardine 82 Strathroy 83 Wardsville 84 St. Thomas 85 Vienna 86 Chatham 87 Sarnia 88 Windsor  Grand Total, 1860. ""1859.  Increase	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11 1 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 28 27 1 1	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11 11 12 12 12 11 11	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1	1 1
Increase	5	5	2	6	3	7	2	1	2	1	1	1	2		7	4	7.	8	3	3

## OF UPPER CANADA.—( Continued.)

# VARIOUS TEXT-BOOKS NAMED.

GRE	EK.	FRENCI	I.	A namety part	ALOEBRA	Eu clib.	GEOGRAPHY
GRAMMARS.	READING BOOKS.	GRAMMARS.	READING Books.	ARITHMETIC	ALUBBRA	EO CLIB.	HISTORY.
Edinburgh Academy.   Arnold's and Anthon's.   Bullions.   Number of other Grammars and Text-Books.	Xenophon.   Homer.   Greek Testament.   Other Reading Books.	Merlet's French Grammar. Noel and Chapsal. Collot's. Other French Grammars and Text-Books	Voltaire's Charles XII.	Irish National. Sangster's National. Thomson's. Other Authors.	Colenso's. Other Authors.	Colenso's. Pott's. Other Editions.	National and Sullivan's.  White's. Putz and Arnold's Hodgins'. Schmitz's Manual. Modern Atlas. Ancient Atlas.
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#### TABLE L.—THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA.

#### MASTERS.

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GRAMMAR SCHOOLS	HEAD MASTERS.	No. of masters eng:	Date of appointmer or Classical Mast		Provincial Universities.	English, Irish and Scottish Universities.	American Universities.	Other Foreign Uni- versities.	General.	Temporary.	Church of England.	Presbyterians.	Baptists.	Congregationalists. Reported as Pro-	Roman Catholics.	Head Master. (Average.)	Assistant Master. (Average.)
2 Williamstown. 3 Iroquois	Rev. H. W. Davies, M. A.  Donald J. McLean W. A. Whitney Alex. McNaughton Spencer A. Jones Hugh J. Borthwick, A. M. Neil Dunbar, A. B. Charles R. Dickinson, B. A. J. J. Dunlop, M. A. George Murray, B. A. J. M. Fraser, A. B. G. D. Platt John B. Holmes, LL. B R. T. Livingstone. Rev. Samuel Johnson, M.A Peter McLaren, B. A. Joshua Fraser, B. A F. S. Haight, A. B. Rev. P. D. Muir, A. B. William Lewin, B. A. James McCaul, A. M. Robert Phillipps. Stuart Foster Benjamin J. M. Freer Alexander Burdon		1854 1860 1857 1860 1860 1857 1860 1859 1859 1857 1859 1855	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	1		1	2	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1			1	600 00 520 00 1000 00 500 00 400 00 880 00 600 00 400 00 600 00 800 00 600 00	400 00 160 00 400 00 144 00 260 00 600 00

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6 Trenton	Edward C. Fox	0	1050					ĺ	4		1 ~		i 1	- 1	- 1	500.0	000 11	11
7 Stirling	William Hilton, B. A	2	1859	*******					1 1		2	{ ··· ·	•••	••• •		. 500 0		11
& Cohouse	F. W. Barron, M. A.	4	1860								1			••• •		.] 400 0		1)
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LColborne	J. B. Dixon, A. M.	1	1856				1				II . <b></b> .	·	1	.		. 700 0	0{	11
Z Newcastle	Walter A. Watts, M. A	2	1860			]					II		1	1.		. 700 0		
3 Peterborough	James M. Dunn	1	1860					l	1			1		].		800 0		H
4 Norwood	William MacWilliam	1	1859							1		l				600 0	0	11
5 Lindsay	William Daunt	1 1	1857						1	1	[	1				700 0	0	11
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7 Omemee	John Wood, B. A	1 1			î						ī	~				600 0	0	Į
S Whitby	William McCabe	2	1855						1			١٠٠٠)،		••• ••	· · · · · j	028 0	tuit'nc&\$40	H
Uxbridge	Francis J. Lynch	1 7							1			1		•••		100 0	lear ner240	<u>{</u>
OShawa	Not reported	1							1			ll.	•••	••• ••				11
I To 19910	M. C. Howe, L.L. D.	5		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •								···/ ·			7	1200 0		11
2 Newmarket	S. Arthur Marling, M. A				''''';	_	1	•••					rari	ous	. #			11
Streetsville	Richard Sandars, B. A.	1 1		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1			,	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			··· ·		1 .		800 0		]]
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Brampton	John Thomson D A								1			1	4	••• ••		600 0	0	H
& Waston	John Thomson, B. A Rev. J. B. Logan, M. A			•••••	1				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			1.		••• ••		600 0		H
7 Markham.	Ed-11 C 1 D 7	1 2			1						1	1	1!			700 0		[]
8 Barrie	Edward T. Crowle, Ph. D.	1 1	1858					1				$ \cdots $ .				780 0		[]
ODER JOHN J		6				] ]					6	···  .				600 0		
9 Eradford	John Campbell, M. A.	1	1860									···				720 0		;
0 Collingwood	Rev. John Langtry, M. A	1	1858		1						1	···				400 0	0	il .
Milton	James Regan, M. A.	]	1858	,,,		] ]					1	··· ,		]		.   800 00	)	11
2 Bakville	William Oliver, B. A	1	1857	,.,	1						1	.				.   800 00	·	11
3 Hamilton	Rev. T. J. M. W. Blackman, D. C. L.	3	1860		1.						2	1			]	.   800 00	650 00	}}
4 Ancaster	John Young, A. M.	2	1860			1			,			2	1!			480 00	\$240 & fees	H
5 Dundas	John King, M. A.	2	1855			]					1	1.				800 00		Ц
6 Waterdown	Patrick Cleribew, A. M.	1	1859			]			,,,,,,,,,,,			1.			<i></i> .	550 00		il .
7 Brautford	Rev. John K. Johnston, B. A	2	1860		. <i></i>	7					1			l.,		600 00	)	
S Paris	J. W. Aeres	1	1857						1			[]		].,		800 00		
9 Scotland	L. Younghusband, M. A	1	1860				1					J[	1	```		600 00		il .
0 Mount Pleasant	Alex. McBain, B. A	1			1		·						1	``` ``	7	600 00		li
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2 St. Catharines	Rev. G. D. Phillipps, M. A	4	1857		1		1				9	2				1000 00		ii
3.Grimsby	Daniel Campbell	li îl	1857	· · · · · · · · · · · ·	1		1		1		~	l îl	[				1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	lł .
4 Beausville	F. B. Tisdell, M. A.; M. B	1 7	1860		1							<del>;</del>   .				600 00	)	1
5 Welland	James Hodgson	ll îl	1860						7			1 .		.		800 00	)	
6 Drummondville	James M. Dunn	1	1859		1 1		1 .					1::: :	]	••• ••		200 00	)	.
7 Thorold	Donald J. F. McLeod.	1										1 -	•••	••• ••		400 00		
8 Caledonia	Willam Sinclair, B. A							¦			1	!::;}·			••••	490 00	(	H
9 Simcoo	Rev. John G. Mulholland, B. A.	-	1860		[						·····	[ 비·				1000 00		H
0 Port Dover	D. B. Maelennan, B. A	비취	1857			1					1	••; •		… ⋯	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1000 00	·····	11
	George Strauchon	[] 1	1858		1							1 .		••• ••		g 650 00		
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### TABLE L .- THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA.- (Continued.)

MISCELLANEOUS INFORMATION.

#### Universities at which were Matriculated in Name of Universities at which any Pupils were Matriculated in 1859. with Common SCHOOL HOUSES Blackboards. School. No. of Pupils who Examination as Surveying, 1860. No. of Pupils v Examination b Society, 1860. of Globes in GRAMMAR Schools in which baving No. of Maps in SCHOOLS. Schools using When Built. Freehold Leased. No. Trinity. 12 ..... 1 1806 1|Cornwall ..... 1|... 1 ... 1844 Q. C. K. McGill QCK 15 ..... 12 ..... 1845 6 ..... 12 ..... 1822 10 1|.. ...... ..... 1851 5 Vankleekhill ....... 1 ... 1856 12 6 Ottawa..... 1 .....|...|1846 7 Richmond..... 1 1845 1 ...... 8 Ashton......Log. 1846 1..... 1 ... 1859 .....|...|1819 Q. C. K. Q C K & Trin 11 ..... 10 12 12 6 1 ... 1814 20 12 Gananoque ...... 1 ..... 1859 1 ... 1845 p. ..... 1 ... 1860 13 Farmersville...... 1 ..... 1859 p. ..... 14 Perth 1 1 1 1845 12 1 1 ..... 15

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16 Lanark .....

17 Renfrew .....

18 Carleton Place .....

21 Bath.....

22 Napanee .....

19 Kingston ...... 1 ..... 1853

MeGill.

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Q. C. K.

Toronto.

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26 Trenton	10 1 1852 13 1 1	1			
27 Stirling 1 1857 1 1	6 1 1853 1				
28 Cobourg 1 1 1 1856 1 1 1 1 1855 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10 11020 00 1 1				
20 Port Wore 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					
29 Fort nope	12 1 1 23 2 1 1 1			Toronto.	2
30 Bowmanville 1	6 1 26 1 1	1 1 1	2 1 1	Toronto.	l
31 Colborne	12 1 1853 20 2 1 1 1	1 1 1			
32 Newcastle	12 1 1859 1 1 1 p		18		
33 Peterborough 1,					
331 6 6 6 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	12 1 1844 1	1 1	] 1	Victoria.	
34 Norwood	12 1 1854 8 1 1 1 1	1]	· · ·   · · · · · ·		
35 Lindsay 1 1857 1 1	12 1 1857 12 1 1	1  1  1		Q. C. K.	
36 Oakwood	11 1 1858 20 1 1 1	1		Foronto.	
37 Omemce, 1 1859 1 1					
30 W 1 1000 1 1		1			
38 Whitby 1 1849 1 39 Uxbridge 11853 1	12 1 1849 S 1	]	1 1 1	Toronto.	3 1
39 Uxbridge 1 1853 1	12 1 1858 10 1	1	1	Do	
40 Oshawa	6	l			
41 Toronto	*	1 1			
42 Newmarket 1 1849 1 1			24 64		1
42 Newmarket	12 1849 24 2 1 p		1 1 3	Foronto. Toronto.	
43 Streetsville	12 1 1 1849 11 2 1	1	5 1	Do	
44 Richmond Hill 1	12 1 1851 14 1 1	1 1 1			1
45 Brampton	12 1 1855 12 1	1 1			
I I	12 1 1000 12 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
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46 Weston 1	12 1857 10 1	1 1	16 6 3		2 3
			1 1 117	Crinity. Victoria.	] ] []
47 Markham	12 1858 13 1 1 p	1 1 1	0.6	mt	1 31
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48 Barrie 1 1848 1		.		Coronto8 (McGill	1 1
48 Barrie 1	$12   \dots   1   \dots   30   2   1   1   1$	·····  4   3	$24 \mid 10 \mid \mid S \mid \langle \mid \mid \mid \mid$	Trinity.1 Toronto.	
		!		Lennox1 ( Toronto.	1 1 11
49 Bradford	91 1860 6 2	1	3 \		1
50 Collingwood	* #   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1   1	1	~		
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51 Milton 1 1	12 1 1854 6 1 1	·····  1} I	•••]	Toronto.	
52 Oakville	12 1 1854 80 4 1 1 1	1 1 1 1			1
53 Hamilton 1 1852 1	[2] 1 1 1833 30 4 1 1 1	1 1 1 1		Toronto.i	l
54 Ancaster 1	11 1 1837 13 2 1 1	-			
55 Dundas 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			
56 mr. 1 1055 1		나라 취 취 기	36 4	Toronto	4
56 Waterdown 1 1855 1 1	12 1 1857 18 1	$[\dots, 1]$ $[1]$			,
57 Brantford	12 1 1 1847 127 2 1 1 1	1 1			l
58 Paris 1   1858 1   1	12 11852 18 1	1		Toronto.	
59 Scotland 1 1854 1 1	12 1 1857 12 1	1 1			
60 Mount Pleasantco nc 1860 1		1 1			
grant rieasant	0 - 100	1 1	••• ••••• •••••		
61 Niagara	12				
52 St. Cutharines 1 1 1828 1 1	10 01 000		22 2 2 2 1	Coronto.	
54 ot. Catearines 1 1040 1 1	12 1828 19 2 1	1  1		Frinity.	3
63 Grimsby 1 1859 1 1	12 1857 13 2 1 p	1 1		Crinity. Amer.	l
				Victoria.	
64 Beamsville	10 1850 10	1 1 1			1 1
65 Welland	12 1857 1	1 1	1	Toronto. Toronto.	, -
64       Beamsville       1       1857       1       1         65       Welland       1       1858       1       1         66       Drummondville       1       1857       1       1	10 1857 13 1		""  " """	1010110.	
	10 1001 10 1		***************************************		1
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 ( )			· ' !!
'					

## TABLE L.—The Grammar Schools of Upper Canada.—(Continued.)

#### MASTERS.

			Head		LIFI	CATIONS	of H		MASTE						SUA-	A MANUTA I	SALARIES.
		gaged.	nt of er.	the old		GRADU2	TES.		CERTIF FR EXAM	ом 📗	ASS.	ISTA	NT I	MAST	rers.	ANNUAL	SALARIES.
GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.	HEAD MASTERS.	No. of Masters En	Date of appointment or Classical Master.	Appointed under the	Provincial Universities.	ĬĮ.	Univ	Other Foreign Universities.	General.	Temporary.	Church of England.	Presbyterians.	Baptists.	Congregationalists	testants. Roman Catholics.	Head Master. (Average.)	Assistant Master. (Average)
4 Galt. 5 Guelph. 6 Elora 7 Owen Sound 8 Stratford 9 Goderich 0 London 1 Kincardine 2 Strathroy 3 Wardsville 4 St. Thomas 5 Vienna 5 Chatham	Charles Camidge William Tassie, M. A. John May Rev. John G. MacGregor. W. J. Francis, M. A. Charles J. McGregor, M. A. John Haldan, jr. Benjamin Bayly, A. B. Albert Andrews. Jacob A. Sommerville Thomas Hart, B. A. Nelson Burns, B. A. Edmund R. Davies. Robert Matheson, B. A. Rev. Wm. B. Evans, B. A. Henry J. Evans, B. A.	1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1	1857 1853 1859 1855 1844 1841 1860 1860 1859 1859 1859	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1			1.	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1				1000 00 800 00 680 00 700 00 1200 00 450 00 800 00 650 00	600 00
Grand Total, 1860 1859		127 121		6 9	38 29			1	19 15	4 5		38 1 46		$\frac{2}{2}$	4		
		6		3	9				4	1	4		<b>4</b> 3		3	16 00	16 00

# TABLE L.—The Grammar Schools of Upper Canada.—(Continued.)

, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,						мІ	SCE	LLA	NE	0 U	s I	N F O	R M	ΑT	I 0 N	₹.							
GRAMMAR S C H O O L S.	Brick.	When Built.	d.	Rented.	Schools in which the daily exercises are opened and closed with prayer.	No. of months open in 1860, (including vacations.)	1 I	Meteorological Stations. Year first opened.	No. of Maps in School	No. of Globes in School.	Schools using Blackboards.	ving comple	Museum of Natural History, Botany, &c.	Schools having Magic Lantern, or Microscope, &c.	observii ons.	s baving r ry, &c., at E	o. of Pupils wh zes at Examins	No. of Pupils who were Matriculated at any University, in 1860.	No. of Pupils who obtained Honors and Scholarships at Matriculation, 1860.	Name of Universities at which Pupils were Matriculated in 1860.	Name of Universities at which any Pupils were Marticulated in 1859.	No. of Pupils who passed the Examination before the Law Society, 1860.	No of Pupile who passed the Examination as Students of Surveying, 1860.
67 Thorold 68 Caledonia. 69 Simcoe. 70 Port Dover 71 Woodstock 72 Ingersoll 73 Berlin 76 Elora. 77 Owen Sound 78 Stratford 79 Goderich 80 London 81 Kincardine 82 Strathroy. 83 Wardsville 84 St Thomas 85 Vienna. 86 Chatham 87 Sarnia. 88 Windsor  Grand Total, 1860 "" 1859	1 1	1857 1849 1857 1856 1853 1836 1857 1856 1844 1832 1	11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.11.	1 1 2 1 2 1 2 6 1 3 6 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 13 14 15 16 (6 (7) 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18		1859 1858 1843 1854 1854 1852 1 1857 11854 1860 11850 11850 11850 11850 11850	12 10 20 19 8 14 40 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 12 12 13 45 15 16 12 13 45 16 17 17 17 17 18 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17 17	1 1 4 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 0 8 8 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 p	6	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1884 11199 15520 1206 6 99	1 1	25	Victoria. Toronto.  Toronto.  Toronto.  Victoria.	Toronto. Do.	2 	1 9 7
Increase Decrease		.   1 '		4				1		1				1	5			6					

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TABLE M.—THE NORMAL SCHOOLS FOR UPPER CANADA, 1860.

Abstract No. 1.—Gross Attendance of Students, Weeely Aid Granted, Certificates, &c.

THE SESSIONS  OF THE  NORMAL SCHOOL		icants for mission.		Rej	ected.		Ad	mitted.		Āā	mitted Fees.	b <b>у</b>		o had be		Who Wee	Rece	
POR UPPER CANADA.	Total.	Male.		Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Femule.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.
First Session, 1847-48    Second Session, 1848    Third Session, 1848-49    Fourth Session, 1849    Fourth Session, 1849-50    Sixth Session, 1850-51    Seventh Session, 1851-52    Righth Session, 1852-53    Ninth Session, 1852    Ninth Session, 1853    Tenth Session, 1853    Televenth Session, 1853    Twelfth Session, 1854-55    Twelfth Session, 1854-55    Fifteenth Session, 1855    Fifteenth Session, 1856    Sixteenth Session, 1856    Sixteenth Session, 1856    Sixteenth Session, 1856    Nineteenth Session, 1857    Nineteenth Session, 1857    Nineteenth Session, 1858    Twenty-first Session, 1859    Twenty-third Session, 1860    Twenty-fourth Session, 1860    Total	71 140 123 131 160 102 93 122 162 162 163 145 121 145 131 145 162 196 232 196 232 181	112 88 106 109 66 68 78 83 98 66 52 39 46 57 69 82 93 77 101 119 97 91 88	85     72	3 9 49 23 18 28	14 12 18 17 17 8 18 18 18 17 17 18 18 17 17 18 18 17 17 18 18 17 17 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18 18	1 3 1 8 11 5 14 9 7 7 7 10 5 5 6 10 2 2 2 3 3 2 11 9 15 178	63 125 108 112 135 74 80 101 144 161 160 111 101 86 137 118 134 167 159 187 187 183 158 158 132	63 98 76 88 92 49 60 71 74 97 52 39 44 45 66 75 95 102 85 82 75	27 32 24 43 25 20 70 64 102 59 62 42 52 52 52 52 52 57 73 76 57	Discontinued  Left Since the erectors of the proces	196 the Nor- 197 the Nor- 198 t	1 5 5 3 4 2 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	27 93 61 70 75 48 63 64 66 61 52 43 39 53 54 66 86 81 102 111 90 91 74	27 86 51 56 31 56 31 47 31 49 29 41 25 36 63 47 59 66 65 64	7 10 9 9 19 17 12 13 33 17 16 18 27 15 20 23 37 43 34 24 26 10 460	53 109 75 72; 82 62 67 90 138 132 42 20 31 75 71 72 81 95 79 91 76 75 89 93 91 77 96 77 91	49 46 42 49 26	36 44 41 42 30 33 40 13

<sup>\*</sup> A very large proportion of these students have attended two or three Sezzions, so that this number greatly exceeds that of the different individuals who have entered the Institution as students.

Abstract No. 1.—Gross Attendance of Students, Weekly Aid Granted, Certificates, &c.—(Continued.)

	THE SESSION		Total Aid Granted.	Attend	ed For	merly.	R	egularly	LE1		egular	.y.		ed Certi from Masters			ed Pro	
12	NORMAL SC		Amount.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male,	Female.
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24	First Session, Second Session, Third Session, Fourth Session, Fifth Session, Sixth Session, Sixth Session, Seventh Session, Eighth Session, Tenth Session, Tenth Session, Tenth Session, Twelfth Session, Twelfth Session, Thirteenth Session, Thirteenth Session, Fifteenth Session, Sixteenth Session, Seventeenth Session, Seventeenth Session, Twentieth Session, Twentieth Session, Twenty-first Session, Twenty-first Session, Twenty-third Session, Twenty-third Session, Twenty-fourth Session,	1860 , 1860	1758 00   1389 50   1044 00   1667 00   1755 00   1717 00   1820 00   2805 00   2703 00   476 00   918 00   1159 00   1515 00   1495 00   1734 00   1678 00   1936 00   1804 00   1447 50   1987 00   757 50	24 17 24 25 12 59 34 34 59 39 37 25 35 38 27 45 60 59 69 69	24 7 7 10 5 4 14 19 21 15 11 17 11 11 11 12 23 21 41 21 35	10 17 15 22 20 15 32 22 21 14 21 21 37 38 28 32 21 24 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	6 46 24 53 4 16 17 13 3 30 20 11 1 7 13 14 20 20 16 16 20 29 15 15	6 40 20 47 20 12 29 14 10 10 17 16 12 9 4 5 11 10 11 25 11 10 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11	6 4 6 4 4 5 5 7 7 3 6 1 4 8 8 3 7 6 6 9 1 2 5 1 3 7	2 6 6 6 10 15 15 13 11 12 2 2 2 2 3 4 4 13 7 6 6 14 14 21 14 21 14	2 3 4 6 6 111 22 5 5 5 1 1 3 2 2 10 5 11 11 14 11 17 7 7	6 4 1 2 1 2 2 3 3 3 7 7 3 3	51 68 62 40 78 43 43 45		14 20 10 29 17 14 6	72 78 71 40 45 45 74 73 88 99 85 107 87 94 96	33 56 29 23 18 28 48 49 53 34 54 54 55 53	39 22 42 17 27 17 46 25 39 46 51 53 38 39 43
	Total	1	37376 50	834	361	473	539	385	154	205	137	68	430	320	110	1244	660	584

TABLE M.—THE NORMAL SCHOOL FOR UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

Abstract No. 2.—Counties from whence Applicants for Admission to the Normal School came.

THE SESSIONS  OF THE  MORMAL SCHOOL  FOR	Stormont, Dundas, and Glengarry.	Prescott and Russell.	Carleton.	Leeds and Grenville	Lanark and Renfrew	Frontenac, Lennox, and Addington.	Prince Edward.	Hastings.	Northumberland and Durham.	Peterborough and Victoria.	Ontario.	York and Peel.
UPPER CANADA.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total.   Male.   Female.	Total.   Male.   Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male.	Total. Male. Female.	Total.  Male. Female.
First Session, 1847–48 Second Session, 1848 Third Session, 1848-49 Fourth Session, 1849-50 Sixth Session, 1850-51 Seventh Session, 1850-51 Seventh Session, 1852 Righth Session, 1852 Fighth Session, 1852 Feleventh Session, 1853-54 Twelfth Session, 1853-54 Twelfth Session, 1854-55 Fourteenth Session, 1856-57 Fourteenth Session, 1856 Seventeenth Session, 1856 Seventeenth Session, 1856 Righteenth Session, 1856 Fighteenth Session, 1857 Righteenth Session, 1857 Twenty-first Session, 1859 Twenty-third Session, 1859 Twenty-third Session, 1860 Twenty-fourth Session, 1860 Twenty-fourth Session, 1860 Total.	7   6   1   1   1		2 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 2 2 1 1 3 2 1 5 4 1 4 3 1 5 4 1 2 2 3 2 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 3 3 3 2 1 9 7 2 5 5 1 1 2 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 3 1 2 1 1 1 3 1 1 3 1 2 1 1 1	3 3 8 7 1 5 2 3 3 3 9 9 6 4 2 3 1 2 3 3	4 4 6 4 2 9 6 3 3 2 1 1 2 2 2	4 4 5 5 2 7 5 2 3 2 1 14 13 1 2 1 1 4 4 1 1 5 5 4 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 4 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 5 5 1 1 3 3 5 5 5 6 5 1 2 2 2 1 1 4 3 1 2 2 2 1 1	4 4 4 4 4 7 6 1 3 2 1 5 3 2 1 5 5 3 1 14 10 4 111 6 5 7 5 5 4 1 3 3 3 3 4 4 6 4 2 4 3 1 5 4 1 5 4 1 6 3 3 6 3 3 12 10 2 8 6 3 3 10 6 4 146 108 38	2 2 1 1 2 2 3 2 1 3 3 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 3 2 1 3 3 6 6 4 4 4	7 7 9 6 3 7 3 4 18 9 9  7 5 2 5 3 2 12 8 4 15 7 4 3 7 4 3 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 7 6 1 10 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 4 7 4 3 1 0 6 6 1 0 7 4 3 1 0 6 6 1 0 7 4 3 1 0 6 6 1 0 7 4 3 1 0 6 6 1 0 7 4 3 1 0 6 6 1 0 7 4 3 1 0 6 6 1 0 7 4 3 1 0 6 6 1 0 7 4 3 1 0 6 6 1 0 7 4 3 1 0 6 6 1 0 7 4 3 1 0 6 6 1 0 7 4 3 1 0 7 6 1 0 7 7 6 1 0 7 7 6 1 0 7 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	44 28 16 38 26 12 49 36 13 32 18 14 17 9 8 23 11 12 43 21 22 49 18 31 57 14 43 44 9 35 30 11 28 28 6 22 43 15 28 52 19 33 45 23 22 56 20 36 68 27 46 79 33 46

Abstract No. 2.—Counties from whence Applicants for Admission to the Normal School came .—(Continued.)

									N 10 TH			OL CAME(			
Simcoe.	Wentword.	Brant.	Lincoln and Welland.	Haldimand.	Norfolk.	Oxford.	Waterloo.	Wellington.	Grey.	Perth.	Huron and Bruce.	Middlesex.	Elgin.	Kent.	Lambton. Essex.
Total.   Male,   Female.   Total.	Male.   Female.   Total.   Male.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total.   Male.   Female.	Total.   Male.   Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total.   Male.   Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total.  Remale.  Total.  Male.  Male.
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 5 5 5 1 1 6 4 4 2 1 1 3 6 6 2 2 1 1 4 2 1 1 6 6 2 2 1 6 6 2 2 1 6 6 2 2 1 6 6 2 2 1 4 2 2 2 3 6 6 2 2 7 5 2 3 4 4 1 1 1 9 4 2 2 2 6 1 6 3 3 4 1 1 5 1 2 5 3 1	$\begin{array}{c} \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ \\ 1 \\ \\ 1 \\ \\ 1 \\ \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 1 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 4$	10 6 4 2 1 1 1 3 5 4 1 1 1 4 6 8 4 1 1 1 1 5 6 6 1 1 1 1 5 6 6 6 4 2 2 9 5 4 4 2 2 9 5 4	3 1 2 2 1 1 1 1 4 3 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 2 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 6 5 1	1 1 7 7 3 3 3 3 2 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 1 2 1 4 4 6 6 5 4 1 1 3 2 2 1 5 3 3 2 4 3 1 1 1 5 3 3 2 4 3 1 1 1 5 3 2 4 3 1 1 1 6 2 46 16	1 1 5 2 3 7 6 1 8 3 5 3 1 2 3 2 1 2 2 4 3 1 6 3 3	3 3 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 3 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 3 2 1 1 2 2 24 19 5	1 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 4 4 2 2 6 6 6 6 3 3	$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ 1 & \dots & 1 \\ 2 & 2 & \dots & 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & \dots & 1 & \dots & 1 \\ \end{bmatrix}$	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 3 2 1 5 4 1 1 6 5 1 1 2 5 19 6	$\begin{array}{c cccc} 12 & 9 & 3 \\ 3 & 2 & 1 \\ 8 & 6 & 2 \end{array}$	3 3 4 4 1 1 2 2 2 5 4 1 4 4 5 2 3 11 6 8 3 5 2 13 6 2 2 2 13 7 6 11 6 3 3 3 7 6 11 6 3 3 3 7 6 6 1 6 3 3 3 7 6 6 1 6 3 3 3 7 6 6 6 1	2   2   3   3   2   2   1   1   2   2   2   2   2   1   1   3   2   1     3   2   1   1   3   2   2   1   1   2   2   2   2   2   2	1 1 1 2 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 7 3 4 7 6 1 1 2 2 2 2 1 1 1 3 19 16	1 1 1 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 2 3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

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# TABLE M.—THE NORMAL SCHOOLS FOR UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

Abstract No. 3.—Religious Persuasion of the Students attending the Normal School.

THE SESSIONS  OF THE  NORMAL SCHOOL	l	tal numl of nts Adm	-	Church	h of En	gland.	Roma	an Cath	olics.	Pre	sbyteria	ıns.	М	ethodis	8.	В	aptist	s.
FOR UPPER CANADA.	Total.	Malc.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.
Titlet Session, 1847-48 Second Session, 1848-49 Fourth Session, 1849-50 Sixth Session, 1850-51 Seventh Session, 1850-51 Seventh Session, 1852-53 Interest Session, 1852-53 Interest Session, 1853-54 Interest Session, 1854-55 Interest Session, 1854-55 Interest Session, 1854-55 Interest Session, 1855-56 Sixtenth Session, 1853-54 Interest Session, 1854-55 Interest Session, 1855-56 Sixtenth Session, 1855-56 Sixteenth Session, 1855-56 Interest Session, 1856-57 Interest Session, 1856-57 Interest Session, 1856-57 Interest Session, 1857-58 Interest Session, 1857-58 Interest Session, 1858-55 In	63 125 108 112 135 74 80 101 144 161 160 111 101 110 118 134 167 159 187 183 158 158 158	63 98 76 88 92 49 60 71 74 49 55 66 75 93 76 95 102 85 82 75	27 32 24 43 25 20 30 70 64 102 59 62 42 82 59 74 83 92 81 73 75	144 300 211 222 222 100 8 177 13 177 12 100 10 112 25 46 46 28 23 30 19	14 24 9 15 16 8 7 13 10 18 18 5 7 7 15 10 22 21 14 10	7 6 2 1 1 4 12 8 11 8 10 7 7 7 5 5 5 19 15 24 14 13 10 9	7 8 6 5 5 7 6 7 6 9 1 4 2 3 1 7 2 3 1 4 5 6 5	77 76 4 9 2 2 6 5 4 1 3 3 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	1 3 4 4 3 5 6 6 1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 3 3 3 3 2 2	10 29 20 12 25 10 16 20 28 36 38 38 38 39 42 22 42 31 55 55 58 49 52 64 52 54 34	10 21 12 10 20 9 16 14 18 22 22 21 16 17 17 17 11 15 16 33 33 29 33 42 24 28 20	8 8 8 1 2 5 1 1 6 10 16 6 36 19 15 12 7 15 22 25 20 19 19 25 26 14	222 333 422 522 522 311 311 337 34 695 555 444 453 522 458 533 522 548 555 48	222 277 33 341 200 211 282 322 200 111 18 31 24 27 21 24 24 21 31		4 9 6 9 14 8 8 8 10 10 10 18 13 21 9 8 14 13 22 9 11	4 77 4 6 5 5 11 6 5 11 7 7 10 10 10 10 13 8 6 6	2 2 3 9 4 2 2 5 7 10 7 6 11 4 3 4 4 8 3 9 4 3 4
Total	*3094	1765	1329	488	273	215	136	76	60	841	484	357	1092	613	479	275	163	112

<sup>\*</sup>A very large proportion of these Students have attended two or three Sessions, so that this number greatly exceeds that of the different individuals who have entered the Institution as Students.

Abstract No. 3.—Religious Persuasion of the Students attending the Normal School.

							The second second
THE SESSIONS  OF THE  NORMAL SCHOOL	Congregationalists.	Lutherans.	Quakers.	Universalists.	Unitarians.	Disciples.	Other Persuasions.
FOR UPPER CANADA.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Malc. Female.	Total. Male. Female.	Total. Male. Fomale.
First Session,   1847-48    Second Session,   1848    Third Session,   1848    Fourth Session,   1849    Fifth Session,   1849-50    Sixth Session,   1850-51    Seventh Session,   1851-52    Eighth Session,   1852    Ninth Session,   1852    Ninth Session,   1852    Tenth Session,   1852    Tenth Session,   1853    Televenth Session,   1853    Twelfth Session,   1853    Twelfth Session,   1854-55    Tourteenth Session,   1855    Fiftcenth Session,   1855    Sixteenth Session,   1856    Sixteenth Session,   1856    Sixteenth Session,   1856    Wentjeth Session,   1857    Twentjeth Session,   1858    Twenty-first Session,   1859    Twenty-first Session,   1859    Twenty-third Session,   1860    Total	7 3 2 5 5 5 5 6 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 4 4 3 3 3 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1		1 7 3 4	1 1	1 1 3 2 1 8 8 6 6 4 4 9 6 3 3 1 2 1 1 1 9 6 4 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 4 2 2 4 2 2 4 3 2 1 5 4 1 77 61 16

TABLE N .- THE OTHER EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.

					-					11		
			COLLEG	ES.	11	RIV			AND 100LS.		то	TAL.
COUNTIES.	Number of Colleges.	Number of Students.	Annual Income or Legislative Aid.	Amount received from Fees.	Number of Academies and Private Schools.	Number of Pupils.	Number of months	Number of Teachers.	Amount received from Fees.	Total Colleges, Acad- emies and Private	Total Students and	Total amount received from Fees or Legis- lative Aid.
Glengarry Stormont						1	. 1	0 :	\$ cts 1 50 00		1	\$ cts
Dundas Prescott					.	2 18	3 1	2	216 00		2 18	216 00
Russell					:	1 10	)	i  '''':	.   [		1 10	
CarletonGrenville					.]]		; ;	;[			.	
Leeds						$egin{array}{c c} 1 & 20 \ 2 & 32 \ \end{array}$			2 500 00 2 320 00		$egin{array}{c c} 1 & 20 \ 2 & 32 \ \end{array}$	
T .					E 5	3 32	10	); 3	16 00		3 32	16 00
77						$egin{array}{c c} 1 & 4 \ 1 & 12 \end{array}$					$egin{array}{c c} 1 & 4 \ 1 & 12 \end{array}$	
Addington	••••	••••										
Lennox		1				1 10 2 22			800 00 82 00		10	
Northumberland								]	32 00		2 22	82 00
Peterborough		1	.   <i>.</i>		4	69	9	4	80 00	4	69	80 00
Victoria	<i></i> .											
Ontario	• • • • • •											50 00
Peel					16	262	8	19	443 00	16	262	443 00
Simcoe					4	-)	9			4		350 00
Wentworth					7		10			7		300 00 172 00
Brant					$\parallel$ $\epsilon$	147	8	7	344 00	ė		344 00
Lincoln Welland	•••••	·····			6		9 5			6		287 00
Haldimand				1	i		11	3	460 00 90 00	5		460 00 90 00
Norfolk Oxford				1	9	95	6	7	410 00	9	95	410 00
Waterloo				1	8		5 8	$\begin{vmatrix} 10 \\ 4 \end{vmatrix}$	450 00 120 00	8		450 00 120 00
Wellington				1.	5		11	6	570 00	5		570 00
Grey					3	55	 5	3	205 00	3	55	205 00
Huron					i		6		30 00	í		30 00
BruceMiddlesex					9	119	8	9			170	514 00
Elgin	1				5	66	8	5	514 00 420 00	9 5	119	514 00 420 00
KentLambton		•••••		[·····	1		6	1	30 00	1	25	30 00
Essex			••••••		1 4	16 58	2 8	1 5	8 00 410 00	1	16 58	8 00 410 00
Total	••••					1981	8	130	7792 00		1981	7792 00
<u> </u>		- 1			1		!					
CITIES.	18.0	000	22222 22					İ	11			
Hamilton	*8	800	80000 00	15200 00	14 15		$\frac{12}{12}$	86 31	5400 00		1300	100600 00
Kingston	*2	225		14400 00	17	500	12		6001 80	15 19		6001 80 28400 00
London Ottawa	*1		1400 00	1200 00	4	130	10	6	3000 00	4	130	3000 00
Total				30800 00	59	$\frac{270}{2080}$	12		20401 80	70	$\frac{340}{3175}$	2600 00 140601 80
*These statistics are				1		-**	**	100	40±01 00	10	0110	1#0001 00

<sup>\*</sup>These statistics are taken partly from the Statutes of Canada for 1861, and from information received in 1856; no official reports being received.

TABLE N.—The other Educational Institutions, &c.—(Continued.)

		C	OLLEGE	s.	11			ES A	ND OOLS.		TO	ral.
TOWNS.	Number of Celleges.	Number of Students.	Annual Income or Legislative Aid.	Amount received frum Fees.	Number of Academies and Private Schools.	Number of Pupils.	Number of months open.	Number of Teachers.	Amount received from Fees,	Total Colleges, Academies and Private Schools.	Total Students and Pupils.	Total amount received from Fees or Legisla- tive Aid.
AmherstburghBarrie	,.				    4 5			4			40	
Belleville					1 1				80 00	1		
Brantford					4 8			7 9	2680 00	4		
Colifton	*1		5000 00		10 2	50				11	412 50	
Cornwall Dundas Galt Goderich				,	1 5			5	400 00	1 5		
Guelph					3 5 1	50	9	5	340 00	3 5 1	50 13	340 00
Milton Niagara Oakville Owen Sound		 			1			1 1		I	30 12	
Paris					2			2		2	24	
Picton Port Hope Prescott						100 50	$\frac{12}{12}$	4 2	250 00 200 00	3 2 3	100 50 60	250 00 200 00
Sandwich					3	50 40		5	•••••	3	88 40	
Simcoe					5	40		3	600 00	5	40	
Woodstock Total	2	278	5400 00	2950 00	85	$\frac{275}{1744}$	$\frac{10}{10}$		5043 00 18007 00	9 87	$\frac{275}{2022}$	
VILLAGES. Ashburnham					<u>.</u>							
Bath					3 2	30	12 12	3 2	220 00	3 2	30	220 00
Brighton					2 3	14 10	9 6	1 4	75 00 80 00	2 3	14 10	75 00 80 00
Chippewa			••••••		2 2	11 43	6 10	2 2	66 00	2 2	11 43	66 00
Dunnville			••••••			•••	]	•••••				***************
Fergus					1 1 1	72 35	8 12	1	122 00 288 00	1 1 1	72 <b>3</b> 5	112 00 288 00

TABLE N.—The other Educational Institutions, &c.—( Continued.)

		C	OLLEGI	2.5	11 -				AND		ጥሰ	TAL.	
		·	OHUEGI		PF	AVI	TE	SCE	00LS.		10	A. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	
VILLAGES.—(Con'td.)	Number of Colleges.	Number of Students.	Annual Income or Legislative Aid.	Amount received from Fees.	Number of Academies and Private Schools.	Number of Pupils.	Number of months	Number of Teachers.	Amount received from Fees.	Total Colleges, Acadelemies and Private	Total Students and Pupils.	Total amount received from Bees or Legisla- tive Aid	***************************************
			\$ ets	cts					\$ ets		-		
Hespeler										]]		\$	ots
Iroquois													••••
Kemptville							12	2	1 200 00		3 8	200	
Kincardine		1			II			J`		II 1		400	UU
Mitchell													••••
Napanee							12	4		11	50	\ \ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	••••
Newburgh								1 *		11 .	7	` ·······	••••
Newcastle					2	20	3	5	60 00		20	60	00
New Hamburg					·		1 -	1 -		11 -	1 "	00	UU
Newmarket											28	49	
Oshawa												ή <del>4</del> 9	vv
Pembroke						1		-					••••
Portsmouth					1	13	12	1	74 00		13	74	
Preston					1						10	74	vv
Renfrew													••••
Richmond							].				,,,,,,,		
Smith's Falls													••••
Southampton												******	
Stirling		1			1 1	30	12	1	200 00	1	30	200	00
St. Mary's		1	l	[	1 3								
St. Thomas	l		<b></b> .	l <b></b> i	١ij								
Stratford	l	Į.			9								
Strathroy	<b></b>	1	l		ļ		ļ	l		*	}	000	UV
Streetsville		1	. <b></b> .	l	1 7	25	12	2	300 00	1	25	300	00
Thorold		l	l. <b></b>	li	2			2					
Trenton	l	l		l [	ļ			l		_	00	400	00
Vienna		١		. <b></b>	1	20	6	2	80 00	1	20	80	00
Waterloo		1	l	l			J	l <del>.</del>		ĺ			v
Welland													•••
Yorkville													•••
Total					38	603	10	43	3580 00	38	603	3580	00
Grand Total	12	1279	04800 00	33750 00	205	0400	1-70	105	10700 00	07.0			
" " 1859		1979	00 00020	33750 00		6408	10		49780 80		7781		
1000	13	1919	02110 00	99190 00	321	6182	b	312	41642 97	334	7555	164502	97
Increase			5690 00			226	1	0.5	0727 00			7.000-	
Decrease	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	*****	0000 00		16		1	95	8137 83		226	13827	83
	•••••				10				**********	16		*******	
						1	, ,		,		,		

TABLE O.—STATEMENT No. 1.—The Free Public Libraries of Upper Canada, 1860.

THE FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES SUPPLIED	BY THE EDU	CATIONAL DEF	ARTMENT DUR	ING THE Y	EAR.		
		MONEYS.		r of	Vols.	fo. of separate applications for Books during	 g
COURTIES AND NAMES	Amount of	Amount of	37.1	Number es suppl	er of V out du: ie.year.	tion dur	; ;;
0P	Local Appropriation	Legislative Apportionment	Value of Books	Nu nes in 18	oer ou he.y	of solice	ye
COMMON SCHOOL LIBRARIES.	for 1860.	for 1860,	sent in 1860.	Total Number of Volumes supplied in 1860.	Number of Vols. taken out during the year.	No.	
Carleton: Gloucester, No. 9	\$ cts. 14 00	\$ ets. 14 00	\$ cts. 28 00	42	32		12
Grenville:							
Augusta, No. 1	20 00	20 00	40 00	62	200		30
Crosby, North, No. 2; South, No. 1	40 50	40 50	81 00	154 17	87. N.	R.	70
Lecds and Lansdowne, front, No. 10	5 00 6 00	5 00 6 <b>00</b>	10 00 12 00	29	N.	R.	
Renfrew: Bagot, No. 4	5 00	5 00	10 00	7	175	-	26
Frontenae: 050, No.	6 25	6 25	12 50	36			20
Wolfe Island	40 00	40 00	80 00	139	N.	R.,	
Madoc, No. 14	5 00	5 00	10 00	20	У.	R.	
Cramabe, No. 23	7 00	7 90	14 00	46	X.	B.	
Durham: Cavan, No. 3	20 00	20 00	40 00	71	30	1	20
Darlington, No. 21.	25 00	25 00	50 00	82	60		4.3
Manvers, No. 7	23 00	33 00	66 00	118	N.	R.	
Minden, No. 6	10 00	10 00	20 00	43	N.	R.	
Ops, No. 1	18 00	18 00	36 00	. 27	N.	R.	
Verulam, No. 4	10 00	10 00	20 00	45	N.	n.	
Scott, No. 5	25 00	25 00	50 00	103	N.	R.	
Gwillimbury, East, No. 4	50 00	50 00	100 00	134	137		60
" North, Tp	100 00 14 10	100 00 14 10	200 00 28 20	312	N. 30	R. N. R.	
" No. 5	6 00	6 00	12 00	31	78	N. R.	
" No. 6	• 00	18 00	36 00	65		N. R.	

TABLE O.—STATEMENT No. 1.—THE FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

THE FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES SUPPLIES	BY THE EDU	CATIONAL DEF	PARTMENT DUR	ING THE Y	EAR.		
COUNTIES AND NAMES		MONEYS.		otal No. of Vols. supplied in 1860.	Volumes out dur-	ate	ä
or	Amount of	Amount of	Value of Books	No. supp 60.	o. of Volumes taken out dur- ing the year.	epal atio	, Ac
	Local Appropriation	Legislative Apportionment		1 No. ds. sup 1860.	. 95	f a lica	43
COMMON SCHOOL LIBRARIES.	for 1860.	for 1860.	sent in 1860.	Total Vols	No. of take ing t	No. of separate applications for Books dur-	ing
Peel:					<u> </u>	<del></del> -	
Caledon, No. 8	\$ cts <sup>,</sup> 15 00	\$ ets. 15 00	\$ cts.				
Simcoe:		15 00	30 00	71	55		33
Innisfil, No. 3		20 00	40 00	92	500	N. R.	
" No. 5	31 00 19 26	31 00 19 26	62 00	124	30		20
Reformatory Prison, Penetanguishene	47 66	47 66	38 52 95 32	69 150	29		10
Halton:		2. 00	30 02	150	N.	R.	
Trafalgar and Esquesing	$\frac{42}{50}$	42 50	85 00	136	790	N. R.	
Beverley, No. 17	15 00	15 00	30 00	. 59	715	j ,,, ,,	
Lineoln:				1 38	715	N.R.	
Caistor, No. 5		40 00	80 00	137	N.	R.	
" No. 8	10 00	10 00	20 00	39	N.	R.	
Walsingham, No. 19	15 50	15 50	31 00	64	3.7		
Woodhouse, No. 13	17 30	17 30	34 60	116	N. N.	R. R.	
Oxford:	70.00	70.00		-10	14.	ν.	
Zorra, East, No. 3	13 36 5 00	13 56 5 00	26 72	51	95	[	19
Waterloo:	3 00	3 🗸	10 00	27	304		84
Dumfries, North, No. 18	40 00	40 00	80 00	158	250	]	20
Wilmot, Tp	50 00	50 00	100 00	78	N.	R.	22
Eramosa, No. 4	10 00	00 01	22.00				
Garafraxa, No. 11	27 50	27 50	20 00 55 00	27	475	i .	56
Guelph, No. 5	21 00	21 00	42 00	116 35	N.	R.	
Peel, No. 6	25 00	25 00	50 00	101	647 N.	-	30
Pilkington, No. 1	24 00	24 00	48 00	67	553	R.	~ - 0
Puslinch, No. 6	21 00	21 00	42 00	90	329	ł	55 <b>3</b>
Grey: Collingwood	200 00	200 00	(00.00			1	
Holland	40 00	40 00	400 00 80 00	798	N.	R.	
Melanethon, No. 1	80 00	80 00	160 00	117	N.	R.	•
Sydenham, No. 4	25 00	25 00	50 00	221 101	180 <b>N</b> .	R.	75

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erth:	1	1	Li.		1	,	
Ellice, No. 7	10 00	10 00	20 00	39	25	20	1
Hibbert and Logan, No. 1	7 50	7 50	15 00	39	N.	R.	
Mornington, No. 2.	25 00	25 00	50 00	86	N. R.	41 {	]
Mornington, No. 3	.100 00	100 00	200 00	322	N.	R.	
Wallace, Tp	50 50	50 50	101 00	175	N.	R.	į
terons:							ŀ
Ashfield, No. 1	40 00	40 00	80 00	105	25	10	į
Howick, Tp	40 00	40 00	80 00	149	N.	R.	į
** No. 5	5 00	5 00	10 00	27	113	45	1
McGillivray, No. 10.	7 00	7 00	14 00	34	N.		
Stephen, No. 1	24 20	24 20	48 40	128	N.	R.	1
ruec:	(0.00	40.00	00.00	190	104	N 70	
Bruce, No. 7	40 00	40 00	80 00	133	127	N. R.	ļ
iddlesex:	10.00	19 00	38 00	65	715	342	ļ
Carradoc, Tp	19 00 51 62	51 62	103 24	186	566	314	1
Ektrid, Tp	91 02	51 02	100 24	100	500	914	i
lyla:	30 00	30 00	60 00	99	N.	R.	l
Mayham, No. 1 Dorchester, South, No. 6	5 00	5 00	10 00	37	N.		
cot:	0 00	0 00	10 00	٠.		1	l
Zone Tp	100 00	100 00	200 00	309	N.	R.	ŀ
ambton:	100 00	200 00					
Sombra No. 11	8 00	8 00	16 00	42	70	14	ĺ
eser:				i			95
Malden Lunatio Asylum	52 00	52 00	104 00	176	N.	R.	- 51
ities:			Į į			H	ì
Toronto City Schools	61 00	61 00	122 00	304	11145	N. R.	!
Hamilton Central School	80 00	80 00	160 00	236	8000	700	ł
London Jail.,	5 00	5 00	10 00	14	N.	R.	l l
banis :						l l	Ì
Barrie	40 00	40 00	80 00	136	800	800	l
" Jail	20 00	20 00	40 00	84	N.	R.	[
Bowmanville	191 22	191 22	382 44	438	Ŋ.	R.	ļ
Clifton	100 00	100 00	200 00	285	N.	R.	Į
Cornwall	10 00	10 00	20 00 50 32	25 87	1526	N. R.	l
Goderich Jail	25 16	$\begin{array}{c c} 25 & 16 \\ 14 & 75 \end{array}$	29 50	57 50	N. N.	R. R.	ĺ
Oakville Grammar School	14 75 55 00	55 00	110 00	210	N.	R.	
Peterborough	20 00	20 00	40 00	82	N.	R.	ļ
U & LL	35 00	35 00	70 00	143	650	K. 650	ł
Port Hope	10 00	10 00	20 00	36	N.	R. 650	1
	10 00	10 00	20 00	• • •	11.	1.	1
illages: Fergus	7 03	7 03	14 06	25	931	931	1
Preston	12 87	12 87	25 74	23	320	320	ŀ
Thorold	10 00	10 00	20 00	59	Ň.	R. 320	1
1 1101010							
15	2644 78	2644 78	5289 56	9072	*********	l fi	1
Total	ZUTT 10 !	4044 (O I					

TABLE O.—STATEMENT No. 1.—THE FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.— Continued.)

			THE F	REE PUBI	TO LIBRA	RIES	SUPP	LIED .	BY THE	EDU	CATIO	NAL	DEPART	MEN	T.		
			MONE	rs.		sive	Velumes	MISCE	CLLANE-		NDAY	вито	R PUBLIC	SCHO	OMMON OOL LIB-	& PCI	L SCHOOL
	l Ap-	ative	sent	sent.	Books	exclusive	l ' l	(	iųs.		ARIES.	LIB	RARIES.	PER	RIES AS FOREGO- COLUMNS.	UPP	RIES IN ER CAN- ADA.
COUNTIES	mount of Local propriation for 1	Amount of Legislative Apportionment for 1866.	alue of Books in 1860.	alue of Books in former years.	Value of .	of Libraries of sub-divisions	ital Number of in Libraties.	No. of Volumes taken out dur- ing the year.	No. of separate applications for Books during the year.	Libraries.	Volumes.	Libraries.	Volumes.	Libraries.	Volumes.	Libraries.	Volumes.
	Am	An An	Val	Val	Total	No.	Total in I	No. (take	No. 4 appli Boo	Lib	- Λο1	Lib		Lib	Vol	Lib	Λ <sub>0</sub> Ι
Glengarry  Stormont  Dundas  Prescott  Carleton  Gronville  Leeds  Lanark  Renfrew  Frontenac  Addington  Prince Edward  Hastings  Northumberland  Durham  Peterborough	14 00 20 00 51 50 46 25 5 00 7 00 78 00 10 00	14 00 20 00 51 50 46 25 	28 00 40 00 103 00 10 00 92 50	\$ cts. 200 00 560 00 800 00 912 00 652 37 1837 02 836 00 3761 80 1453 72 400 00 720 00 1200 00 2691 84 4140 00 984 57 3185 56 266 24	\$ cts. 200 00, 560 00 800 00, 912 00, 652 37 1865 02 876 00, 2761 80, 1463 72, 448 77, 100 00, 1200 00, 1200 00, 14154 00, 1140 57, 3205 56	1 2 1 4 4 11 5 12 13 13 13 2 2 9 9 8 19 6	454 1144 1401 1788 1270 3777 1809 1815 8001 2887 985 615 1556 2102 5186 8307 2681 6674 538	374 N. 177 N. R. 302 705 206 884 5715 1606 N. R. 266 316 2871 2032 N. R. N. R.	N. R. 3422 333 4722 1066 295 N. R. N. R. 171 1879 949 N. R. N. R.	9 15 19 26 10 27 23 69 56 14 80 25 14 38 22 78 33 21 77	1050 1480 2086 3676 900 3478 2924 6567 7000 1610 3683 4153 4282 4361 3500 9471 4012 3150	3 1 3 1 3 3 3 3 3 3 2 4 2 2 5 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 6 3 6 3	310 82 1650 800 180 325 350 5500 950 950 957 2580 450 1319	1 2 4 4 1 1 5 1 3 5 1 2 2 9 9 8 1 9 6	1809 1815 8001 2837 985 615 1556 2192 5192 5307 2681 6674	21 33 15 40 29 84 99 30 38 28 20 42 33 92 44 54	1504 2934 3569 7114 2977 7485 5058 8732 20501 5297 5618 3188 7452 9644 20355 7144 11144
Victoria	25 00 188 10 15 00 117 92 42 50 15 00	25 00 188 10 15 00 117 92 42 50 15 00	50 00 50 00 376 20 30 00 235 84 85 00 30 00	1023 12 1623 12 1639 63 4533 66 2564 00 588 00 1566 00 450 00 2260 00 844 00	4073 12 8015 83 4563 66 2799 84 673 00 1596 00 450 00 2360 00 844 00	15 21 6 15 4 9 2 7	7085 15311 8095 5440 1351 3288 789 4110 1697	2869 11669 5984 835 1024 2376 1120 1774 689	247 2440 2507 260 156 631 406 502 254	34 60 39 36 33 52 37 31 41	5620 10452 6385 5911 7630 7657 6794 5427 6599	6 23 3 7 11 9 3 2 3	2900 5645 680 2156 3126 2366 2275 486 1516	15	7085 15311 8095 5440	55 104 48 58 48	1560 3140 1516 1350 1210 1331 985 1002 981

29, Heldimand 36 Norfolk 31 Oxford 32 Waterloo 33 Wellington 34 Grey 35 Perth 36 Huron 37 Bruce 38 Middlesex 39 Elgin 40 Kent 41 Lambton 42 Essex.	32 80 18 36 90 00 128 50 345 00 193 00 116 20 40 00 70 62	32 80 18 36 90 00 128 50 193 00 116 20 40 00 70 62 35 00 100 00 8 00 52 00	65 60 36 72 180 00 257 00 690 00 386 00 232 40 80 00 141 24 70 00 200 00 16 00 104 00	3070 10 672 00 4040 00 1144 87 2308 91 17735 10 1980 00 3555 60 181 00 3366 00 1461 72 3130 00 2069 17 1150 00	3070 10 737 60 4976 72 1634 87 2565 97 2425 10 2366 00 3788 00 261 00 3507 24 1631 72 3330 00 2085 17 1254 00	5 13 9 14 13 4	9587 2985 4998 4815 4599 7631 552 6171 2960 6566	1823 N. R. 6108 1283 3658 771 817 3601 535; 2813 264 2912 1635 432	N. R.   1540   137   1419   422   487   700   178   1410   163   594   1069   148	56 88 20 47 19 34 29 17 59 54 34 23 11	4908 6831 10904 2425 6361 2182 4111 3530 1643 7520 5503 4614 2414 3350 195704	3 5 4 3 10 12 15 15 1 12 8 6 8 10	2370 1200 677 9607 1855 1788 2059 150 4692 1205 1450 1390 1040	4 14 9 25 13 14 19 5 13 9 14 13 4 370	5239 1420 9587 2985 4998 4815 4599 7631 552 6171 2960 6566 3902 2345	53 65 106 32 82 44 63 63 23 84 71 54 44 25	12517 9251 21168 6370 13966 8802 10528 13220 2345 18683 9668 12630 7706 6735
CITIES.  Toronto I Hamilton Kingston London Ottowa Total	80 00	61 00 80 00 5 00	160 00	3823 87 1680 00 1480 00 800 00	3945 87 1840 00 1480 00 810 00	1	6336 2725 2175 1114  12350	11145 8000 5100 6754	700 275 130	19 9 11 6 5 41	6200 4000 4000 2500 2200	9 4 2 2 1 18	41421 6129 2800 2100 1500 54950	4 1 1 2  8	0336 2725 2175 1114 12350	23 14 14 10 6 6	53957 12854 8975 6714 3700 86200
	100 00 100 00 10 00 25 16	191 22 100 00 10 00 25 16	200 00 20 00 50 32	210 72 199 50 24 00 80 00 31 00 591 50 394 92 200 00 200 00 40 00 40 5 30	330 72 199 50 382 44 24 00 80 00 31 00 200 09 531 50 394 92 220 08 200 00 50 32 40 00 405 30	1 1 1 1 1	325 438 42 154 75 285 877 739 403 280 87	270 1009 N. R. N. R. N. R. N. R. 250 1215 1526  216 N. R. N. R.	800 N. E. N. R. N. R. 467 N. R. 1318 N. P. 457 N. R. N. R.	55 57 77 1 2 1 7 3 4 7 7 7 6 6 6 2 2	500 1800 600 3000 2000 1800 275 451 1850 750 600 3000 1400 1200 3000 1320 240	1	1500 900 1720 800 1000 550 291 11000 800 N. R., 1000 953 900 N. R.,	3 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	,	7 6 8 9 9 9 9 3 4 10 5 5 8 8 7	1146 2700 2645 4238 3042 2754 900 1057; 3577 2289 1003 4000 2633 2187 4654 2016 346

TABLE O.—STATEMENT No. 1.—The Free Public Libraries of Upper Canada, 1860.—(Continued.)

			THE	FREE PU	BLIC LIBI	RARII	S SUP	PLIED	BY THE	EDU	CATIO	NAL	DEPART	MEN'	г.		
			MONE			sive of	mes in	MISCEL	LANEOUS.	] -	NDAT HOOL	OTHE	R PUBLIC	SCH	OMMON OOL LIE- RIES AS	& PUB	SCHOOL LIC LIB- IES IN
	Ap-	ative for	sent	sent.	Books	exclusiv	Volumes			LIER	ARIES.	, FIB: 	RARIES.		POREGO-		ER CAM- LDA.
TOWNS.—(Con.)	Amount of Local propriation for	Amount of Legislative Apportionment for 1860.	Value of Books in 1860.	Value of Books in former years	Total Value of E	No. of Libraries esub-divisions.	Total number of Libraries.	No. of Volumes taken out during the year.	No. of separate applications for Books dur- ing the year.	Libraries.	Volumes.	Libraries.	Volumes.	Libraries.	Volumes.	Libraries.	Volumes.
Niagara Oakville Owen Sound	14 75	14 75	29 50		29 50	1 1	50		N. R.	2 4 7	800 3000  750 1500	I I I	800 1000 250 700 1000	1	50	l si	1600 4000 300 1450
Paris. Perih Peterborough Picton Port Hope	75 00	75 00	150 00	160 00 20 00 200 00	160 00 150 00 20 00 270 00	1	296 292 43 460	N. R. N. R. 450	N. R. N. R. N. R.	5 3 4	1000 1400 900 1000	1 1 2 3	700 700 800 1000 780	1 ~	296 292 43 460	6 5 6	2790 1700 2490 1940 2240
Prescott Sandwich Sarnia Simcoe				50 00 650 00	50 00 650 00	1 1	93 761	N. R. N. R.	N. R. N. R.	3 3 6	600 800 600 1600	1 1 1	100 500 200 260	1 1	93 761	4 3 5 8	70- 130- 89- 262:
St. Catharines	10 00	10 00	20 00	39 50	20 00 39 50	1	36 82	N. R. N. R.	N. R. N. R.	7 3 3 7	550 1200 600 2200	1 1 1	1408 650 350 1500	1	36 82	4	195 188 95 378
Total	521 13	521 13	1042 26	3439 44	4481 70	25	7104			153	42316	38	24378	25	7104	216	7379

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VILLAGES.	!			1	-		l	1	1	ı					1		1
						i I			l i	1		1 1		1 1			
1 Ashburnham										1	150		,			1	15
2 Bath	************									·····:							······································
4 Brampton	***********	***********	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	900 00	900 00		413	200		3		1	120			1 4	62
5 Brighton	1.			200 00	200 00	1	419	200		6 2		1	360 703		413	8 4	
6 Caledonia		***********		*********				********		1 4	600	4	120				125 72
7 Cayuga				***************************************					***********	*	000	١ ٠	120			1	
olombhews	1	1	ŀ	2	1	1 1		1	)	1 1	1000	·····	200			, 5	120
9; Chinton		i . <b>.</b>		1	1	1	}		1 1	1 3		2	400			1 12	90
Tolcorporae		<b></b>		ļ	1	! 1	<b>)</b>		: }	4		1 7	150			5	,
TI Dunnville	1								}	3	400	1 1	1100			1 4	150
12 Elora	1			1 482 00	482 001	1	761			4	1200	Ιī	100		761	6	
13 Embro						ļ				2	800			1 - 1		2	80
14 rergus	7 03	i 703	14 06	37 14	51 201	1	97	175	931	3	1000	1	738			5	
15 Fort Erie								22	18	,		1	87	1		1	8
10 Hawkesbury	i	<i></i>		1	!	1	1	1		3	300	1	295	l		4	59
T1   II CO D G ( C I				Lib'v renor	lted in Tromi	1 1	1	1			,			1			
18 Iroqueis		••••••														1	
19 Kemptville		**********		200 00	200 00	1	246			4		1	600	1	~ 10	6	
20 Kincardine		** ********	*******	******			<b>   </b>			3						3	
21 Mitchell		*********	**********	*****	[.,,,,,,					2	0.101	1	500			3	
22 Napanee			**********					** *****		4	400	1	800			5	120
24 New Hamburg	************	************						•••••		3 75	300	37.5	366			4	66
25 Newcastle	**********							********		M.R.	N. R. 200	N,R	N. K.	[·····	.,		
26 Newmarket				Lib'z rener	tod in Toin			*******		2	1330	L	240	1		3	44
27 Oshawa			}	400 00	400 00	"" I	697	*********		9	1000	1	762		627	5	209 227
28 Pembroke	1			Lib'y renor	ted in To'n		021			9	150	1	50			2	1 227
29 Portsmouth	1			Ling y Topor	lect in 10 p						750	1				3	75
30 Preston	1 12 87	12 87	25 74	1 270 20	295 94	1 1	309					,i	400		392	$\begin{vmatrix} & o \\ 2 & \end{vmatrix}$	79
31 St. Mary's						J					600	1	600			5	
5Z OL Thomas					, ,					4	1220	i		1		5	
33 Smith's Falls	1			413 13	413 13	1 1	643	i 488	322	3	1000	3	1800				344
34 Southampton					i		1 1	{		1 3	350	1	200				55
35 Stratford							l	1	1	4	1000	î	1000			5	200
30 Strathroy					i	1	:i I	1		1		[]			1	"	
37 Stirling					ł	1	1 .1		1	i		i		1 1	1	1 1	l
soloncerature				Lib v repor	ited in Toʻni						<b></b>		. <i>.</i>	J1			
													400 <sub>1</sub>	1 1	59	5	165
40 Trenton	[	******	•••••	******	**** *******								300		,,,,,,,,,,,	1	30
41 Vienna					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •					6	600	1	400	<b> </b>		7	100
1 1	; ]		1	· ·	1 1	!!	1	1		1		Ι.		1 1		1	i ,
																	1

TABLE O.—STATEMENT No. 1.—THE FREE PUBLIC LIBRARIES OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

				THE	FREE PU	BLIC LIB	RARII	ES SUP	PLIED	ву тне	EDU	CATIO	NAL	DEPART	MEN	T.		
				MONE	ү з.		ive of	les in			11	UNDAY	отн	er Public	SCH	OMMON	& PU	L SCHOOL
	VILLAGES(Con.)	al Ap- r 1860.	slative at for	s sent	s sent	Books	exclusi	Volumes	MISCEI	LLANGOUS.	11	CHOOL RARIES.	LIB	BARIES.	PER	RIES AS FOREGO- COLUMES.	UPP	RIES IN ER CAN- LDA.
	VIIIIA (150(1011.)	mount of Local propriation for	mount of Legislative Apportionment for 1860.	slue of Books in 1860.	Value of Books in former years.	Total value of sent,	o. of Libraries sub-divisions.	Total number of Libraries.	No. of Volumes taken out dur- ing the year.	No. of separate applications for Books dur- ing the year.	Libraries.	Volumes.	Libraries.	Volumes.	Libraries	olumes.	Libraries.	Volumes.
		An	An	\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \	Va	To s	No.	Tot	No ra in	No. ap for ing	Lib	Vol	Lib	Vol	Libn	Voh	Libr	Volv
	Waterloo	\$ ets.  	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.							i I					
43	Welland Yorkville		************			***************************************				***************************************	3	200 1138	1	400 650		************	4 5	600 1788
1	Total	29 90	29 90	59 80	2002 47	2062 27	8	3238			108	21728	36	15391	8	3238	152	40357
	Total for 1860 " 1859	2644 78 2902 82	2644 78 2902 82	5289 56 5805 64	94518 40 88712 76		411 354	186 <b>6</b> 58 177586				278648 271507	347 334	157805 118556	411 354	186658 177586	2514 2372	623111 567649
	IncreaseDecrease		258 04	516 08		5289 56	57	9072			72	7141	13	39249	57	9072	142	55462

#### TABLE O.—STATEMENT No. 2.

The following is a full and interesting Statement of the Number and Classification of Public Library and Prize Books sent out from the Depository of the Upper Canada Educational Department, from 1853 to 1860, inclusive:

									-									
Number of Volumes sent out during the Months of	Total Volumes. Library Books.	History.	Zoology.	Botany.	Phenomena, &c.	Physical Science.	Geology, &c.	Natural Philoso- phy and Manu- factures.	Chemistry.	Agricultural Chemistry.	Practical Agricul- ture.	Literature.	Voyages, &c.	Biography.	Tales & Sketches Practical Life.	Teachers' Library	rize Books.	Grand Total Lib- rary and Prize
November, 1853 December, "		168 3990	62 1540	16 271	29 877	15 511	5 229	45 895	6 126	9 183	48 759	90 2604	54 1087	126 2791	284 4894	204		961 20961
Januagy 1854 Bebruary " March "	3129 7874 2161	$\begin{array}{c} 624 \\ 1290 \\ 362 \end{array}$	$     \begin{array}{r}       279 \\       627 \\       164     \end{array} $	46 125 25	143 275 62	34 237 50	30 85 27	307 72	29 93 22	48 65 24	151 348 103	308 830 220	291 528 182	435 738 225	545 2252 556	74 67		3129 7874 2161 1149
April "May "June "July "	1149 4948 5236 9305	174 797 996 1601	$101 \\ 472 \\ 476 \\ 937$	13 56 79 159	$     \begin{array}{r}       34 \\       112 \\       276 \\       406     \end{array} $	28 98 95 208	13 45 46 81	211 406	10 40 41 81	8 32 23 38	42 156 176 420	115 527 508 812	96 291 294 528	110 597 478 919	348 1468 1286 2320	46 56		4948 5236 9308
August " September " October "	7142 9372 9727	1028 1269 1484	574 596 883	$92 \\ 127 \\ 183$	199 230 256	$136 \\ 132 \\ 219$	61 66 110	521 847 966	70 79 112	$egin{array}{c} 24 \\ 16 \\ 28 \\ \end{array}$	$411 \\ 368 \\ 647$	555 598 685	447 541 668	677 710 872	2303 3751 2549	42 65		714 937 972
November " December " January, 1855	4282 $2386$ $4570$ $1667$	619 389 805 174	278 145 392 100	74 51 64 17	110 69 110 65	92 22 214 22	47 25 48	231	33 19 50 21	8 7 8	308 105 186 62	422 184 608 159	322 162 357 134	404 228 468 185	1214 715 935 596	20 94		428 238 457 160
March "April" "May "	639 2594 4100	83 398 724	43 160 331	12 29 50	16 41 69	10 48 <b>4</b> 8	6 15 39	28 178 309	$\frac{2}{18}$	2 22	32 48 <b>2</b> 91	74 370 392	49 248 338	44 359 485	225 651 908	29 53		63 259 410
June " July " August " September "	. 1704 . 1941	1047 428 508 402	405 98 156 36	71 S 37	95 24 35 10	99: 61: 59 16:	35 <b>6</b> 11 6	104 91	45 22 5		355 105 108 91	581 141 298 208	607   153   165   217	446   171   171   182	1157 346 277 314			544 170 194 161
October " Wovember " December "	2595 1213 571	612 194 100	211 116 5	$\frac{9}{12}$	46 32 15	53 27 6	14 9 2	214 56 9	4 3 3	11 1 3	128 40 6	258 206 59 22	418 153 87	391 139 40	203 206 231	3		259 121 57 24
January, 1856 February " March " April "	. 1359	36 261 137	36 4 41 20	4 2	3 10 21	24 27 8	9 5	72 4 74 14	11 16	2 1	52 30	2 264 62	10 89 41	135 81	338 140	37		135 57
May "	. 434	105	10 49	14	·· 5	4 6	1 5	3 19	 2	$\frac{1}{2}$	18 35	41 74	41 61	$\begin{array}{c} 32 \\ 207 \end{array}$	173 108	26		48 78

# TABLE O.--STATEMENT No. 2.—(Continued.)]

													-					
Number of Volumes sent out during the Months of	Total Volumes. Library Books.	History.	Zoology.	Botany.	Phenomena, &c.	Physical Soience.	Geology, &c.	Natural Philosophy and Manufactures.	Chemistry.	Agricultural Chemistry.	Practical Agriculture.	Literature.	Voyages, &c.	Biography.	Tales and Sketches Practical Life.	Teachers' Library.	Prize Books.	Grand Total Library and Prize Books.
July, 1856 August " September " October " December " January, 1857. February " March " April " May " June " July " August September " October " November " December " January, 1858. February " March " April " May " June " July " August September " October " November " December " May " June " July " August " September " October " November " December " October " November " December " October " November " October "	1796 351 272 1050 2544 4233 4435, 5572 8619 1261 2283 2595, 2000 1200 448, 357, 172, 891 74 840, 1102 776 173, 414 475, 1240, 69, 1551, 387,	2366 777 19 225 382 870 691 1049 1386 177 302 566 405 261 125 18 237 22 119 257 166 40 80 88 269 118 358 40	129 57 104 197 258 410 439 87 108 172 149 9 15 44 63 61 19 35 124 63 126	12 30 32 24 46 73 96 18 22 25 11 2 4 1 1 6 13 7 6	83 55 36 46 50 135 51 110 148 67 62 41 49 9 16 9 24 	13 21 37 35 112 171 182 215 38 34 57 51 35 20 20 23 88 33 46 64 42 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21 21	12 3 3 5 5 9 5 9 10 9 20 8 18 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	69 16 5 88 1322 164 283 398 556 126 111 45 23 6 3 22 28 40 112 36 9 9	22 377 300 399 97 44 116	1 1 3 144 9 166 199 6 4 4 8 1 1 2 2		184 555 4 544 266 495 464 542 100 62 242 115 90 49 26 6 91 46 15 116 26 119 67 7	154 30 	313 29 111 109 378 544 566 723 1023 1023 1023 1195 248 119 40 47 71 12 62 84 79 112 49 41 83 85 66 81 75 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81 81	848 1094 1359 1326 2957 295 1073 594 123 194 42 3755 3755 330 234 42 3757 145 36 3757 3757 3757 3757 3757 3757 3757	21 5		1796 351 272 1050 2544 4233 4192 5587 8790 1301 2283 2845 2000 1341 565 577 2457 343 1007 1945 1409 797 1290 971 643 2181 2478

January, 1859 February " March " April " May June " July " August " September " October " December " January, 1860. February " March " April " May June " July " August " September " October " November " November "	\$68 3361 277 126 652 546 614 359 486 308 1075 477 359 932 337 1240 11004 155 398 1076	224 520 32 49 303 18 123 113 108 72 79 196 63 64 203 44 199 28 33 129 79	78 228 20 14 61 15 43 24 16 23 5 54 35 50 14 48 61 9 10 32 35	11 53 2 3 17 2 16 1 9 12 9 9 1 20 11 18 4 14 19	17   59   10   1   139   11   20   3   25   15   8   17   1   28   11   18   30   10   8   30   12   25   12   15   15   15   15   15	9 70 7 4 4 85 5 9 20 	17 48 1 7 17 3 11 8 5 12 12 10 7 7 8 8 9 3 1	32 157 12 34 2. 20 24 33 14 35 56 40 30 82 82 82 62 14 22 22 22 22	8 2 2 3 4 4 4 5 4 2 7 7 1	2 6 2 1 4 2 6 6	42 69 3 25 40 5 21 7 7 9 27 9 27 9 13 16 14 12 73 3 5	104 469 13 14 255 3 60 73 48 20 71 11 39 149 19 37 79 37 115 38 32 112	100 225 20 42 108 10 27 70 33 22 25 106 26 75 36 99 86 81	106 411 16 26 210 8 55 55 88 80 48 44 35 129 67 40 128 139 13 73	91 935 136 81 230 42 225 161 149 113 107 131 280 182 260 85 495 214 40 108 232	28 69 	708 543 901 398 335 1281 862 406 455 786 1223 4191 890 945 2530 1215 546 1768 1035 1106 7074	3904 1178 672 1772 1407 1514 952 1069 1145 1709 4499 1965 1422 2889 2147 883 3008 2557 1019 1061 1788
Tetal to 31st December, 1860	1758	304	13131	$\frac{31}{2440}$	5249	4134	26 1633	11151	$-\frac{12}{1332}$	724	7994	116	190	20737	50751	2118		229646
Deduct volumes r Volumes sent to I	eturned f	s' Insti	tutes, &	e., not i	ncluded	in the	above	•••••								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		616 229030 5533 284563

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### TABLE O.—STATEMENT No. 2.—(Continued.)

The Mechanics' Institutes which have received Libraries from the Depository, and the Number of Volumes sent to each, are, in Alphabetical order, as follows:

	VOLS.	YEARS.		vols.	YEARS
Baltimore	75	1858	Thorold	300	1858
Berlin	158	1855	Toronto	275	1856
Chatham	313	1853-4	Want-looks		
Johanna	350		Vankleekhill	106	1858
Cobourg	330	1856	Whitby	263	1857-8
Collingwood	46	1857			
Orummondville	6	1859			
onthill	137	1858		1	
indsay	106	1858	Total	3563	
tuelph	372	1853-4			
luntingdon, C. E	150	1855	Books were also sent to the Leeds & Grenville Agricultural		
difton	68	1858	Society	208	1855
dount Forest	106	1860	Educational Department, L. C.	1000	1860
Тарапее	27	1857	McGill College, Montreal	200	1857
Vewmarket	55	1858-9	Sarnia Dialectic Society	82	1858
akville	250		Southwold Agricultural Society	23	
ort Perry	109	1858	Various other Institutions for	23	1856
mith's Falls	73	1857-8	Various other Institutions, &c	457	1851-8-
t Catharinaa	108				
t. Catharines		1854-9	<b>i</b> †		1
treetsville	110	1860		5533	

TABLE O.—STATEMENT No. 2.—The Prison Libraries of Upper Canada. The following table shows the number of volumes sent out to the various prisons, &c., during the years 1856-60:

PRISON LIBRARIES.	Amount Received	Legislative Apportion- ment.	TOTAL.	Vols.	
1856 Peterborough Jail	\$ cts. 22 16½ 131 63 20 00	\$ cts. 22 16½ 131 63 20 00	\$ cts. 44 33 263 26 40 00	94 616 71	
1857: Lanark and Renfrew Jail Provincial Penitentiary Whitby Jail	60 00 46 13 20 00 126 13	173 79½ 60 00 46 13 20 00 126 13	120 00 92 26 40 00 252 26	781 282 174 106 562	
1858 : Provincial Penitentiary		100 00	200 00	251	
1859: Brockville Jail	40 00 20 00 10 00 25 00 19 75 17 00	40 00 20 00 10 00 25 00 19 75 17 00	\$0 00 40 00 20 00 50 00 39 50 34 00	154 94 43 93 82 96	
1860: Barrie Jail Goderich Jail London Jail Peterborough Jail Whitby Jail Reformatory Prison Penetanguishene	20 00 25 16 5 00 20 00 10 00 47 66	20 00 25 16 5 00 20 00 10 00 47 66	40 00 50 32 10 06 40 00 20 00 95 32	84 87 14 82 36 150	
	127 82	127 82	255 64	453	
1858: Provincial Lunatic Asylum	111 93 <u>3</u>	111 93½	223 87	386	
1860: Malden Lunatic Asylum	52 00	32 00	104 00	176	
RECAPITULATION: For the year 1856	173 79½ 126 13 100 00 131 75 127 82 111 93½ 52 00 \$823 43	173 79½ 126 13 100 00 131 75 127 82 111 93½ 52 00 \$823 43	347 59 252 26 200 00 263 50 255 64 223 87 104 00	781 562 251 562 463 386 176	
Grand Total		,.	<b>\$1646 86</b>	3171	

#### TABLE O.—STATEMENT No. 3.

Table showing the value of articles sent out from the Educational Depositories from the years 1851 to 1860, inclusive.

			the same of the sa	
YEAR.		ch the 100 per n apportioned islative Grant.	Articles sold at at Catalogue prices, without any appor-	Library, Prize, and School Books,
	Public Library Books.	Maps, Apparatus and Prize Books.	tionment from the Legislativo Grant.	
1851	51376 23 9947 15 7275 82 16200 92 3982 99 5805 64	4655 53 9320 87 18118 28 11810 28 11905 02	\$ cts. 1414 25 2981 13 4233 14 5514 18 4389 40 5726 76 6451 20 6972 05 6679 30	\$ cts. 1414 25 2981 13 4223 14 56890 41 18992 08 22323 45 40770 40 22765 32 24389 96
Total	99878 31	16832 17 72642 15	5416 64 49778 05	27538 37 222298 51

#### TABLE O.—STATEMENT No. 4.

The following Statistical Table has been compiled from the "Trade and Navigation Returns" for the years specified, showing the gross value of books (not maps or school apparatus) imported into Canada. This table proves conclusively how incorrect is the statement that the operations of the Educational Depository interfere with the interests of the booksellers.

Year.	entered at	Value of Books entered at Ports in Upper Canada.	Books imported	Proportion imported for the Educational Department for Upper Canada.
1850 1851 1852 1853 1854 1855 1856 1857 1858 1859 1860	171452 194356 208636 224400 171255	\$ 141700 171732 159268 254280 307808 338792 427992 309172 161942 184304 205544	\$ 243580 292432 300444 412980 479260 533148 636628 533572 363197 323361 330444	\$4 3226 1288 22764 44660 25624 10208 16028 10692 5308 8846
1850–60	1756512	2692534	4449046	148798

N. B.—Up to 1854, the "Trade and Navigation Returns" give the value on books entered at every port in Canada separately; after that year, the Reports give the names of the principal ports only, and the rest as "Other Ports." In 1854 the proportion entered in Lower Canada was within a fraction of a third part of the whole, and, accordingly, in compiling this table for the years 1855–60, the value entered in "Other Ports" is divided between Upper and Lower Canada, in the proportion of two-thirds to the former and one-third to the latter.

	MAPS, APPARATUS & PRIZE BOOKS SUPPLIED BY THE EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT DURING THE YEAR																
	Moneys.			Maps of									APPARATUS		OBJECT LESSONS	PRIZE BOOKS.	
MUNICIPALITIES  AND  SCHOOL SECTIONS.	Local Contribu- tion.	Legisla- tive Appor- tionment.	Total.	The World.	Europe.	Asia.	Africa.	America.	Canada.	Great Britain, Ire- land, &c.	Single Hemispheres	Classical and Scrip-tural.	Other Maps and Charts.	Globes.	Other School Apparatus (pieces).	Historical and other lessons (in sheets).	Number of Volumes.
Charlottenburgh, No. 1 Lancaster, No. 1 No. 4 Lochiel, No. 3 Williamstewn U. G. & C. S.  Dandas:	5 00 8 00 17 00 22 00	\$ cts. 5 00 5 00 8 00 17 00 22 00	\$ cts. 10 00 10 00 16 00 34 00 44 00	2	 1 1 2	1 1 1		1 1 1 1	1	 60 23	21 21					7	34 62
Matilda, No. 8. Winchester, No. 12 Prescott: Longueuil, No. 5. Vankleekhill Grammar School	5 25	5 35   5 25   5 76   10 00	10 70 10 50 11 52 20 00	1	1 1 1	1	1		1	1			<b></b>	1	J	16 14 1 3	
Clarence, No. 1	10 57 5 00	10 57 5 00	21 14 10 00							1	2	1	4	1	22 2	98	
Gloucester, No. 5	5 00 14 00 5 00 5 00 5 00 10 00	5 00 14 00 5 00 5 00 5 00 10 00	10 00 28 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 20 00	1 1 1	1			1 1 1	1			}		1	I l	99 14 14 41 55	47
Grenville:  Edwardsburgh, No. 25 Oxford, Rideau, No. 8 No. 13	40 00	5 00 40 00 7 75	10 00   80 00   15 50	1	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{array}$	2	2	2		6	4	1		3 1	1 27	17 167 14	
Leeds: Bastard & Burgess South, U. S. S. No. 2 Bastard, No. 6	10 00	10 00 5 00	20 00 10 00		1	1	1	1	1		•••••	1				14	44

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TABLE P.—THE GRAMMAR AND COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

	MAPS, AP	PARATUS .	& PRIZE F	00K	s su	PPLI	ED B	YTE	IE E	DUCA	OITA	NAL	DEP.	ARTME	ENT DU	RING TH	E YEAR.
MUNICIPALITIES		Moneys.						Мар	S OF					Арра	RATUS.	OBJECT   LESSONS	PRIZE BOOKS.
AND SCHOOL SECTIONS.	Local Contribu- tion.	Legisla- tive Appor- tionment.	Total.	The World.	Europe.	Asia.	Africa.	America.		Great Britain and Ireland, &c.	Single Hemispheres.	Classical and Scrip- tural.	Other Maps and Charts.	Globes.	Other School Apparratus (pieces).	Historical & other lessons (in sheets).	Number of Volumes.
### Continued.  Bastard, No. 15  Blizabethtown, No. 23  *** Nos. 26 & 20, U. S. S  Blimsley, South, No. 4  Kidley, No. 6  Lansdowne, front, No. 15  Leeds & Lansdowne, front, Nos. 2 & 3, USS  *** No. 5  *** No. 6  *** No. 10  Yonge & Escott. No. 6  *** No. 6  ** No. 6  *** N	\$ ets. 5 00 6 25 12 00 5 25 9 16 12 75 8 38 18 00 12 25 18 75 25 25	\$ ets. 5 00 6 25 12 00 5 25 9 16 12 75 8 38 18 00 12 25 13 75 25 25	\$ cts. 10 00 12 50 24 00 10 50 18 32 25 50 16 76 36 00 24 50 37 50 50 50	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1		2	1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 2 3 2	2 1 1 2 24 7	14 19 14 125 44 109 21 9	50 40
Bathurst. No. 3. Bathurst & Burgess, Nos. 1 & 2, U. S. S. Drummond & Bathurst, Nos. 11 & 14, U.S.S. Elmsley, North, No. 2. " & Drummond, Nos. 2 & 4. Lanark, No. 3. Montague, No. 8. Pakenham, No. 2. Ramsay, No. 3. "No. 10.	5 00 14 00 6 00 7 25 6 25 5 25 8 00 5 00 7 00 5 00	5 00 14 00 6 00 7 25 6 25 5 25 8 00 7 00 5 00	10 00 28 00 12 00 14 50 10 50 16 00 16 00 14 00 10 00		1 1 1	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	1	2		1 1	14 19 17	47 54 47 47 40 54 31
Tenfrew: Bagot, No. 4 Bromley, No. 1 Grattan, No. 1 Horton, No. 5 McNab, No. 5	5 00 10 00 9 63 6 00 6 25	5 00 10 00 9 63 6 00 6 25	10 00 20 00 19 26 12 00 12 50	1 1 1 1	1	1	1	1 1 1	1 1 1					1	2 1 1	11 86 22 17	42

McNab, No. 6	5 00 1	5 00 1	10 00			1	·	1	<b> </b>	[]			}	[			45 11
"No. 7	7 25	7 25	14 50		1	1	1	1	1						1		
Ross, No. 1	12 00	12 00	24 00		1	1	1	1	1	1	2	1			25	24	
Westmeath, No. 1	6 00	6 00	12 00				l			!				2	25	¦	
Frontenac:		,					1			!!					!		
Ernestown, No. 16	11 00	11 00	22 00	1		!   , , , , , ,	1	1					i		201	2	[]
Kingston, No. 7	5 25	5 25	10 50	1	1		1		1			¦ [	1			16	
Richmond, Township	24 00	24 00	48 00						_							·	171
Sheffield, No. 7	5 75	5 75	11 50	1	1			1				i.				36	l
" Nos. 2 & 26, U. S. S	8 25	8 25	16 50	1 1	ī	1	1	1	Î			 			1	14	1
Wolfe Island	20 00	20 00	40 00	l î	ĺí	ī	i		1		2	1 1			li	24	38
Prince Edward:	1 2000	20 00	10 00	1 1		_ ^	*	1	_	*	_						1
Ameliasburgh, No. 2	5 00	5 00	10 00	il I	!	ļ				!l						1	39
" No. 3	10 00	10 00	20 00	1	1	1	1	1 1	1						1	21	
" No. 7	22 58	22 58	45 16	1			1 *	ļ <sup>*</sup>	1 7					1	i = i	125	1
" No. 10	10 00	10 00	20 00		7		1			1	9	أ		Î	1 1	14	
" No. 16	5 00	5 00	10 00		1	1 1	ļ *	i		1 1	4		•••••	1	1	6	: 11
" U. G. & C. S.	18 00	18 00	36 00		_	1		1						2	3	: " 1	
Athol, No. 2	12 19	12 19	24 38	1	1		1	1		1	•••••	1	2			17	
" No. 3	12 19	12 19			1	-							1			1 1	
			24 00			¦ ;	1		1 1	3	2				1 1		
Hallowell, No. 1	12 00	12 00	24 00		1	1	_		1	3	2		•••••			ļ	
110. 0	10 00	10 00	20 00		1	1 1	1			1	2	1	••••••			14 7	
110, 10,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	14 16	14 16	28 32	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		니	••••••	1	1	1 .	
TIV: T	10 63	10 63	21 26	1	1	1	1 1	1	•••••			• • • • •		1			
" No. 16	8 00	8 00	16 00			•••••				l I			4	1 2	i	161	[ ]
Hillier, No. 3	10 00	10 00	20 00	1	1	j 1	1	-						1		20	
" No. 6	10 15	10 15	20 30	1	1	1		_	1	3				1	2	3	
" No. 11	9 75	9 75	19 50	1	1	1							1	2	] 1	23	20
" No. 14	10 25	10 25	20 50	1	. 1	1		] 1	] 1			1	1	1	2	14	j
" No. 15	23 00	23 00	46 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1		2	1		`	83	45
Hillier & Ameliasburgh, Nos 17 & 19, U.S.S.	13 00	13 00	26 00	,.													35
Marysburgh, No. 4	10 00	10 00	20 00	1	1	] 1	1	1	1				2		1		
" No. 14	10 00	10 00	20 00	1	1	1		1	1				!		1	22	
Sophiasburgh, No. 4, U. S. S	12 00	12 00	24 00	1	1	1						1		1		17	{
" No. 9	20 00	20 00	40 00		3	1	1	. 1	1	3	2	1.		1	22	14	10
Hastings:	į			i	İ		ŀ		1				ļ		{	1	1 13
Hungerford, No. 1	12 00	12 00	24 00	<b></b>			1					5	5				
Huntingdon, No. 10	5 00 [	5 00	10 00						1		2			1		19	[]
Rawdon, No. 8	8 00	8 00	16 00	1	1				1				1		1	49	
Thurlow, No. 19	15 00	15 00	30 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	1			2		l	26	<u> </u>
Tyendinaga, No. 4	19 36	19 36	38 72		1	1	1	1	1							35	40
" No. 5	15 00	15 00	30 00	1	1	l:		1						1		i 21	45
" No. 15	5 00	5 00	10 00		1		1			1 1					l	37	l
" No. 18	5 00	5 00	10 00	1	i î		l î						2			26	1
Northumberland:	" "			1 1	1	1 1	1	i ~	i ^			· · · · ·	ı "i	1 1	ļ	-	
Alnwick, No. 3	5 37	5 37	10 74		ا	1		1 1	l	l i		l	l l	<b> </b>	23		l
" No. 5	5 00	5 00	10 00	1	1	l .										li	1,
Brighton, No. 11	12 00	12 00	24 00	l î	ı								1			II 1	
Diignoon, Moratininin		12 00	24 00	*	1		,	1 1		"	*****	^		•••••	"	"	[]}
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TABLE P.—THE GRAMMAR AND COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

	MAPS, AP	PARATUS	& PRIZE E	00K	SSU	PPLI				DUCA	TIO	NAL	DEP.	ARTMI	ENT DU	RING TH	E YEAR
MUNICIPALITIES		Moneys.						MAP	S OF					APPAI	RATUS.	LESSONS	Books.
MUNICIPALITIES  AND  SCHOOL SECTIONS.	Local Contribu- tion.	Legisla- tive Appor- tionment.	Total.	The World.	Europe.	Asia.	Africa.	America.	Canada.	Great Britain, Ire- land, &c.	Single Hemispheres.	Classical and Scrip- tural.	Other Maps and Charts.	Globes.	Other School Apparatus (pieces).	Historical and other lessons (in sheets).	Number of Volumes.
Northumberland—Continued.  Brighton, No. 13  "No. 18  "No. 19  "No. 20  Cramahe, No. 10  Haldimand, No. 11  "No. 14  "No. 23  Hamilton, No. 2  "No. 15  "No. 16  Monaghan, South, No. 5  Murray, No. 22  "No. 23  Percy, No. 9  Seymour, No. 4  "No. 7  "No. 8	\$ cts.  12 00 10 00 10 00 11 30 5 00 5 00 7 00 5 00 7 00 6 00 10 00 5 12 5 00 7 5 00 7 5 00 5 00 7 5 00 5 00 7 5 00 5 00	\$ cts. 12 00 10 00 10 00 5 00 11 30 5 00 7 00 5 00 7 00 6 00 10 00 5 12 5 00 7 5 00 7 5 00 7 5 00 5 00 7 5 00 7 5 00	\$ cts. 24 00 20 00 20 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 14 00 10 00 14 00 12 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	   1	2	11		1 1 2 2	1	14 37 16 24 16 	56 59 40 14 33 31 32 32 38
Curtwright, No. 3         Cavan, No. 10         " No. 11         " No. 14         Clarke, No. 1         " No. 4         " No. 12         " No. 14	10 00 12 00 5 03 6 00 5 00 10 00 19 20 5 00	10 00 12 00 5 03 6 00 5 00 10 00 19 20 5 00	. 20 00 24 00 10 06 12 00 10 00 20 00 38 40 10 00	1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1  1	1 1 1	1		1 2	2 1	1 1	1	43 19 16 14	37 60 84 32

														*			
№ No.15	19 00 1	12 00	24 00	1 11	11 1	1 11	11	11.			11	11	1	1	20		!
No. 15	12 00	10 00	20 00	1	1 1	1	1	7	1		1		İ		3		
Darington, No. 1			10 00	-	1	-   -	- 1		~[							36	
" No. 4	5 00	5 00		1 11	1	i		7		.,		7			37	`	
INO. O	12 00	12 00	24 00	1 -i	7	-  -!	1	7	-1.							72	
J. V. 4 V	15 00	15 00	30 00		.;  <u>.</u>				1						97		
Mope, No. 11	9 00	9 00	18 00	1			1	41	1	- 1		••••			97		
" No. 13	7 00	7 00 !	14 00	1	1 1		1	1		• • • • • •	····		1 4	1	93		
" No. 15	5 50	5 50	11 00	1	1 3		1		·····			•••••	j			(**********	
No. 9	5 75	5 75	11 50	1	1 1		1				,		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	2	93	····	
Manvers, No. 3	10 00	10 00	20 00	1	1 1	l! 1i	1	2	3	2	1 .		[ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		21	[	ł
" No. 4	8 24	8 24	16 48					#								63	
Peterborough:	0 44	0 44	10 10	}		1									i i	1 1	
Annhadel M. C	- 00	5 AA	10 00			!		7		2					1 40		
Asphodel, No. 6	5 00	5 00				1	1	1			- 1					42	
140, 10	6 00	6 00	12 00	}		1 1			1				2	25		17	
Belmont & Dummer, Nos. 1 & 7, U.S.S	22 00	22 00	44 00			. [ ]	•••••							~~		67	
Minden, No. 6	5 75	5 75	11 50												57		
Monaghan, North, No. 5, U. S. S	5 62	5 62	11 24		1 3	[		Lj.		2				2			
Otonabee, No. 2	9 00	9 00	18 00			.						••••				58	
" No. 7	5 00	5 00	10 00			.![			.				********		[ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	48	
'No. 13	5 00	5 00	10 00	1 ,,,,	1	L		11.							14		
Nictionia;	0 00	0 00	10 00	]					ł	- 1			1		1 1	( )	
	6 75	6 75	13 50	ll				l				]	li			46	
Eldan, No. 1				1								,			1	52	
No. 5	5 50	5 50	11 00		l l											54	
Eldon & Mariposa, No. 1, U. S. S	5 50	5 50	11 00		- 1									,,,,,,,,,		47	<del> </del> -
Emily, No. 11	9 00	9 00	18 00					·····¦·	••••••					25	14	) " ()	
No. 13,	16 25	16 25	32 50						•••••		···· · [	D.1	2		27	59	•
Fenelon, No. 1	17 62	17 62	35 24									Z	2	25	21	38	
* No. 5	12 00	12 00	24 00	1	1 1	1	1	1	3	2							
Mariposa, No. 7	9 20	9 20	18 40			. [ ]			.				i = 2	25	10	33	
" No. 16	13 00	13 00	26 00		1 3	1	1	11	3	2		$^{2}$			[]	18	
	7 50	7 50	15 00			1				1					[	51	
	39 25	39 25	78 50			1						5	1	9		[	
Ops & Emily, Nos. 9 & 2, U. S. S	59 40	30 23	10 00									ŧ			! i	f	
Antario:		- 00	** **			1 1	ì		i i		1	i			110	1	
Brock, No. 12	5 00	5 00	10 00							2					-10	1	
Brock & Reach, No. 2, U. S. S	8 00	8 00	16 00		1 ]		1		3			;¦		********	38		
Мата, No. 5	21 50	21 50	43 00		1 1	1	1		3 .			4	1 4	24	17		
Pickering, No. 3	10 00	10 00	20 00									••••	1	24	1 . 1/	***********	
No. 4	5 06	5 06	$10 \ 12$	1													
Nos. 7 & 3, U. S. S	12 75	12 75	25 50	1	1) 1	. 1	1	1	3	2			1		1		
No. 12	15 07	15 07	30 14	li					3 .					[	30	54	
	6 00	6 00	12 00			.ii										39	
" No. 14	13 53 1	13 53	27 06										l		i	100	
Acach, No. 7	6 00	6 00	12 00				i								ł	39	
44 No. 10					1	1.	****;	·····	3	9				1	1		
Scott, No. 3	12 00	12 00	24 00				- 4	1 1		- 1		٦,	I	ĺ îl	19	77	
4 No 5	10 60	10 60	21 20		1 1		T					-			159	1	ļ
Seugog, No. 1	5 05	5 05	10 10						•••••	$^{2}$		•••••			1.	59	}
No. 2	5 00	5 00	10 00	ļ								۱		1	j	1	1
Thorah, No. 1	5 00	5 00	10 00		1 1	1 1	1							••••••	14		
IMOFOH, 10. 1	1	1	į		- {	] }				ł	i 1	1	I		1	4 li	i
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TABLE P.—THE GRAMMAR AND COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

MUNICIPALITIES		Moneys.						MAP	s of					Арран	RATUS.	OBJECT LESSONS	PRIZE BOOKS.
AND SCHOOL SECTIONS.	Local Contribu- tion.	Legisla- tive Appor- tionment.	Total.	The World.	Europe.	Asia.	Africa.	America.	Canada.	Great Britain, Ire- land, &c.	Single Hemispheres.	Classical and Scrip- tural.	Other Maps and Charts.	Globes.	Other School Apparatus (pieces).	Historical and other lessons (in sheets).	Number of Volumes.
Ontario—Continued.  Thorah, No. 2	\$ cts. 5 00 5 00 20 00 38 00 5 00 6 00 14 00 13 32 12 00 5 00 15 53 5 00 22 02 16 00	\$ cts. 5 00 5 00 20 00 38 00 5 00 6 00 14 00 13 32 12 00 5 00 15 53 5 00 22 02 16 00	\$ cts. 10 00 10 00 40 00 76 00 12 00 28 00 26 64 24 00 10 00 31 06 10 00 44 04 32 00	1	1 1 1 1	1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1 1 1 1	3 3 3 3	2	6	3	1 1 2	1  2 2	21 	34 47 127 53 42 112 61 49
Etobicoke, No. 1	17 00 5 19 5 00 10 00 12 00 20 00 10 00 5 00 6 53 15 00 12 00 5 00 9 75	17 00 5 19 5 00 10 00 12 00 20 00 10 00 5 00 6 53 15 00 12 00 5 00 9 75	34 00 10 38 10 00 20 00 24 00 40 00 20 00 13 06 30 00 24 00 10 00 19 50	1 1	1	1	1	1	1 1	1	2	1	3 3 3 2	1	1 54 2	84 39 30	154 23 50 63 98 25

King, No. 17	5 00 j	5 00 1	10 00	1 I	1									1'	1 1)	11	91	1
Markham, No. 7.	5 00	5 00	10 00	!!		l						,	1'		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1 01	1
" No. 8	5 00	5 00	10 00	H	,, <i>.</i> ,,,							.			¦	[[		1
" No. 10	9 34	9 34	18 68				l	اا					!!	1	1	[[]	49	1
10. 10	10 00	10 00	20 00															(
110. 10				11														ĺ
110. 10,	8 00	8 00	16 00	· · · · · · ·									1		1 -1		46	1
No. 21	20 88	20 88	41 76	1												11	29	İ
" No. 22	5 50	5 50	11 00			}•••••	• • • • • • •					-					37	į.
" No. 23	6 63	6 63	13 26	}						*****						[	10	i
" Grammar School	68 10	66 10	132 20									·		i		11	47	1
Richmond Hill Grammar School	24 00	24 00	48 00					]		!	i							ſ
Scarborough, No. 8	5 00	5 00	10 00	il	1		<i>.</i>							[	f		39	(
Vaughan, No. 11	19 00	19 00	38 00	11	l			t	,			.		1	[ 8]	1		ſ
"No. 12	5 00	5 00	10 00	11	1	1	l		!					<b> </b>			49	(
	5 00	5 00	10 00	]}	,	{					i1						30	ĺ
10. 11					1											1		ł
" & Markham, No. 1, U. S. S	16 50	16 50	33 00								: 1		- 13	1		11	28	t F
Weston Grammar School	10 00	10 00	20 00											[	1 1	[]	58	f
Whitehurch & Markham, No. 2, U. S. S	5 48	5 48	10 96											[·····;	1 1	( , )	li li	į.
" No. 6	15 00	15 00	30 00		1	1	1	į l			i i			111		11 1	59	ı
" No. 10	33 90	33 90	67 80			1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				- 17	[ · · · · · · · ]			53	1
York, No. 1	21 50	21 50	43 00	11	1	1 1	1	1	1						2	84	54	ſ
" No. 2	13 72	13 72	27 44		1	1		ll				.	j		J	[]	91	1
No. 3	6 00	6 00	12 00	11	1	1			i 1		1 1				1		44	ı
140. 0	31 50	31 50	63 00		1					3					1	25		
110. 0			10 00		-	_	_	1 ~ <i>i</i>		l"	1 1		- 17	, -,	}	[[,,,,,,,]	55	<u> </u>
" No. 6	5 00	5 00													l 6!		48	වා
" No. 11	10 00	10 00	20 00	T									- 11		. 1	]]	24	I
" No. 13	5 20	5 20	10 40	1	· · · · · ·								····i			11. (	4-	i
· No. 18	7 19	7 19	14 38				1	1	1	1		: 1	-11			[]	100	i
" No. 21	15 60	15 60	31 20					j					•••••	1		[]	100	i
Peel:	l.	i		Н	1	1	ļ	١ !	!		i		17	1	1 1	ii !	[]	i
Albion, No. 6	5 00	5 00	10 00	H	1	1	1	1			[]					14		l
" No. 9	8 26	8 26	16 52	11 1		1		i	1,	1	:		2	1	í	94	[	i
	5 23	5 23	10 46	11			1			1 1					[ <sup>]</sup>	22	ļ	i
Caledon, No. 4	7 00	7 00	14 00	11	4									1			·	i
110.0	5 00	5 00	10 00	Н		1	1								1	4.5		i
Chinguacousy, No. 1							1									24	27	i
" No. 4	8 48	8 48	16 96		1 1	1 1											[	i
" No. 11	5 06	5 06	10 12			_	1 -	( *!									49	i
No. 14	5 00	5 00	10 00		.[		}			¦							35	i
No. 26	5 00	5 00	10 00		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						1 1						1	i
" No. 26,	5 94	5 94	11 88									1	11					i
Toronto, No. 6	6 00	6 00 !	12 00	1}	ļ	1					[			[	[l		35	ĺ
" No. 9 & Toronto Gore, No. 1, USS	10 00	10 00	20 00												įl	[[]	58	Į.
	8 94	8 94	17 88									l			1	! [ j	49	l
Toronto Gore, No. 5	0 42	۱ - ۲۰۰	1, 00	'''				1			1		[]	( ) !	1 1	[] 1	1	1
Simcoe:	0.00	8 00	16 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	ļ	1 1		[ ]			14	1	i
Adjala, No. 4	8 00			11 -	- 1		-	1 1	1 1									i
Essa, No. 3	5 00	5 00	10 00	11	i	1						-						1
" No. 6	12 75	12 75	25 50			1					2					11 - 1	J	l .
Gwillimbury, West, No. 7	5 35	5 35	10 70	J					<i>.</i>		[]			,	[······	[]	45	1

TABLE P.—The Grammar and Common Schools of Upper Canada, 1860.—(Continued.)

A PROGRAMMENT PROPERTY AND A PROPERTY OF THE P	MAPS, AP	PARATUS &	& PRIZE I	300K	s su	РРЬІ	ED I	3Y T1	ie e	DUC	ATIO	NAL	DEP	ARTMI	ENT DU	RING TE	E YEAR.
		Moneys.						MAP	or					APPAI	RATUS.	OBJECT LESSONS	PRIZE BOOKS.
MUNICIPALITIES  AND  SCHOOL SECTIONS.	Local Contribu- tion.	Legisla- tive Appor- tionment.	, Total.	The World.	Europe.	Asia.	Africa.	America.	Canada.	Great Britain, Ire- land, &c.	mis	Classical and Serip- tural.	Other Maps and Charts.	Globes.	Other School Apparatus.	Historical and other lessons (in sheets).	Number of Volumes.
Nimeos—Continued.  Inniefil, No. 4	5 00 16 50 10 00 10 00 19 00 16 00	\$ cts., 11 45 13 94 5 25 28 03 5 00 16 50 10 00 10 00 10 00 10 00 7 00 6 35 27 48 6 16 26 00 5 00	\$ cts. 22 90 27 88 10 50 66 10 00 33 00 20 00 38 00 32 00 14 00 12 70 54 96 12 32 52 00 10 00	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 3	1 1 1 1	1 1	1 1 1 1 2 	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 2 1		2		2	1 1 1 1 2 2 1 1 1	2 1 1 3 1 1 1 1 1	14 14 17 29 44 3 25	14 52 110 47 132 64
Valton :   Bequesing, No. 3	22 13 13 50 5 00 5 00 11 10 10 75 17 00 5 00	5 00 9 00 22 13 13 50 5 00 11 10 10 75 17 00 5 00 10 00	10 00 18 00 44 26 27 00 10 00 12 20 21 50 34 00 10 00 20 00	]	1		1	1	1	1			2	1 1 2 1			48 40 98 53 36 58

" No. 2	6 00	6 00	12 00										]				49
" No. 7	7 00	7 00	14 00							1							46
" No. 8	12 00	12 00	24 00							<u> </u>							80
" No. 10	5 00	5 00	10 00	1													38
" No. 11	7 50	7 50	15 00			l	l	l i			. <b></b> .						57
" & Toronto, No. 22, U. S. S	5 00	5 00	10 00	1				i					ł i				33
Wentworth:		""	23 00	1.,,,,,	''''	}			1	1							1 11
Ancaster, No. 2.	5 00	5 00	10 00		1			l				i	İl		·		43 [
" No. 11	5 00	5 00	10 00						1								28
Barton, No. 4.	35 00	35 00	70 00		T	2	1	7	1	3	2		7	1	1	22	2
" No. 5	12 00	12 00	24 00		1			1	1 *	"			{ <u> </u>	Ιī	l	40	i
			10 02					1 1	7	! 1				l î		43	
Beverley, No. 13		5 01		ļ				•••••	1	1	1			1 *	1	188	
" No. 17	4 60	4 60	9 20						į · · · · · ·						[		48
Flamborough, East, No. 7	5 00	5 00	10 00											1		84	9
" West, No. 5	48 44	48 44	96 88	1	1	1		1		3	2	1		4	33		9
" No. 5	12 00	12 00	24 00	2	1	1		1	1			1		1	2	98	
Glanford, No. 1	21 19	21 19	42 38	1			:		!	3			8				30
" No. 2	13 50	13 50	27 00	į									i	2	2		
" No. 5	23 50	23 50	47 00	1	1			. 1		] 1			10	1	2	14	
Saltfleet, No. 1	12 00	12 00	24 00		[ ]	1	1	1	1	3	2					[	
" No. 4	76 19	16 19	32 38		1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1		1	1		1
" No. 9	5 00	5 00	10 00	1			1	1		1				1		14	l
Brant:		0 00		1 -			_			1				1		1 1	]
Brantford, No. 2	5 00	5 00	10 00				i	i i	Í	1						i	68
" No. 4	14 00	14 00	28 00	1	1	1	1	2	1	1		.,	7		1	53 1	1
	7 00	7 00	14 00		_	î	1	า เ					1		2	"	1
10.0.0	5 00	5 00	10 00		} -	1 1		_ ^					3	1	~		
110. 10						ì · · · · ·							"	1	ii		37
NU. 10	5 00	5 00	10 00	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						1				********		[	21
" No. 22	5 00	5 00	10 00	1					¦	1				•••••		[·····	1 -11
Burford, No. 1	5 00	5 00	10 00	1	] 1	1		i	•••••	1						14	
" No. 8	15 00	15 00	30 00		1	1	1	: -		1		1	4		][	35	56
" No. 15		5 00	10 00		į								[ • • • • • •	ļ j	23		
" & Blenheim, Nos. 3 & 21, U.S.S	j 600	6 00	12 00													[	59
" No. 11, U. S. S	10 00	10 00	20 00		1					1			1			20	40
" & Oxford, No. 23, U. S. S	6 00	6 00	12 00	1											<b></b>		52
Dumfries, South, No. 10'	10 00	10 00	20 00	1	1	1	1	1				1				52	
" " No. 11		11 25	22 50	1	1	1	1	1			l	1		1	22		
" No. 13	5 00	5 00	10 00	l	1		١			i			li	l		li	43
Onondaga, No. 5	12 00	12 00	24 00	1			1						! !	1	25	35	[]
Scotland Grammar School	17 52	17 52	35 04	1	1	1	1	1.	1	3	2					1 41 i	22
Lincoln:	1, 0	1.02	0., 41		_	1	1 1	1	1 -	1 "	~						1 - 11
Clinton, No. 2, U. S. S	5 00	5 00	10 00	1	1	1	İ	1 7	1	-	ļ	, <i>.</i>			l	1 1	i 11
	26 65	26 65	53 30	1		1 1		+	'			1	7	1	24	54	
110.0	6 00	6 00	12 00	1 1			_	-	******							32	
Gainsborough, No. 4				1 -	1 -	·····			1 1					1		32	
Grantham & Louth, No. 1, U. S. S	5 00	5 00	10 00													1	54
Grimsby, No. 5	5 00	5 00	10 00													······	42
" No. 13	5 60	5 00	10 00	1	1	ļ			1				[}			90	
" Grammar School	9 40	9 40	18 80								<b></b>					18	
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TABLE P.—The Grammar and Common Schools of Upper Canada, 1860.—(Continued.)

	MAPS, AP	PARATUS (	& PRIZE B	00K8	s sui	PPLI	ED B	YTH	(E E)	DUCA	<b>TI</b> 0	NAL	DEP.	ARTME	e <b>nt</b> du	RING TH	E YEAF
MUNICIPALITIES		Moners.						Мар	s or					APPA	RATUS.	OBJECT LESSONS	PRIZE BOOKS
AND SCHOOL SECTIONS.	Local Contribu- tion.	Legisla- tive Appor- tionment.	Total.	The World.	Europe.	Asia.	Africa.	America.	а.	Great Britain, Ire- land, &c.	Single Hemispheres.	Classical and Scriptural.	Other Maps and Charts.	Globes.	Other School Apparatus (piecos).	Historical and other Object Lessons (in sheets).	Number of Volumes.
Lincoln—Continued.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.														
Niagara, No. 4	6 00 5 00	6 00 5 00	12 00 10 00	<sub>1</sub>	1	 			1							21	30
Welland: Bertie, No. 9	5 85	5 85	11 70				İ						Ì				4:
Crowland, No. 1	5 00	5 00	10 00								•••••				1		2
" No. 5	18 00	18 00	36 00		1	ī	1 1	1	1	3	2			1	24		1 4
Stamford, No. 2	5 00	5 00	10 00	l i	Ī		l	·	î	1 ~ i				l	24	14	
No. 6	10 00	10 00	20 00						- 							1	6
44 No. 7	5 00	5 00	10 00												1		5
" No. 9	16 00	16 00	32 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	3						21	
Thorold and Pelham, No. 3, U. S. S	5 00	5 00	10 00														3
Haldimand:						ļ	ļ						1	1	i		
Cayuga North, No. 4	14 00	74 00	28 00		1	1	1		1	3]	2	,	•••••	1	21	5	
" No. 7	8 65	8 65	17 30		1	1	] 1	1	1		2					19	
Moulton, No. 2	5 13	5 13 5 00	10 26 10 00	T	İT		ļ		1				i			15	
Oneida, No. 5	5 00 5 00	5 00	10 00								••••	•••••	¦	<b> </b>		¦	į 4
" No. 10	9 39	9 39	18 78							] · · · · · · ]			j <u>.</u>		[·····		3
Seneca, No. 1	13 00	13 00	26 00		1		1	1	1		z		1			17   22	j
" No. 3	5 00	5 00	10 00								•••••			1	į ti	22	3
" No. 4	5 00	5 00	10 00					,			•••••		i	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••••		5 3
" No. 12	17 15	17 15	34 30											2	74	17	4
Walpole, No. 3	5 00	5 00	10 00											Ī			5
" No. 6	23 00	23 00	46 00		1	1	1	1	1	3	2	1			22	41	5
" No. 7	7 00	7 00	14 00		•••••	ļ			٠				[l				4
" No. 9	7 00	7 00	14 00											[			5
" No. 14	20 00 11 00	20 00   11 00	40 00 22 00					•••••									14
" No. 14	77 00	11 00 1	∠∠ 00 ¦	· · · · · · ·	,	• • • • •	• • • • •	۱۰۰۰۰۰۰ إ	11		••••••	•••••		1	1 1	14	

Norfolk:	I.		1	ĺ	}	Į	ì	I	i		1 1		I		{	1	ıl i	1
Charlotteville	e, No. 6	13 00	13 00	26 00		1	1	1 . 1	} 1					1				43
11	No. 11	6 75	6 75	13 50		1		İ		<b></b>								60
Houghton,	No. 7	5 00	5 00	10 00	i													47
Middleton,	No. 2	5 75	5 75	11 50	li				· · · · · · ·						¦			46
"	No. 7	8 00	8 00	16 00		1	1		1	1	i						14	
"	No. 9	21 00	21 00	42 00				i		i'	اi		5	6	1		92	
Port Dover 1	U. Gram. & Com. School	18 50	18 50	37 00	11	}		120111				,						95
Townsend,	No. 3, U. S. S	5 00	5 00	10 00	li										[			53
"	No. 7	20 00	20 00	40 00		1	1	1	1	1					1		24	4.2
6	No. 13	12 00	12 00	24 00		1	î		1	1.		2	j				[	
4.6	No. 14	5 00	5 00	10 00				_			l!							43
"	No. 17	55 00	55 00	110 00		1	1	1	1	1					1	41		
Woodhouse,	No. 2	11 50	11 50	23 00		_				l								69
"	No. 3	10 10	10 10	20 20		1					ļ	*****						54
"	No. 8	6 25	6 25	12 50							ì I							53
Windham,	No. 8	21 87	21 87	43 74						1			5	7		21	41	
Oxford:	110. 0	21 01	21 01	±0 . ±						-	1			i	i	i		ţ
Blandford.	No. 2	23 30	23 30	46 60	li .			1	1				1			40	'	32
μπαιατοτα, "	No. 5	13 00	13 00	26 00		7	1	ī	1		1					l	14	31
Blenheim,	No. 1	25 00	25 00	50 00		*		1						1	1	2	93	89
Dienneim,		12 00	12 00	24 00	1	1				1				1	ļ	li	41	42
"		10 50	10 50	$\frac{24}{21} \frac{00}{00}$	11	1												62
"		8 00	8 00	16 00	i · · · · · ·			ļ · · · · ·										61
"	No. 14		42 33			·····i			1	1			T		1	4	18	86
"	No. 16	42 33		84 66		1	1	1	1 -		3	2	i i		1	2	63	
"	No. 22	18 00	18 00	36 00		1	1	1	_	1	3	2	1	2	1 2	_	22	47
	No. 24,	25 15	25 15	50 30			1	; .	1 1	1	3	20	i *	ا آ				43
Dereham,	No. 2	5 00	5 00	10 00		'''i			i		4	•••••					3	
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"	No. 9	12 00	12 00	24 00		1	_		Ιî	1 7	"	$\tilde{2}$		6	1	4		71
"	No. 12	21 75	21 75	43 50	1	1	1	1	1 7	1 1		- 4		Ĭ		1	98	
	No. 14	5 00	5 00	10 00		1	1		^	1				8		1		1
Norwich North		5 81	5 81	11 62	2	•••••				1			2				3	
Oxford East,	No. 1	17 51	17 51	35 02	ľí			1 1		7	i ti	••••••			1		14	i
	No. 3	13 44	13 44	26 88	1	1	•••••			1	;	•••••	1				**	
"	No. 4	5 374	5 37½	10 75	11 *	1			1	-	3	2	3		1	24	[ ]	23
	No. 6	25 43	25 43	50 86	11	1	1	1	1 .	1	9	4	1	i I		18		1 20
	No. 7	10 25	10 25	20 50				(				2			2	24	262	
Oxford West		22 10	22 10	44 20		1	1	1	1 1	1 1		2	•••••	4	4		il i	j
"	No. 2	12 00	12 00	24 00		1	1	j 1	, ^	1 <sub> </sub>	j 3	Z					[	54
"	No. 4, U. S. S	6 00	6 00	12 00	J						ļ						23	34
	a & Zorra West, No. 2, U.S.S.	10 00	10 00	20 00	1	1	~	_	1	1 1				2			37	
	No. 7	13 00	13 00	26 00	`	1	1	1	1		3	Z	į <i>i</i>	Z			<sup>87</sup>	90
	No. 12	5 36	5 36	10 72	i	ļ	• • • • • •				[	•••••						38
Waterloo:	i	1	ļ					}			اہ ا		į		i		li i	1
	rth, No. 17	6 25	6 25	12 50	1				ļ							į · · · · · · · ·	[[····i	7.7.
"	* No. —	20 00	20 00	40 00		,									ļ			115
Waterloo, No	o. 1	15 00	15 00	30 00										1	1	21	27	32
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TABLE P.—The Grammar and Common Schools of Upper Canada, 1860.—(Continued.)

MENIODALIOTEO	MAPS, AP	Moneys.						MA	es or					APPAI		OBJECT	PRIZE BOOKS.
MUNICIPALITIES  AND  SCHOOL SECTIONS.	Local Contribu- tions.	Legisla- tive Appor- tionment.	Total.	The World.	Europe.	Asia.	Africa.	America.	Canada.	Great Britain, Ire- land, &c.	Single Hemispheres.	Classical and Scriptural.	Other Maps and Charts.	Globes.	Other School Apparatus (pieces.)	Historical and other lessons (in sheets.)	Number of Volumes.
Waterloo—Continued.  Waterloo, No. 4.  "No. 15. "No. 17. "No. 18. "No. 19. "No. 20. "No. 25.  Wellesley, Nos. 2, 13, U. S. S. "No. 6. "No. 9. "No. 15.  Wilmot, No. 4. "No. 6. "No. 10. "No. 10. "No. 17.  Wilmot & Blenheim, Nos. 2 & 3, U. S. S. Woolwich, No. 2. "No. 4. "No. 6. "No. 17.  Wilmot & No. 17.  Wilmot & No. 10. "No. 17.  Wilmot & West, No. 5.	\$ cts. 10 00 20 00 8 25 8 00 5 25 10 90 6 42 5 00 6 00 9 21 5 00 20 25 11 25 21 57 12 37 12 00 6 00 10 00 5 25	\$ cts. 10 00 20 00 8 25 8 00 5 25 10 90 6 42 5 00 6 00 9 21 5 00 20 25 11 25 21 57 12 37 12 00 6 00 10 00 5 25	\$ cts. 20 00 40 00 16 50 16 00 10 50 21 80 10 00 12 84 10 00 18 42 10 00 40 50 22 50 43 14 24 74 24 00 12 00 10 50	1 1 1 1 1 1 1	111111111111111111111111111111111111111	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	3 3 3 3 3	2 2 2	1	1 1 2	2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 22 1 2 2	17 107 14 8 19 6 36 36 17 14 19 56 218 35 20	2: 88 11 44 48
Arthur, No. 4  Brin, No. 1  "No. 9 "No. 11 "No. 13 "No. 14  Garafraxa, No. 3	11 00 10 44 9 48 8 00 5 00 12 64 22 50	11 00 10 44 9 48 8 00 5 00 12 64 22 50	22 00   20 88   18 96   16 00   10 00   25 28 45 00	1	1	1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1 1 1	3		1		1		32 38 21 27	

Garafraxa, No. 5	5 00	5 00	10 00			ı	i l				l 1		¦				1
" No. 8	5 00	5 00	10 00									• • • • • •					
DiO. 9	5 00	5 00	10 00				• • • • •	<u> </u>									
" No. 11	19 00	19 00	38 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	2					23	١
Guelph, No. 4	23 30	23 30	46 60	·				li	i	3		1	2		22	46	: L
" No. 5	10 87	10 87	21.74		1				1	"		_	7			63	1
Maryborough, No. 2	5 00	5 00 i	10 00	1	,				1 1	۱۱						14	1
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" No. 11	8 00	8 00	16 00		1	1	1	1	1		•••••	•••••				14	•••
Nichol, No. 2	5 00	5 00	10 00						<i></i> .					1			
" No. 1, R. C. S. S	10 00	10 00	20 00	1	1	1	1	l	1	1					1.	22	١
" & Pilkington, No. 5, U. S. S	24 50	24 50 1	49 00	J	1	1 1	1	1	7	3	2		2		1	107	i
" & Garafraxa, No. 6, U. S. S	6 00	6 00	12 00	1 :	1 -	1 ~	"	1	_	"					! <b>.</b>		
Pool No 9			36 00				1						3	1			1
Peel, No. 2.	18 00	18 00		1	1 1	1	1 1	1 1	1	3	4	1	1 3	1 1			
110. 0	8 00 }	8 00	16 00		1	1	1 1	1		3	2	1					
" & Maryborough, No. 4, U. S. S	5 00	5 00	10 00														1
" No. 7, U. S. S.	7 00	7 00	14 00		1	İ		¹	l	[	i						
" & Wellesley, No. 13 & 2	5 00	5 00	10 00		1			1								H	
& Marysborough, No. 14.	7 00	7 00	14 00			1					1			1		1	1
W Mai Shorougu, 110. 14			40 00								2		į		۱۱	21	1
Pilkington, No. 1	20 00	20 00			1	1	1	1	1	[ 5]	1 <sup>2</sup> 1	1		1		41	1
" No. 2	5 00	5 00	10 00			1	*****				· · · · · ·						
" No. 5	8 00	8 00	16 00										[		<b></b>		
" No. 6	5 00	5 00	10 00	1	1	1		1		l l			! i			14	
Puslinch, No. 1	6 31	6 31	12 - 62		1	1			1	3			J	i		21	١
" No. 2	6 50	6 50	13 00	1	ĺi	1							[		1 7	:li	1
	5 00	5 00	10 00		1 1				6				1 1	i	51	5	1
110. 9	(		m - 0 0						;	1 1					- "		1
110. 4	5 00	5 00	10 00									• • • • • •		1	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
" No. 6	5 00	5 00	10 00											1			
" No. 8	10 00	10 00	20 00		1												
" No. 9	20 00	20 00	40 00		1	1	1	1 1	1	3	2		l				
Wellington County N. R. of	28 00	28 00	56 00		ĺ	-	1			- 1				1			
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Artemesia, No. 9	10 75	1.0 75	21 50		1	1 5	1	1 !	1		ا ن	Ŧ				48	• • •
Bentinck, No. 10	5 00	5 00	10 00	[ 1				1	•••••		· · · · ·					19	
Bentinck & Glenelg, No. 2, U. S. S.	5 00	5 00	10 00	1	1	. 1										14	
Collingwood, No. 9	6 00	6 00 j	12 00		1						<del> </del>		ļ	1		۱۲	il .
Derby, Collingwood & Owen Sound, No. 3	5 00	5 00	10 00	1	1	1	l		1					1	1	14	II
" & Sydenham, No. 2, U. S. S	11 07	11 07	$\frac{10}{22}$ 14	Î		1	1		Ιŝ			1	1	1	1	78	II
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" & Normanby, No. 1	6 00	6 00	12 - 00		1	· · · · · ·			1		2			I		[] 22	ļ
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Euphrasia, No. 12	10 81	10 81	21 - 62	11	! 1	. 1	1	1	1	3	2	1		1		18	1
Melanothon, No. 1	21 31	21 31	42 62	11	1 1	î	1	i	I	ļ	1		1	2	2		H
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St. Vincent, No. 4	9 25	9 25	18 50	1	1			1 1	1 1						ļ	19	ļ
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Sullivan, No. 1	5 00	5 00	10 00	[]													П
" & Holland, No. 1, U. S. S	5 00	5 00	10 00		1		1			1	ا					[[	П
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TABLE P.—THE GRAMMAR AND COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

		Moneys.			<u>`</u>			MAE	es or					APPAT	RATUS.	OBJECT   LESSONS	PRIZE
MUNICIPALITIES  AND  SCHOOL SECTIONS.	Local Contribu- tions.	Legisla- tive Appor- tionment.	Total.	The World.	Europe.	Asia.	Africa.	America.	Canada.	Great Britain, Iro- land, &c.	misr	Classical and Scrip- tural.	Other Maps and Charts.	Globes.	Other School Apparatus (pieces).	Historical and other Lessons (sheets).	Number of Velumes.
rey—Continued. Sydenham, No. 4  " No. 5  " No. 6  " No. 9	12 75 5 60	\$ cts. 5 00 12 75 5 60 6 50	\$ ets. 10 00 25 50 11 20 13 00	1	1	1 1	1	1	1		 2 <sub>2</sub>	3	1	1	1	3 25 122 20	
Blanchard, No. 6	6 00 8 25 5 25 5 00 6 75	15 00 6 00 8 25 5 25 5 00 6 75 5 25	30 00 12 00 16 50 10 50 10 00 13 50 10 50		1	1	1	1	. ~	1		1		1	1	3 3 3	1 6 4 4 5
Easthope North, No. 3  " " No. 5  " South, No. 4  " North and South, No. 6, U. S. S Edlice, No. 9 " No. 7, R. C. S. S.	7 75 8 00 5 09 12 25 5 25 5 50	7 75 8 00 5 00 12 25 5 25 5 50	15 50 16 00 10 00 24 50 10 50 11 00 20 50		1	1	1 1 1	1	1	3 3 3	2 2 2		2			14	4
Fullarton, No. 1  "No. 2  "No. 3  "No. 6  Hibbert, No. 2  "No. 3	5 00 6 00 7 50 13 25	10 25 5 00 6 00 7 50 13 25 5 00	10 00 12 00 15 00 26 50 10 00	1					1	3			1			4	10

ornington,	No. 5	6 25	6 25	12 50	1	1				1				1 1			$\begin{vmatrix} 42 \\ 14 \end{vmatrix}$	
allace, No.	6	5 00	5 00	10 00	1	1	1		1				•••••				16	6
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eGillivray,	No. 1	10 25	10 25	20 50	1	: ~1	L	ī				••••••			^	1 ~	6	
"	No. 5	15 00	15 00	30 00	1	1	1	1	1	1			•••••	,,,,,,				
44	No. 10	15 00	15 00	30 00	1	1	1	1	1	1	l ,					1	38	4
"		5 00	5 00	10 00	11	i i		ł	i	1	l	İ İ		i	1			1 4
"	No. 11		5 00	10 00					1					11		ا ا		4
	No. 2, U. S. S	5 00					*****				1				2	24	14	1 4
cKillop,	No. 2	15 00 j	15 00	30 00			•••••	· · · · · · ·					••••		_	( ")	18	1
66	No. 6	5 25	5 25	10 50	1	1	1		1				• • • • • •					
"	No. 3, U. S. S	10 75	10 75	21 50	1	1	1		1	1	į 1					22	14	
orris,	No. 4	10 00	10 00	20 00	ll 1	1 1				1	1		1	3.	1		97	1
orris,		11 00	11 00	22 00	1 -	1 1	.,			-				·	1	25	59	
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anley,	No. 1	8 25	8 25	16 50	li 1	1 1	1	•••••			(				-	1	44	
**	No. 7	5 50	5 50	11 00					1	]	1	2		[		اا	14	
"	No. 13	10 00	10 00	20 00		1	1	1	1				• • • • • •	]]				
ephen,	No. 4	6 00	6 00	12 00	1	] ]]				1				l			48	
		8 00	8 00	16 00		"				I				ll				
ckersmith				$\frac{10}{14} \frac{00}{00}$	11			l		i						l	1	İ
i i	No. 7	7 00	7 00					• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •						i			1	
"	No. 9	5 25	5 25	10 50									• • • • • •	[ • • • • •	1	1		
"	No. 2, U. S. S	8 00	8 00	16 00	i										1			1.1
rnberry.	No. 2	10 25	10 25	20 50	li	1			1	1						1	14	
		5 00	5 00	10 00	11	-		1			1			1	1	1	53	:
sborne,	No. 1							1				2				1		I
"	No. 3	12 00	12 00	24 00	! ;	1	1		1 -			1 1	• • • • • •		1	,	14	
66	No. 4	5 50	5 50	11 00	$\parallel 1$					1	; I	<u>}</u>	• • • • • • •					
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	TIA: TA	, ,,,			11	1 1	-	1	1	į	1			1 /	1	!	!!	П

TABLE P.—The Grammar and Common Schools of Upper Canada, 1860.—(Continued.)

	MAPS, AP	PARATUS	& PRIZE D	OOKS	SSU	PPLI	ED B	SY TI	E E	DUC.	ATIO	NAL	DEP.	ARTME	ENT DU	RING TH	E YEAR
MUNICIPALITIES		MAPS.						Млр	s or					APPAI	RATUS.	OBJECT LESSONS	PRIZE Books
SCHOOL SECTIONS.	Local Contribu- tious.	Legisla- tive Appor- tionment.	Total.	The World.	Burope.	Asia.	Africa.	America.	Canada.	Great Britain, Ire- land, &c.	Single Hemispheres.	Classical and Scriptural.	Other Maps and Charts.	Globes.	Other School Apparatus (pieces).	Historical and other Lessons (sheets).	Number of Volumes.
Furon—Continued.  Wawanosh, No. 1.  "No. 3.  "No. 4.  "No. 6.  "No. 9.  "No. 10.  FRICE:  Arran, No. 9.  "No. 11.  Arran & Derby, No. 7, U. S. S.  Brant, No. 1.  "No. 2.  "No. 7.  Brant & Greenock, No. 1, U. S. S.  Bruce, No. 7.  Carrick, No. 7.  Carrick, No. 7.  Culross, No. 6.  Elderslie, No. 1.  "No. 4.  Elderslie & Saugeen, Nos. 7 & S, U. S. S.  Greenock, No. 7.	\$ cts. 23 00 7 00 5 00 5 00 11 50 12 00 7 00 6 50 6 50 6 50 5 25 34 00 6 50 5 75 11 00 11 00 6 50 19 07 8 50 8 75 33 50	\$ cts. 23 00 7 00 5 00 11 50 12 00 7 00 6 50 6 50 6 50 6 50 6 50 6 50 7 75 11 00 11 00 6 50 19 07 8 50 8 75 33 50	\$ cts. 46 00 14 00 10 00 10 00 23 00 24 00  14 00 13 00 13 00 13 00 15 00 15 00 16 00 17 50 18 00 17 50 17 50 17 50			 1 1  1  1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			1 3 3	2	1	             		1	174 40 99 5 14 22 14 18 18 18 15 3 161 45 17 184	235

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Saugeen, No. 7.	6 32	6 32	12 64	I	j	ļ			1			2	1	1	1	15	1
Diddlesex:	i	ł		ì		ĺ						1			İ	i i	1 11
Adelaide & Williams, Nos. 1 & 2, U. S. S	5 00	5 00	10 00		·····	ļ											42
Carradoc, No. 5	9 00	9 00	18 00		1	1	1	1		3	2	1			1	28	·
" No. 10,	10 00	10 00	20 00			İ									<b>,</b>		55
" No. 15	24 12	24 12	48 24		j 1	1	1	1		3	2	1		j 1	27		42
Dorchester, North, No. 3	12 00 j	12 00	24 00	.,,	1	1	1	1	1	3	2						[]
" No. 5	12 00	12 00	24 00	1	1	1	1	1		1		1	1	1	1	20	
" No. 12	12 00	12 00	24 00		1		1	1	1	3	2						l
" No. 19	10 00	10 00	20 00		1	1	1	1	1	3	-	1			21	46	[]]
Dorchest'r, N., & Westm'ster, Nos. 18&21, USS	6 00	6 00	12 00				}		1		2			1	1	59	
Ekfrid, No. 4.	5 00	5 00	10 00										'				55
Lobo, No. 7	5 00	5 00	10 00														47
London, No. 14.	11 00	11 00	22 00											1	24		}
Nissouri, W., & Oxford, N., No. 3, U.S.S	10 00	10 00	20 00	1	1	1	1	1	1						1	14	
Mosa, No. 11	14 00	14 00	28 00														69
Westminster, No. 2	5 00	5 00	10 00	1	1				1	•••••						14	
110. ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	6 00	6 00	12 00												[		44
INU. 1 tt.,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	12 00	24 00		1	1		1	1	3	2	•••••					
Williams, No. 1		14 03	28 06	1	1	1	1	1	1	1 1			1	1 1	1	110	
" East, No. 5	13 50 5 75	13 50	27 00 11 50		1	1 1	1	1	•••••	ن	2	1			• • • • • •		50
Elgin:	3 (3)	5 75	11 30				•••••		•••				•••••		• • • • • •	[·····i	53
Aldborough, No. 2	23 50	23 50	47 00	1	1	1 ,	,	, ,	7	1		- 1	,	١,	ا ا	1 1	1 !!
No. 5	22 00	23 30	44 00	1	' 1	1	1	1	1	1	•••••		1	1 1	3 3	14	
" No. 11	13 12	13 12	26 24		, –	1 1	١.	1	1	1	,	1	$\frac{1}{2}$	1 4	3	26	52
Bayham, No. 3	8 00	8 00	16 00	! 1	I	l i	1	1	î				- 1	1		17	1 11
" No. 23	12 00	12 00	24 00		Î	1 1	1	î	1	3	9.	•••••					ļ ······- {
Dunwich, No. 3	10 00	10 00	20 00	7	1	1 1	1 7	1	i!	1						19	
" No. 10	10 00	10 00	20 00	l î	Î	l i	i	î	î	1							
Malahide, No. 16	13 50	13 50	27 00	·	î	l î	Î	Î		3					1	35	
Southwold, No. 6	5 00	5 00	10 00		ļ	1				i	••••		. "I		1	""	37
" No. 8	5 00	5 00	10 00			1									1		53
" No. 9	9 75	9 75	19 50	1	1	1	1	1	1					1	]	21	
" No. 12	22 27	22 27	44 54			1			1	1		1				40	94
Yarmouth, No. 2	8 75	8 75	17 50	1	1	1	1		1	1			1			3	l
" No. 9	6 50	6 50	13 00	1	1								1	1	1	19	
" No. 23	18 10	18 10	36 20	1	1	į 1	1	1	1	3		1	10	l	{	5	1
" No. 1, U. S. S	6 00	6 00	12 00			Į											34
Kent:		[		i	ł	1								1		1 1	1 11
Camden, No. 1	22 25	22 25	44 50	1	; 1	1	1	1	1	3		1		1	2	21	
410+ (************************************	10 00	10 00	20 00		,		•••••	[	••••	٠٠				[			77
Chatham, No. 1	5 50	5 50	11 00					[ j		!							31
" No. 3	12 00	12 00	24 00	1	1	1	1 1	1	1	1		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1			17	[]
410. 0	12 50	12 50	25 00		1	1		]	1	3	2	•••••	¦	·····		20	[
No. 9	5 25 5 00	5 25 5 60	10 50		1	,	1	1	l I							14	
Howard. No. 2.	70 10	70 10	10 00	·····2													50
HUWALU. 170. A	10 10	10 10	140 20	2	1	1	1	1	1	1	•••••	6	11	2	56	322	83
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TABLE P.—The Grammar and Common Schools of Upper Canada, 1860.—(Continued.)

The second secon	MAPS, AP	PARATUS	& PRIZE E	00K	s sui	PPLI	ED E	ΥTF	IE E	DUCA	TIO	NAL	DEP.	ARTME	NT DU	RING TH	E YEAR.
MUNICIPALITIES		Moreys.						MAR	es of				1	APPAI	RATUS.	OBJECT   LESSONS	PRIZE BOOKS.
AND SCHOOL SECTIONS.	Local Contribu- tions.	Legisla- tive Appor- tionment.	Total.	The World.	Europe.	Asia.	Africa.	America.	Canada.	Great Britain, Ire- land, &c.	Single Hemispheres.	Classical and Sorip- tural.	Other Maps and Charts.	Globes.	Other School Apparatus (pieces.)	Historical and other object lessons (in sheets.)	Number of Volumes.
Kent—Continued.  Howard, No. 11  Orford, No. 1  No. 9  No. 3 & 4, U.S.S  Raleigh, No. 3  No. 5  Romney, No. 1  Zone, No. 1  No. 2  Lambton:	\$ cts. 5 00 10 00 6 25 5 69 5 00 5 00 6 00 5 00	\$ cts. 5 00 10 00 6 25 5 69 5 00 5 00 6 00 5 00	\$ cts. 10 00 20 00 12 50 11 38 10 00 10 00 12 00 10 00	1 1 1 1  1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1 1		1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1					1		1	17 35 17	50 51 58 48
Bosanquet, No. 12  Brooke, No. 5  "No. 6  Brooke & Euphemia, Nos. 7 & 9, U. S. S  Dawn, No. 3  "Nos. 5 & 6, U. S. S  Enniskillen Township.  Euphemia, No. 1  "No. 4  Moore, No. 2  "No. 3  "No. 6  "No. 6	5 25 12 00 12 00 13 25 5 29 5 00 5 00 9 50 10 00 10 00 25 75 5 00 7 95	5 25 12 00 12 00 13 25 5 29 5 00 5 00 9 50 10 00 25 75 5 00 7 95	10 50 24 00 24 00 26 50 10 58 10 00 19 00 20 00 20 00 51 50 10 00 15 90	1 1 1 1	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	1	1 1 1 1		3	2 2	2		1	25	23 89 14 18	16 32 47 76 61 42
Plympton, No. 4	5 00 14 00 16 25 38 00 5 00	5 00   14 00   16 25   38 00   5 00	10 00   28 00   32 50   76 00   10 00	1	1 1 1	1 1 1	1	1 2	1	3	2 2		1	1 1	1	24 21 14	63 53 57

																	. 11
Sarnia, No. 4	12 00	12 00	24 00		1	1	1	1	[ 1	3							
" No. 7	12 00	12 00	24 00		1	1	1	1	1	3	2						
Warwick, No. 14	6 75	6 75	13 50	1	1	1			1			1 1				14	
" Nos. 11 & 12, U. S. S	5 00	5 00	10 00														45
Essex:	i l	,		1			1						ŀ			1 01	1 [{
Colchester, Sec. A	6 74	6 74	13 48	1	1	1								······		24	
" No. 2	20 25	20 25	40 50		1	1	1	1						1	2	18	·····
" No. 11	5 25	5 25	10 50	1	1	1	1	1	1							21	
Gosfield, No. 2	22 00	22 00	44 00											1	2	14	47
" No. 5	5 25	5 25	10 50	ii						ļ		ļl		*******			44
Maidstone, No. 2	9 25	9 25	18 50	1	1	l I	1	1	1.					j	1	24	
Malden, No. 1	5 61	5 61	11 22				i		1	i		<i>.</i>					39
Sandwich, No. 8	5 00	5 00	10 00	1	1			1								14	
Cities:		i								i					i l		1
Kingston Grammar School	20 00	20 00	40 00	li					l	¦							46
London Common School	100 00	100 00	200 00				i							į			249
" R. C. S. S	6 75	6 75	13 50	1				1								14	
Ottawa Grammar School	22 05	22 05	44 10							۱ <u></u> ا							75
Toronto Common School		13 85	27 70		<b></b>	i			l	1							25 [
" Grammar School	15 00	15 00	30 00			l				l			i			,	67
" Normal & Model Schools	61 15	61 15	122 30	1	1	2			2	1 1i		5	2		31	[	133
" Model Grammar School	26 013	26 013	52 03							اا		ll	اا				
Towns:	-0 012			1						}		1 !	,		į	۱ ۱	1 11
Amherstburgh Lunatic Asylum	43 00	43 00	86 00	ll 1	1	1	1	1	1	1			2		23	82	1
Barrie	38 45	38 45	76 90	]][		l			[	li			i		<b> </b>		103
" Grammar School		8 17	16 34														
Belleville		15 00	30 00												<b> </b>		48
" Grammar School	18 00	18 00	36 00											1			52
Berlin		12 00	24 00	11											1	[	61
Bowman ville		8 771	17 55														
Brantford United Grammar & Common Sch.	15 00	15 00	30 00											<b> </b>	2	351	
Chatham	35 00	35 00	70 00														153
" Grammar School.	79 00	79 00	158 00														189
Cobourg	15 00	15 00	30 00													[	91
" Grammar School	24 48	24 48	48 96										8	1			36
Collingwood		15 00	30 00													'	90
Cornwall	20 00 1	20 00	40 00	11									13.		3	27	
" Grammar School	55 60	55 60	111 20											1	4	i	57
Dundas United Grammar & Common School	27 94	27 94	55 88													1	l
Galt	7 563	7 563	15 13									6					1
" Grammar School	13 89	13 89	27 78									i					38
Goderich	51 40	51 40	102 80	1	1		1	1							26	23	167
Guelph	15 00	15 00	30 00	11	-		. ~							1			50
" United Grammar & Common School.	85 36	85 36	170 72	1					T			3	1		1	8	236
Ingersoll R. C. S. S.	8 25	8 25	16 50		1	1	1				2					16	
Lindsay Grammar School	35 00	35 00	70 00	J		. 1	1										74
Milton	47 47	47 47	94 94	1	i	il	1	1		3							176
Niagara Grammar School	12 00	12 00	24 00	1 1	- 1									1	, ,		16
Time ata Otaminar Denoviriii	12 00			1													
	•	1	,			,	,		٠ (	;	,	1		•		, ,	

TABLE P.—THE GRAMMAR AND COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

	MAPS, AP	PARATUS	& PRIZE B	ooks	ssui	PLI	ED B	<b>У</b> ТН	EE:	DUCA	TI0	NAL	DEP.	ARTME	NT DU	RING TH	E YEAR.
MUNICIPALITIÉS		Moneys.						MAP	s or					Арран	RATUS.	OBJECT LESSONS.	PRIZE BOOKS.
AND SCHOOL SECTIONS.	Local Contribu- tions.	Legisla- tive Appor- tionment.	Total.	The World.	Europe.	Asia.	Africa.	America.	Canada.	Great Britain, Ire- land, &c.	Single Hemispheres.	Classical and Scriptural.	Other Maps and Charts.	Globes.	Other School Apparatus (pieces).	Historical and other object lessons (in sheets).	Number of Volumes.
Towns—Continued.  Niagara R. C. S. S. Oakville Grammar School Owen Sound Grammar School Perth '' Picton United Grammar & Common School. Sandwich Sarnia Grammar & Common School St. Catharines '' Grammar School Whitby '' Grammar School Windsor Woodstock Villages:	\$ cts. 10 00 5 25 12 55 13 50 25 00 5 00 35 00 30 50 21 00 5 00 10 00 67 62	\$ cts. 10 00 5 00 12 55 13 59 25 00 5 00 30 50 30 00 21 00 5 00 10 60 67 62	\$ cts. 20 00 10 50 25 10 27 00 50 00 10 00 70 00 61 00 42 00 10 00 20 00 135 24	1	1	1	1	1	1 1 1			2			2	79	64 94 29 78 154 48 110 15 41
Ashburnham Bradford Brighton Caledonia Chippewa Clinton Dunnville Elora " Grammar School Embro Pergus Fort Erie R. C. S. S. Hawkesbury Iroquois Grammar School	5 75 6 00 5 00 20 00 5 00 39 00 8 00 11 39 10 00 29 67 25 29 5 00 12 00 6 26	5 75 6 00 5 00 20 00 5 00 39 00 8 00 11 39 10 00 29 67 25 29 5 00 12 00 6 26	11 50 12 00 10 00 40 00 10 00 78 00 16 00 22 78 20 78 50 58 10 00 24 00 12 52	1	1	2	2	2	2	6			1		29	33	56 61 99 42 80 98 78 27 197

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i.	9
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Kemptville " "	6 00	6 00	12 00	1													ì
Mitchell	14 00	14 00	28 00	1					1	1)				1	1		
Newburgh	27 75	27 75	55 50		1	1	1	1	1			5					
Newcastle United Grammar & Common Sch.	16 17	16 17	32 34	1					i				6	1			il
Newmarket	19 75	19 75 i	39 50 1						1			2	1			162	
New Hamburg	23 10	23 10	46 20							- 0		1				21	
Oshawa	10 00	10 00	20 00												li		1
Portsmouth	10 00	10 00	20 00	1			!							}			[]
Smith's Falls United Gram, & Com. School	15 00	15 00	30 00											,			
	26 00	26 00	52 00		•••••					1		2	3	1	6	26	H
St. Mary's	15 00	15 00	30 00								1 1	_	"	1			il
Stirling	5 00	5 00	10 00			- 1			••••	*****							
Stirling	9 50		19 00	ļ				•••••		•••••	·····					1	li .
Stratford		9 50						i							4		II
Grammar School	74 50	74 50	149 00	1							· · · · ; )		2		1		
Strathroy United Grammar & Common Sch.	34 00	34 00	68 00		2,	2	2	2	2	6	4	•••••					1
Streetsville	10 00	10 00	20 00							••••			······ ]		}		il .
Southampton	16 15	16 15	$32 \ 30$														H
Yorkville	14 50	14 50	29 00	1	i								1	,	22	81	
										<u> </u>	·		!	I	7010	70510	
Total for 1860	8416 081	8416 081	16832 17	218		260	259							188		12746	2
Total for 1859	5952 51	5952 51	11905 02	204	261	224	189	252	223	263	132	173	284	135	1183	9418	1
				l	!				!								
Increase	2463 574	$2463\ 57\frac{1}{2}$	4927 15	14	63	36	70	28	73	138	87		55	53	763	3328	j I
Decrease									l	'	1	6	i	·			• • • • •
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$Recapitulation. \  \  $	1			l	ĺ		i	i	1 1	} `	}	1		1	,		11
Total for 1855	2327 763	2327 761	4655 53	135	142	108	94	106	116	95		41	467	48	546	7690	
" " 1856	4660 434	4660 431	9320 87	136			185	222		196		78	192	103	1540	13300	
" 1857	9059 14	9059 14	18118 28	245		353				515					2724	25831	Н.
" " 1858	5905 14	5905 14	11810 28	131		203				260	159					12350	li .
	5952 51	5952 51	11905 02	204		224	189							135		9418	1
1000		8416 083	16832 17	218									339	188		12746	$  \hat{2} $
" " 1860	8416 081	9410 083	10552 17	218	1 324	200	459	200	296	401	219	101	000	100	1340	12140	
G 1 m + 1 c G; 37	00001 071	20201 071	F02 (0. 15	1050	1057	1240	1990	7.497	1505	1720	1100	022	2634	874	9944	81335	4
Grand Total for Six Years	36321 071	36321 07 <del>1</del>	72642 15	1070	1007	1349	1220	1457	11567	11100	11182	952	4004	874s	3344	0.000	**

TABLE Q .- THE SUPERANNUATED OR WORN-OUT COMMON SCHOOL TEACHERS.

No.	Name.	Religious Faith.	Country of Birth.	Residence. (Municipality.)	Cause of Discontinuing Teaching.	Age in 1860.	Years of Teach- ing in Upper Canada.	Net Amount of Pension paid from 1st January to 31st December 1860, deducing Subscription.	For the Year.
					Age and Infirmity	78	22	<b>2</b> 3 50	½ 1859—½ 186
					Age and Infirmity	8 <b>8</b> 77	$\frac{28}{18}$	31 00 18 50	½ 1859—½ 1866 ½ 1859—½ 1866
					Age and Infirmity	72	18	18 50	½ 1858—½ 186
10 D	oau.	Roman Catholic	Ireland	Charlottenburgh	Age and Infirmity	87	35	63 99	½ 1859— 186
11 T	hos. J. Graffe				Infirmity	53	18	20 75	186
					InfirmityAge and Infirmity	64 75	25 30	27 26 54 00	1 1859—1 186 1 1859— 186
16 Jo	hn Gillon	Church of Scotland	Upper Canada	Ramgar	Infirmity	56 78	$\frac{32}{254}$	40 00 13 94	1866 1866 1866
10 Pa	ter Stewart	Church of Soctland	Engrand	Chatham	Age and Infirmity Age and Infirmity Age and Infirmity Age and Infirmity Age and Infirmity	74 67	23 $22$	$\begin{array}{c} 24 & 74 \\ 11 & 75 \end{array}$	1859—1 186 1859
21 Jo	hn Price	Church of England	Freland	Niagara	Age and Infirmity	77 71	22 38	26 25 48 25	186 186
22 W 23 Cr	illiam Gordon	Presbyterian	reland reland	Horton Ernestown	Age and Infirmity Age and Infirmity Infirmity	68 73 49	24 30 17	$\begin{array}{c} 42 & 00 \\ 37 & 25 \\ 19 & 37 \end{array}$	
24 Be 25 Th	njamin Warren( omas McMaster( sumed teaching	Church of England I Church of England I	reland reland	Augusta McKillop	Age and Infirmity	76 64	27 20	48 01 23 50	186 186 186
27 Wi	lliam McEdward(	Church of Scotland S	Scotland	Lancaster	Age and Infirmity	70	261	32 43	186
29 Ge 30 De	orge Fieldhouse S				Age and Infirmity	74	30	33 50	½ 1859—½ 186
31 Jo	hn McKenzie	PresbyterianS	cotland	Lancaster	Age and Infirmity	69	171	17 88	½ 1859— <u>½</u> 186

<sup>\*</sup>Dead since.

32 Patrick Rangon	IDoman Cathalia	OT3. 3	IT '3						
33 Dead.	Roman Cathoric	ireiand	Longueud	Age and Infirmity	79	30	33 50	½ 1859—½ 1	.860
34 Dead.									
	a, ,						l		ı
oo Francis Foster	Church of England	England	Chinguacousy	Age and Infirmity	79	18	18 50	1859—1 1	860
OODOBAIU MICHARAGI	Roman Catholic	Scotland	Lochiel	Age and Infirmity	74	13	19 99		860
of Dead.	l .			1	69		* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	•	
38 James Brenan	Roman Catholic	Treland	Ennismore	Age and Infirmity	76	35	44 13	13	860
og Dead.					• • • •	30	14 10	Δ.	000
40 William M. Hynes	Preshyterian	Iroland	Presentt	Age and Debility	66	0.4	19 25	1 1	0.00
41 Jane Johnston	Church of Frederic	In-land	D-11	Age and Deomity	56	34			860
42 W R Thornbill	Church of E11	Tretand	Feinam	Infirmity		21	24 88		860
43 William Tanina	Church of England	Trefand	Elizabethtown	Inhrmity	62	22	26 25		860
44 Dead.	Church of England	Ireland	Kingston	Age and Infirmity	78	171	20 06	13	860
TIDEau.				1					
45 John Fletcher	Presbyterian	Scotland	Tilbury, E	Infirmity	52	18	20 75	13	860
40 John B. Emons	IChurch of England	Hnner Canada	Portland	Infirmite	64	27	29 74	½ 1859—½ 18	860
4/John Nowlan	Church of England	Treland	Elmslev. N	Age and Infirmity	69	24	29 00		860
40 W. P. Huston	Presbyterian	Ireland	Mountain	Age and Infirmity	76	23		1859—1 18	
49 George Revnolds	Roman Catholic	Ireland	Comden E	Age and Infirmity	65	283	34 18		860
50 Dead.			Camaci, is	Age and Indimity	0.0	402	94 10	1.	000
	Preshyterion	Trolond	0-6-4	Age and Infirmity	69		70 50	1 1050 1 1	امما
52 Not heard from	1 1 CSO y terran	пенапа	OX101G	Age and innumity	อย	14	13 50	½ 1859—½ 1	860
53 Michael Fran	D C. (1. 1:	- , ,					_		
5 d Alaman Roen	Koman Catholic	Treland	Kingston	Age and Infirmity	69	$25\frac{1}{2}$	31 06		860
o-Autorander millier	Prespyterian	Scotland	IWolford	Age and Infirmity	74	$28\frac{1}{2}$	35 18		860
Join Donald	Presbyterian	Scotland	Dalhousia*	Infirmity	61	201	21 62	½ 1859— <u>½</u> 18	860
ob Angus McDonell	Roman Catholic	Scotland	Kenyon	Age and Infirmity	65	333	18 94	1 18	
Off Keshmed Teaching	I.							4 -	
58 John Livingston	Presbyterian	Scotland	Dalhousie	Age and Infirmity	69	254	13 94	1. 19	860
					80	18		1859—1 18	000
60 Gideon Gibson	Church of England	Traland	Fmily	Age and Infirmity	75	19			
61 William Bear	Preshytorion	Castland	C. Janiah	Age and Infirmity	66		22 12		860
62 Dead.	respyterian	beomand	Goderich	Age and innimity	00	17	17 26	½ 1859— <u>½</u> 18	860
	DE-4 -4-1-3					1			- 1
64 II Cu I	Not stated	Scotland	Lochiel	Infirmity	60	14			860
04 Henry St. Leger	Church of England	ireland	London	Age and Infirmity	76	21	24 87	18	860
05 Robert Thompson	Church of Scotland	Scotland	Cornwall	Age and Infirmity	56	20	23 50	13	860
oolbead.	1								
67 Dead.	ļ								- 1
68 Patrick McKce	Roman Catholic	Ireland	Osnabruck	Age and Infirmity	87	17	17 26	1 1859—1 18	280
69 Dead.	1			and the state of t	· i		11 20	2 1000-2 1	000
*70 Dead.						- 1			1
71 Thomas White	Congregationalist	England	TTo make a abanam	Debility	ام	002	00.05	-	220
72 Joshua Wahstar	Mathodist	Trital Ctates	Dalabaa	Age and Infirmity	70	234	28 65		860
72 Norman Maland	Duoglastania	CTITER DIRIES	Dugues	Age and Inhrmity	66	22	26 25		860
74 Comman Mcheou	Tressyterian	Scottand	ьоспіеі	Age and Infirmity	68	16		½ 1859— <u>}</u> 18	
14 Samuel P. Sules	Methodist	United States	Carradoe	Age and Infirmity	76	4.0	51 00		860
75 M. Kineborough	Church of England	ireland	Ernestown	Age and Infirmity	80	31	34 24	를 1859—를 18	860
76 Dead.				•		-	į		
1	l ,				1				- [
	<del></del>						<del></del>		<u> </u>

<sup>\*</sup>Diéd since.

TABLE Q.—The Superannuated or Worn-out Common School Teachers.—(Continued.)

N.0	Name.	Religious Faith.	Country of Birth.	Residence, (Municipality.)	Cause of Discontinuing Teaching.	Age in 1860.	Years of Teach- ing in Upper Canada.	Net amount of Pension paid from 1st January to 31st December 1860, deducting subscription.	For the Y	Tear.
78 W 79 J W 82 J W 82 J W 82 J W 85 J D 86 J J 87 J H 89 W 92 E W 92 W 94 J H 96 W 97 J J 700 W 101 W 102 W 102 W	Vm. Foster Vm. Glasford. ohn Hoyt. Vm. Powers ohn Vert. Vm. Powers ohn Kearns McKenzie ames Leys ohn Healy ector McRea. Vm. Carupbell Carruthers ot heard from. mily Cozens Vm. Dermott ugh Hagan alter Hick Higginbotham B. Hingston Jones M. Leonard McLeood	Wesleyan Methodist.  Wesleyan Methodist.  Baptist	Ireland Canada United States. Canada Scotland Scotland Ireland Scotland Scotland Scotland Ireland Scotland Ireland	Elizabethtown Smith's Falls Haldimand Napanee Albion Ameliasburgh Windsor Westminster Goderich Leeds and Lansdowne Charlottenburgh Marysburgh City of Hamilton Town of Cornwall Portland Fenelon Templeton, C. E Sheffield Elmsley, North Trafalgar Sandwich Artemesia Innisfl Charlottenburgh	Age and Infirmity Infirmity Infirmity Infirmity Infirmity Infirmity Infirmity Infirmity Infirmity Age and Infirmity Diseased Lungs Infirmity Age and Infirmity Age and Infirmity Infirmity Infirmity Age and Infirmity Age and Infirmity Age and Infirmity Infirmity Infirmity Age and Infirmity Infirmity Infirmity Infirmity	77, 600 87, 61, 63, 68, 61, 64, 71, 64, 75, 62, 71, 42, 69, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67, 67	$7$ $22$ $18\frac{1}{2}$ $25$ $30$ $21\frac{1}{2}$ $25$ $20$ $17$ $26$ $20$ $24$ $27$ $13$ $30$ $18\frac{1}{2}$ $25$ $22$ $24$ $19\frac{1}{2}$ $13$	\$ cts. 4 74 23 50 9 56 27 26 16 75 22 88 24 74 27 26 10 50 8 63 81 75 10 50 87 25 42 00 33 13 6 13 16 75 30 99 27 26	½ 1859— ½ 1859— ½ 1859— ½ 1856—½ ½ 1859— ½ 1859—	1860 1860 1860 1860 1860 1860 1860 1860
104 Sa 105 D 106 R. 107 Da	ead. Williams	Episcopal Methodist  Church of England  Wesleyan Methodist	Upper Canada Ireland Upper Cànada	ElizabethtownLancasterLansdowne	Age and Infirmity Infirmity  Age and Infirmity  Infirmity  Age and Infirmity  Age and Infirmity	74 55 65 57 74	$     \begin{array}{r}       19 \\       17 \\       \hline       14\frac{1}{2} \\       26 \\       31     \end{array} $	19 37 22 99 14 25		1860 1860 1860 1860

<sup>\*</sup>Died since.

109 William Kane	Church of England	Ireland	Whitchurch	Age and Infirmity	781	36	66 00 ½ 1859— 186
Matthew Devereux	Church of Scotland	Ircland	Charlottenburgh	Age and Infirmity	63	23	27 63 186
Michael O'Kane	Roman Catholic	Ireland	Winchester	Age and Infirmity	68	$20\frac{1}{2}$	34 99 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
112 T. O. Clendennan	Church of England	Upper Canada	Louth	Chronic Bronchitis	57	24	29 00 186
HolDead.			ļ	1 1		- 1	
114 Alexander Jenkins	Church of England	Ireland	Port Hone	Age and Infirmity	66	18	20 75 186
115 Isahella Kennedy	Church of Sectland	Scotland	Charlottenhurch	Infirmity	58	22	23 50 1 1859-1 186
116 Henry Livesley	Protectant	England	Walnala	Age and Infirmity	74	22	$23 \ 50   \frac{7}{2} \ 1859 - \frac{7}{2} \ 186$
117 Dead.	Trocestant	langianu	warpore	Ingo and Intimity	'-		
118 Robert Boottie	Dunahartanian	Santland:	Dolham	Age and Infirmity	65	20분	21 62 3 1859-3 186
119 John J. Biggar	Charak & Castland	Sootland	Promission d	Age and Infirmity	68	25	27 26 2 1859—3 186
120 William Corry	Church of Scottand	D13	Drantiord	Age and Infirmity	70	17	17 24 3 1859—3 186
121 Marianne Ederington	Church of England	Lugianu		Infirmity	49	20	10 50 3 186
192 Datas Ditamataish	Church of England	Tretand	Gouldourn	A no and Treformity	6S	23	40 01 3 1859— 186
122 Peter Fitzpatrick	Roman Catholie	reland	Douro	Age and Infirmity	69	14	13 50 1 1859—1 186
124 Dead.	Presbyterian	Scotland	Darling	Age and Infirmity	09	14	13 30 2 1033-2 100
125 Dead.					o-		19 76 1 1859- 186
Woodus Johnson	Church of England	England	Goulbourn	Age and Infirmity	67	19	
120 James Kehoe	Roman Catholic	Ireland	Crosby, N	Infirmity	58	19	$31 99 \frac{1}{2} 1859 - \frac{1}{2} 186$
William Leahy	Roman Catholic	Ireland	Douro	Age and Infirmity	71	12	11 00
128 James McQueen	Presbyterian	Scotland	Nichol	Infirmity	53	$22\frac{1}{2}$	12 06 3 186
129 John Miskelly	Church of England	Ireland	Wolford	Age and Infirmity	62	$12\frac{1}{2}$	13 18 186
130 William McIver	Roman Catholic	Ireland	Whitehurch	Age and Infirmity	71	16	34 00 1 1859- 186
131 Patrick Wood	Church of England	Ireland	Smith	Age and Infirmity	69	16	8 00 ½ 186
132 Nicholas Fagan	Church of England	Ireland	Marysburgh	Age and Infirmity	66	13	12 24 2 1859—2 186
133 Dead.	-		1		1	-	
*134 James McCabe	Roman Catholic	Ireland	Thurlow	Age and Infirmity	74	33	18 63 2 1859
135 Andrew Power	Roman Catholic	Treland	Whitehurch	Infirmity	42	17	25 89 1859- 186
136 James Ramsay	Congregationalist	Upper Canada	Ancaster	Infirmity	55	17	8 62 186
137 Catherine Snyder	Enisconalian	Unner Canada	Osnabruck	Infirmity	51	18	18 50 1 1859-1 186
138 James Finney	Church of England	Treland	Ochowa	Age and Infirmity	74	16	18 00 186
139 John Tucker	Roman Catholic	Ireland	Twendinger	Age and Infirmity	67	21	22 24 + 1859 186
140 John Brown	Church of England	Iroland	Shoffold	Infirmity	62	26	46 00 3 1859 186
141 John Monaghan	Pomon Catholia	Iroland	Voncen	Infirmity	56	15	16 63 186
142 Richard Vonmana	Wasleven Methodist	Unnan Canada	Wellowell	Infirmity	56	20	23 50 186
143 Dead.	Westeyan memouso	Opper Canada	Italiowell	I milling	•	20	20 00
144 William Ferenger	Church of Costland	Casilan i	Dolhanaia	Infirmity	60	24	42 00 3 1859 186
				Age and Infirmity	63	20	21 00 1 1859-1 186
					71	36	41 00 4 1859—1 186
				Age and Infirmity	69	19	22 12 186
				Age and Infirmity	69		27 26 + 1859
148 Edward Ryan	Methodist	Ireland	Gwillimbury, W	Age and Infirmity		25	
149 Daniel Sheehan				Age and Infirmity	76	20	21 00 \\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\
				Age and Infirmity	63	191	22 81 186
	Church of Scotland	Scotland	Toronto Township	Age and Infirmity	70	22	23 50 1 1859-1 186
152 Not heard from			1	·		ا ا	2 2 2
153 Andrew Lorimer	Not mentioned	Nova Scotia	Winchester	Age and Infirmity	72	8	3 00 4 186
3	J	l	1	,	- 1		J

<sup>\*</sup>Died since.

TABLE Q.—The Superannuated or Worn-out Common School Teachers—(Continued.)

No.	Name.	Religious Faith.	Country of Birth.	Residence, (Municipality.)	Cause of Discontinuing Teaching.	Age in 1860.	Years of Teach- ing in Upper Canada.	Net amount of Pension paid from 1st January to 31st December 1660, deducting Subscription.	For the Year.
156 (157 J 158 J 158 J 158 J 161 J 162 J 163 J 164 J 165 J 166 J 167 J 173 J 174 J 175 J 175 J 177 J 1	Alexander Mindleton Heorge Miller Feremiah O'Leary Ames Weatherhead A. McCormick Ohn Dewar Chomas Baldwin Ames Bodfish Anne Jackson Villiam Mitchell Adward Redmond Villiam Hildyard Villiam Hildyard Villiam Hildyard Airy Richards V. B. P. Williams Aulius Ansley Chomas Baker Chomas Baker Chomas Buchanan Clatthew M. Hutchins Cliram Phelps Coseph Scott Celen McLaren Calph McCallum	Free Presbyterian Free Presbyterian Roman Catholic Presbyterian Church of Scotland Free Presbyterian Church of England Wesleyan Methodist Roman Catholic Presbyterian Roman Catholic Presbyterian Roman Catholic Roman Catholic Roman Catholic Roman Catholic Roman Catholic Roman Catholic Roman Catholic Boman Catholic Church of England Church of England Church of England Wesleyan Methodist Church of Scotland Wesleyan Methodist Church of England Presbyterian Church of England Presbyterian Church of England Presbyterian Church of England Presbyterian Presbyterian	Scotland Ireland Scotland Scotland Scotland Scotland Ireland England Ireland England Ireland England Ireland England Ireland England Ireland Upper Canada Wales Ireland England Ireland England Ireland Ireland Upper Canada Wales Ireland England Ireland England Ireland England Ireland England Ireland Scotland Ireland Scotland United States. Ireland England England Ireland Scotland Ireland Scotland Ireland Scotland Ireland	Albion Vaughan Ops Otonabee Yarmouth Nassagaweya City of Hamilton Caistor Marysburgh Cayuga, N Cobourg Adelaide Burgess, N Pittsburgh Hallowell Townsend Artemesia Oxford E Wainfleet Houghton Scarborough Brighton City of Kingston Grantham Huntingdon Dunwich Williamsburgh	Age and Infirmity Infirmity Age and Infirmity Debility Infirmity Infirmity Infirmity Age and Infirmity Age and Infirmity Age and Infirmity Age and Infirmity Age and Infirmity Age and Infirmity	68 61 77 60 63 79 65 65 55 56 56 55 55 56 65 55 56 65 65	13 20 12 22 14 16 16 13 20 21 27 19 7 18 2 20 22 22 21 20 22 21 22 22 23 23 23	18 00 24 87 22 00 16 00 26 00 13 88 21 00 36 11 28 50 33 12 22 12 12 37 62 56 37 23 12 48 65 25 63 87 73 83 11 75 11 13 62 50 46 83 69 63 77 63 82 88	1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860 1859—1860

<sup>\*</sup>Died since.

TABLE Q. - GENERAL ABSTRACT.

Counties from which the foregoing Superannuated Teachers Al	PLIED.	Religious Denominations.	NATIVES OF
Glengary	5 2 2 6 6 4 1 1 3 3 3 5 5 4 3 3 3	Congregationalist	Scotland         53           England         17           Upper Canada         14           United States         8           Lower Canada         2           Wales         1           Nova Scotia         2           Total         181

Of the 181 Teachers enumerated, 25 died before or during 1860, 3 were not heard from, 2 resumed teaching, and 1 withdrew from the Fund.

Of the remaining 150, the average length of service as Common School Teachers in Upper Canada was 21½ years.

The average age of each Pensioner in 1860, was 662 years.

There 142 males and 8 females.

TABLE R.—THE GRAMMAR AND COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.

DISTRIBUTION OF THE LEGISLATIVE SCHOOL GRANT BY THE EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT, TOGETHER WITH THE SUMS RAISED AS AN EQUIVALENT THERETO, AND OTHER MONEYS RAISED BY TRUSTEES, &c.,

	EQUIVALENT THERETO, AND OTHER MONEYS RAISED BY TRUSTEES, &c,													
, na -		- <del></del>		F LEGISI	LATIVE AID.		-		AS AN EQ			aised by thers for Common	Sources	TOTAL.
THE MUNICIPALITIES  OF UPPER CANADA.	For Common School purposes.	For Gram. School purposes.	For Public School Libraries, Maps, Apparatus, and Prizes.	To Foor Schools.	To Normal School Students.	To Superannuated Teachers.	Total Legislative Aid, 1860.	For Common School purposes.	For Public School Libraries, Maps, Apparatus, and Prizes.	Subscriptions to Superan nuated Teachers' Fund.	Total from Local Sources as an equi- valent.	Other Moneys raised Trustees and others Grammar and Comm School purposes.	Total from Local Sc 1860.	Grand Total, Legis- lative Aid and Lo- cal Sources, 1860.
Storment. Dundas. Prescott. Russell. Carleton Grenville. Leeds Lenark Renfrew Prontenae. Addington Lennox. Prince Edward Hastings. Northumberland Durham Peterborough Victoria Ontario York Peel. Simcoe. Halton. Wentworth. Brant	2102 00 1734 45 ·734 00 3368 65 2392 50 3690 00 2032 00 2444 00 1932 44 881 00 2098 15 3996 39 3873 00 3778 00 2063 00 2027 00 6387 86	674 00 303 00 84 00 389 00	79 00 15 76 15 76 15 57 58 00 72 75 199 54 68 75 72 13 71 130 24 00 295 71 89 36 160 29 249 762 185 32 347 43 716 61 99 91 287 04 198 48 238 43	12 00 55 00 60 00 110 00 20 00 20 00 90 00	23 00 65 00 17 00 19 00	46 89 131 99 147 11 215 37 61 99 149 55 161 05 171 07 191 50 116 01 146 14 97 24	\$ cts. 3124 80 1922 02 2310 73 2486 36 772 57 3896 54 2597 24 4137 65 4066 12 2685 05 2118 49 905 00 2707 93 4336 25 4187 80 4092 72 2489 76 2657 56 4818 93 8134 353 3180 81 4889 18 2381 34 3772 13 2761 79	\$ cts. 2115 00 1895 00 2184 00 2141 00 939 64 3095 18 2352 00 3640 00 3472 05 2086 28 2869 00 2339 00 3977 00 3842 00 3978 00 2629 00 1995 00 4258 97 6271 00 2919 00 4400 52 2163 00 3016 65 2462 00	79 00 10 60 15 76 15 57 58 00 72 75 199 54 68 75 71 50 25 00 24 00 295 71 89 36 160 29 160 29 160 29 17 62 185 32 347 43 716 61 99 91 287 04 198 43 198 43	24 00 8 00 9 00 4 00 4 00 12 00 12 00 16 00 8 00 48 00 28 00 12 00	\$ cts. 2198 00 1895 00 2195 60 2156 76 955 21 3177 54 3549 80 2161 41 2944 50 2371 00 839 00 839 00 839 00 2634 71 4090 36 4002 29 4032 72 2710 62 2196 32 4614 40 7035 61 3046 91 4699 56 2361 82 2610 77	4819 10 14850 19 17929 49 26251 48 25098 58 12246 33 14796 72 35884 29 54188 07 20512 23 27225 85 15518 64 17633 29	\$ cts. 12687 21 8086 83 9832 87 7977 07 3076 95 18225 91 11864 10 34251 80 18339 25 9954 44 14804 27 10804 50 5658 10 17484 90 22019 85 30253 77 29138 30 14956 95 16993 04 40498 69 61223 68 23559 14 31925 41 17880 37 23010 11	\$ cts. 15812 01 10008 85 12143 60 10463 43 3849 52 22122 45 14461 34 38389 45 22905 37 12252 99 6563 10 34441 57 3231 02 17446 71 19650 60 45317 62 69657 21 26739 95 36814 59 20261 46 24668 50 25771 90

Lincoln Welland Haldimand Norfolk Oxford Waterloo Wellington Grey Perth Haron Bruce Middlesex Elgin Kent Lambton Essex Total	2058 00 2531 50 2532 50 4501 00 3517 22 4445 38 3470 00 5308 54 2212 50 5251 93 3408 00 2826 00 2320 00	225 00	69 85	23 00 42 51 000 23 00 000 88 50 22 00 00 41 51 000 19 50 00 111 01 00 19 50 00 44 51 127 50 23 00	120 33 52 00 24 23 65 25 0 32 81 90 68 0 32 13 0 32 13 1 32 13 1 32 50 1 38 7	2496 18 2786 32 3148 25 5067 15 3868 19 5047 73 4549 66 3984 36 5969 92 2592 21 5729 07 3777 62	2430 00 2600 77 2826 00 3244 87 5377 62 3700 00 5211 27 4365 00 3462 45 6886 58 2165 00 5241 75 3408 00 4106 82 4227 00 2117 82	09 85 160 32 257 52 392 40 323 97 508 04 8 00 537 18 12 00 403 36 28 00 559 75 56 00 255 21 266 02 28 00 234 49 295 54 247 99 79 35	2986 32 3502 39 5770 92 4028 97 5727 31 4914 18 3893 81 7502 33 2410 21 5535 77 3642 49 4402 36 4502 99 2197 17	16979 29 16896 45 17397 31 19643 71 29253 67 27807 45 26212 71 19998 67 17598 17 29470 11 13111 47 34126 98 23017 44 18309 60 20844 65 11732 65	19532 34 19567 07 20383 63 23146 10 35023 69 31836 42 31940 02 24912 85 21491 98 36972 44 15521 68 39662 75 26659 93 22711 96 25347 64 13929 82	22201 83 22063 25 23169 95 26294 35 40090 84 35704 61 36987 75 29462 51 25476 34 42942 36 18113 89 45391 82 30437 55 25866 00 27911 50 16126 17
CITIES. Forento Hamilton Kingston London Ottawa. Total	4458 50 2326 50 1453 00 1492 50 1578 50	780 00 700 00 1200 00 775 00	106 75	81 50	55 88 46 83 24 87	3273 88	6105 00	80 00 20 00 106 75	16080 00 6125 00 8106 75 6022 05	12056 49 18631 24 2793 14 6078 77 7853 79 47413 43	36171 34 34711 24 8918 14 14185 52 13875 84 107862 08	42396 18 37985 12 11137 97 17055 64 16251 39 124826 30
TOWNS. Amberstburgh Barrie Belleville Berlin Bowmanville Brantford. Brockville Chatham Clifton Cobourg. Collingwood Cornwall Dundas. Galt	690 00	C90 00 820 00 442 00 354 00 437 00 850 00 725 00 610 00 220 00 892 00 475 00	12 00 200 00 15 00 114 00 100 00 39 48 15 00 85 60 27 94	22 00 19 50 23 00 23 00 23 00 23 00 21 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50 50	33 12 0 56 63	571 00	\$00 00 \$00 00 1492 80 2231 00 5510 66 4000 00 2600 00 1900 00 1900 00 594 02 3900 00	86 62 33 00 12 00 200 00 15 00 114 00 100 00 39 48 4 00 85 60 4 00 27 94	33 00 1504 80 2431 00 5525 66 4000 00 2714 00 1000 00 1943 48 15 00 1409 60 621 96	709 57 741 59 4923 47 641 71 553 95 2016 59 1288 90 2211 71 190 25 2078 27 2055 54 1012 16 2122 59 4160 32	1500 57 1628 21 4956 47 2146 51 2084 95 7542 25 5288 90 4925 71 1190 25 4021 75 2070 54 2421 76 2744 55 8081 78	1783 57 2624 33 6377 47 2865 25 4000 95 8707 25 6707 40 6155 71 1381 75 5249 35 2641 54 3688 99 3572 99 9085 74

TABLE R.—THE GRAMMAR AND COMMON SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

DISTRIBUTION OF THE LEGISLATIVE SCHOOL GRANT BY THE EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT, TOGETHER WITH THE SUMS RAISED AS AN EQUIVALENT THERETO, AND OTHER MONEYS RAISED BY TRUSTEES, &c.

(														
			AMOUNT	OF LEGIS	LATIVE AIL	),			RECEIVED AS AN EQ		AL SOURCES	raised by others, for l Common ses.	Sources,	TOTAL.
THE MUNICIPALITIES OF UPPER CANADA.	For Common School purposes.	Fo Gram. School purposes.	For Public School Libraries, Maps, Apparatus and Prizes.	To Poor Schools.	To Normal School Students.	To Superannuated Teachers.	Total Legislative Aid 1860.	For Common School purposes.	For Publio School Libraries, Maps, Apparatus and Prizes.	Subscriptions to Superann u a te d Teachers' Fund.	Total from Local sources as an equi- valent.	Other Moneys raised Trustees and others Grammar and Com School purposes.	Total from Local Sou 1860.	Grand Total Legis- lative Aid, and Lo- cal Sources, 1860.
TOWNS (Continued.)	\$ ets.	\$ cts	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.
Goderich Guelph Ingersoll Lindsay Milton Niagara Oakville Owen Sound Paris. Perth Peterborough Picton Port Hope Prescott Sandwich Sarnia St Catharines. Simcoe Whitby Windsor Woodstock	214 98 178 00 99 00 284 00 169 32 206 00 305 50 290 50 327 50 174 50 96 00 186 00 641 50 220 00 278 00 291 00	575 00 387 00 206 00 460 00 400 00 245 00 630 00 425 00 512 00 243 00 625 00 625 00 425 00 825 00	100 36 8 25 35 00 57 47 22 00 5 25 12 55 13 50 55 00 35 00 35 00 60 50 26 00 10 00 67 62		22 50 42 00 65 50 64 00	26 25 20 75 19 25 13 00 27 26	1135 40 1104 36 610 23 419 00 616 47 776 75 461 55 635 50 730 25 807 50 695 50 1137 25 499 75 114 00 930 00 934 00 936 00 724 26 1203 12	1246 04 99 00 714 52 831 50 1213 97 2600 46 1240 36 880 00 1971 11 963 21 799 14 193 00 2547 00 2618 79 2327 00 2000 00 1800 00	100 36 8 25 35 00 57 47 22 00 5 25 12 55 13 50 25 00 35 00 35 00 60 50 26 00 10 00 67 62	4 00 4 00 4 00 4 00 4 00	2051 40 2428 41 1318 25 1281 04 156 47 736 52 840 75 1226 52 2600 46 1257 85 955 00 905 00 2010 11 967 21 804 14 228 00 2607 50 2618 79 2353 00 2014 00 1867 62	1000 29 2116 03 1389 17, 453 10, 1718 21 588 77 1780 54 283 70 1033 73 5906 77, 5171 74 1814 88 2009 98 1551 95 213 75 2850 42 3424 39 770 685 93 313 92 1781 61	3051 69 4544 44 2707 42 1784 14 1874 68 1325 29 2621 29 1510 22 3634 19 7164 62 6126 62 6126 99 2519 16 1017 89 3073 42 6081 89 3388 89 3388 93 2327 92 3649 23	4187 09 5648 80 3317 65 2153 14 2491 15 2102 04 33085 77 4260 69 7894 87 6934 24 3415 38 5157 34 3018 91 1131 89 1121 89 4222 84 4124 93 3052 18 4852 35
Total	10902 54	16485 00	1375 00		345 50	286 51	29394 55	56631 62	1375 00	28 00	58034 62	61715 55	119750 17	149144 72

Ashberham   In Twp   188    6 75     5 76    150 00   5 75    155 75    168 70   1768 90   1848   117    1848   117    1848   118    118		1	1								1		1			
Brampton   S	Ashburnham	:- /r				]	1	E 75	150 00	E 775	- (	150 kg	005 40	He1 15	766 00	
Paramon	Bath	in Iwp.								9 79						
B-Fig.   20.6   370   370   0   574   0   759   55   759   55   342   37   102   32   1676   32   32   34   34   34   34   34   34	Bradford	in Twp.		······					995 50						1404 [[]	
Cale   Cale	Brammton	87 00		6 00].					200 00	6 00					000 73	
Care   158 00   550 00   20 00   728 00   850 00   20 00   850 00   22 32   1152 23   1880 25	Bright.	204 00						574 00							1676 32	
Capura	Cole 1	in Twp.		5 00 .						5 00			1880 26		2024 26	
Chippews 145 00 5 00 117 00 1180 05 100 1180 05 100 117 05 23 97 144 45 1161 95 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124 124	· Oaledonia.	150 00	550 00	20 00 .				728 00		1 20 001		855 00		1152 23	1880 23	
CHION 99 00	Vayuga	117 00						117 00	800 00			800 00	244 95	1044 95	1161 95	
Chlorne 99 00	Ompoews	745 00						150 00	1168 05	5 00		1173 05		1197 02	1347 02	
Description   94 00   200 00   200 00   200 00   320 00   332 00   741 05   1073 14   1367 14   147 147   147	Ounton.	1 00 00							700 00	39 00					1042 11	
Commonweight   Comm	©∪lborne	0.4.07		0000	•••••				332 09						1367 14	
Color:	Dunnville	in Trun		0 00												
Section   Color   Co	Elora	155.00								91 20					2017 33	
Fort Eric.   42 00	Embro	155 00		21 39						1 21 30					665 08	
Harkestury   126 00   12 00   138 00   350 00   355 00   355 00   355 00   359 50   359 558 395	Fergus	03 00	/	29 67											1108 001	
Hayeler   126 00	Total Date	109 00	<sup>յ</sup> լ												1100 90	
Hespeler	For Erie	42.00		5 00].											589 5511	
Remptville	Hawkesbury	126 00		12 00		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,				12 00					553 95	
Remptville	riespeler	89 00	)	1											655 01	
Remptville	Troquois	86.00	388 00	6 261.				480 26		6 26		93 26	616 20	709 46	1189 72	
Rineardine	Kemptville	123 00						406 00		6 00		598 50	362 28	960 78		
Mitchell	Kincardine	96.00						96 00	400 00			400 00	288 36	688 36	784 36	
Napanee	Mitchell	126 00							1127 47			1141 47			1293 14	
Newburgh 117 00 400 00 27 75 548 75 481 59 491 71 973 30, 1518 05 Newcastle. 142 00 200 00 16 17 365 17 624 00 16 17 655 17 3057 09 3715 26 4073 43 CO New Hamburg 131 00 23 10 1100 00 23 10 1123 10 649 13 1772 23 1926 33 Newmarket 145 00 321 00 10 00 00 12 5 61 50 645 25 256 69 19 25 275 94 1358 61 1634 55 2279 80 Newmarket 145 00 321 00 11 00 0 18 00 00 10 00 00 10 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Napanee	120 00														
New Hamburg	Newburgh	117 00	0000												1518 05	
New Hamburg	Newcastla	149 00														<u> </u>
Newmarket	Naw Homburg	194 00													1096 23	$\simeq$
Oshawa         145 00         321 00         10 00         18 00         494 00         1000 00         10 00         70 00         70 20         70 10 673 00         744 00           Pembroke         71 00         150 36         350 00         10 00         360 00         269 10         629 10         744 00           Portsmouth         140 36         10 00         150 36         350 00         10 00         360 00         269 10         629 10         779 46           Preston         159 00         12 87         171 37         1400 00         12 87         1412 87         552 47         1965 34         2137 21           Renfrew         in Twp.         200 00         812 89         812 89         485 59         1298 48         1498 48           Smith's Falls         110 00         100 00         15 00         9 56         234 56         15 00         170 00         812 89         485 59         1298 48         1498 48           Schiling         in Twp.         5 00         9 56         234 56         15 00         170 00         812 89         982 00         1216 65           Stirling         in Twp.         5 00         9 50         0 91 50         5 00         91 50         5 00 </td <td>Newspan - Later</td> <td>131 00</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>23 10</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1920 50</td> <td>7</td>	Newspan - Later	131 00								23 10					1920 50	7
Pembroke.	Newmarket	144 50													2279 80	
Portsmouth	Usnawa	145 00													2206 20	
Preston   159 00	Pembroke	71 00									,				744 00	
Preston   159 00	Portsmouth	140 36	S	10 00						10 00						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Preston	159 00	)	12 87				171 87				1412 87	$552 \ 47$			
Smith's Falls	Renfrew.	in Two						200 00	812 89			812 89	485 59	1298 48	1498 48	
Southampton         60 00         16 15         76 15         460 03         16 15         482 18         946 10         1428 28         1504 43           Stirling         in Twp         5 00         91 50         5 00         96 50         309 24         405 74         410 74           St. Mary's         265 00         26 00         291 00         1800 00         26 00         1826 00         490 09         2316 09         2607 09           St. Thomas         149 81         560 00         15 00         724 81         700 00         15 00         715 00         1371 74         2086 74         2811 55           Stratford         281 00         650 00         84 00         1015 00         1800 00         84 00         1341 66         3225 66         4240 66           Stratford         281 00         33 00         34 00         147 40         508 55 34 00         1840 00         1341 66         3225 66         4240 66           Strathroy         80 40 33 00         34 00         147 40         508 55 53         34 00         542 55         222 15         764 70         912 10           Streetsville         136 00 250 00 10 00         396 00         355 50         1300 00         10 00         40 68	Smith's Falls	110.00						234 56	155 00	15 00		170 00	812 69	982 09	1216 65	
Stirling         in Twp         5 00         5 00         91 50         5 00         96 50         309 24         405 74         410 74           St. Mary's         265 00         26 00         291 00         1800 00         26 00         1826 00         490 09         2316 09         2307 09           St. Thomas         149 81 560 00         15 00         724 81         700 00         15 00         715 00         1371 74         2086 74         2811 55           Stratford         281 00 650 00         84 00         1015 00         1800 00         84 00         1841 66         3225 66         4240 66           Strathroy         80 40 33 00         34 00         147 40         508 55         34 00         542 55         222 15         764 70         912 10           Streetsville         136 00 250 00         10 00         395 00         670 00         10 00         400         684 00         510 70         1194 70         1590 70           Thoroid         192 50 153 00         10 00         355 50         1300 00         10 10         1310 00         1134 56         2800 06           Trentom         199 76 220 00         446 67         446 67         1031 51         1447 818         1	Southampton	60 00							466 03			482 18	946 10		1504 43	
St. Mary's         265 00         26 00         291 00         1800 00         26 00         490 09         2316 09         2607 09           St. Thomas         149 81         560 00         15 00         724 81         700 00         15 00         715 00         1371 74         2086 74         2311 55           Stratford         281 00         650 00         84 00         1015 00         1800 00         84 00         1341 66         322 66         4240 66           Stratfroy         80 40         33 00         34 00         147 40         508 55         34 00         542 25         222 15         764 70         912 10           Streetsville         136 00         250 00         10 00         396 00         670 00         10 00         400         684 00         510 70         1194 70         1590 70           Thorold         192 50         153 00         10 00         355 50         1300 00         10 10         1310 00         1134 56         2444 56         2800 06           Trentom         199 76         220 00         419 76         446 67         446 67         446 67         1031 51         1478 18         1897 94           Vienna         109 00         390 00         499 00	Stirling	in Turn													410 74	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	St. Marv's	265 00	.1												2607 09	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	St Thomas	140 0													2911 55	
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Stratford	149 81														
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Ct11	281 00														
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Strathroy															
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Streetsville															
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Thorold			10 00 .						10 10						
$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	Trenton	199 76	220 00	}					446 67						1897 94	
Waterloo     147 00     1200 00     1200 00     1200 00     440 81     1640 81     1787 81       Welland     77 00     400 00     477 00     350 00     350 00     723 00     1073 00     155 00       Yorkville     145 00     15 00     46 00     206 00     200 00     15 00     215 00     806 99     1021 99     1227 99	Vienna	109 00	390 00	l				499 00	294 71			294 71	252 60	547 31		
Welland     77 00     400 00     477 00     350 00     350 00     723 00     1073 00 <td< td=""><td>Waterloo</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>147 00</td><td>  1200 00</td><td> ,</td><td> , , ,</td><td>1200 00</td><td>440 81</td><td>1640 81</td><td>1787 81</td><td></td></td<>	Waterloo							147 00	1200 00	,	, , ,	1200 00	440 81	1640 81	1787 81	
Yorkville	Welland	77 00							350 00	1		350 00	723 00	1073 00	1550 00	
	Yorkville	145 00								15 00					1227 99	
Total 5101 83 7158 00 564 68 107 50 44 31 12976 32 26595 90 564 68 4 00 27164 58 30247 01 57411 59 70387 91		140 00		15 00.		1 40 00		200 00		10 00						
100 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Total	5101 00	7150 00	564 60		107 50	44 27	19978 99	26595 90	564.68	4 00	27164 59	30247 01	57411 59	70387 91	
	TO 1001	9101 99	1199 00	204 051.		101 90	44 91	14010 04	20000 00	304 00	± 00	21104 00	2021 01	OTALL OF	. 0001 01	
	•	1	t					'		1	'	1			1.	

TABLE R.—The Grammar and Common Schools of Upper Canada, 1860.—(Continued.)

DISTRIBUTION OF THE LEGISLATIVE SCHOOL GRANT BY 'THE EDUCATIONAL DEARTMENT, TOGETHER WITH THE SUMS RAISED AS AN EQUIVALENT THERETO, AND OTHER MONEYS RAISED BY TRUSTEES, &c

					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·									
			AMOUNT O	F LEGIS	LATIVE AID					OM LOCA UIVALENT	L SOURCES	7 4 7	urees,	TOTAL.
THE MUNICIPALITIES  OF  UPPER CANADA.	For Common School purposes.	For Gram. School purposes.	For Public School Libraries, Maps, Apparatus, and Prizes.	To Poor Schools.	To Normal School Students.	To Superannuated Teachers'	Total Legislative Aid 1860.	For Common School purposes.	For Public School Libraries, Maps, Apparatus, and Prizes.	Subscriptions to the Superannua ted Teacher's Fund.	Total from Local Sources as an equi- valent,	Other Moneys raised Trustees and others, Grammar and Comn School purposes.	Total from Local Sources, 1860.	Grand Total, Legis lative aid and Lo- cal Sources, 1860.
	\$ cts.	\$ cts	. \$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ cts.	\$ ets.
		5307 99	87 16		11648 93		17263 62				306 70		6561 91	24825 53
	1	Con. of Model Gram- ols, (less the fees and r Apparatus, as in next	Normal, Model, and Model and Model Gram. Schools.		s and Con. of Normal 1 Schools, (less the Mo- 1 Fees, and \$61 150. for 8, as in third column.)				Nor, Mod., and Schools			gg Model Gram'ar 11 School Fees		
		Salaries and Con. of Mod mar Schools, (less the \$26 01) for Apparatus, column.	Reformatory Prison, &c.		For Salaries a and Model Sc del School F Apparatus, a				Reformatory Prison, &c.			Model School Fees.		
Gram. School Inspection		1000 00					1000 00							
Grand Total, 1860 " " 1859	151518 14 152026 90	39479 99 39636 99	11061 36 8855 32	682 00 899 07	14393 43 19155 88	4084 61 3921 91	221219 53 224496 07	278693 76 289950 49	11061 36 8855 32	450 00 488 00	290205 12 299293 81			1437339 23 1430304 32
Increase	508 76	157 00	2206 04	217 07	4762 45	162 70	3276 54	11256 73			9088 69	19400 14	10311 45	7034 91

TABLE S.—EDUCATIONAL SUMMARY FOR THE YEAR 1860.

	co	з коимс	CHOOLs.	GRA	LMMAR	schools.	отн	L INSTITU	UTIONS.	Superannu- mal School, dents, Poor	G	RAND TOT	'AL.		for dur-
MUNICIPALITIES  OF  UPPER CANADA.	Number of Common Schools.	Number of Common School Pupils.	Amount expended for Common School pur- poses during 1860.	Number of Grammar Schools.	Number of Grammar School Pupils.	Amount expended for Grammar School purposes during 1860.	Number of other Educational Insti- tutions.	Number of their Pupils.	Amount received by other Educational Institutions during 1860.	Amount expended for Superated Teachers, Normal School Students, Schools, &c.	Total Number of Edu- cational Institutions.	Total Number of Pupils attending them.	Total amount expended for Educational pur- poses during 1860.	Balances Unexpended.	Total Amount available Educational purposes, on ing 1860.
			\$ cts.			\$ ets.			\$ ets.	\$ cts.			\$ cts.	\$ ets.	\$ ots.
Glengarry Stormont Dundas Prescott Russell Carleton Grenville Leeds Lanark Renfrew Frontenac Addington Lennox Prince Edward Hastings Northumberland Durham Peterborough Victoria. Ontario York Peel Simcoe Halton	69 72 56 21 107 87 154 123 69 37 642 86 135 102 59 65 110 1411 133	4780 2859 1125 6743 5619 9238 7517 3649 5452 4662 2196 5525 9960 9292 9451 5168 13481 63481 10028	12473 31 10223 45 10287 77 9502 93 2875 20 19358 31 14405 26 38612 41 25432 59 15822 15 12568 78 7703 08 20284 34 30139 52 20883 75 138344 02 20883 75 144457 50 64477 43 25352 32 4477 46	112 22055 : 212352255425	40 63 95 84 	1747 50 1688 15; 708 81; 908 75; 1413 82; 1956 72; 2268 00; 494 00; 	2 1 1 6 6 6 3 1 2 2 4 3 2 4 3 1 3	118 35 10 115 132 32 4 25 10 50 110 52 426 152 200 13 10 290 25 204 94	216 00 288 00 320 00 16 00 99 00 282 00 282 00 340 00 2400 00 492 00 300 00 1470 00	401 80 169 65 198 63 62 15 23 00 190 89 155 24 214 11 343 18 197 99 173 55 161 05 214 07 274 50 191 63 167 25 193 14 226 247 417 56 218 38 221 64 85 00	73' 70' 75 59 22 109' 95 163 131 70' 95 81 141 139 113 63 69 123 162 82 149	4487 4524 4893 2978 1135 6823 5845 9474 7674 3683 5477 4792 2352 5728 10205 9832 9859 5470 4702 10519 13993 6841 10383 5367	14672 69 12086 251 11410 71 10761 83 2898 20 20474 54 17074 32 41103 24 28059 77 13458 05 16094 70 14271 96 8504 04 23416 70 33024 72 48422 31 43420 78 25197 42 20145 39 46449 07 69135 98 27017 20 38290 48 24695 80	1189 40 1611 59 2138 61 543 55 951 32 1647 91 2872 71 4313 61 3973 12 1076 96 2273 08 1651 85 111 10 1241 51 2299 53 3425 51 3381 96 2350 43 1658 35 5249 81 4521 02 3289 77 5026 71 1501 67	15862 09 13697 84 13549 32 11305 38, 3849 52 22122 45 19947 03 45416 85; 32032 89 14535 04 18367 78 15923 81 24658 21 35324 25; 51849 32 46802 74 27547 85; 21803 88 73657 00 030306 97 44217 19 26197 47

TABLE S.—Educational Summary for the Year 1860.—(Continued.)

						(4.14.1 · 1 · 4.1 · 1				**************************************		,			
	COMMON SCHOOLS. GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.						отн	ER INSTIT	utions.	Superannuated hool, Normal r Schools, &c	G.	RAND TOT			for Edu- uring
MUNICIPALITIES  OF  UPPER CANADA.	umber of Schools.	Number of Common School Pupils.	Amount expended for Common School pur- poses during 1860.	Number of Grammar Schools.	Number of Grammar School Pupils.	Amount expended for Grammar Sobool purposes during 1860.	Number of other Educational Institu- tions.	Number of their Pupils.	Amount received by other Educational Institutions during 1860.	Amount expended for Supera Teachers, Normal School, School Students, Poor Sch	Total Number of Edu- cational Institutions.	Total Number of Pupils attending them.	Total Amount expended for Educational pur- poses during 1860.	Balances Unexpended.	Total Amount available f cational purposes, du 1860.
Wentworth Brant Lincoln Welland Haldimand Norfolk Oxford Waterloo Wellington Grey Perth Huron Bruce Middlesex Elgin Kent Lambton Essex	87 81 104 112 94 120 133 85 134 93	6835 7195 6015 5859 6186 7566 11163 9811 11803 8086 8585 11319 5150 12149 8242 6431 6107 5027	\$ cts.  22275 54 32592 23 24464 69 23162 08 21948 15 26757 45 42103 02 42015 72 38966 17 27414 10 27330 86 39906 65 17681 28 40772 74 28948 83 27298 06 25785 29 18199 35	3 4 4 4 3 1 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	153 158 175 143 42 114 89 98 133 72 35 28 27 41 109 84 39 25	\$ cts.  2765 06 2866 09 3884 02 2003 00 644 46 1650 00 1711 62 2138 40 2134 00 764 27 1004 20 1338 10 237 53 391 68 1631 17 1286 13 762 04 730 40	7 8 7 10 4 9 22 6 9  8 8  9 6 9 4 13	112 171 129 284 19 95 528 67 149 	\$ cts.  172 00 744 00 647 00 1118 00 1170 00 410 00 6433 00 200 00 810 00	cts.  100 12 250 02 235 69 143 33 94 50 67 23 193 25 63 00 102 31 225 68 139 00 190 63 124 50 239 11 135 13 32 50 41 81 67 26	88 81 90 100 86 115 136 102 131 134 143 94 170 112 101 100 84	7100 7519 6319 6286 6247 7775 11780 9976 12085 8158 8780 11450 5177 12309 8449 6808 6202 5278	\$ cts.  25312 72 36452 34 29231 41 26426 41 22857 11 28884 68 50440 89 44417 12 42012 48 28404 05 29879 06 41855 38 18043 31 41917 53 31311 13 31326 69 26597 14 22707 01	\$ cts.  3100 77 3040 50 2681 35 4423 20 5458 63 2042 51 4916 01 9944 84 4558 30 3418 23 5143 17 6746 18 2348 37 4900 38 3580 28 3405 02 5246 72 3096 80	cts.  28413 49 39492 84 31912 76 30849 61 28315 74 30927 19 55356 90 46570 78 31822 28 35022 23 48601 66 20391 63 48617 91 34891 43 34731 71 31843 86 25803 8

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-	•
}-	4

CITIES. Toronto	10	7111 4679 2473 2719 2810	34129 68 22131 61 8584 53 9751 86 8364 85	1 1 1 1 1	127 175 44 58 84	2833 61 1600 00 2241 01 1911 43 2451 32	22 15 19 4 10	1300 680 725 130 340	100600 00 6001 80 28400 00 3000 00 26:0 00	601 49 137 38 46 83 70 87	38 26 29 11 24	8538 5534 3242 2907 3234	138164 78 29870 79 39272 37 14734 16 13416 17	4831 40 14116 13 265 60 5321 48 5435 22	142996 18 43986 92 39537 97 20055 64 18851 39	
(Towns and Villages are included in their respective Counties.)						For Salaries, Coutin- & Grammar School Inspection & gencies, and Fees of & and Examination	Normal, Model, and Model Grammar Schools	Normal, Model, and Model Grammar Schools		Reformatory & Logis. Grant & Salaries and Contin- of Prison, &c. of for Maps, &c. of and Model Schools	Normal, Model, and Model Grammar Schools	Normal, Model, and Model Grammer Schools	24825 53		24825 53	141
Grand Total	3969 3953	315812 301592	1159773 75 1110045 85	88 81	4546 4381	86834 67 85116 59	322 338	\$481 8273	178330 S0 164502 97	23508 64 29917 47	4379 4372	328839 314246	1448447 86 1389582 88		1615670 03 1594807 29	
Increase		14220		7	165	1718 08	16	208	13827 83	6408 83	7	14593	58864 98	38002 24	20862 74	

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TABLE T.—A GENERAL STATISTICAL ABSTRACT, exhibiting the comparative STATE AND PROGRESS OF EDUCATION IN UPPER CANADA, as connected with Universities, Colleges, Academies, Private, Grammar, Common, Normal and Model Schools from the year 1842 to 1860, inclusive. Compiled from returns in the Educational Department.

SUBJECTS COMPARED.	1842.	1843.	1844.	1845.	1846.	1847.
Population of Upper Canada Population between the ages of five and sixteen years Colleges in operation. County Grammar Schools** Academies and Private Schools reported*** Normal and Model Schools for Upper Canada. Total Common Schools in operation as reported. Grand Total Educational Establishments in operation in Upper Canada. Total Students attending Colleges and Universities Total Pupils attending County Grammar Schools** Total Pupils attending County Grammar Schools** Total Pupils attending Academies and Private Schools *** Total Pupils attending the Common Schools of Upper Canada. Grand Total, Students and Pupils attending Universities, Colleges, Academies, Grammar, Private, Normal, Model and Common Schools Total amount paid for the Salaries of Common Schools Total amount paid for the Salaries of Common Schools Total amount paid for the erection or repairs of Common School Houses, and for Libraries and Apparatus, Books, Fuel, Stationery, &c. ¶ Grand Total paid for Grammar School Teachers' Salaries, the erection and repairs of Total amount paid for Grammar School Masters' Salaries, Total amount paid for Grammar School Masters' Salaries, Total amount paid for Grammar School Masters' Salaries, Total amount paid for Grammar School Masters' Salaries, Total amount paid for Grammar School Masters' Salaries, Total amount paid for Grammar School Masters' Salaries, Total amount paid for Heducational Institutions, &cf. Grand Total paid for Educational Institutions, &cf. Grand Total paid for Educational Institutions, &cf. Grand Total paid for Educational Institutions, &cf. Grand Total paid for Educational Institutions, &cf. Grand Total paid for Educational Institutions, &cf. Grand Total paid for Educational Pupper Canada Total Common School Teachers in Upper Canada	1721 1795 No Reports. do do do 65978 65978 \$166000 No Reports. do do	r this year	183539 5 *25 **60 2610 2700 No Reports. do do do 96756 96756 \$203856 No Reports. do do do	*622570 202918 5 #31 #65 2736 2836 No Reports. do do do 110002 110002 \$236056 No Reports. do do do do do do do do do do do do	do do do do 101912 101912 8271624	700 1000 1831 124829 128360 \$310396
Total Male do do Total Female do do Average number of Months each Common School has been kept open by a qualified Teacher?		Reports		2860	2925	3028 2365

No.	1848.	1849.	1850.	1851.	1852.	1853.	1854.	1855.	1856.	1857.	1858.	1859.	1860.
1 2 3 4 4 5 5 5 7 7 8 9 14 1 2 3 4 4 5 5 16 17 8 19 2 2 1 2 2 3 4 2 2 5 1 6 1 7 8 1 9 1 2 2 3 4 2 5 1 6 1 7 8 1 9 1 2 2 3 4 2 5 1 6 1 7 8 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1 9 1	725879 241102 6 33 117 2 2800 2958 N. Reports. 740 1115 2345 256 130739 135195 \$3344276 No Reports. do do do do 3177 2507 670	253364 7 39 157 2 2871 3076 No Reports. 773 1120 3643 400 138465 144406 \$353912 No Reports. do do do do do do do do do do	\$03493 259258 7 57 224 2 3059 3349 252 684 2070 4663 370 151891 159678 \$353716 \$56756 \$410472 No Reports. do do	950551 258607 7 54 175 2 3061 3239 855 632 2191 4557 356 168159 175895 \$391308 \$77336 \$468644 {Included \$131336 \$509980 3277 2551 726	\$147956 \$677270 3388 2541 \$47	268957 8 64 186 3 3127 3388 1052 756 3221 4440 735 194736 203388 \$489764 \$128072 \$617836 cational In \$150104 \$767940 3539 2601 938	277912 9 64 206 3 3244 3526 1177 806 4287 5473 622 204168 215356 \$578868 \$175472 \$754340 stitutions. } \$174016 \$928356 3539 2508 1031	297623 10 65 307 3 3325 3710 1211 1100 †3726 7584 643 227864 240917 \$650108 \$219164 \$899272 \$46255 \$5711 \$204754 \$115592 3565 2568	12 61 267 3 3472 3815 1263 1335 1335 6220 772 251145 262858 \$779680 \$298428 \$1078108 \$47659 \$8311 \$102914 \$1326902 3689 2622 1067	324888 122 276 3 3731 4094 1707 11335 4073 6523 746 272637 285314 \$860232 \$351926 \$1212158 \$57552 \$10708 \$214849 \$214849 \$1495267 4083 2787 1296	4 3866 4258 1936 1335 4459 6372	362085 13 31 321 4 3953 4372 2315   1373 4381 6182 718 301592 314246 \$859325 \$250721 \$1110046 \$61564 \$7930 \$210042 ¶\$1389582 4235 3115 1120	1389060 373589 13 88 305 4 3969 4379 2602 11373 4546 6408 700 315812 328839 \$895591 \$264183 \$1159774 \$64005 \$6037 \$2148448 4281 3100 1181
- 26	9	$\begin{array}{c} 704 \\ 9 \frac{1}{20} \end{array}$	$0_{\frac{1}{17}}$	91	91 5	93	. 93	93	10	10	101	10½	$10\frac{1}{2}$

<sup>\*</sup> An Approximation only-no specific information having been received by the Department.

<sup>†</sup> A decrease—caused by the institution of an Entrance Examination for the Grammar Schools.

Including Normal and Model Schools, &c., from 1855.

<sup>2</sup> Including holidays and vacations.

Principally taken from 1856—no report being received since.

Balances due but not collected were included until 1858, but from that date Nos. 16, 17, 18, 19, 20 and 22, represent actual payments only. If we add to the Grand Total (22) the unexpended balances, we should have an available sum of \$1615670 for Educational purposes during 1860; and for 1859, \$1594807—the increase in 1860 being \$20862. \*\*\* Academies not included until 1851.

<sup>\*\*</sup> Academies included until 1851. Note.—The Returns in the foregoing Table, up to the year 1847, are not very complete; but since that period they have been sufficiently so as to establish data by which to compare our yearly progress in Educational matters.

The Returns are now pretty extensive, and embrace all Institutions of Learning, from the Common School up to the University; but hitherto the sources of information regarding this latter class of Institutions have been rather private than official, which should not be the case .-The Annual Report of a Department of Public Instruction should present, in one comprehensive tabular view, the actual state and progress of ALL our Educational Institutions-Primary, Intermediate and Superior.

TABLE U.—(Statement No. 1.)—THE GRANTS TO GRAMMAR AND COMMON SCHOOLS IN UPPER CANADA, 1860.

#### LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT TO COMMON SCHOOLS. AMOUNT OF APPORTIONMENT FOR 1860. Amount Amount MUNICIPALITIES. To Τо Paid. Unpaid. Common Separate Total. Schools. Schools. 2 cts. \$ ets. \$ cts. \$ cts. \$ cts. Counties. 2289 40 24 00 2097 00 216 40 2313 40 Glengarry..... Stormont ..... 1836 00 1836 00 1836 00 Dundas ..... 2102 00 2102 00 2102 00 1749 00 Prescott ..... 10 00 1668 00 91 00 1759 00 105 00 734 00 Russell 839 00 839 00 3293 00 Carleton ..... 48 00 3281 00 60 00 3341 00 Grenville ..... 2398 00 2352 00 46 00 2398 00 Leeds 3689 00 3659 00 30 00 3689 00 3323 52 3314 00 9 52 3323 52 Renfrew..... 2032 00 2032 00 2032 00 Frontenac 2459 10 10 50 2325 00 2469 60 144 60 Addington..... 1928 00 103 00 1985 00 46 00 2031 00 881 00 Lennox ..... 881 00 881 00 Prince Edward ..... 2119 85 20 40 2100 00 40 25 2140 25 Hastings..... 4003 11 3952 00 51 11 4003 11 Northumberland ..... 3878 00 3842 00 36 00 3878 00 Durham ..... 3778 00 3778 00 3778 00 Peterborough ..... 2100 68 2063 00 37 68 2100 68 Victoria ..... 2027 00 2027 00 2027 00 Ontario ..... 4259 00 4259 00 4259 00 York ..... 6383 00 21 00 6271 00 133 00 6404 00 Peel ..... 2894 52 24 48 2919 00 2919 00 Simcoe .... 4416 00 4347 00 69 00 4416 00 2142 00 12 00 2130 00 2142 00 Wentworth ..... 2988 00 15 00 2962 00 41 00 3003 00 Brant..... 2169 00 2169 00 2169 00 1994 00 53 00 1994 00 53 00 2047 00 Welland ..... 2058 00 81 00 2139 00 2139 00 Haldimand ..... 2431 00 **244** 00 2629 00 46 00 2675 00 Norfolk ..... 3070 00 3061 00 9 00 3070 00 Oxford..... 4501 00 4501 00 4501 00 Waterloo..... 3509 00 19 00 3347 00 181 00 3528 00 Wellington ..... 4487 88 41 00 4292 00 236 88 4528 88 Grey ..... 3824 98 3743 00 81 98 3824 98 Perth ..... 3462 00 3435 00 27 00 3462 00 Huron ..... 5286 14 5272 00 14 14 5286 14 Bruce..... 2211 20 10 00 2167 00 54 20 2221 20 Middlesex..... 5239 60 5202 60 37 00 5239 60 Elgin ..... 3408 00 3408 00 3408 00 Kent ..... 2841 00 2789 00 52 00 2841 00 Lambton ..... 2302 00 2302 00 2302 00 Essex.... 2088 71 82 29 2082 00 89 00 2171 00 124586 69 911 67 123553 60 1944 76 125498 36 Cities. Toronto..... 4410 00 3010 00 1400 00 4410 00 Hamilton..... 2226 00 1812 00 2226 00 414 00 Kingston ..... 1470 00 1470 00 993 00 477 00 London ..... 1493 00 1346 00 147 00 1493 00 Ottawa ..... 1329 00 631 00 698 00 1329 00

10928 00

10928 00

3136 00

7792 00

TABLE U.—(Statement No. 1.)—THE GRANTS TO GRAMMAR AND COMMON SCHOOLS IN UPPER CANADA, 1860.—(Continued.)

#### LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT TO COMMON SCHOOLS. AMOUNT OF APPORTIONMENT FOR 1860. Amount Amount То MUNICIPALITIES. To Paid. Unpaid. Common Separato Total. Schools. Schools. \$ ots. \$ cts. \$ cts. S ets. S ote. Towns. Amherstburgh ..... 273 00 159 00 114 00 273 00 Barrie..... 131 00 63 00 194 00 194 00 Belleville. .... 184 00 564 00 380 00 564 00 230 00 12 00 242 00 Berlin ..... 242 00 Bowmanville ..... 231 00 231 00 231 00 97 00 142 00 607 00 704 00 Brantford ..... 704 00 Brockville..... 522 00 380 00 522 00 Chatham ..... 394 00 326 00 68 00 394 00 90 00 54 00 36 00 90 00 434 00 137 00 571 00 Cobourg...... 571 00 180 00 Collingwood ..... 189 00 189 00 Cornwall ..... 210 00 210 00 210 00 343 00 343 00 192 00 1.51 00 Dundas ..... 310 00 Galt ..... 310.00 310 00 ...... Goderich..... 336 00 336 00 336 00 151 00 277 00 428 00 428 00 245 78 179 00 186 00 59.78 24578101 00 78 00 Lindsay ..... 179 00 Milton ..... 99 00 99 00 99 00 272 00 202 64 Niagara ..... 272 00 1Š1 00 91.00 Oakville ..... 202 64 165 00 37 64 206 00 Owen Sound ...... 206 00 206 00 66 00 241 00 307 00 Paris..... 307 00 224 00 70 00 294 00 294 00 Perth ..... 189 00 147 00 336 00 Peterborough..... 336 00 180 00 180 00 139 00 41 00 Picton ...... Port Hope ..... 504 00 504 00 504 00 155 00 252 00 97 00 252 00 Prescott ..... 96 00 96 00 Sandwich ..... 96 00 186 00 186 00 186 00 Sarnia ..... 408 00 222 00 630 00 St. Catharines..... 630 00 220 00 220 00 220 00 Simcoe..... 308 24 278 00 30 24 308 24 Whitby ..... Windsor ..... 262 00 262 00 262 00 . . . . . . . . . . . . Woodstock ..... 291 00 291 00 \*\*\*\*\*\* 291 00 8519 00 2152 66 10671 66 10671 66 Incorporated Villages. Bradford ..... 87 00 87 00 204 00 134 00 204 00 204 00 Brampton ..... 134 00 Brighton ..... 134 00 158 00 158 00 Caledonia ..... 158 00 117 00 117 00 Cayuga..... 117 00 145 00 145 00 145 00 Chippewa ..... NB 00 Clinton ..... 99 00 99 00 94 00 94 00 Colborne ..... 94 00 155 00 155 00 155 00 Elora ..... 63 00 63 00 Embro..... 63 00 ...... 109 00 109 00 109 00 Fergus..... 42 00 42 00 42 00 126 00 126 00 126 00 Hawkesbury.....

89 00

Hespeler .....

89 00

89 00

TABLE U.—(Statement No. 1.)—The Grants to Grammar and Common Schools in Upper Canada, 1860.—(Continued.)

## LEGISLATIVE APPORTIONMENT TO COMMON SCHOOLS.

,			AMOUNT OF	Apportionmen	r ror 18	360.
MUNICIPALITIES.	Amount Paid.	Amount Unpaid.	To Common Schools.	To Separate Schools.	Total	
Incorporated Villages.—(Continued.) Iroquois Kemptville Kincardine Mitchell Napanee Newburgh Newcastle New Hamburg Newmarket Oshawa Pembroke Portsmouth Preston Smith's Falls Southampton St. Mary's St. Thomas Stratford Stratford Stratford Trenton Vienna Waterloo Welland Yorkville	\$ cts. 86 00 123 00 96 00 126 00 174 50 117 00 142 09 131 00 144 00 155 50 71 00 164 00 110 00 60 00 265 00 143 00 281 00 80 40 136 00 179 00 164 00 179 00 164 00 179 00 177 00 77 00 145 00	\$ cts.	\$ cts. 86 00 123 00 96 00 126 00 127 00 140 00 117 00 142 00 131 00 102 00 110 00 71 00 130 00 130 00 130 00 130 00 140 00 90 00 147 00 147 00 147 00 145 00	29 00 29 00 42 00 50 00 47 00 34 00 25 00 33 00 74 00	86 123 96 189 189 117 142 131 144 160 71 135 164 110 60 205 143 281 80 0136 179 164 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109 109	00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00
	5183 40	19 00	4868 40	334 00	5202	
RECAPITULATION. Counties	124586 69 10928 00 10671 66 5183 40	911 67	123553 60 7792 00 \$519 00 4868 40	1944 76 3136 00 2152 66 334 00	125498 10928 10671 5202	00 66
	151369 75	930 67	144733 00	7567 42	152300	42

## TABLE U.—(Continued.)

## (Statement No. 2.)—The Upper Canada Grammar School Fund, 1860.

COUNTY MUNICIPALITIES.	Amount Paid.	Amount Unpaid.	Amount of Apportionment
Stormont, Dundas and Glengarry.  Prescott and Ruszell Carleton Leeds and Grenville Lanark and Renfrew Frontenac, Lennox and Addington Prince Edward Hastings Northumberland and Durham Peterborough and Victoria Ontario York and Peel Simcoe Halton Wentworth Brant Lincoln Welland Haldimand Norfolk Oxford Waterloo Wellington Grey Porth Huron and Bruce Middlesex Elgin Kent Lambton Essex	\$ cts.  1666 00 767 00 1044 00 1409 00 1210 00 1680 00 620 00 1140 00 1727 00 1023 00 990 00 3274 00 1093 00 500 00 1551 00 1032 00 1023 00 767 00 660 00 922 00 1124 00 1110 00 660 00 700 00 830 00 1497 00 940 00	\$ cts.  219 00 401 00 200 00 200 00 300 00 140 00 376 00 117 00 250 00  42 00  21 00 67 00 33 00 260 00 200 00  159 00  410 00	\$ cts.  1666 00 767 00 1263 00 1810 00 1810 00 18410 00 1880 00 920 00 1280 00 2103 00 1140 00 500 00 1572 00 1099 00 1122 00 1122 00 1122 00 1124 00 1124 00 1124 00 1124 00 1124 00 1124 00 1124 00 1127 00 1128 00 1129 00 1124 00 1124 00 1199 00 1124 00 1199 00 1106 60 00 830 00 1497 00 1099 00 700 00 630 00 860 00
	33974 00	3428 00	37402 00

## RECAPITULATION.

FOR WHAT PURPOSE.	Amount up to July on account	, 1861, at of	Amount Unpaid.	Amount of Apportionment.
Common and Separate Schools  Grammar Schools  Poor Schools (as detailed in account, Table V, Statement No. 2, page 1 \$\frac{1}{2}\$!)	151369 33974	00	\$ cts. 930 C7 3428 00	\$ ets. 152300 42 37402 00 932 07
	186275	82	4358 67	190634 49

## TABLE V.—THE ACCOUNTS OF THE EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT FOR 1860.

(Statement No. 1.)—LEGISLATIVE GRANT TO COMMON SCHOOLS.

[U. C. Consolidated Statutes, 22 Victoria, Chapter 64, section 106.]

1860.	EXPENDITURE.	Al	OUNT.	EXPENDITURE.	AMO	UNT.
Jan'ry 1 to Dec. 31.	By Sundry Payments to the following Municipalities:—					
	COUNTIES.	% ets	. S eta.	TOWNS.—(Continued.)	S ets.	S ats
	Stormont, Dundas, and Glen-	\$ cts	. S Cts.	Cornwall	210 00	S ets.
	garry	6035 00 2402 00		DundasGalt	192 00 310 00	
	Prescott and Russell	3233 0		Goderich	336 00	
	Leeds and Gronville	6011 0	oj .	Guelph	277 00	
	Lanark and Renfrow	5346 0	)	Ingersoll' Lindsay	186 00 101 00	
	Frontenac, Lennox, and Addington	5088 0	)	Milton	99 00	
	Prince Edward	2079 6	)	Niagara	181 00	
	Hastings	3952 00 7620 0		Oakville Owen Sound	165 00 206 00	
	Northumberland and Durham Peterborough and Victoria	4090 0		Paris	241 00	
	Ontario	4259 0		Perth	224 00	
	York and Peel	9165 53 4347 00		Peterborough	189 00 139 00	
	Halton	2130 0		Port Hope	504 00	
	Weatworth	2962 0		Prescott	97 00	
	BrantLincoln	2169 00 1994 0		Sandwich Sarnia	96 00 186 00	
	Welland	2058 0	ol .	St. Catharines	408 00	
	Haldimand	2481 0		Simcoe	220 00	
	Norfolk Oxford	2574 00 4501 00		WhitbyWindsor	278 00 262 00	
	Waterloo	3347 0		Woodstock	291 00	
	Wellington	4251 00				8897 00
	Grey Perth	3743 00 3435 00		VILLAGES.		
	Huron and Bruce	7467 00	)	THE AGES.		
	Mid ilesex	5202 60 3408 00		Bradford	87 00	
	Elgin Kent	2789 00		Brampton	204 00 158 00	
	Lambton	2302 00	)	Cayuga	117 00	
	Essex	2047 21		Chippewa	145 00	
			122455 95	Clinton Colborne	99 00 94 00	
	CITIES.			Elora	155 00	
	Toronto	3010 00	,	Embro	63 00	
	Hamilton	1812 0	)	Fergus Fort Eric	109 00 42 00	
	Kingston	993 00		Hawkesbury	126 00	
	LondonOttawa	1346 00 631 00		Hespelerlroquois	89 00 86 00	
				Kemptville	123 00	
	TOWNS.			Kincardine	96 00	
	LOWNS.			Mitchell	126 00 160 00	
	Amherstburgh	159 0		Newburgh	117 00	
	Barrie Belleville	131 0		Newcastle	142 00	
	Berlin	380 0 230 0		New Hamburg Newmarket	131 00 102 00	
	Bowmanville	462 0	)	Oshuwa	110 00	
	Brantford Brockville	607 0		Pembroke	71 00	
	Chatham	380 0 326 0		Portsmouth	88 00 130 00	
	Clifton	54 0	)	Smiths Falls	110 00	
	Oobourg	434 0		Southampton	60 00	
	Collingwood	336 0	<b>'</b>	St. Mary's	265 00	

TABLE V.—ACCOUNTS OF THE EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT, &c.—(Continued.)

1860.		EXPENDITURE.	AMOUN	т.	EXPENDITURE.	and the second of the second o	AM	OUNT.	
Jan'ry 1 to Dec. 31.	St. Thore Stratford Streets Thorold Trenton Vienna.	AGES.—(Continued.) nas. d. y. ille	118 00 281 00 80 40 136 00	ĺ	VILLAGES.—(Conti Welland Yorkville  By Balance in cours penditure  Total	e of ex-	145 00	4734 143915 19765	2 33
186	30.		RECE	EIPTS.			AMOUA	T.	
March 3	1 11 6	" Proportion of War " Do. d	rant for thi o. d	s servi	1859ee	1447	cts. 243 91 398 00 733 00	\$ 149431 163674	 L 00

### Statement No. 2.—Poor School Fund.

[U. C. Consolidated Statutes, 22 Victoria, chapter 64, section 120.]

1860.	EXPENDITURE.	AMO	UNT.	EXPENDITURE.	AMO	UNT.
Jan'ry 1	By Balance of expenditure per Account of 1859			Frontenac, Lennox d Addington Oro, No. 2		\$ ets.
	By payments to various Counties, in aid of the following Schools:—	j		Hastings: Tyeudinaga, No. 3		20 00
	Stormont, Dundas & Glengarry Winchester, No. 5		12 00	Peterborough and Victoria: Townships Anson & Ualway, 2 sections, each \$30	60 00	
	Carleton. Fitzroy, No. 4	20 00 15 00		Bobcaygeon Road, No. 3  Norfolk:	30 00	90 00
	Marlborough, No. 12  Lanark and Renfrew.	20 00	55 00	Bayham, No. 15, and Hough-		20 00
	Admaston, No. 5 Do. No. 6	15 00 15 00 10 00		Simcoe: Essa, No. 11		25 00
	Alice, No. 2	10 00		Oxford: Oxford East, No. 1		20 00
	Dalhousie, Nos. 5 & 7   Darling, Nos. 1, 4 & 5   Lanark, No. 2	60 00		Wellington: Eramosa, No. 7		20 00
	Lavant, No. 2	10 00 16 00		Huron and Bruce:	30 00	
	Westmeath, No. 4	7 00 7 00 20 00		Biddulph, No. 8 Elderslie Saugeen	$\begin{vmatrix} 20 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \\ 25 & 00 \end{vmatrix}$	

TABLE V.—ACCOUNTS OF THE EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT, &c.—(Continued.)

Statement No. 2.—(Continued.)

1860.	860. EXPENDITURE.		· AMOUNT.		EXPENDITURE.	AMOUNT.		
Jan'ry 1		& Bruce.—(Continued.) anosh, No. 5		\$ cts.  130 00  100 00  932 07	Balance in course of Expenditure		\$ cts.	
18	60.		B	ECEIPTS.		Амо	UNT.	
January 1	13				6			

### Statement No. 3.—Roman Catholic Separate School Apportionment.

[U. C. Consolidated Statutes, 22 Victoria, chapter 65, sections 33 and 34.]

1860.	EXPENDITURE.	AMO.	UNT.			EXPENDI	TURE.	AM	OUNT	•
Jan'ry I to Dec. 31	By sundry payments on account of 1858, 1859, & 1860, to the following:  SEPARATE SCHOOLS. City of Hamilton	133 50 152 00 77 00 103 00 64 50 66 50		ets.	Village	of St. The Thorold Trenton No. 1, A No. 2, No. 2, E No. 15, No. 17, No. 17, No. 17, E No. 6, E No. 7, E No. 6, E No. 1, E No. 1, E No. 1, E No. 1, E No. 1, E No. 2, H No. 2, H No. 2, H No. 2, H No. 2, H No. 7, K No. 8, K No. 3,	ols.—(Con.)  aomas	\$ ct. 31 8 46 7 54 5 6 6 5 5 7 3 16 0 0 19 5 6 6 5 5 6 6 5 6 5 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6 6	1006600077000 00000000000000000000000000	cts.

TABLE V.—ACCOUNTS OF THE EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT, &c.,—(Continued.)

1860.	EXPENDITURE.	AMOUNT.	expenditure.	AMOUNT.
	Separate Schools.—(Con.)  Section No. 10, Lochiel	\$ cts. \$ ct 69 50 10 75 27 25 5 40 5 60 15 50 25 00 24 00 13 86 11 55 6 44 4 20 13 44 54 00 50 50 31 00 20 00 16 00 7 00 17 86 37 00 7 50 23 79 34 94	SEPARATE SCHOOLS.—(Con.)  Section No. 20, Thurlow  "No. 18, Vaughan  "No. 7, Vespra  "No. 9, Wellesley  "No. 10, "  "No. 11, "  "No. 15, Wilmot  "No. 18, "  "No. 8, Windham  "No. 11, Williams  "No. 11, Williams  "No. 11, Wolfe Island.  "No. 11, Wolfe Island.  "No. 13, Westminster  "No. 20, Wolford  "No. 21, "  "No. 22, "  By Balance in course of Expenditure	16 00 13 50 23 25 14 75 52 00 56 00 24 22 8 50 32 83 36 00 15 50 16 50 18 00 27 00 29 00 24 86 ————————————————————————————————————
186	30.	RECEIPTS		AMOUNT.
January I September		d per account of for this service.	1859	\$ cts. \$ cts. 4459 28 6141 00 6141 00

### Statement No. 4.—Grammar School Fund.

[U. C. Consolidated Statutes, 22 Victoria, Chapter 63, sections 8 and 9.]

1860.	EXPENDITURE.	AMOUNT.			EXPENDITURE.	AMOUNT.		
	By sundry payments on account of the apportionment for 1859 and 1860, to the following:  COUNTIES. Stormont, Dundas, and Glengarry	\$ cts. 1167 00 458 00 703 00 1292 00 1005 00		ets.	Hastings Northumberland & Durham Peterborough and Victoria York and Peel Simcoe Halton Wentworth Brant Lincoln Welland Haldimand Norfolk Oxford Waterloo	1776 00 861 00 1039 00 2832 00 628 00 879 00 1523 00 984 00 895 00 778 00 550 00 714 00 812 00		ets

TABLE V.—Accounts of the Educational Department, &c.—(Continued.)

Statement No. 4 .- (Continued.)

1860.	EXPENDITURE.		AMOUNT.		EXPENDITURE.	AMOUNT.		
	Welling Grey Perth Huron a Middlese Elgin	UNTIES.—(Con.) ton	\$ cts. 830 00 630 00 725 00 1233 00 950 00 725 00	\$ cts.	COUNTIES.—(Con.) Lambton Essex  By Balance in course of Expenditure	425 00	29800 00 7721 34	
180	60.		1	RECEIPTS.		МА	OUNT,	
January	1	To Balance unexpende " Proportion of War Do. d	ed per accorant for the	ount of 18 nis service do	359	\$ cts.	6020 54	
z		Total		••••••			37521 34	

## Statement No. 5.—Model Grammar School, and Examiners and Inspectors of Grammar Schools.

[U. C. Consolidated Statutes, 22 Victoria, Chapter 64, section 120, clause D.]

1860.	EXPENDITURE.	AMOUNT.	EXPENDITURE.	AMOUNT.
a a	1859, Model Grammar School		By Rev. W. Ormiston, D. D., Inspector of Grammar Schools, (West) and Secretary of the Com- mittee of Examiners  G. R. R. Cockburn, Esq., M. A., Inspector of Grammar Schools, East, and Examiner  Rev. J. Ambery, M. A., Inspector of Grammar Schools East, and Ex- aminer  Total.	500 00

TABLE V.—Accounts of the Educational Department, &c.—(Continued. Statement No. 5.—(Continued.)

1860.	RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.	
January 1st to December 31	To proportion of Warrants for Model Grammar School for 1860  "Warrants for Inspectors for 1860  "Model Grammar School Fees—First Quarter  """" Second Quarter  """" "Third Quarter  """" "Fourth Quarter  "Balance  Total	4000 00 1000 00 736 00 752 00 720 00 736 00 7944 	67

## Statement No. 6.—THE NORMAL AND MODEL SCHOOLS.

[U. C. Consolidated Statutes, Chapter 64, sections 119 and 120.]

1860.	RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.	EXPENDITURE.	AMOUNT.	
to Dec. 31.	To Warrants issued quarterly on account of the Salaries and current expenses of the Normal and Model Schools	8200 00 4000 00 3311 21 	By Balance per account of 1860.  Salaries and Wages  Books, Apparatus, Maps and School Requisites  Advertising and Printing Furniture, repairs to roof, Furnaces, &c., and contingencies  Light, Water, and Fuel  Premium on Insurance  Proportion of expense of illuminating the Buildings on the Visit of H. R. H. the Prince of Wales  Aid granted to facilitate the attendance of Students at the Normal School during the 22nd, 23rd and 24th sessions  Expenses of grounds, including Gardener's Wages  Balance of Building Fund per Statement No. 7	9258 49 810 42 160 85  1363 53 2067 73 426 00  176 02  14563 94  4167 45 442 64 4610 09	

## Statement No. 7.—Building Fund-Normal and Model Schools, Toronto.

1860.	RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.	EXPENDITURE.	AMOUNT.	
Jan'ry 1 Dec. 31.	To Balance unexpended per account of 1859 "Balance transferred to Normal & Model Schools accounts, Statement No. 6	970 10	By expense of fitting up the Library, viz: Cabinet Maker. Plumber Tinsmiths, and altering Flue Plasterer.	836 00 9 20 62 65 38 00 35 72	
	Total	984 8	By paid for bricks for wells  Total		

## TABLE V.—Accounts of the Educational Department, &c.—(Continued.)

Statement No. 8 .- PUBLIC SCHOOL LIBRARIES, MAPS AND APPARATUS.

[U. C. Consolidated Statutes, 22 Victoria, chapter 64, section 120.]

1860.	RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.		EXPENDITURE. AMOUNT.		UNT.	
Jan'ry 1 to Dec. 31	To Balance as per account of 1859	2644 78 5 36 197 46 8416 09	\$ cts.	age in Toronto	10707 31 7308 67 627 58 37 52 88 46 459 76 216 40	18015	98
	To Proportion of Warrants for	5416 64	16680 33	Balance in course of expenditure		20985 6536	
	this service		$\frac{7200\ 00}{27522\ 37}$	Total		27522	37

## Statement No. 9.—Superannuated Teachers.

[U. C. Consolidated Statutes, chapter 64, section 120.]

1860.	RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.	EXPENDITURE.	AMOUNT.	
to	To Amount of Warrant received for this service  "Subscription during the year	450 00 450 00 4450 00	132	4084 61	
	Total	4717 42	Total		

# TABLE V.--ACCOUNTS OF THE EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT, &c.—(Continued.) Statement No. 10.—JOURNAL OF EDUCATION FOR UPPER CANADA.

[U. C. Consolidated Statutes, chapter 64, section 120.]

1860. RECEIPTS.		RECEIPTS. AMOUNT.		AMOUNT.	
Jan'ry 1	To Balance unexpended per account of 1859	1800 00 116 28 1916 28	Journal of Education for 1860, and for the miscellaneous expenses of the publication	1648 04 1462 79	

# Statement No. 11.—Educational Museum, Library and Practical Science Fund [U. C. Consolidated Statutes, Chapter 64, section 120.]

1860.	RECEIPTS.	AMOUNT.	EXPENDITURE.	AMOUNT.	
Jan'ry 1 to Dec. 31	To amount of Warrants for this service, \$2000 and \$800	2800 00 401 00 3201 00		35 95 88 46 50 00	
	Total		Total		

TABLE V.—ACCOUNTS OF THE EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT, &c.—(Continued.)

STATEMENT No. 12.—DEPARTMENTAL BALANCE SHEET, 31st December, 1860.

RECEIPTS.		RECEIPTS.		EXPENDITURE.		
Balance 1st January.	Receipts during the year.	Total Receipts.	NAMES OF THE DIFFERENT ACCOUNTS.	Balance 1st January.	Expenditure.	Total Expenditure.
\$ ets. 14243 91 4459 28 6020 54 970 16 3642 04 1194 55	\$ cts. 149431 00 2000 00 6141 00 31500 30 7944 00 15511 21 14 71 23880 33 4450 00 1916 28 3201 00	\$ cts. 163674 91 2000 00 10600 28 37521 34 7944 00 15511 21 984 87 27522 37 4450 00 3110 83 3201 00	Statement No. 1.—Common School Grant  "No. 2.—Poor School Fund  "No. 3.—Roman Catholic Separate Schools  "No. 4.—Grammar School Fund  "No. 5.—Model Grammar School and Inspectors  No. 6.—Normal and Model Schools  "No. 7.—Building Fund of 1850 and 1854  "No. 8.—Libraries, Maps and Apparatus  "No. 9.—Superannuated Teachers  "No. 10.—Journal of Education  "No. 11.—Educational Museum and Library	250 07 13144 82 6187 82 531 81	\$ cts. 143912 33 682 00 7605 81 29800 00 9278 85 19188 74 984 87 20985 70 4185 61 1648 04 442 53	\$ cts. 143912 33 932 07 7605 81 29800 00 22423 67 25376 56 984 87 20985 70 4717 42 1648 04 13734 60
			Balance, 31st December, 1860	33406 59	238714 48	272121 07 4399 74
30530 48	245990 33	276520 81	Total			\$276520 81

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### APPENDICES TO THE ANNUAL REPORT

OF

## THE NORMAL, MODEL, GRAMMAR

AND

## COMMON SCHOOLS

IN UPPER CANADA,

FOR THE YEAR 1860.

#### APPENDIX A.

EXTRACTS FROM THE REPORTS OF THE LOCAL SUPERINTENDENTS OF COMMON SCHOOLS AND BOARDS OF SCHOOL TRUSTEES IN UPPER CANADA, RELATIVE TO THE STATE AND PROGRESS OF ELEMENTARY EDUCATION IN THEIR RESPECTIVE TOWNSHIPS CITIES, TOWNS AND VILLAGES, FOR THE YEAR 1860.

#### I. COUNTY OF GLENGARRY.

- 1. Hector McRae, Esq., Charlottenburgh.—" In transmitting my Annual Report, it affords me no little satisfaction to state for your information, that the schools under my supervision in this Township are generally in a healthy and prosperous condition; notwithstanding the many difficulties and obstacles which meet the teachers and pupils on each succeeding day, while laudably pursuing their special vocations. As I have formerly stated, it is really amazing how so much progress can be effected,—the dilapidated state of too many of our school-houses being taken in consideration. In many instances there is little shelter or comfort, the children are pressed into them,-in winter, with stiffened limbs and half perished with cold; in summer, almost smothered and suffocated for want of pure air: yet, under these disadvantages, to which pupils and teachers are daily subjected, progress is generally manifested. The credit of this progress is entirely due to the teachers, both male and female, who, though they have such just cause to complain of the dilapidated state of their school-houses and want of apparatus, do, by hard labor and fatiguing exertion, maintain the good character of their respective schools. The teachers are generally efficient, all of them sober and orderly in their conduct and conversation, and are acquiring deserved praise from all school officials. The Roman Catholic Separate Schools in this Township are also satisfactorily conducted and well attended, and I feel happy to acknowledge that I am always received by the teachers, pupils and trustees of the Separate Schools, with the greatest kindness and respect.
- "In conclusion, I have only to add that the greatest want now is, new and commodious school-houses, school-apparatus, and section libraries (of the latter, excepting Martintown, we are entirely destitate). If we had these necessaries, I fear not but that the Common Schools of Charlottenburgh would rank with any other in the Eastern District."
- 2. Angus McDonell, Esq., Kenyon.—" In forwarding my Annual Report, I have much pleasure in stating, that, with one or two exceptions, all the schools in this Township have been in full operation and well attended during the whole year. The result of this was, that the average attendence of pupils exceeded that of any former year by 148. This large increase of average in so short a time, induces me to believe that parents are most anxious to embrace, from time to time, the excellent provisions that the School Act offers to them on behalf of their children. I have again much pleasure in stating that three school-houses have

been erected and completed during the past year, in which full-sized maps can be properly suspended, and in which both teachers and pupils have ample room to perform their respective duties. Ten schools were conducted on the free system during the year—all others were partly so. Accept my thanks for your prompt answers to all my queries."

3. John McLennan, Esq., Lancaster.—"The Separate Schools are working great injury to those who adopt them, as well as to their neighbors. They disseminate no instruction worth the name of education, and would appear (in some instances at least) to be established as means of evading the expence of supporting a properly conducted school."

#### II. COUNTY OF DUNDAS.

- 4. Rev. Charles Brown, Mountain .- "No prizes of any consequence have been awarded With one exception (where the school can only be approached during the sleighing season) I have at least one, and in some cases several examinations during my term of office. My plan is to give previous notice of my intention to visit a school to trustees, parents and guardians, inviting them to attend. In most of the schools I find there has been very little taught beyond reading, writing and arithmetic. At the close of an examination, a few remarks are made, as the case may require, after which I deliver a short Lecture on the subject of Education, tending to establish and illustrate the leading principle that every one is under a strict obligation to cultivate his mind, pointing out at the same time the pleasures and advantages of knowledge, and the moral effect which must necessarily follow in after life a sound and early education. These lectures, I am happy to say, have been well received, and the wish has been invariably expressed that I would make my visits as numerous as possible, and by the blessing of God that wish shall be attended to. There is another subject on which you expect me to offer an opinion, viz., as to the cause of nonattendance. My impression at present is, though perhaps premature, that the chief cause arises from the fact that, as this is altogether a farming district, and as the seasons here are so short for cultivating the soil, the services of the children, as soon as they are capable of manual labor, are required by the parents at home. There may be other causes which I may have occasion to mention should I be spared to send you another Report."
- 5. The Rev. J. John McLaughlin, Williamsburgh.—" In transmitting to you my Annual Report, I have but few observations to make. The schools under my supervision are progressing well, particularly those under the instruction of male teachers. There are in this Township too many small school sections for all to receive the benefit of teachers of talent; this is a great evil, it is in fact a lamentable injustice, and should be rectified as soon as possible. If the sections were as nearly equal as practicable, every school in the Townships could well remunerate first or second class teachers for their services, and all would receive the benefit of thorough instruction; but as they now are, some schools are crowded to excess, whilst others are furnished with empty benches, and teachers possessing mental worth in proportion to the price which can be afforded. I have still to express my regret that no efforts have yet been made by our Council to procure a Library for the public. The incessant and prevailing demand on the public purse for the improvement of highways absorbs all the moneys that can be raised at present. You will see from the Report that the larger number of the schools in this Township are not opened and closed with prayer. This is much to be regretted. How can any school expect to prosper without invoking Divine aid morning and evening? Vain, indeed, is a knowledge of the arts and sciences, and all literary acquisitions, if unaccompanied by the Divine blessing. I put little value on the services of that smart young man of engaging address and studied morality, who can walk into a school every morning and begin the labors of the day, without even imploring the blessing of Heaven to impart efficacy to the instruction about to be given. Such a man's mind may be stored with the fruits of zealous research, and he may be fully competent to impart to others the full benefit of that research; but his acts proclaim to the world that his heart is dead and cold as that of a corpse to the real and vital interests of the pupils committed to his care, and that he is wanting in the very qualifications which are the primary characteristics of every real educator of youth. Trustees of schools should see that the morning and evening prayers, that are printed on each school register, should be read by teachers regularly, and that he who would refuse to comply with this demand,

should at once forfeit his authority to teach. The occasion demands the full cogency of the above remarks, and yet I feel confident that there is not a teacher in this Township who would refuse to discharge this important duty, if not in the spirit, at least in the letter. The Journal of Education is an invaluable paper, and I believe it is doing much good. The matter it contains is of the highest importance to the public and the effects of its valuable information must ultimately be felt and seen in every Township of Upper Canada."

#### III. COUNTY OF PRESCOTT.

6. James Frith, Esq., Plantagenet South.—"The schools continue free, which, according to my view, is most desirable, and more especially so in these country situations, where a large proportion of the people are poor."

#### IV. COUNTY OF RUSSELL.

7. James McCaul, Esq., Clarence.—"I am happy to state that each succeeding year furnishes proof in this Township of the good effects that have arisen from the school laws. The people seem to take a more lively interest in educational matters, and there is now an almost unanimous feeling among them in favor of free schools. In all the sections, the trustees and people generally have exerted themselves in getting commodious and well furnished school-houses erected. A great inducement to them to do so, was owing partly to the Township Council having granted by By-Law, a certain amount of the Clergy Reserve money to each section, on condition that at least an equal amount to the sum so granted should be raised either by subscription or special assessment. The sums granted by the Council varied from eighty to three hundred dollars.—sections one and two each receiving \$300. All the sections are now furnished with comfortable school-houses. I regret to state that the attendance of children at school is not so regular as it should be, nor do all that could avail themselves of the opportunity they have of giving their children a good education, do so. Many are very careless and indifferent about making their children attend regularly. I find that where efficient teachers are employed, the attendance is better and more regular. The libraries in sections Nos. 1, 2 and 3, have a decidedly good effect; they furnish much valuable information to all classes. The books are covered, labelled and numbered, and the regulations are generally observed. All the sections, with the exception of No. 1, are in much want of school maps and apparatus. I shall endeavor to induce the trustees to supply their sections with them. There is no excuse for them not doing so, for every facility is now afforded them by the Department."

#### V. COUNTY OF CARLETON.

- 8. The Rev. James Whyte, Osgoode.-" In transmitting this, my first Annual Report, I do not feel inclined, nor do I regard myself as competent to pronounce upon the advancement or retrogression of the schools of this Township. I can only speak of their present state of efficiency. Twelve, out of sixteen, were in operation during more than eleven months of the past year; and only one of the remaining four less than nine months. The attendance was above the average, which may be attributed to the prevalence of the Free School system in all the schools except two, which levied a rate bill of 12½ cents. The average salary was \$215, a sum much too small for a competent teacher. School libraries are exceedingly rare in this Township. The holding of public examinations is coming more into practice this year, and it is very gratifying to find the trustees and a goodly number of the parents present. It augurs well for the education of a Township, when the parents take a deep interest in Examinations. The schools are, in general, poorly supplied with apparatus; some, not even having black-boards. One or two schools have been supplied, however, within the past year. I have invariably recommended the trustees to procure such apparatus as I see the school requires when I report my visit in the visitors' book. Two of the schools have a very full set of apparatus, including globes. The Scriptures are read in eleven of the section schools. Three of them are opened with prayer."
- 9. The Rev. William Lochead, Gloucester.—"You request me to assign a reason for, or the cause of, non-attendance of children of school age. The chief cause I believe to be the indifference of parents to the importance of education for their children. It is true some are situated at an inconvenient distance from the school-house, and poverty and

consequent want of suitable clothing also hinder a few. I am decidedly of the opinion, that, as the great mass of the people are now in favor of taxing property for the support of schools, such a law should be enacted, and at the same time a law enforcing the attendance of children of school age,—say, not less than nine months in the year from 5 to 12 years of age, and three months a year from 12 to 16 years."

#### VI COUNTY OF GRENVILLE.

10. The Rev. Joseph Anderson, M.A., Gower South and Oxford.—" South Gower is but a small section of this county, containing about 20,000 acres (only one-third the quantity allotted to a full Township), in which we have five Common Schools. All the usual branches of a Common School education are taught in a very efficient manner. In my last visit to school section No. 2, I was so much pleased with the attainments of the pupils that I appointed another day for a public examination, when parents, guardians and others might be invited to attend. A prize was offered to the pupil who should give the best geographical account of the statistics of Canada. After the examination was closed, the judges declared their inability to decide which of the six competitors was the most successful, when six prizes were freely given as so many rewards for diligence and perseverance. This is simply mentioned to excite and encourage others to imitate their example. All the other schools in South Gower are in a prosperous state."

Oxford.—"In reporting the schools of this Township, I have much pleasures in noting the improvement that has of late years taken place in our Common School education; and nowhere in Canada does it appear more prominently and in more pleasing colors than in the Township of Oxford. Twenty years ago there was little taught in our Common Schools but reading, writing and a little arithmetic, and even these in an antiquated fashion many years behind the times. Our young people, with respect to grammatical, geographical and historical knowledge, were a complete blank; but now, these essential branches of education, which have such a powerful influence in developing the powers of the human mind, are taught in all our Common Schools. The Canadian geography and history is of great importance to our schools. Our young people are ornaments to Society. In conversation they can give you the boundaries, the divisions, the counties, the population, the chief towns, lakes and rivers of Canada very freely, and at the same time all other branches usually taught in our Common Schools are equally progressing."

#### VII. COUNTY OF LEEDS.

11. C. N. Hagerman, Esq., Escott Front.—"I have the pleasure to report, that the progress of the schools in this Township during the year has been satisfactory; this Township was united with Yonge for municipal purposes, but by an Act of the Legislature the Townships are now divided, and the Township Council of Escott Front has not seen fit to alter the numbers of the sections since the separation. Two substantial brick school houses have been built during the year 1860, and one frame building lined with brick in section No. 6 united with Yonge: three of the sections on the river are more or less connected with the islands in front. Section No. 12 is entirely confined to Grenadier Island, and at this season it is extremely difficult to communicate with them. I may remark that the island is 6 miles in length, and inhabited by eleven families; they have not, hitherto, been able to keep school open for more than six months in the year. Section No. 6 has established a small library, procured from the department; the money for the library was raised by voluntary subscription, and its influence, small as it is, is very encouraging. I think an addition will be made to it in 1861, and also, that other sections will be induced to follow the example. Nearly all the sections are in favour of the free system, but as yet have not been able to carry out the system entirely. It is a pity that the free system is not made absolute by law; such an enactment would save a vast amount of trouble, and put a stop to many personal difficulties. I trust the day is near when the Legislature will take a step in this direction, and make all common schools free by law. It appears by the Trustees' reports, that there are twenty children of school age in this Township who do not attend any school; the usual reasons are assigned—negligence of parents, and distance from the school house. The few prizes that have been awarded during 1860 have left their mark in the acknowledged advancement of those sections over others where prizes were not distributed."

12. The Rev. J. C. Pomeroy, Yonge Front.—"In submitting my returns for the past year, it gives me pleasure to report an increased interest in education throughout the Township: yet there is much need of improvement. Education is generally backward. There is not that amount of interest taken by the people which should characterize the citizens of a free and enlightened country. The result of this is, that we find a poor class of teachers is generally employed at low wages. The lowest salary—not the best teacher—seems the uppermost idea of most Trustees and people, and a living—not usefulness—the ruling principle of some teachers. It is easier than working out, said a young man to me when I asked him why he taught for \$6 per month. There are others, both male and female, who feel the deep responsibility of their work, and love it as a means of being useful. As a class, our school houses are generally good, but poorly furnished with maps and apparatus. We have but one library, and that poorly read; only ten applications for books were made during the year. Of course it exercises but little influence—On the whole, we are a little behind the times, but most sections give signs of improvement."

#### VIII. COUNTY OF LANARK.

- 13. J. A. Murdoch, Esq., Bathurst, Dalhousic, &c.—"The schools in the Townships over which I am local superintendent are progressing favourably. In some sections there are several excellent teachers, and in these the progress of the children is more observable than in those localities on the outskirts of the settlements, where the inhabitants are poor, and have to content themselves with inferior teachers. The board, however, is now very strict in the examination of candidates, and the certificates of qualification are generally limited to one year, as an inducement for teachers to still further improve themselves. The consequence is, that at the present moment there is a very different class of teachers instructing our youth, from those employed before our school laws came into force. Our male teachers are now all strictly temperate, and the standard of qualification, both in male and female teachers, is considerably raised. You will observe that there are still a great many children absent from school, though by no means so many as in former years. Although in many instances indifference on the part of parents is the reason assigned, yet in country places it is not possible to get the same punctual attendance as in towns and villages. At certain seasons, every child capable of lending even the most trifling assistance to its parents, is kept from school. I have often observed very small children stationed at harvest time at a gap in the fence, as sentinels, to keep stray animals from trespassing, while the grain is being harvested. Still, the attendance is every year getting better, and greater anxiety is manifested by parents to have their children educated."
- 14. The Rev. John McMorine, Ramsay.—"I have but few remarks to make this year, as the schools under my superintendence show scarcely any new features. Weak sections, I find, are generally tempted to engage inferior teachers, in order to save expense. In some cases, the consequences have been most injurious. Parents, disgusted with the inefficiency of the teacher, have withdrawn their children and left the school nearly empty; and bad habits are formed by the pupils, which renders it no easy matter even for a good teacher to restore a school, so injured, to immediate prosperity. Good teachers, I find, often continue in the same school for years; the inferior are continually shifting. I find also, that a superior energetic teacher generally excites the interest of parents, so that they come to my examinations; but in ordinary cases, parents are too indifferent to come. Frequently, even the Trustees are all absent. About one half of the schools under my care are working well, and producing good scholars. We introduced the revised programme for county board examinations, for the first time, at the last meeting of the board. We used no list of printed questions, but the want of such a list was felt in conducting the examinations. As to the school libraries, the books are extensively used, and the regulations are pretty well observed, but there is a laxity in several sections in returning books, and in exacting fines. Libraries existed in Ramsay long before the introduction of school libraries; the effects, therefore, are less distinguishable than they would have been had they been an entire novelty. But it may be safely concluded that the school libraries are doing their part in maintaining, or it may be in increasing, the intelligence of the community, and that intelligence will have its influence on the moral habits. The causes of nonattendance are chiefly the indifference of parents; sometimes, however, the inefficiency or

unpopularity of the teacher has much influence. Quarrels and factions among the parents have also in some cases greatly reduced the number of pupils attending school. Many children also are taken away during the busy season for the sake of labour. In free schools children are sent who cannot attend regularly; were the schools not free they would not be sent at all. Such irregular scholars perplex the teacher, and interfere with the formation of classes and the proper organization of the school. Prizes, I have invariably found, have a very animating and stimulating effect upon the pupils, and on that account are much valued, and judiciously distributed by the best of our teachers. The parents also take additional interest in the school where they are so employed. I have only to add, that the number of candidates for the office of teacher, is on the increase in this neighbourhood."

### IX. COUNTY OF RENFREW.

- 15. The Rev. Michael Byrne, Algona and Grattan.—"Both Algona and Grattan are newly settled Townships, and consequently the roads are imperfectly made. This is one reason why the average attendance at school is generally small; another reason is that the people newly settled on land are generally poor, and not in sufficiently good circumstances to be able to clothe their children well enough to send their children to school."
- 16. The Rev. W. T. Canning, Bromley.—"I am happy to say that there is some improvement in the Common Schools of this Township. The schools are all conducted on the free system, which system appears to be obtaining general approbation in this part of One school, which had formerly been kept open during half the year, is now to open for the full time. A new section has lately been formed, and is well conducted. The Trustees appear to be zealous in the discharge of their duties. There is an increasing desire on the part of many parents throughout the different sections, to avail themselves of our admirable system of education; yet on the part of too many, there appears to be much indifference to the advantages afforded by it. The older scholars are very generally kept from school during half the year, for the purpose of assisting their parents on the farm, or in other employment; but the worst feature of the case is, that during the rest of the time they are not sent with sufficient regularity to ensure anything like marked progress in their studies. Nothing but urgency on the part of those who have the direction of the educational interests of the people in such localities, namely, School Trustees, Clergymen, Local Superintendents, &c., can remedy evils of this nature. The schools in some of the sections in this Township are at such a distance from the residences of the pupils, as to be inaccessible to them. In section No. 1, many of the children cannot attend without travelling three or four miles, by lonely roads, passing through the bush. The school house is also a mile from the Village of Douglas, where it should properly be; however, an effort is now being made to remedy the evil, by dividing the section into three parts. There is no school kept in Section No. 5; there are 71 children of school age resident in it; a few of these, I believe, avail themselves of Section No. 3, although they are not reported by the Trustees as non-resident pupils. These evils are evidently owing to a want of intelligence, and a due appreciation of the value of education. The teachers employed during the year were persons of fair scholarship, and I believe were pretty faithful in the discharge of their duties."
- 17. Thomas B. Lett, Esq., Wilberforce.—"In consequence of the prevalency of a contagious epidemic in this Township during the past year, the average attendance, as compared with the actual population, is small. Our Township is new, but is settling fast, and we hope to have a large increase in future. You will see that the free school system is highly approved of in this Township by the people in general. They see the benefit of education, but, as in all new countries, poverty places them under great inconveniences. We have not, as yet, established any school libraries, and our schools are also badly off for maps and apparatus. The people complain of being too poor, and not able as yet to provide them. I am endeavoring to impress upon Trustees the necessity of these essentials, and hope soon to meet with compliance."

#### X. COUNTY OF FRONTENAC.

18. Thomas R. Dupuis, Esq., M.D., Hinchinbrooke, &c.—"The cause of non-attendance is generally imputed to indifference of parents, and dissatisfaction, arising some-

times from the levying of a tax, or the employing of a teacher against the wishes of a people. With reference to libraries, the old story may be repeated, 'there is not a library in the Township at present.' Last year my lectures were directed chiefly to the advantages of school libraries; this year, however, I found it necessary to confine my remarks to explanations of the School Act. Prizes have not been systematically introduced into any of our schools in the Township of Portland; Trustees generally considering that the advantages accruing from them would not be equivalent to the amount of money necessary for their acquisition. Section No. 8 has been re-organized, and set in operation, during the year 1860, and one new Section, (No. 15) has maintained a school during six months of the same year. Three school houses have been built, viz., a frame one in Section No. 11, and log ones in Nos. 10 and 15.

Hinchinbrooke.—This is a back Township, and very poor, and the schools are proportionably small and badly provided with teachers and means of teaching. However, there is a marked increase in the attendance, and an improvement in the state of the schools. Section No. 3 has been formed, and a school house built this year, in a place almost completely isolated from the surrounding settlements. The inhabitants, with one exception, are Roman Catholics. From the interest taken in school matters, and the energy displayed by the officers of the section, it promises to become one of the most flourishing sections in the Township. School has been open in it for the last half-year.

Kennebec.—This Township is still more backward, and until this winter,—when I received the minutes of their school meeting, -no efforts had been made to secure the advantages of a common school. But when we consider the difficulties and privations these hardy settlers have to encounter, that they can afford to keep a school is the wonder, and not that they are destitute of one. Among all the schools, an increased attendance is perceptible; all are wholly free, and the people generally seem anxious that the free system The great efforts which the inhabitants are now putting forth, are should be continued. for the erection of proper school houses in place of the old log ones, which are fast passing But a few years, we hope, will enable them to expend their means in securing school apparatus, libraries, and all other adjuncts necessary to a complete education. term of office for Portland and Hinchinbrooke will soon expire, as I have removed some distance into another county; but my successor will, I hope, be more efficient in disseminating those true principles of education, which are designed to elevate man to his proper standard, and establish society upon the firm basis of undecaying truth, and which elevate nations to honor and influence on the earth."

19. John Spring, Esq., Storrington.—"In transmitting my Report for the year 1860, I may say, there has been a visible improvement in the schools of this Township, and that, with few exceptions, we have had a better class of teachers than heretofore. The want of maps and other school apparatus retards our educational progress. A cheap education is the order of the day, so that we are "penny wise and pound foolish." There are no public libraries in this township, and only two Sunday School libraries, containing 170 volumes. I have used all my influence with the Township Council, to get them to devote a portion of the Clergy Reserves Fund in order to establish one for the benefit of the public, but without effect. It will be seen by my Report that there are 195 children not attending any school. I know of no cause except neglect on the part of parents and guardians, who appear not to see the danger that arises from such misconduct. I believe our schools are as well calculated for giving instruction to the inhabitants of this Province, in the several branches taught therein, as those of any other country in the world; and your name will be handed down, from fathers to their children, long after your work is done. May you long enjoy the celebrity you have so honorably achieved."

#### XI. COUNTY OF ADDINGTON.

20. S. D. Clark, Esq., Ernestown.—"The cause of non-attendance is generally attributed to indifference, which is no doubt correct. The new course of study is reported only in two instances; but I am convinced, from personal observation, having visited every school, that it is more or less adopted in every school. I am sorry I have no public libraries to report, being convinced they would add much to the intelligence of the community. I shall advocate them with all my ability. There seems to be an impression the books

would be destroyed. Five schools have reported as having distributed prizes, which I think has been only to a limited extent, having been the gift of the teachers. I have conversed with some of the leading educationists, who think the prize system open to many objections, calculated (without very great caution) to lead to ill-feeling among pupils, and perhaps among parents, the apt and more fortunately circumstanced as regards locality, parentage, &c., bearing away prizes from those that need the most encouragement. My opinion is, the system is much better calculated for Academies and Grammar Schools than for our rural sections, yet, in them, with great caution, the system may be beneficial. I would beg most respectfully to suggest that the School Law be so amended that Grammar School Trustees be not necessarily members of the Board of Examiners, as I do not think they are generally appointed in view of their qualification for that office. I think it would do to appoint yourself, or allow the County Council to appoint, say, five persons, solely with reference to their qualification for the important task. These, with the Local Superintendent, would answer every purpose, and save the country much useless expense. We have five Boards of Grammar School Trustees in our counties. You will at once see what an expense this will entail. What little experience I have had convinces me it would not be better to do away with the Township Local Superintendent. The amount of business that Trustees have with him, I think, makes it desirable his office should not be too far removed from the sections under his charge, and where, as in Ernestown, the Clergy Reserve money is invested for Common School purposes, it is his duty to apportion and look after that fund, and so become partially a Township officer. Our Township has at present a handsome sum invested, which is being increased annually. The interest is drawn halfyearly, and apportioned to our schools according to the time they are kept open. In taking a general and comparative view of our Township School Matters for 1860, I think there is cause for encouragement. Notwithstanding we have lost our most populous and wealthy section, through the incorporation of the village of Bath, we yet show an increase in our average attendance of 151 over the previous year, Bath included. There is also an increase in the time the schools have been kept open. This, doubtless, would have been larger but for the continual bad weather during the last half of the year, which caused a considerable falling off in attendance, and some schools even had to close. During the year one new and commodious school house has been erected on the improved principle, and others have been repaired and much improved. Much still remains to be done in this particular. We have some elegant school houses in Ernestown. No. 21 is deserving of honorable mention. A better school house than this, with suitable playground attached, I have never seen in any rural section. Maps and other school requisites are much needed, though several sections have a partial supply. I shall endeavor to impress on Trustees the liberal offer of the Department, and procure what is needed. The Free School system is gaining ground slowly, but I think surely. I think its general adoption would be a blessing, and would do away with the greatest cause of strife at our annual section meetings. Our system of deucation is gaining in the estimation of the public. Its enemies are rare, and though there may be some difference of opinion amongst us in carrying out its details, yet on the whole there is prevailing in the Township a general harmony. I have not as yet had any case of arbitration or appeal to attend. There seems a desire to procure competent teachers, and on the whole I think the schools have been efficient during the year. We need greater uniformity in conducting our schools, and in the course of study adopted. I have recommended the enlargement of sections where at all practicable, and I think with some success, as two small sections have been broken up and merged into others. Many of our sections are too small. My experience is, that children, two miles or more from the school house, attend as regularly, and more so, than those near at home. The examinations, especially what is called in some sections the annual examination, are becoming times of great interest with us. We have also instituted an annual Township gathering or public school demonstration, when the friends of education, from all parts of the Township, assemble to discuss on the subject of education. This is likely to do much good. It was truly pleasing to be present at this gathering (in a beautiful grove), last summer, to see the beautiful banners of the different sections with their various mottoes, and the general harmony that prevailed. I should like much to have you with us at our next meeting. I am sure you would be a welcome visitor; but more of this anon. I love an excellent school system, that is blessing and throwing its healthful influence into every corner of our beloved country. I can see a marked intellectual improvement in my native Township, Ernestown. I believe that no system has ever been produced so well calculated to place proper food for the mind within the reach of all, irrespective of wealth or station. I am proud that its originator is a Canadian, and I humbly pray you may be long spared and allowed to pursue the noble task in which you are engaged, in elevating, morally and intellectually, the youth of Canada, and in so expressing myself, I am convinced, from what I have seen and heard during the year, that I am only echoing the sentiments of the vast majority of the inhabitants of Ernestown."

- 21. Rev. Jas. S. Youmans, Sheffield.—"The cause of non-attendance is mainly attributed to negligence of parents and distance from school. As a rule, the salary offered by Trustees is very small, which prevents them from securing the services of the more efficient Teachers. This fact, together with a distaste for reading, and a sad want of libraries, will account for the comparatively unsatisfactory state of the schools in this Township. I trust that my next report will be more satisfactory."
- 22. Rev. John Scott, Fredericksburgh, North.—"There has been a decrease in the attendance during the year. This seems to result from sectional disputes, from the indifference of parents, and from the employment of Teachers at the lowest possible salaries. The Teachers generally 'board around' among the parents of the scholars. This is a system much to be deprecated. It is indispensably necessary that, in order to advance the educational interests of the Township, a more suitable staff of Teachers should be employed, that the sections should be better provided with accommodation and apparatus, and that both parents and Trustees should manifest greater interest in the schools."

#### XII. COUNTY OF PRINCE EDWARD.

23. John B. Denton, Esq., County of Prince Edward.—"The awarding of prizes, as you will perceive by my report, occurs so seldom in this county, that I am unable to express any opinion concerning the effect, either for weal or for wee; but this much I may remark, that the public sentiment, as far as I am acquainted with it, is rather averse than otherwise to any inducement which might have a tendency to give an undue impetus to the juvenile mind. A considerable number of children are not attending any school. The causes of this inattention on the part of the parents to the best interests of humanity, are almost, admitting the explanations of the parties most capable of judging, as various as the individuals are numerous, some plead poverty, others again require their help in domestic concerns, many more admit that it is quite necessary, and they are going to send them immediately; but procrastination—the old thief—keeps putting them off till another year or a new quarter, when they will not have to pay a rate for the time they do not attend. However, it will be found in general that want of reflection on the part of parents is the main cause, though inability to pay the rate has frequently something to do with nonattendance. It must not be supposed, however, that all these registered as not attending any school during the year are strictly barbarians. Many of them have attended school before, and are therefore tolerable adepts in the science of A, B, C, &c. The most serious detriment to the progress of our schools, arises from the too frequent change of teachers, and though I am proud to think we have the most equitable and unrivalled school system in the world, yet when I contemplate this never-ending change of teachers, which no legislation in the world can ever reach, I ask myself the question, will ever some fortunate combination of circumstances arise to circumscribe these interminable migrations? It is barely possible for some sections, under this panic for novelty, to hold their own. The Local Superintendent is powerless for good, for ere he arrives at the post where his experience may avail, and his advice be of consequence, the school is deserted by its leader, or else another has taken charge, and before he has had time to effectually organize his school, he also vanishes from one place to another, in the footsteps of his predecessor. hope that the very intensity of the damage thus done, will, ere long, work its own cure, and people will comprehend the superiority of time-tried veterans over flying cadets. Some of our schools are excellently well managed, being the glory of the land. I think I may truly say we have some teachers who are second to few on the continent of North America, and a few sections where competency to teach is esteemed by the inhabitants of more importance than the love of money. I have returned nearly, if not all, our schools

as using none but authorized books; but in this particular, if in no other, I may be astray, if so, I most plead ignorance as an excuse, for in some schools I find them using treatises on Natural Philosophy, Astronomy, Chemistry, &c., all United States productions or published there,—books for which I know of no available substitute from any other quarter, nor do I know whether they are proscribed by the Council of Public Instruction or not. In conclusion I hardly know what to write of our libraries, for although they have done, and are still doing, much to sow the seeds of enlightened views, yet there appears to be a great deal of confusion in the working of them. Perhaps a few suggestions from you, at your convenience, would enable me to look more strictly after the interests of this department of useful knowledge."

#### XIII. COUNTY OF PETERBOROUGH.

24. James Brenan, Esq., Ennismore.—"The cause of non-attendance of children at school is attributed to the poverty of parents. On behalf of myself and the trustees of the different sections, I beg leave to return you our sincere thanks for the regular promptitude with which your valuable Journal of Education is received. It is anxiously read with pleasure and profit by all."

#### XIV. COUNTY OF ONTARIO.

- 25. Alfred Wyatt, Esq., Brock.—"The slight decrease in the average attendance of this year, as compared with 1859, is accounted for by the prevalency of the measles, hooping cough, and other diseases during the fall of the year, when a number of children were kept away from school. The trustees, as a body, do not regard the making of every Saturday a holiday as a benefit, and they have lately shown a disposition to lower the salaries of teachers. In very few sections have prizes hitherto been given, but the number is on the increase. We have still only two libraries, the trustees being slow to appreciate the advantages to be derived from a number of well-selected books."
- 26. D. G. Hewett, Esq., Mara and Rama.—"I would observe that the reason assigned for non-attendance on the part of the juveniles who are not included in the half-yearly returns, is, generally, the distance at which they reside from the schools, they being for the greater part of tender age. I cannot give any reliable account of the effect of the distribution of prizes. I have still much difficulty in procuring a satisfactory statement of the accounts of the sections, the accounts having, up to the present time, been very indifferently kept: so much so, that in some of the sections I have been obliged to return the papers, and in other cases make the Dr. and Cr. accounts myself. However, I believe the appointment of auditors will work a cure in that respect. I cannot say much for several of the sections during the past year, but trust, seeing there is a desire to appoint persons of better knowledge and experience to the office of auditor, the present year will find matters in a much more regular form, and lead perhaps to a more general knowledge of school affairs. Undoubtedly the appointment of auditors is a great improvement to the system."
- 27. Ebenezer Birrell, Esq., Pickering.—"Four school section libraries are reported; the books are all stated to be covered, labelled, and numbered, and the regulations generally observed. The giving of prizes in schools ought to have a good effect, but I cannot say that it has so; when they are of a limited number it is the cause of a deal of painful feeling, and a number of meritorious pupils do not get the reward they are entitled to. The only way to prevent this is, to have the prize or prizes awarded by a system of marking, arranged by the teacher, but kept openly by the pupils of the class themselves; or what I generally recommend, 'something to every one,' as an encouragement for the backward, and a reward for those more willing. Within the last year four large brick school houses have been completed; the internal fittings are of the best character. These buildings are not behind any others in the neighbourhood in external appearance; they have only one fault—they are too small. Three of them, Nos. 7, 9 and 10 have not at this moment one empty seat. I am happy to state that the qualifications of our teachers, and the manner in which they conduct the schools, are fully keeping pace with our school architecture."

28. G. W. Colston, Esq., Whitby.—"In forwarding my annual report, I have pleasure in stating, that throughout this township there is more uniformity in the method of instruction now practised, and also more interest displayed in securing talented teachers than was formerly the case. I know of no school in the Township of Whitby that would employ a third class teacher. Yet while there is a growing interest in this direction, there seems to be a lack on the part of trustees and parents in furnishing necessary apparatus to aid the teacher, and consequently benefit their sons and daughters. In respect to the non-attendance of children, in some cases it is owing to a dislike of the teachers, but more generally to negligence. In reference to libraries, some sections have as yet neglected to avail themselves of the benefits resulting from them. Wherever an influence has been exerted by in libraries, such influence has been good."

#### XV. COUNTY OF YORK.

- 29. R. H. Evans, Esq., Georgina.—"I am happy to be able to send you a more favourable report of the schools under my care than heretofore. They are progressing very satisfactorily, although irregularity of attendance at the different schools is still the subject of bitter complaining amongst teachers; and I would further state, with respect to the schools in this township, that although they are not a very superior class, they are making considerable progress, and the people seem to be more solicitous in the cause of education."
- 30. B. Pearson, Esq., King.—"The schools under my jurisdiction, I am happy to say, are in a prosperous condition. They were all kept open the whole year, excepting one or two, which were open ten or eleven months. The adoption of the free school system is becoming general, and present appearances indicate that the time is not distant when it will become universal. Our school houses are being very much improved. Three were erected during the year, and are good substantial buildings, and reflect credit on the sections; the trustees of each are making arrangements for supplying the necessary maps, apparatus, &c. Preparations are being made in some sections for building new houses in the approaching summer, and my impression is, that not two years will elapse before every section in this municipality will be in possession of a school house sufficiently large to accommodate the whole of the population of school age, and also provided with the books, maps and apparatus necessary to facilitate the discharge of the duties of the teacher, and as a matter of course, the improvement of the pupils. There is one very serious drawback to the progress of education in this township, which I fear will be difficult to remedy; it is this: in summer seasons those children who are too young to labour are sent to school, and those whose labour is valuable are kept at home; in the winter season this order is reversed, thus making two distinct sets of pupils in the year, and much of the valuable time of the teacher is necessarily lost in again getting each set of pupils in working order. Another source of annoyance to the teacher arises from the negligence of parents in not sending their children regularly to school. In the lectures I have delivered, I have almost invariably made this a point; and trust, that to some extent I have succeeded in remedying the evil. During the year very little use has been made of the school libraries. In many of the sections there are Sunday School Libraries, which appear to be better adapted to youthful minds, and consequently are more appreciated."
- 31. The Rev. G. S. J. Hill, M.A., Markham.—"The work of education, on the whole, is flourishing. All the schools have been open on an average nearly twelve months each; the Scriptures are read in them all, and seventeen are opened and closed with prayer. The attendance of scholars is improving, and the vast majority of the people are sincerely attached to our Canada School System, and give it their cordial support. The appointment of auditors to examine the school accounts of each section is a most judicious arrangement. Hitherto it was a most difficult task for the local superintendent to unravel the school accounts and get them into shape; this difficulty will now be obviated. The distribution of prize books purchased at the department has been attended with the happiest effects in the sections where the practice has been adopted. I hope to see the custom become general in them all."
- 32. D. Mc Callum, Esq., Vaughan.—"Our schools were open during the whole year, with one exception, and that on account of the teacher being sick. The average salary of our teachers for the past year is not so high as I anticipated, being a little over \$364.

Only five of our schools were conducted on the *free* system during the year, but from the struggle between the free and the anti-free school-men, at our last annual meeting, I think the time is not far distant when *all* our schools will be free. All our libraries were open to the public, and, from the appearance of the books, they are performing their work.

33. J. T. Stokes, Esq., Whitchurch, &c .- "I have found it an unusually tedious operation to get correct financial returns from the Trustees, many of whom are incapable of keeping the simplest account with anything like accuracy; and although their accounts have passed through the hands of auditors, I find the auditors, in the majority of cases, to be men of no greater ability than the Trustees themselves, consequently there is no security I find that the business of Trustees, in many of our rural sections, against false returns. is conducted very loosely, little of that form of proceeding prescribed by the School Act being attended to, which, if observed, would not only secure correctness in the performance of the duties of Trustees, but great benefits to the schools under their charge. I have endeavored, in all cases,—and, I am able to state, with beneficial results,—to impress upon the minds of our school authorities the necessity for a proper mode of proceeding in conducting their official business. I hope, ultimately, to find that the inhabitants of every section will endeavor to select the best men for this office, and I doubt not that such will be the case, when it is seen that the best men are not only the greatest economists, but the most effectual supporters of educational interests. Still, there is a decided improvement in the class of men recently appointed, which improvement, I hope, will continue, as our school system grows older. In reply to your question as to the cause of non-attendance, I can scarcely give a more effectual answer than negligence of parents. variety of other causes, though, which tend to keep children from school. In some cases, children are sent to a school out of their own section, that they may secure the advantage of a superior teacher, (a strong proof of the necessity of employing efficient teachers); in others, the parents consider their children have had education enough, judging from their own educational acquirements, which is a poor criterion; in others, again, a rate has But such instances form only a minority of the causes which keep children from school; the majority may be classed under the general head above named. library books are kept in as good a state as fair reading will permit, and I have good reason to believe, that in all cases where libraries are established, they exercise a beneficial In regard to the influence exerted by the distribution of prizes, I am not able to give as full an account as I should like; such matters seldom coming under the Local Superintendent's notice, except from the teacher's point of view. I think, however, that prizes may be made a stimulant to exertion on the part of scholars, if properly competed for. A plan, the first of the kind that has come under my notice, has been adopted by the teacher of S. S. No. 4, East Gwillimbury, of submitting written questions in the several studies of the advanced classes of his school, and to those who secured the greatest number of marks, (the questions being valued) were given the best prizes. This examination was held a few days after the quarterly examination, and, from its being something of an experiment, I assisted in it, and watched its workings closely; and, after personal observation, I would recommend the same system to every teacher, and I trust that, wherever it is adopted, the Trustees will readily supply the funds for a full and suitable selection of prizes for distribution. I am convinced that if all teachers would adopt such a system when awarding prizes, they would find it a great stimulant to their scholars, and would also find that it would do away with any chance jealousy arising."

34. William Watson, Esq., York.—"I have great satisfaction in being able to say, that there has been a very decided improvement in many of the schools in this Township, during the past year. The Teachers, generally, are becoming more thorough in imparting rudimentary instruction. This is, I think, most apparent in the important branch of reading, the neglect of which was mentioned in my last annual remarks as a serious and very prevalent defect. True, there are many obstacles in the way, one being the anxiety evinced by many parents and Trustees, that the children should run through a number of studies, without due reference to thoroughness; another being the fact, that there is but one room, in which all the exercises are conducted. This, with two exceptions, is the case in all the schools under my care, one of these being the handsome and commodious school-house erected, within the year, in Section No. 1. In order to judge of the progress made

in the schools, I find it necessary to spend at least half a day in each school,—in some of the larger schools this is not sufficient,—and except in so far as to ascertain the Teacher's method of imparting instruction, I generally conduct the examinations myself, after which I usually address the children and any others who may be present. I am sorry to say, a great deal of apathy still exists among the people, in some of the School Sections very few of them ever visiting the school. I have directed special attention to this evil, and when visiting the schools, have frequently called upon and invited some of the influential residents to accompany me. Many are waking up to the importance of attending to this matter, and in some few sections they have done their duty nobly. This, to some extent, of course, depends upon the Teachers themselves. Those who manifest the greatest desire to see visitors, usually have the greatest number to record. The distribution of prizes in the schools was, I think, more general than in any previous year. They were given, not only for progress in studies, but for regular attendance and general deportment, and, so far as I can learn, with very happy results. With reference to the causes of non-attendance, so far as I can gather from the Trustees' Reports, and from conversation with the people, the chief are distance, indifference, pride, and also the real or supposed necessity for the I may mention here the existence of a very serious assistance of the children at home. evil in some sections. I refer to the frequent change of Teachers, retarding, as it does, the progress of the pupils, and operating against the best interests of the neighborhood in which the change takes place. The books belonging to the Ward Libraries have, during the year, been collected by the Township Council, and distributed equally amongst the various School Sections, in some of which they are generally read, and are productive of much good, they create a love for reading, and the result is the purchase of books for home use. In some few sections, however, they appear little, if at all, appreciated. Of the three Roman Catholic schools in this Township, No. 21, where the National Books are used, appears to be the most efficient. In conclusion, I may be allowed to say, that judging from the increased attendance of influential persons at my lectures, the subject of education seems to be taking a firmer hold of the public mind. May this feeling be continually on the increase."

#### XVI. COUNTY OF PEEL.

- 35. The Rev. H. B. Osler, Albion .- "In making my annual return, I do it with more nleasure than I have done at any period, during my superintendency of Albion. There is a decided improvement in the character of Teachers; a third class qualification formerly was considered quite sufficient, but now the inquiry is for a second at least. The consequence of this is manifest in the condition of the majority of the schools. Still we have to complain of the indifference of too many parents, as regards the education of their children, as shewn by the Report in the number of absentees. In none of the schools have they adopted the practice of giving prizes. The library exerts some little influence for good, but is not sufficiently appreciated, as is evident from the very clean appearance of the books, both internally and externally. In reference to school lectures, I see that some of the schools, in their returns, have given the Superintendent credit in this respect, which he has not given in his annual return. It is almost impossible to get persons to attend. I purpose trying again before the winter is over, and hope it may succeed better than for-I cannot consider an address to children and Teachers, at an ordinary visitation, a lecture according to the meaning intended in the School Act."
- 36. William Harvey, Esq., Flos.—"Prizes have been distributed in Section No. 2 which I think will be attended with satisfactory results. The general cause of non-attendance is distance from school, and in some cases may be attributed to carelessness of parents. I cannot give a more favourable account of the township library than I have done previously. I am of opinion that if the township council would distribute the books amongst the school sections in proportion to the number of ratepayers in each section, giving them in charge of the trustees, the books would be better cared for and more read, and at the same time form the basis of school section libraries throughout the township. If this system was adopted, it is more than probable that in some sections the trustees would appropriate a small sum biennially to procure new books."

#### XVII. COUNTY OF SIMCOE.

- 37. James Shaw, Esq., Medonte.—"The trustees' reports give a considerable number of non-attendants and assign carelessness, distance and interference of parents as the chief reasons. Of all the reasons stated, I believe distance to be the most correct one, and I trust that carelessness and interference of parents has not much to do with it. I know of no instance of either in the section where I reside. The library books are all covered, labelled and numbered, the regulations not being strictly observed. A number of the people do not appear to appreciate the value of the libraries."
- 38. The Rev. John Campbell, A.M., Nottawasaga.—" All the schools in this township are free, and have generally been so for several years; and I believe that the majority (perhaps a large majority) of the inhabitants of the township are well pleased with the working of that system. The simplicity of its provisions, the facility with which moneys are promptly raised, and the advantages given for the education of the children of the poor, are admirable. Yet I have cause to regret, that those for whose benefit the wealthy are so heavily taxed, too frequently fail to avail themselves of the offered boon. In the rural sections of our happy land, there are few families unable to pay for the education of their children, excepting those who are morally worthless, and in very many of such families the children fail to attend the schools. It seems that they think education so cheap that it is not worthy of acceptance. If the free school system is to be maintained, as I think it will, it appears most desirable that we should have a law making the attendance compulsory on the part of children, from, say 5 to 14 years of age, during at least six months in the year. Trustees' annual reports are very imperfectly prepared, and I have had a large amount of unnecessary labour in gaining information which I should have received from their reports. The local superintendent has powers to compel trustees to do their duty, but so many seemingly valid excuses are offered; evident errors are pointed out which are declared to have proceeded from ignorance, &c., and omissions that they were either unable to supply, or thought of very little consequence, so many excuses are offered, that it is very difficult to make the compulsory provisions of the law available. And that more especially as only 16 days are allowed the local superintendent to make out his report after the reception of that of the trustees'. The office of auditor has been of no advantage in this township; indeed, the trustees, in most cases, seemed to think that the object of this appointment was to diminish their responsibility. As far as I have had opportunity of observing, the influence of prizes in schools, the result has not been favourable; and that chiefly owing to the distribution of too many. I believe that a few, bestowed as the reward of merit, are advantageous. But a great difficulty arises respecting the principle upon which they are to be awardedwhether to the best scholar (the most proficient) in his class, or to the one who has made most progress. If the former, merit suffers injustice in many cases; if the latter, the teacher in most cases must award them—a responsibility which in many cases he is unwilling to assume. With us an attempt is too often made to gratify all claimants; the majority perhaps get prizes, and the dissatisfaction of the minority is very great. With respect to religious instruction in the schools, several have reported that the provisions of the law are complied with and carried out; yet I think that they have so reported through not understanding the full purport of the question. I believe that it has never been attended to in any school in this township. The regulations authorize clergymen to give instruction after school hours, but in most sections they have not time to do so; and if they did, it would be accounted a grievance by the children of their congregations to be kept in after their companions were at liberty. The Journal of Education is in many cases very irregularly received. The copy addressed to me is sometimes three months printed before it arrives here, and some numbers are not received at all. The December number, a most interesting and instructive one, and of the highest importance as explaining the new enactments, did not come to hand until the second week of January."
- 39. The Rev. T. Bolton Read, Orillia.—"The number of children not attending school is accounted for, in addition to the usual causes, by the fact that a large portion of the township, where thinly settled, having hitherto had no formed section. This evil will be remedied in future, as a new section has been formed by the township council in a locality where no child has as yet attended school, but where it is hoped a school will shortly be established. The section thus divided (No. 2) will be strengthened by a union just

effected with parts of Oro and Medonte, adjoining the older settled portion of it. This will enable No. 2 to keep the school open for a longer period than it has before done. On the whole, the interest taken in the schools is very satisfactory, of which I believe the report for 1860 will afford proof. The library is open to the public and read by many; still, not to the extent that might be expected. The books are covered and numbered, and in safe keeping."

40. The Rev. James Stewart, Oro.—"In regard to the state of Common School education in Oro, I cannot affirm that I have a great deal to report this year. I shall, however, briefly state my opinion, notwithstanding my limited connexion with school supervision in this locality. I shall notice two points in connexion with this matter, namely, some of the causes which seem to me to have greatly retarded the advancement of education in this Township; and secondly, the signs which indicate that of late, considerable progress has been made in this important object, since the obstacles which stand in the way are being gradually removed. Among the many causes which might be mentioned, the ignorance or indifference of many of the parents themselves, is one which is painfully prominent. They do not take advantage at all, as they ought to do, of the means of education placed at their disposal, for the benefit of their children. They seem to have very inadequate views of the value of these provisions. Many of them have received little or no education themselves, and I suppose, as they have been able to get through life tolerably well without it, they are of opinion that their children need not complain if they do not fare worse than themselves. Another evil is the anxiety of some of our Trustees to secure a Teacher at a low rate of salary. They do not consider another element which ought to have great weight with them in the selection of a Teacher, viz., his fitness for discharging with efficiency the important duties of his office; hence they cheat themselves out of their money, and the pupils attending their school out of what is infinitely more valuable; that is, their time and education. Several examples might be adduced, showing the evil effects of this course already. And it is to this cause that many of our youth have to enter upon the active duties of life without having been previously prepared for them by an efficient education. A want of taste for reading is as yet too general amongst us, and therefore I fear that advantage is but seldom taken of the liberal encouragement held out by the Educational Department to make us a well-informed and intelligent people. We have no Public School Library, properly so called, in the Township, and most of the schools are far behind in the supply of such necessary articles as maps, charts, diagrams, and general apparatus. These causes amongst others, contribute very much to retard the progress of education in Oro. But while the state of our schools in general is not so flourishing as we would wish them to be, still the progress which has of late been made in some of them is no doubt very considerable. A person who is in the habit of visiting them from time to time, cannot help observing that a great and rapid improvement is being made. The majority of the people are becoming more alive to a sense of the importance of securing to the rising generation a good and substantial education. They take greater interest, I believe, in this matter, now than formerly. Many of the parents endeavor, at a great sacrifice to themselves, to keep their children regularly at school. Such people can appreciate the services of good teachers, and they show it by the liberal salaries they are inclined to give for his support. Where such views and feelings are gaining ground, inefficient teachers are gradually removed, and others more competent are appointed in their room. And should the Trustees of some of our sections be tempted to hire a Teacher not suited for their school, simply because they can engage him at a low salary, they make themselves very unpopular with the majority of the people. Our Public School Examinations are now becoming more and more a pleasure to visitors, who very often express their feelings of satisfaction at the appearance made by the pupils in their respective classes. Our Municipal Library is kept in good condition, and many books have been taken out of it to read during the past year. Prizes have been given in some of our schools, producing, I believe, good effects. Our old Log Houses are gradually disappearing, and are giving place to commodious and substantial buildings. In every section of the Township a school is now open. Therefore, taking all these things into account, notwithstanding the improvements which are yet to be made, I think that matters are hopeful with us in regard to the future."

41. William Wright, Esq., Tossorontio.—"I beg leave to state that owing to my very

recent appointment, I am unable to give much information relative to school matters in general. The three schools under my care are are all frame buildings, and in good repair. Numbers 2 and 3 are furnished with maps, globes, object, and tablet lessons. I have convinced the Trustees of No. 1 that it is their duty to supply their school with apparatus, and they intend, at an early opportunity, not only to procure these requisites, but also to advance money for a School Library. The financial affairs appear to be in a good condition. The schools are all free, and, as far as I can gain information, show a marked improvement. The reason assigned by Trustees 'why children of school age do not attend,' is, that owing to the thinly inhabitable state of some parts of the sections, their parents think the distance too far from the school house; but I think the greater number are detained by carelessness or neglect on the part of parents themselves. The National books are exclusively used, except in Number 2, where I find 'Carpenter's Spelling' as a text-book. I will, however, endeavor to have it removed, and recommend such books only as are approved by the Council of Public Instruction."

#### XVII. THE COUNTY OF HALTON.

- 42. The Rev. F. A. O'Meara, LL.D., Esquesing .- " Education in this township is, on the whole, in a very prosperous and encouraging condition; and though, as I suppose, this is the case in most townships throughout the province, there are still some points on which we would like to see a considerable improvement. The progress of the schools under my superintendence is on the whole extremely good. With regard to the efficiency of the schoolmasters at present engaged in this township, I have to remark, that while I would wish that the qualifications of some of them were higher than they are, I feel that it is due to the majority of them to say, that they are discharging their important and onerous duties faithfully and efficiently. Feeling that so many are deserving of praise, it seems to me that it would be invidious to name particular ones, but No. 1 or Ligny School I cannot forbear mentioning, not merely because it, as well as some others of the schools in the township, affords a striking proof of what may be done by an efficient and painstaking teacher under the present system of education, but more especially because it presents an instance of a common country school discharging the duty of a normal or training school for its neighbourhood, two of the teachers having first-class certificates, now in this township, having been trained for their profession by Mr. Little, who for some years had charge of the school in that section. You will not have failed to observe, that in nearly all the schools in this township the business of each day is opened and closed with prayer, and the Bible is read, which affords a striking practical comment on the reiterated assertions of those who cry down our common school system as being godless and irreligious in its tendency. Indeed, if I have any fault to find in this matter, it is, that in some of the schools rather too large a portion of the time is devoted to the Bible lesson, to the injury of the more secular part of the exercises. With regard to the paucity of visits paid to the schools by the various public functionaries who might reasonably be expected to take an interest in them, I have to remark, I am convinced that magistrates, legislators, country gentlemen, farmers, ministers and school trustees throw away a very great means of usefulness, and deprive themselves of a very great intellectual pleasure, by not bestowing some of their time and attention on the working of our school system, and assisting to train the rising generation of our country to be useful men and women. An occasional visit from some intelligent person not officially connected with the school is a great encouragement to both teacher and children, and bestows a lasting benefit. With regard to the superintendent's visits, I am bound in justice to myself to remark, that my term of office did not commence till late in the year, and that before the close of the year I had visited and thoroughly examined nearly every school under my superintendency. One or two were not visited till the first week of the present year. No lecture was delivered by me at any of the school sections up to the 31st December, as I was anxious, before preparing such a lecture, to obtain personal observations of all the schools in the township. I have since, however, prepared one which I have already delivered in some of the sections."
- 43. The Rev. Alex. MacLean, M.A., Nelson.—"I lament the lack of libraries, and the want of interest in the attainment of those auxiliaries to the teacher. I am sorry to find so few schools strictly free. But few of the school houses have seats and desks adapted

to the size of the pupils and some of the school houses are memorials of the days of the log-shanty. We have some worthy exceptions, especially No. 1 (Wellington Square), where there is a school house of the very best class the adaptations for the comfort of teachers and pupils being admirable. The use of prizes, generally, appears to be a benefit to the intellects of the pupils at the expense of their hearts. No. 9 still retains the name of a school, though without a suitable house; there is a prospect, however, of its reconstruction. I find a great lack of school manuals for the guidance of trustees, and shall feel obliged if you will send a supply as soon as ready. The R. C. separate school at Wellington Square, the only one in the township, is now given up. I have experienced great toil, but great satisfaction, in lecturing to the schools. I am labouring to arouse a deeper interest in education on the parts of children, parents, trustees and teachers. My public lectures have generally been well attended, and the children have been waiting eagerly and with apparent delight upon such, even if for an hour. The teachers in the township are, as a class, sober, orderly and industrious and five or six of their number are of a superior order. Schools Nos. Nos. I and 8 have become so popular, and the attendance so numerous, that in each an assistant has been employed since the beginning of 1861."

44. Hiram Mulholland, Esq., Trafalgar.—"I was appointed at the beginning of the present year, and consequently have but little to report relating to the schools of this township. I believe in most sections the schools are in a prosperous condition. Though there is not that interest taken in establishing school section libraries that there might and ought to be, yet I think there is a growing interest in this respect, and I hope before another year I shall see a number established."

#### XIX. COUNTY OF WENTWORTH.

45. The Rev. George A. Bull, Barton.—"I have much pleasure in forwarding the Annual Report of the Common Schools in this Township for the past year, as the statement will shew that the character of the schools has improved, even to a greater degree than in any previous year. The average attendence of children at school for the former half of the year, showed an increase of 2 to 1 over the corresponding period of the preceding year, and 3 to 1 over the same time of 1858. The average attendance for the latter half of the year does not appear to be as good in proportion to previous years, but I attribute this to the continued rains and very bad roads during the fall months of 1860. I have to state that Trustees are working together much better than usual, in repairing school buildings when necessary, and making them comfortable for the children, and they have done much of late towards furnishing the schools with maps and globes. One Board of Trustees only, continue to practise that rigid economy which has hitherto impeded the cause of education among us. A Teacher, however excellent, can show his excellence still more in a comfortable and well-furnished school-room, than in a room built some 20 or 30 years ago with shattered walls, rude benches, few books, fewer maps, and a total lack of apparatus. There is but one library in this Township, obtained some six years ago, from the Department at Toronto. I have urged upon Trustees and people generally the necessity of providing themselves with libraries. The usual answer is, that when they become richer they will provide themselves with good libraries, and not till I have delivered public lectures at three out of the six schools in Barton, and intended doing so in all, had there been any attendance on the part of the inhabitants and friends of the children. I was much disappointed at not meeting even a few persons at those places, and am therefore obliged to agree with the opinion expressed by Local Superintendents of this county 'that a carefully prepared and written lecture is in vain attempted in their respective Townships.' But we must strive and not faint in this respect. I may add that the Bible and Prayers are used in all the schools but one, and this exception is solely at the desire of the present Teacher, and not at the wish of the Trustees of the school. Prizes were given in one school only, in 1860. I cannot say the results generally are favorable. I am inclined to think that in small sections they are of more harm than good, both to young and old."

46. The Rev. John Porteous, Beverley.—" Indifference is given as the reason why parents do not send their children to school. The books in the library of School Section No. 17 are covered, &c., and the regulations are strictly observed. I have no reliable

means of knowing what influence is exerted by it in the neighborhood. You will observe that very few prizes have been given to the children at school in this Township. The influence they effect is, I think, good, inciting emulation and competition, attributes which will be essential to success in the battle of life."

47. The Rev. George Cheyne, Binbrooke, &c.-" The schools in general have been carried on with vigor and success. One school in Binbrooke fell into a languishing state, but since a new Teacher has been employed it has recommended with renewed energy. The average time the schools have been kept open is about a eleven and a half months; the average attendance also is higher than last year. Non-attendance may arise in part from negligence of parents, and sometimes from dissatisfaction with the Teacher-either with or without cause—but the chief cause is, that children of both sexes who are over twelve years of age are employed in domestic duties. The important study of physiology is attracting more attention, as is also that of astronomy. The classics were taught in one School in Binbrooke, which, though not coming under the head of Common School education, is yet of great advantage in preparing some for a Grammar School or University education, who might otherwise get neither; and thus, instead of an injury, a benefit will be conferred on these institutions. It is perhaps owing to the fact that the classics are taught in the Parish Schools of Scotland, that so many of the youth there have received a University education. The books in the libraries in Binbrooke are not so generally read as might be expected, which exhibits a great lack of taste for reading still. I have no doubt that they will ultimately prove highly beneficial, especially in providing suitable reading for the young, and cultivating in them a taste for it. In Saltfleet there is only one school section library, and that is in the smallest section in the Township. I am in hopes that other sections will be induced to follow the example.

The inhabitants of section No. 9 passed a resolution to that effect at the annual meeting. It is evident that where the people do not read there must be a want of intelligence.

Prizes have been given in some schools, and I have no doubt with beneficial results, as they tend to encourage the scholars to diligence, and to excel in their studies; they also give an honorable testimony to those who, by application, have distinguished themselves."

48. Alexander Bethune, Esq., M.D., Glanford.—"The cases of non-attendance which occur in the school sections here are not very frequent, and in most instances they arise from carelessness and indifference on the part of parents. In those cases that have come under my observation, the parents are generally very ignorant, and much addicted to the use of intoxicating liquors. There is only one Common School Library in this Township, and in it the books are all covered and labelled; but there appears to be very little interest taken in its management, so much so, that the Trustees in their report could not state the number of volumes that have been distributed, or anything else connected with it. From what I can learn there are so few volumes (only 200), that most of them have been perused by the reading portion of the section, and as no more have been added, they have ceased to take the same interest in it as before. However, I think that many of the inhabitants have derived great benefit from the library, small as it is. Prizes have been awarded in several of the schools during the year, but the result has not been as beneficial as would have been expected. The prizes have generally been distributed according to marks of attendance, &c., and, in many cases, those scholars who were most diligent in their studies did not obtain a prize, on account of being absent a day or two, when their parents required their assistance at home. In some schools, dissension was nearly sown between the people and the Teacher, on account of the scholars not receiving the prizes they thought they were entitled to. If the attendance could be equally regular among all the scholars, prizes would have a better effect, and if they would contribute in any degree to produce a more regular attendance, that would be so much gained. Taking all things into consideration, education appear to be advancing with us. The people are manifesting more interest in the school, and they are beginning to turn out in greater numbers at every public examination. The Trustees and people also begin to appreciate the services of good Teachers, and are more anxious to obtain and pay them accordingly. If a Teacher is diligent and successful, he is almost sure to be retained, and his salary raised if he asks for it. Upon the whole, I think the school system is working well, and in a short time I hope to see this Township holding a good position in the educational affairs of the Province."

49. Andrew Hall, Esq., Flamborough East.—"With respect to our Common School affairs, I am happy to state that they are in a very encouraging condition. The several Teachers have done everything in their power for the advancement of the education of the children placed under their charge, and have been successful, so that their employers have thought it advisable to re-engage most of them for another year. Teachers' certificates are all of the first and second class, and, I am happy to say, that, during my regular visit, I have found the status of the schools to correspond with the accompanying report. Several pupils are well advanced. The people in this Township are always very anxious to secure good Teachers, and at the same time make every effort to remunerate them well. Indifference is said to be the cause of non-attendance. The Township has three Public Libraries, and I believe the books are generally read. No advance has been made as to the number of volumes. They are changed from one locality to another."

#### XX. COUNTY OF LINCOLN.

- .50 James Tisdale, Esq., Caistor.—"There are no Common School\* Libraries of any consequence in this Township, and but very few connected with Sunday Schools. The Journal of Education is regularly received and distributed, and its contents prove very beneficial to the reading portion of the community."
- 51. Philip Gregory, Esq., Louth.—"The average length of time the schools have been kept open is a trifle less than that of 1859; but teachers of a better class are employed. The general average attendance is low, but you will see that it is caused by the small average of the various sections. It appears to me to have been a mistake in allowing the formation of union sections at all. They are usually feeble, inefficient, and trouble-some to manage, and it would probably be a benefit to all concerned if they could be abolished. The inhabitants of the Township do not seem to take the interest in the library that they did in former years. A yearly addition should be made to it to keep up an interest; but the late agricultural and commercial difficulties have prevented our Council from appropriating money for any other purposes than those of absolute necessity."

#### XXI. COUNTY OF WELLAND.

- 52. The Rev. John Baxter, Bertie.—"The cause of non-attendance in some of the Sections is marked by Trustees and Teachers to be indifference, distance, &c. However this may be, I know of no case where parents might not send their children if so inclined. I think there is a growing desire to procure better qualified Teachers, and to keep the school open for a greater number of months. In all my visits to the schools, and in my public lectures, I urge the necessity of libraries and apparatus being procured, pointing out that, without these requisites, the Teacher is placed at a disadvantage. Some of the schools are making very creditable advancement. As far as I know, the amended School Act gives general satisfaction."
- 53. M. F. Haney, Esq., M.D., Humberstone.—"I regret that there are so few libraries in this Township, but even the few we have have done much good, especially among the young. The cause of non-attendance of some of the children of school age, appears to be, in many instances, indifference of parents, but in other cases I find people ignoring education from personal antipathy to the Trustees of the schools. In two School Sections, many of the children attend the private schools which are established by our good German population, who cling to their own vernacular language, out of allegiance, it would seem, to the land of their fathers and nativity. In reference to the distribution of prizes in the schools, I can say but little; however, I would observe, that in the few instances they have been resorted to, they have materially promoted educational interests, and have fulfilled the most sanguine expectations of those whose magnanimity and generosity prompted resource to them. I have succeeded in bringing the authorized text-books into pretty general use in most of our schools; still, there are a few instances in which unauthorized arithmetics and algebras are retained; but, ere long, I trust and believe that old prejudices on this point will be overcome, and the mongrel books now in use will be swept from our school-rooms, and so introduce an entire and uniform homogenous system of text-books."

<sup>\*</sup> Two small libraries were sen to this Township during the latter part of 1860.

54. The Rev. D. H. Goodwillie, Stamford.—"I have pleasure in being able to state that there is some evidence of advancement in almost all our schools during the past year. The time they have been kept open is greater than formerly, the average being nine and two-fifth months. The shortest period was seven months, while two were kept open the whole year. For the present year, arrangements have been made by which five schools will be open full time The Teachers have discharged their duties with a commendable spirit of diligence, and while some of them are not what in all respects might be desired. yet they will compare favorably with those of any other part of the country. A Teachers' Association has for some time existed in this Township, and during the past year efforts were made to extend its influence by admitting those of other parts of the county. As the enterprise is new, it has, of course, to contend with difficulties, yet its utility is manifest, and in the end will succeed. Such institutions are, in my opinion, of great advantage to You will observe that the schools have all been kept open the time legally required to draw from both the Government and County Grants, and I have issued cheques for both grants to all. In Nos. 6 and 7, prizes were liberally distributed at the last examination, with happy effect upon pupils, parents and teachers. These schools, and this is, perhaps, among the means that have made them such. These are our best School Sections in this Township require to be re-constructed; some are too large, others are quite too small, yet I fear that most of the people would not be willing for any change If they were of proper size, with taxable property more equally distriin that respect. buted, I should be decidedly in favor of all our schools being made free, and I think that then the people would also be so. As long as the choice of the two systems is optional, those party strifes and petty jealousies, that mar the harmony and paralyse the energies of our schools from the beginning to the end of the year, will continue to be of annual occurrence. Another evil of which we must complain, is the general indifference of the people on the subject of education. This is especially manifested in the election of Trustees. The people often overlook the fact that the office is an important one, and should be filled by men of energy, intelligence and public spirit. The result is, that one or two of our schools are lifeless, and not doing anything as they should. It has been my constant aim to impress upon the minds of Trustees the great responsibility connected with their office, and the evil consequences resulting from negligence of duty. I am in full belief that our present school system has been of incalculable benefit, and I am convinced that it will yet accomplish great things in rendering this country prosperous and happy."

### XXII. COUNTY OF HALDIMAND.

55. The Rev. John Flood, Dunn, Moulton, &c .- " The schools in Moulton, with one exception, are far from being in the state in which I would wish to see them. wealthiest part of the Township is inhabited by people who came poor into the wilderness, and who have gained the valuable property which they now possess by stringent frugality and unremitting toil. They do not value instruction of any kind: they think £27 a year enough for any clergyman, since, according to their ideas, he has to work only one day in the week. It is almost needless to say that they are frequently without a school, and without the ministrations of religion. Most of the other parts of the Township are very poor, and deserve praise for supporting their schools as well as they do, in the midst of so many hardships. In these poor sections, there can be little wonder at not finding a proper supply of books and apparatus. Prizes, where given with due discretion, have always stimulated some of the scholars to greater effort, but they have frequently discouraged others. The causes of non-attendance are various. They are neglect of parents, distance from the school, (a wood or a swamp intervening) poverty and drunkenness, &c. The Township of Dunn is small, and in two sections of it there are many families who do not take any interest in a common school, except to prevent it from becoming expensive. But, notwithstanding all these hindrances, it is very pleasing to see in how much better a state education is now, than it was in such places a few years ago."

## XXIII. COUNTY OF NORFOLK.

56. James Covernton, Esq., Charlotteville.—"I have great pleasure in directing your

attention to those parts of the report which indicate marked improvement, as in length of time schools were kept open, and in less frequent change of teachers. Another change for the better, not embraced in the report, is seen in the remodelling of several school sections, by which some of the poorest have been suppressed, and other struggling sections materially aided and enlarged by territory; where such changes have been made, there is fair prospect of the schools being conducted with greater efficiency. Substantial school houses are about to be erected in four or five other sections. A more general desire prevails in favour of superior tuition, and it may be safely asserted, that the educational interests of this township exhibit a more healthy and prosperous character than in any preceding year."

- 57. The Rev. S. W. Folger, Middleton.—"I am happy to say that the inhabitants of Middleton are taking a deeper interest in the common schools than formerly; eight out of nine are new open and the one not in session will build a new school house in the spring, its old one being condemned. There will be an effort during the present year to establish libraries."
- 58. The Rev. B. W. Rogers, Townsend.—"I regret we have so few libraries, and that they are cared so little for. The books are covered and are kept clean—perhaps from want of use. Where prizes are distributed, I believe they exert a good influence. I wish this matter was more attended to. I believe the great cause of non-attendance is indifference of parents. I wish the law was more stringent in this particular. Owing to my appointment to office being of so recent a date, I have not delivered any public lectures."

#### XXIV. COUNTY OF OXFORD.

59. The Rev. John Gerrie, Blandford, &c.—"The interest that is taken in the edu cation of the young, and especially in the common school system, is evidently advancing. The advantage of a sure and well organized system of education is better understood and more appreciated. Parents and trustees are becoming better acquainted with the duties devolving upon them; and there is a considerable improvement in the continuance of teachers in the same school, when they have been diligent and successful. In East Zorra several teachers have remained six, four, and three years in their respective schools; and these schools are generally in a healthy and prosperous condition. In other cases where the teachers are moved annually or semi-annually, matters are not in so satisfactory a state. We want carnest, working, men as teachers-men who intend to make teaching their profession through life, or at least for a number of years, and who not only have acquired knowledge themselves, but who have the tact of easily and happily communicating the knowledge they possess, and can adapt their instructions and illustrations to the capacities of their pupils. We have some of this class, and the success that attends their labours is of a very marked character. The system of free schools is coming more into favour; in East Zorra seven schools are free, and six partly so. In Blaudford only one of the four is free, but in that township the population is much scattered. Another school section is much wanted, and has been already marked off, but owing to the extent of unoccupied land and thinness of the population, it has never been actually formed. This, too, partly accounts for the proportion of children not attending any school, which in Blandford is ten per cent, while in East Zorra it is only seven and a half per cent. No doubt the apathy and indifference of parents is another reason of the non-attendance of their children. I am happy to say we have no separate schools, and no wish for any. We wish to have education on the most broad and liberal principles consistent with a belief in the Word of God as the great rule of life, and a revelation of mercy through Christ. It is exceedingly desirable that our teachers should be men of true Christian character, and sincere attachment to these great truths. I am glad to say that a number of our teachers are of this The Bible or Testament is read in almost all our schools; this is well: but teachers of a sceptical turn of mind, or verging on materialism, may have a most baneful influence on the minds of the young, even where the Bible is allowed to be read in the school. As to libraries, I believe they are exerting a very beneficial influence. The township library in East Zorra has many excellent works in it, and in some sections they are read with care; but in other sections there is still a lack of interest in respect to general knowledge. I believe that our Sabbath-school libraries exert a very happy influence on the minds of the young, and sometimes on the minds of the parents. In East Zorra we have 11 Sabbathschool libraries, containing about 1000 volumes. I wish our common school libraries were larger, but it is not easy to get the public mind aroused to feel the interest which this, as well as many other subjects demand. Sections Nos. 7 and 13, East Zorra, are mostly German, and they have expressed great anxiety to have a teacher conversant with both languages. In Section No. 9, E. Zorra, a very substantial school house was built last year, and is now in full operation. Prizes have only been distributed in three or four sections, but with very happy effect, especially in the school just mentioned. There has been considerable difficulty with some parties this year, respecting the election of auditors, but by another year it will all be brought into proper shape. I trust that you may be long spared and blest in your great, and arduous, and most important and honourable work; and that the most blessed results may crown your labours to generations yet unborn, and the labours of those who work with you in this great national enterprise."

- 60. Christopher Goodwin, Esq., Dereham.—"I am happy to be able to state, that the system of Free Schools is almost unanimously adopted in this Township, and that the schools are in a healthy condition. I regret that Normal School Teachers are not more generally employed, for I am firmly persuaded that justice to education will never be fully realized by the community generally, until all the schools are supplied with well-trained teachers; yet, indirectly we receive a benefit from the Normal Institution, as many of our present teachers have been trained by Normal teachers in the country. Most of the schools have been kept open the whole year. With few exceptions, owing to irregularities in the exchange of books, the libraries have been read with a beneficial influence. When prizes have been distributed, the effect has been striking, prompting the children to greater exertion."
- 61. The Rev. W. C. Beardsall, Oxford West.—"The reasons assigned for nonattendance are various, some young children of delicate health having too great a distance to go, their parents thinking them unable to endure the fatigue until they are older; another reason is, that, in large and poor families, the older children, of from 14 to 16 years of age, are required at home to take care of the younger, and sometimes to assist in maintaining them; this, together with sickness and delicate constitutions, are the chief causes for non-attendance in this Township. In two sections prizes were distributed during the year; in one the arrangements were so imperfect that they did not report at all, and in the other the effect has been little bickerings and dissatisfaction. We have no public school libraries in this Township; I have tried several times to induce the trustees to apply the clergy reserve money for this purpose, but in vain. I am well satisfied, that if libraries were once established in our midst, that they would be appreciated and sustained; but the desire of reducing their school taxes, which are generally a few cents on a dollar heavier than the Municipal Tax, has, hitherto been too great an obstacle to surmount."
- 62. The Rev. D. McKenzie, Zorra West.—"I may state in general, that the inhabitants of this Township take a lively interest in the education of their children. It is with them a settled principle that their children must receive a sound education, and accordingly the system of free schools is gaining ground. Notwithstanding in several sections old bachelors and men of a kindred spirit are under the disposition of selfishness, eight out of eleven schools are free, and the others partly so. We have ninety-six children not attending any school, and the reasons are, that some of the sections are rather large, and children of a tender age and constitution cannot travel the required distance; and in several cases, where the farmers are poor and cannot afford to hire help, the children are kept at home at farm work. I think I perceive a decided improvement in the character of our teachers, both in morality and educational attainments. Prayer and reading of the Holy Scriptures is the general rule, and I cannot help wishing that the rule was universal and binding on all: one of our school trustees in answering the question "Is the school opened and closed with Prayer?" says "No, and I am sorry for it." In the section referred to there are some of the Catholic faith. It is probably premature to notice the want of dwelling houses for teachers, but I hope the day is not far distant when the people of Canada West will see it to be their duty to erect suitable school houses, with dwellings attached; this, I think, would tend to elevate the status of the teachers, and would also prevent the frequent changes that now take place."

#### XXV. COUNTY OF WATERLOO.

63. The Rev. James Sim, Wellesley.—" The interest taken in education in this township is much greater now than it was a few years ago. The buildings which are now superseding the old log houses are mostly brick or stone, and some of them would do honor to any community. In summer it is not uncommon for some of the leading persons in a section, in concert with the ladies, to provide a repast for the children and others whom they invite, to be partaken of after the examination of the classes, either in the school house or some adjoining grove; after which the time is spent in singing and addresses on education. The annual statistics give a return of children from 5 to 16 years of age who do not attend school; but if a few persons of apathetic spirit who do not know the value of education neglect to send their children, even to a free school, because they are not constrained to do so, there is another reason for non-attendance in the fact, that in a farming locality like Wellesley, boys who have reached the age of 14 or 15 are often detained on the farm, because at some kind of work an active lad is nearly as useful as a man. Complaints often occur against trustees contracting with a teacher without any regard as to the value of his certificate; for example, when a first or second class teacher has advanced the pupils, there may be a change of trustees, and because they can get a third class man at a cheaper rate, they do so and compel the advanced scholars to leave and seek tuition elsewhere. However, it is gratifying to see the progress which education is making, and with sound moral and Bible instruction to keep pace with literature, we may anticipate that our country will be secure from the revolutions which threaten to destroy nations that have been partially denied, or neglected the acquisition of knowledge and virtue."

#### XXVI. COUNTY OF WELLINGTON.

64. A. Dingwall Fordyce, Esq., Amaranth, Arthur, &c.—"During 1860 large and commodious brick school houses have been built in Section No. 1, Amaranth, and Sections 1 and 2, Peel. Those in Orangeville, Nos. 7 and 13, Garafraxa, have been finished; another school house was also erected in No. 2, Maryborough, and a teacher's house in 11, Garafraxa. Preparations have been made to erect brick school houses, during the coming spring, in Nos. 2 and 6, Nichol, 1, Pilkington, and 6, Peel, besides others in new sections. This is a pleasing feature, for in many of those I have mentioned, teaching, under the disadvantages that previously existed, must have been a punishment alike to the teachers and the scholars. I should have also noticed a new building for a separate school in No. 2, Pilkington, a log erection but comfortable. There has been the usual satisfaction and dissatisfaction with respect to new teachers; hasty selections and appointments of teachers for a whole year, who, from age or youth had better have been taken on a three months' trial, has led to trouble; and yet in some such cases, I am firmly persuaded, matters have been made worse from the trustees imagining they had made a mistake which could not be remedied, whereas a little judicious inquiry might have led to improvement. In most cases, however, the teachers have been doing their part well, and the scholars making progress, although the irregular attendance, where it might be avoided, is deplorable. The competition for prizes by pupils in the North Riding, which took place in July, was so encouraging as to lead the teachers' association to resolve on continuing the competition for 1861; and as the County Council has granted \$50 for prizes, it is expected that a further stimulus will be given and schools take a part which were before unrepresented. The usual answers are given with regard to absence of pupils who are within school age, and should be found attending school; indolence, carelessness, distance, bad roads, bad clothing and work at home, are all given correctly or incorrectly; some of them are perfectly valid, others are frivolous. The circulation of the Journal of Education should prove very beneficial, and in many cases I daresay it is really valued; in others, however, it is never once looked after, unless the teacher himself secures it for perusal; but when the taste for reading has been inculcated, it is mainly to the next generation we must look for improvement. I am happy to notice, in several cases, the re-election of old trustees who have been of the working class-men not disposed to grudge some personal inconvenience, or even submit to unmerited obloquy, if they can only secure progress in education. The number is great of those who desire on no account to act; this may be got the better of after some time, as the called-for improvements of the law are adopted, and it may be that special

causes, unknown to me, may give rise to the evasion of the sort of official occupation to which I allude. The system appears to me to be so arranged as to be equitable and not unnecessarily burthensome on those called to administer it; providing they go by the law and do not bring, through ignorance, trouble on themselves and others. The change of the law, making every Saturday a holiday, I approve of. I consider it to be beneficial to both parties interested to derive relaxation from it; exceptional cases there may possibly be where it may appear otherwise, but in my opinion they are comparatively few."

65. The Rev. James Kilgour, Eramosa, Erin, &c .-- "Since I last wrote to you in connexion with the annual report on the condition of education, I can say with the greatest pleasure and truthfulness, that education in the common schools of this Riding has made considerable progress in the right direction and the exceptions to this statement are only to be found in a few isolated sections. The status of the teachers is rising, there being a far greater number of first-class teachers now employed. The services of those holding thirdclass certificates are not much sought after, only two of this class being employed last year, and that for a limited time. The revised programme for county board examinations is duly observed. The questions are printed and a new set furnished at each examination. Candidates appearing before this board are rigidly required to furnish testimonials of temperate habits and good moral character; from this consideration, in a great measure, is the pleasing fact to be accounted for, that during the last two or three years not a single case has occurred necessitating the suspending of a teacher or the withdrawal of a certificate, and I have not heard of any dispute arising between trustees and teachers on account of immoral conduct. The general attendance at the schools for the past year has been very good. While negligence on the part of parents, in a number of instances, is the real cause of non-attendance of children, yet I do not think it would be just to assign it as the only reason, in the majority of cases. The extensive area of some school sections, and the onesided location of school houses in the sections, imposes an insuperable barrier in the way of attendance to a great number. Even petty disputes as to the way the school should be supported have operated injuriously upon attendance. When the question of free schools is decided by legislative enactment, an end will be put to a great deal of wrangling prevalent in many sections. The very liberal inducement held out by you in furnishing school apparatus, maps, &c., has been taken advantage of in a great many instances, and is operating beneficially upon the scholars. This remark will not apply so fully to school libraries, as only thirteen out of the forty schools in this Riding have established them; where they are in possession of libraries they are very much appreciated, but unless the trustees do not either exchange libraries with one another or continue to add new books to those they have, they will soon become very stale, and the books they now have unasked for. The published regulations for the management of libraries are generally strictly adhered to. Prizes have been distributed in a number of the schools; I am persuaded the influence created by them has been good, as they stimulate the scholars to attain greater proficiency. To prevent jealousy and envy among the very young pupils, the trustees very judiciously order each child attending school to get a prize of some sort, the most proficient in each class that of the greatest value. The annual report and Journal of Education are regularly received and eagerly perused. One unmistakeable proof of the interest taken in the Journal, is the fact that when it is not regularly received, the complaints are loud and the enquiry earnest. It is much to be regretted that the Journal of Education is in the hands of such a limited number, that its valuable articles on practical and general education and the information it contains of the nature and working of the school system enacted in Upper Canada should be perused by so few individuals.

# XXVII. COUNTY OF GREY.

66. Thomas Ryan, Esq., Bentinck, Egremont, &c.—"The returns for these Townships show a very satisfactory increase in the number of the schools and the attendance of pupils for the last year. The greater part of the schools are progressing very satisfactorily. The appointment of more intellectual men as Trustees is acting very favorably in the advancement of education. As evidence of this, I need only mention the fact of so many applications to the Department during the past year for maps, &c. The trouble of correcting and returning Trustees' annual reports was formerly very trying to me; but, during the lats

half-year, I have not had need to return even one for correction,—an additional proof that the people are endeavoring to put the 'right man in the right place.'"

#### XXVIII. COUNTY OF PERTH.

67. The Rev. Thomas Macpherson, Easthope, North and South.—"The reason of so many children of school age, in these Townships, not attending school, is the fact that a large proportion of the inhabitants speak the German language. It is very difficult to get suitable Teachers for these schools, and several of the Teachers employed are very imperfect in the knowledge of the English language. The districts not settled by Germans have the best schools in the county. The County Council has appointed several new Local Superintendents. There are now nine for the Townships, and three for Towns and Villages. The superintendency of the schools will thus become a mere farce. Some of those appointed are quite unfit for the office, and others quite inexperienced. Each Councillor now strives to get a favorite or political friend appointed. I have often stated that the Superintendents should be appointed and paid by Government, and there should be but one for each County, who would devote his whole time to the work."

#### XXIX. COUNTY OF HURON.

68. John Nairn, Esq., Ashfield, Colborne, &c., &c.—"Having, since my last Report to the Council, again examined the schools in these Townsbips, I think they fully sustain the good opinion formerly expressed. It is undeniable that a great improvement is going forward, and this must be apparent to every one who knows what our schools were a few A more careful system has now been introduced, commodious school houses are to be seen in every quarter, in place of the former dilapidated buildings, and what is of vast importance, the people exhibit a lively interest in the prosperity of the schools, and seem determined that their children shall have a good education. Accordingly, every effort is made by Trustees to secure the services of faithful Teachers. In one of my late addresses to schools, I endeavored to show that variety of reading was highly beneficial to the young scholar, seeing that the mind, when confined to the same exercise, soon becomes restless and unsatisfied. Now, to attain this, variety should be the grand object in giving premiums and rewards, and therefore, while the premium is held out to stimulate improvement and advancement in the class, and while those entitled to a prize should be particularly marked out, yet still, all the others in the class should be presented with books or rewards, both to encourage and incite, and to bring before the scholars the pleasing inci-Every family in the section who has a child at school is dent and improving example. thus benefitted. But to present prizes to only a small number in the class, and to let the others go home without even the smallest token, is heartless and unjust. Far better to withhold all prizes, if not accompanied with the reward; for surely it is a more delightful sight to witness every scholar pleased and happy, than to look on a few with their books, in the midst of their companions vexed and dispirited. At three schools, I have noticed this mode of rewarding followed out with the happiest results. The prizes were competed for publicly in presence of the parents, and the rewards were presented, and all were satisfied that there was perfect fairness. Having been entrusted with the distributions, I selected lessons for the different classes on entering the school, and indeed have done so of late at every examination, whether conducted with prizes or not. In these Townships, thirteen Sections have elected new Teachers at this time, and I am glad to say the recent appointments are excellent."

69. John Atkinson, Esq., Biddulph, &c.—There were 21 schools in operation in Biddulph and McGillivray last year. One school house was accidentally burned in October last, and no school has been opened in that Section since. There is much room for improvement in the Teachers, yet some of them are zealously and efficiently discharging their duties. The stagnation in commercial affairs a few years since, sent some clever young men from the cities and towns to teach schools, but most of them disappeared with the return of better times. Wherever prizes have been awarded to the children, they have had a good effect. In two Sections, the Trustees have never taken out any books from the Township Library. I have reasoned with them, and urged them to make use of the library, but without success. I regret that, even in the other sections, they are not read

to the extent they ought to be. I happened to be the Township Reeve when we got the books, and I have often been taunted since with wasting so much money in the purchase of them. The books are covered and labelled, but the regulations are not strictly observed. I believe the information furnished to the people through the Journal of Education stimulates them to increased exertion in the cause of education, and has done much towards making so many free schools. The law making every Saturday a holiday has caused much dissatisfaction; the people think that children in rural sections were not likely to suffer from too much study, or too little exercise. Several schools were closed last week, in consequence of the Teachers having to go before the County Board of Public Instruction at Most of these Teachers hold certificates from other County Boards for this The people think it hard that the schools conducted by such Teachers should have to be closed for a week at the season when the larger boys can attend. Could anything be done to make a certificate granted by one County Board good in another County for the time it had been granted? It seems hard, too, that Teachers should be put to so much loss of time and expense, under such circumstances. Few of the Trustees will consent to pay a Teacher for the time thus spent, and the Teachers cannot now make up lost time by teaching on holidays; and the people cannot see that a Teacher's getting two certificates for the same year is anything like an equivalent for the loss sustained. Indifference of parents, distance from schools, &c., are the reasons given by Trustees for non-attendance at school."

70. The Rev. W. C. Young, Morris, &c., &c.—"From my Annual Report, you cannot but feel gratified at the extension of the Free School system among us, and the advantages necessarily consequent from it. \_ During the past year, five new schools have been opened and set in operation in these Townships, thus still further extending the blessings of education in this section of the country, and thereby affording parents in hitherto destitute places an opportunity of placing their children under its advantages. Three of these schools are in Howick, one in Morris, and one in Turnbury. The regime of the various schools,—especially considering the nature of the settlement,—is very satisfactory. order, cleanliness, discipline and management kept and manifested in each of them, is all that could be desired. The literary qualifications of the Teachers are very respectable, the system of training pursued is good, and the children everywhere seem to take a warm interest in this work. Every School Section seems to be well satisfied with its Teacher, with his moral character and standing, with his qualification, management, and mode of teaching. These are facts that speak for themselves. It is my pleasing duty, also, to add that the Bible is daily read in our schools, and its teachings placed side by side with every branch of secular learning, thereby occupying the position which it ought ever to maintain in every national system of education. But while I can thus far speak favorably of the system of education in this part of the country, yet I have to deplore many discouragements and many unfavorable symptoms, arising partly from the indifference of numbers of the people, and partly from poverty. From my Report, you will see what a scarcity there is of necessary school apparatus and furniture, and what a blank there is in everything in the shape of a public library. The people seem not yet awakened to their duty in these matters; they seem never to reflect upon the fact, that the appliances, in such an age as this, are indispensably necessary towards the acquisition of a sound secular training, and they seem entirely to overlook the fact, that without such appliances in their schools, and without the circulation of a well selected library in their localities, education, intelligence, and all the real blessings of civilization and refinement, must, as a necessary consequence, be soon almost unknown among them. But the greatest discouragement, and the most unfavorable symptom, that I have seen and felt, is the indifference of multitudes of parents to the education of their children. With schools in operation in their neighborhood, and with every facility afforded them of securing to their children the first rudiments of learning, yet there are numbers of parents who will make the most frivolous affair an excuse for keeping their children at home, and thus rob them of the privileges which God in his Providence has bestowed upon them. Now, this, I confess, is a most deplorable state of things, and ought not to be tolerated by a free and enlightened people. Every child born now on British territory, I maintain, has an inalienable right to the advantages and blessings of education, and that it is not within the power of any man to rob or deprive

that child of what belongs to him as his sacred birthright. Nay, I go a step further, and maintain, that the laws of self-defence prompt us to take some decisive steps to prevent parents and guardians of youth from thus tampering any longer with the education of the rising generation. For who, but the children who are rising around us, have to take our place in the management and control of the municipal and civil affairs of the country! And who but they have to hold the helm of government, and guide and conduct all its affairs and transactions! Is ignorance, then, I would ask, at all fitted for such importance trusts? Or could we contemplate it without a shudder, presiding at our national councils, or directing our national and municipal affairs? The mind revolts at such thoughts; and yet, what, but for education, would be the reality! Can we, then, as a people, become indifferent to its progress, and unconcerned about its fate and prosperty? Let us, then, as freemen, extend its blessings and promote its growth, by efforts, influence, and wholesome legislation, until it becomes a criminal act for any Canadian youth to be unacquainted, at least, with the first rudiments of learning. With John Knox, I maintain, that "society is not only bound on principles of humanity, but is entitled by the laws of self-defence, to take care, while there is no undue interference with conscience, that every child within its bounds receives such an education as shall fit it to become a useful citizen, and prevent it from being a nuisance, burden and danger to the commonwealth." If a parent cannot educate his children, he should be helped to do so; if he can, but will not, he should be compelled to do so; no man having any more right to rear savage men than to rear savage beasts, and send them about in our streets and fields, to the danger of our lives or property. This is not a sin only, but a crime against the well-being of society, which society is entitled to punish, and ought by all means to prevent. And what is better fitted to do this than a sound religious, moral, and secular education? I wish that parents were more alive to their duties and responsibilities in such matters as this, and that society, fully awakened to its interests, would arise at the call of duty, and in a firm, bold, and decided tone, declare that indifference here will no longer be tolerated! What a picture would our country then present? How worthy the admiration of neigh-And what a cause of national pride and honor to ourselves, would not boring nations? such an act prove. May the day soon come when such a state of things shall be realised in our country, and when ignorance, ashamed, shall hide its face."

71. William Sloan, Esq., Wawanosh, &c.—"I have much pleasure in being able to note the steady progress made during the past year. Part of my division is in the most recently settled section of the county, but in educational matters it is rapidly overtaking other localities where schools have been in operation many years. In Wawanosh alone, four new schools have been opened during 1860. The buildings are generally commodious, and supplied with maps and other necessaries, which were only found in village schools a few years ago. The facilities for procuring maps, libraries, &c., now afforded to the people through the Educational Department, are certainly a great boon, and it is surprising that any School Sections still neglect to avail themselves of them. In Grey and Wawanosh, good Township Libraries are established, and distributed among the School Sections, and changed from time to time. Section No. 3, Hullett, has also sent for a library, which may be the means of inducing other sections in their vicinity to do the same. It is impossible to estimate the influence of libraries on the character of the neighborhood where they exist, but I am of opinion that no collection of suitable books can be circulated long in a settlement, without being productive of some good. I have much pleasure in reporting that the status of the Teachers is being raised as rapidly as possible. The examinations are more thorough than formerly, the questions are generally printed, the candidates are limited to time in their replies upon the various subjects, and the result is, that our Teachers, as a class, occupy a position quite in advance of two years ago. I may remark here, that a County Teachers' Association has been formed, which, I hope, will have the effect of strengthening that bond of sympathy which should exist among members of a profession united by a common interest, and sharing a common responsibility. As respects the non-attendance of children, I may state, that as this part of the country is newly settled, the roads, in many parts, are but partly opened, while the exigencies of a new settlement have a tendency to press into service all those capable of assisting at manual labor. As the country improves, there will be a corresponding improvement in this respect. The Journal of Education is eagerly sought after, and I have been particular in reporting the post office address of each section, so that none may be without it during the current year. As I have resigned the office of Local Superintendent, [allow me, in closing, to acknowledge the courtesy and promptitude of the Department, in replying to all matters which I have found it necessary to refer thereto, for advice and instruction.

#### XXX. COUNTY OF BRUCE.

72. The Rev. K. Maclennan, B.A., Arran, Elderslie, &c.—"With respect to the school houses, little has been done to increase their accommodation, or improve their character. There has, however, been a favourable change in several cases, in the interior arrangements of the schoolrooms, and especially in the style and material of the seating. So advantageous have been the effects of this change, in point of comfort and appearance, tha a growing disposition is manifested to make the change general among the schools.— In a greater number of cases valuable additions have been made to the maps and smaller apparatus in some of the schools, and this has been done in some localities in which the advantages of numbers and easy circumstances were not enjoyed. The desire, thus indicated, to make the schools efficient, has led to the selection of a superior class of teachers, and the payment of more liberal salaries than had! formerly prevailed. There is a strong disposition exhibited in most localities, to secure the services of well qualified teachers, and more regard is paid to personal character. I can bear cheerful testimony to the readiness which I have seen displayed by school authorities in engaging competent teachers when they could find them, and remunerating them, even amid much embarrassment, with suitable salaries. I note too, a large improvement in the teachers—promising ones have made progress, inefficient ones have retired, new teachers from other parts have come in with good training and experience, and a few young teachers of fair qualifications, risen up in the district of country embraced in these townships. Not a few of those now employed evince a desire to improve themselves by private reading, by familiar intercourse with one another, by visitation of each others' schools, and by means of a Teachers' Association recently formed among them. From this state of things I anticipate pleasing results. I may remark likewise that the people are slowly recovering from the severe distress which recently prevailed among them; and they have been thus enabled to prepare their children more suitably than formerly for attendance at school, and to bear with more cheerfulness and ease the burden of maintaining their schools in operation. It is probably safe to say, that the objects of a common school education are becoming better understood and more earnestly and liberally prosecuted from year to year in the new district of country to which this report has reference."

73. John Eckford, Esq., Brant, Carrick, &c.—"The schools, as a whole, are doing well. I never had more satisfaction in inspecting them. The pupils, however, are still withdrawn at an early age, and an this account we are not sending out more advanced scholars than for the two years last past. The reports still give bad roads, want of clothing, &c., as the cause of non or irregular attendance; but surely improving and rapidly increasing produce and better markets will bring such complaints to an end. Carelessness of parents is also frequently given as a reason, but the instruction and enlightenment of the present youth and future parents will lay the axe at the root of this evil. The ratebill system, over which so many battles are annually fought, still continues, wherever imposed, to exert a most baneful influence. Perhaps it is a greater drawback to regular attendance than all other causes combined. The remedy, I fear, is still in the dim distance. Hooping-cough, during the past year, has necessarily hurt the atttendance. The good effects of libraries are felt wherever they exist, and there is a good prospect of their increase. Maps and other apparatus are also being procured. The Teachers, of late, have given me much satisfaction; those from the Normal School are in request. Female Teachers are not inquired after. Under present circumstances, the Board of Instruction for this county does not meet so regularly as it ought, but when it does meet for examination, the duty is well performed. I managed at the last meeting to procure the questions of an old county, and also those given at a late Normal School Examination. I selected those chiefly of the Normal School, and they were adopted by the Board."

# XXXI. COUNTY OF MIDDLESEX.

- 74. The Rev. William Deas, Adelaide. "With regard to the questions about the books and the influence of the libraries, I have to say that the books are invariably covered, labelled and numbered. For the most part they are well kept, and clean; and this statement applies not only to the volumes which, apparently, are seldom taken out, but also to those which seem to be more frequently perused. As to the influence of the libraries in the surrounding districts, I am happy to state that their effect is decidedly good, and, what is very encouraging, that good influence is perceptibly on the increase, both in extent and in power. In 1859, including the Township Library in the village of Adelaide, and also the library of No. 4, now the Borough School of Strathroy, there were only 13 libraries in the Townihip; but exclusive of these particularized, there are now, in 1860, 16 libraries in the Township, which shews an increase of three in the course of one year. The number of volumes perused has increased, and so has the number of readers. In short, the libraries are working their way well, and it gives me much pleasure to state that now their are only two sections in the Township of Adelaide without either a Common or a Sabbath School library. I shall endeavor that this shall not have to be reported of these two sections another year. On the whole, I am decidedly of opinion that the cause of a real, sound and useful education is prospering in this Township. The parents are awakening more and more to a sense of the importance of a good education to their children. Under the influence of parents, the Teachers are becoming more active and thorough in their mode of teaching, and, in consequence of this combined influence of parents and Teachers, the children seem more eager to learn. To uphold and increase the power of these beneficial influences shall be my constant endeavor."
- 75. Edward Handy, Esq., Carradoc.—"I have much pleasure in stating that the Common Schools in this municipality are progressing favorably under our present admirable school system. Thirteen of the schools are reported as entirely free. The rate-bill system is fast dying out," and, so far as the municipality is concerned, it is my opinion that a large majority of the people would now receive a law, making taxation for the support of Common Schools, general. I have also much pleasure in stating that a growing interest is manifested by the Trustees and people in regard to the education of the youth of our Township. Our public examinations, in many instances, are well attended. Many of the old, unsightly, hadly-lighted and uncomfortable log-houses have lately given place to new and beautiful buildings, better calculated to ensure the health, comfort and convenience of the pupils. This fact speaks exceedingly well for the intelligence and liberality of the Trustees and people. Union Section No. 1, Lobo and Carradoc, has set a noble example the past year, in the erection of a costly and substantial brick building. The architecture is upon an improved style, and in good keeping with the purpose for which it is designed. library, which has lately received some valuable additions from the Department, is in a much better position than formerly; instead of being confined to one portion of the Township, it is now formed into a circulating library, equally divided among the different school sections, and placed under the direction of the Trustees; each section changes its books at the general library twice in the year. As far as I can ascertain, the distribution of prize books among the children has had a good effect. The Teachers have greatly improved within the last few years. Some of them possess high intellectual attainments, and, with very few exceptions, are well qualified for their onerous duties. Trustees and Teachers seem to co-operate with each other in the noble work in which they are engaged, and much unpleasantness has been avoided, from time to time, by your kind and prompt attention to the inquiries so frequently solicited from the Department. I sincerely desire that you may be long spared to labor in the noble work of which you are the originator."
- 76. The Rev. Edward Sullivan, A.B., Lobo and London.—"With regard to the state of the schools under my superintendence, during the past year, I am happy to be able to state that on the whole they are in a prosperous condition. As this is only the second year of my residence in the country, and the first of my acquaintance with the Common School system, I am unable to compare the schools of the Townships of Lobo and London as they are, with the same schools as they have been, or to say what progress has been made. At the same time, there are many features connected with them which it is impossible not to

recognize as tokens of good. Of thirty-eight Teachers employed, during the past year twenty-five held first class certificates. The number of children not attending any school has been very small, and the schools themselves have been well supplied with all the means and appliances, such as maps, blackboards, &c., necessary for teaching the ordinary branches of education. With all this, however, there is yet room for improvement. There are many deficiencies which one year's experience has shewn me, and which, I trust, another year's superintendence will go far to supply. With regard to libraries, there are ten in London Township, containing in all about 1175 vols., and two in Lobo, containing about 400 vols. 'But what are these among so many?' It is much to be regretted that when the Department offers so many facilities for raising the mental and intellectual status of the people, so few communities seem anxious to avail themselves of the advantages thus afforded them. Again, as to the distribution of prizes, many object to it on principle, looking at it as the means of creating jealousy and ill-feeling amongst children; but, for my part, I believe that the good effects attending it-the stimulus and encouragement it gives to renewed exertion and application—far outweigh any passing feeling of jealousy onthe part of those who have not been so fortunate as their fellows. In my annual lectures I hope to put this subject in its proper light before the minds of Teachers, Trustees and parents generally. It is a cause of regret that much apathy and indifference still exists among these three classes of persons on the subject of education. Parents are not as keenly alive as they ought to be to the duties they owe to their children. They feed the body, but too often starve the mind. Teachers seem to be more anxious to put in their time than to im prove it for the benefit of those committed to their care; while Trustees frequently sacrifice the intellectual welfare of the community to a mistaken spirit of economy in the expenditure of the funds placed at their disposal. And so long as these be the views of those who hold the education of the rising generation in their own hands, so long there can be little or no progress. I trust, however, that these erroneous ideas are gradually vanishing before the increasing light and knowledge of the times. Until they are exploded, the present Common School system can never meet with that measure of success and support which it deserves at the hands of the people of Upper Canada."

77. Charles Hardie, Esq., Nissouri West.—"In presenting the annual report for 1860 of the common schools in Nissouri West, I have to remark, that all the schools, except one, have been supported on the free system; that they have been kept open, on an average, 11½ months; that the inhabitants are more desirous than hitherto was the case, to provide a liberal education for the rising generation, and that an advancement in morals, Christianity, and secular improvement, is continually gaining ground. Only one third class teacher has been employed this year. Owing to the keen competition among teachers to obtain situations, their salaries are cut much too low. Our library, for want of additional supplies of books, is not engaging the attention of the public as it ought, yet I find it is still accessible to any who desire to avail themselves of its advantages. I now conclude by wishing you a long and happy life, and the pleasure of seeing the common schools of Upper Canada still progressively advancing under your successful guidance."

78. The Rev. R. Stevenson, Williams East .- "With regard to the schools in this township, they are very much in the same state as they have been for two or three years past. Education is not valued as generally as it ought to be. While some of the trustees endeavour to secure good and efficient teachers, others try to get teachers at the lowest possible salary. I have endeavoured, not only since I was appointed superintendent, but since I came to this township, to impress upon the people, and more especially upon the trustees, the importance of not only keeping the schools in every section open during the whole year, but also keeping good teachers. But I have been always told by the trustees in some of the sections that the law required the school to be kept open six months in the year, or rather the law did not compel trustees to keep the school open more than six months in the year. I am, however, happy to say that a better spirit is beginning to manifest itself in those sections where the schools used to be closed half of the year. A great many children do not attend any school; in some cases their non-attendance arises from the disaffection of the parents towards the Teacher; but I believe in most instances that carelessness on the part of parents is the true cause. There is a library in every school section in the Township, and, as far as I can learn, the regulations are strictly observed.

The people, however, seem to care very little about their library, and the reason assigned is that there are so very few books that they care to read. There are at present about 350 vols. in the Township library. There is a public library in Carlisle; but I do not know the number of volumes in it. There are also two Sabbath School libraries in the Township. You will perceive from the report that prizes were distributed in four of the sections; but from all that I have seen, I do not think much good has resulted therefrom."

## XXXII. COUNTY OF ELGIN.

79. John S. McColl, Esq., Aldborough, &c., &c.—"I cannot speak very flatteringly of the progress of education in the West Riding of this county, during the past year. It is true, there are pleasing indications of more auspicious times,—the repairing of old school-houses, the building of new ones, the procuring of maps and apparatus from the Educational Department, all go to prove that a more lively interest is manifested in the cause of education. One great impediment to the advancement of children at school is irregularity of attendance; so great is this irregularity, that it is almost an impossibility for them to gain anything like proficiency in their studies. In all my lectures, I brought the matter prominently before the different auditories I addressed; and in my interview with some of the Teachers, devised and recommended methods by which a better attendance could be secured. If the portals of education are flung open to all, it is exceedingly desirable that all should enter and participate in the valuable boon. In proportion to the attention paid to the interest of education, society will advance or retrograde. Education is a source of wealth to any people. It tends to the development of the resources of a nation, and exercises a potent influence towards social advancement and amelioration all nations where its illuminating influences are felt, we find an industrious, thriving, and prosperous people. It behaves every true lover of humanity to exert himself for the promotion of education, so that the 'devoutly wished for consummation' may be realized, viz., the general diffusion of knowledge and the consequent improvement of society. The cause of non-attendance of children at school, in the majority of cases, is indifference of parents and guardians. I despair of seeing education in a flourishing condition, till I see people manifesting a greater interest in its promotion and advancement. There are only a few libraries established in this Riding, consequently their influence will be much circumscribed. I believe in the localities where they are established, they exert a happy influence.— The Bible is used in the major part of the schools under my superintendence. Other religious exercises are observed only in a few of the schools. I leave every person to the dictates of his own conscience in respect to religious matters. I do not consider it my duty to interfere unless the religious faith of the children is tampered with."

80. J. D. Hutton, Esq., Bayham, Dorchester South, do —"1 beg to state that there are sixty-two schools in the East Riding of this county, all of which have been kept open during the greater portion of the year; this is a very pleasing feature, and evinces the liberality of the people. I deeply regret, however, that while the opportunities are so ample for the education of all the children, there are some that attend no school at all, and the cause of this non-attendance, according to the almost universal testimony of trustees, is attributed to neglect on the part of parents. When will men learn to view these things as they ought? I am not disposed to croak over the evils that exist, but duty calls upon me to raise my voice against the supineness that almost everywhere prevails on the subject of supplying libraries for the school sections. When we take into consideration the vast amount of good that might be accomplished by means of supplying free circulating libraries —when it is believed that the elements developed in this life will be as permanent as the natures to which they appertain, it becomes a question of absorbing interest, and should engage the earnest endeavours of every parent to place within the reach of every child the means of moral and mental cultivation. In regard to the schools there is much to inspire hope. Having only been in office eight months, I am unable to compare the standing of the schools this year with previous years. I have, however, made lengthy visits, and while it may be said of some that they are but poorly taught, poorly supplied with maps, &c., and have poor school houses, yet it is with no small degree of pleasure that I record my approval of the manner in which the great majority of the schools are conducted. They are under the care and tuition of thoughtful, energetic teachers, whose attainments are of

a high order, and who aim, by diligence in their own preparations, to elevate the standard of their schools—respecting themselves, they render their occupation respectable. First class teachers are sought after even for the county schools, and in some of the sections high salaries are paid (\$400 and \$450 per annum). This I regard as most gratifying. Many of our sections also have entered nobly into the work of erecting first class school houses, and the furnishing of proper supplies of maps, apparatus, &c. The spirit abroad is, that they are not to be outdone in school appliances. We, as Canadians, are justly proud of our school system, and believe that it will continue in the future, as in the past, to rise in imposing grandeur and moral excellence."

# XXXIII. COUNTY OF LAMBTON.

81. The Rev. J. W. Chesnut, Ennishillen and Sarnia.—"The general cause of nonattendance is, that at certain seasons the children are useful at home. There is another excuse that has prevented children attending in some of the sections—that is, the retiring trustees or board employing the teachers for the then ensuing year. While they may have power to do so, it would be prudent in some cases not to exercise it. We have only one school library (S. S. No. 6) in this township; the books are only partly covered and labelled; the return does not say whether the rules are observed or not, but I suspect they are not very strictly. Our schools are progressing; in some sections the children show an intelligent appreciation of their studies. 1 think our greatest defect in teaching is want of thoroughness in the first principles of each branch of study. There is too little use made of the blackboard in the schools. There is also a too slavish adherence to text books as to contents, rules and definitions, in some cases even where the books are a little obscure. Until we have a class of teachers who instruct on different principles, our schools will never progress as they should. It is in this light that the Normal School will be a blessing to the youth of Canada."

Sarnia.—"I find not only some of the children absenting themselves altogether, but very great irregularity among those that do attend. In some sections this is much worse than in others. Irregularity was so great in one section (I believe from party feeling) that the children made little or no progress, and the teacher refused to engage another term. The causes are various; sometimes, ill-feeling between various parties will ariseagain, prejudice against teachers or trustees—again, parents find the children useful at home, or they are not properly clothed for the season of the year; and so the reasons might be continued. But the cause of causes is, that they do not properly appreciate the privileges which are brought within the reach of their children. In regard to school lectures, in many cases there is no audience except the teacher and children, and no lectures have been given in some of the sections. My visits have not been as successful as I could wish; some of the schools were only open three months after my appointment, and in some of these, when calling, I have found the schools closed, they having taken other than the legal holidays. In one or two of the sections there are common and Sabbath school libraries. The books in the public school library are covered, labelled and numbered, and so far as I can learn the regulations are observed. These libraries are beneficial in many respects: and not the least is, that they are forming correct tastes and habits of reading. In some cases this is very marked. Debating clubs are formed, and the books read give the matter for debate. The prize system has not been carried out on any extended plan, and I am unable to give any opinion as to its effects. There is much to be done by all parties upon whom it devolves to carry into effect the school law in this township, so as to make the schools more efficient. The cause of this inefficiency is sometimes with the teacher; at others, the trustees; at others again, the parents. In some sections the teachers have been very successful, then the section objects to the large salary; he is dismissed, a cheaper one engaged, and the school retrogrades. Still, in some of the sections the schools are in a flourishing condition, and the children are making progress. There is no doubt that as other sections gain in strength, the schools will be worked more vigorously, and teachers of a higher grade will be employed, and better qualified trustees elected. In my next report I hope our schools will be in a much more improved state. There is one drawback we meet with sometimes, for which the school law makes no provision; that is, when the majority of the board of trustees can neither read nor write. The schools are consequently backward in such sections. Another drawback is want of school apparatus."

82. The Rev. John Gauld, A. M. Moore.—" Poverty and distance are given in a very few sections as the cause of non-attendance on the part of a few children of school age, the most prevalent one, however, in my opinion, is the indiffence of parents. In too many cases also, where a child is sent to school, it is little more than a name, for sugar-making, errand-going, corn-hoeing, potato-gathering, and such like, form ever-recurring occasions of absence from the class, thereby unsettling the mind of the pupil—perhaps begetting a distaste for the proper work of a scholar. I am informed that the books in the library are covered, labelled and numbered, and that the regulations are observed. The influence of the library, I believe, is very limited, one great cause being that the money was less than was required to pay for all books that had been voted in, and liberty having been given to the Department in Toronto to make a selection out of the list forwarded,\* Several individuals found that the book they had more particularly required was omitted; whereupon they took little or no further concern in regard to it. The Teachers incline generally to the view that the distribution of prizes is beneficial to the school, acting as a stimulus to more regularity of attendance, and also to increased diligence in preparing lessons. On the other hand the parents and guardians of the children are more fully satisfied, upon whatever principle prizes have been awarded. The Teachers have given general satisfaction, and in some instances where they have not been re-engaged, the cause was not owing to being unqualified, but owing to a difference between the contracting parties on the salary."

XXXIV. THE CITIES.

83. The Rev. W. Ormiston, D.D., Hamilton.—"It affords me unqualified pleasure ure to report that the Common Schools in this city still maintain a high character for order and efficiency, and are duly appreciated and cordially sustained by the citizens. Better proof of this could not be given than a statement of the fact, that though unquestionably the school population has greatly decreased within a few years, the attendance at school is equal to that of any previous year. No important changes have taken place during the year, except so far as pertains to the Grammar School department, which has been placed under different, and, I trust, more judicious regulations. The Teachers have nearly all been trained in the Normal School, and most of them are earnest and successful in the discharge of their duties, though among so many it is scarcely a matter of surprise that there are found a few who seem to have mistaken their vocation. A kindly, encouraging and effective supervision is exercised over all by the Principal of the Central School. The Board of Trustees are faithful and active, and though commendably economical, are by no means niggardly or parsimonious in the provisions they make for the support and advancement of the schools, for which they deserve the thanks and countenance of the community. The attendance is reported regular and punctual. Absence generally arises from the illness of the pupil, or the state of the weather. A large number of those returned as attending school only a short time, are removed from the city. The books in the library are all labelled and numbered, but not all covered. In every other respect, the regulations are carefully observed The books are taken out mainly by the more advanced pupils, but are undoubtedly also extensively read by the members of their families. I regard the existence of a judiciously selected library in a school section of incalculable value, and one of the most useful and essential parts of a complete school apparatus, and one which cannot fail of exerting an elevating and enduring influence upon the intelligence, morality and patriotism of the people. It is most desirable indeed that not a school section in the province should be without such a means of mental and moral culture and national advancement. The Scriptures are read daily in all the schools—as an act of devotion—and in my opinion, exert a favorable influence over the minds of both Teachers and scholars, and ought never to be omitted in any of our schools. No prizes of any kind are provided by the Trustees; but a few were presented by the classical master to the most deserving of the boys in his department. If judiciously proposed, and impartially conferred, prizes may act as a healthy stimulus to some; but as a general system, I have never heartily ap-

<sup>\*</sup> Had the books required been ordered, they would have been sent.

proved of them and indeed have not unfrequently witnessed the most unhappy results, both upon the successful and unsuccessful competitors. The County Board carries out most faithfully all the regulations for the examination and classification of Teachers, and the examination papers are all printed. The Board met four times last year; but will meet only twice during the current year. As to private schools and seminaries, I have not been able to ascertain with sufficient accuracy to be serviceable, either as to numbers in attendance or the probable expense. There are a number of small private schools, a few ladies' schools, and three classical schools—attendance probably in the aggregate of not more than 200. A very large number of citizens and strangers visit the Central School, many of whom record the surprise and satisfaction they feel at what they witness. Nor would it be dutiful not specially to mention the visit of His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales, in September last, to the Central School, where he graciously received an address from the Board of School Trustees. A number of his suite and the Chief Superintendent accompanied him on his visit.

"In conclusion, I would take occasion to notice, that, notwithstanding all the facilities which are furnished for the education of the youth of the city, that a number are found running about the streets, who are of such an age to attend school, and whose parents seem to be either too ignorant or indifferent to send them to any school, or to keep them regularly there. It becomes a question whether a law compelling attendance under certain restrictions might not be serviceable in securing the end contemplated,—a Common School education for all the people. I am fully satisfied that if our Common School system is faithfully carried out, it will prove a national and lasting blessing."

84. George G. Magee, Esq., Chairman, B. S. T., London.—" With the exception of the children taught at the Grammar and Separate Schools, there are very few, indeed, who now receive their education in any other quarter than in the public schools of the city, and this is the very position which they ought to occupy. It has always been my aim, as I hope it will be the aim of the gentleman whom may be elected as my successor in this honorable office, to convince his fellow citizens that it is for their advantage, and that of their families, to encourage and patronise the public schools, as it is impossible, from the facilities for imparting instruction possessed by the Teachers of these institutions, that an equal progress can be made at any private school in the same time. In the year 1858, the cost per pupil for education was, even in some of the Canadian cities, double what we paid in London. But in the cities of the neighboring States, the difference between the rate per student, as compared with our city, is still more striking. New York pays three times as much as London, and all the others, except Boston, more than double. Another thing which must not be lost sight of in considering this table, is, that none of the Canadian cities, except Hamilton, have made any such provision for giving a liberal education to the students who desire it as we have. In my last Report, I adverted to the strong feeling evinced by some parties against the employment of female labor, in conducting some of the junior departments of our schools. I then, on behalf of the Board, bespoke the forbearance of the public for a short time, claiming a trial of the scheme, which we had, after much deliberation, determined upon adopting. It is with much pleasure, therefore, that I can now state to the Board, that the very parties who were most opposed to the extension of this element in the management of our schools, are now, after seeing and examining for themselves, candid enough to acknowledge, that the views they formerly entertained upon this subject were erroneous. The recent examinations have proved, that with pupils under a certain age, a female teacher will succeed as well, and, in many cases, better, than a male, and effect, in some instances, a saving of 50 per cent. The introduction of prizes into our schools has given rise to some remarks among parents and guardians, on the results likely to ensue from the adoption of this course. We might naturally have expected this, since educators are by no means agreed upon the utility of the system. A powerful feeling has been evinced in Boston, for some years back, against medals, diplomas, and prizes of all kinds. The objectors to the system assert that it gives an undue stimulus to the youthful mind, promotes a precocious development of the intellectual powers, and incites among the students a feeling, not of emulation only, but a feeling of jealousy and envy also. course, much depends upon the manner in which the awards of these prizes are made. Care must be taken to give confidence to all parties that the strictest justice shall be done,

that no feeling of favoritism shall actuate those upon whom the decision rests, and that each competitor shall have the reward of his work meted out to him, and nothing more. In regard to the unhealthy stimulus applied to students by this system, it may be remarked that there are others, some of which are equally potent, that Teachers may, and sometimes do employ, when they require their use. A more serious objection to the system is, that the most industrious, the most patient and plodding student, does not always, at a public examination, win the prize to which one might think him entitled. This failure sometimes originates in the want of coolness and self-possession at the moment of trial, and sometimes in over-sensitiveness, and a nervous apprehension of the issue of the contest. regret this, but we cannot guard against it. On nearly the same principle is awarded the prize in the actual struggle of life, and, therefore, the granting of prizes, not strictly for merit alone, but for merit and success combined, is only a kind of first-fruits of a higher success that awaits such a character in his future career, not so much from his superior knowledge or superior talents, as from his greater ability in making available the knowledge he has gained, and in turning to the best account the talents with which an All-wise Creator has endowed him. My own opinion, therefore, is, that the prize system, judiciously conducted, may act as a wholesome stimulus to all, and do injury to none. And here it becomes us, on behalf of our constituents, to acknowledge, in a public manner, the handsome donation of \$100, made by John Wilson, Esq., Superintendent of the city schools, for the purchase of prizes, which entitles the Board to \$200 of books from the Education Office, Toronto. I ought also to mention, that E. Leonard, Esq., has granted \$10, to be applied for the purchase of books designed as prizes, for the more deserving students in Ward School No. 2, on Talbot Street. I have, on a former occasion, recommended to the Board the necessity of erecting some kind of a gymnasium on the grounds of the Central If the Board feels in a condition to undertake an improvement of this kind, I have long been convinced that it would have an excellent tendency. It would provide for the boys a bracing and invigorating exercise, which would absorb their attention to the exclusion of games of a questionable character, and arouse the naturally sluggish and indolent to active physical exertion. It is my opinion, also, that the education of the present day is too exclusively of a mental kind, and that we neglect too much the careful training of the physical powers, upon the healthy tone of which depends so much of our personal comfort, and even of our success in life. A judicious system of public instruction ought to provide the means for a healthy development of every mental and physical power, and for cultivating all the faculties of our nature to as high a point of excellence as time and circumstances will permit. I would also recommend the Board to the rescinding of the resolution whereby parties living in the surrounding country are debarred the privilege of sending to our schools, even when they are willing to pay for the education they receive. We have now enlarged accommodation for the children attending our schools, and there will be little difficulty in keeping pace with the increase of the city in population; and as many of those who apply for this privilege are designed for Teachers and other professions, it is a pity to deny them this advantage, for which they are willing to pay, and which they cannot readily obtain elsewhere. If the Board thinks that this can be done without inflicting an injury upon our constituents, and that a favor will thereby be conferred upon the community around us, then common benevolence would seem to prompt the step. And now, in taking my leave of the Board of Trustees, at least for a time, I think I may be pardoned if I look with some degree of pleasure upon the advancement we have made. For some time after I became a member of this body, we had only two schools open in the whole city. Now we have five, and the central school so arranged that it seats with comfort double the number it formerly contained. Of the others, Ward School No. 3 is a credit to the city, and the one in Ward No. 2, on Talbot Street, is a neat and convenient building, well arranged internally, and were its outward appearance improved by a coat of paint, it would serve the part of a city juvenile school till the expiration of our lease. The improvements commenced in the central school, and the style of seating and desks introduced, will render the class-rooms in that establishment more elegant and convenient than they were when the building was new. I may also contrast the method of teaching introduced by the Principal, and so successfully carried out by his staff of Teachers, the discipline maintained, and the programme of studies now in use, with what prevailed at the period to

which I have made reference. All these are marks of progress, and I acknowledge that I do feel a laudable pride, in having been engaged with you as one humble, but zealous coworker in procuring for our fellow citizens a system of free education, open to all, high and low, commensurate with the wants of the highest, and setting wide open its portals to the lowest, admitting that he possesses the natural capacity and praiseworthy ambition to profit by the means brought within his reach. I do feel gratified, in retiring from the honorable position I have so long filled by your favor, and my imperfect discharge of whose duties your continued indulgence has so long and so kindly overlooked, that I have left behind me a school system established upon a broad and firm basis, whose influence for good will be felt when you and I shall be slumbering in dust. I feel pleased, I acknowledge it, in having stood forward with you, even against some of our most respected citizens, as the unswerving advocate of a system, whose ultimate effect will be to break down every adventitious distinction between the mechanic and the millionaire, in an educational point of view, placing the family of the one upon the same footing as that of the other, so far as the acquisition of useful knowledge, a vigorous mental discipline, and careful moral training can effect I feel proud, on quitting this position, that I have always spurned the idea that these institutions have anything approaching to the character of pauper schools. These are the Colleges, I may say, of ninety-nine out of every hundred of the entire population, and being designed for all, and supported by all, my opinion has always been, that they should be made good enough for all. I have never had any sympathy with those who say, that the smallest quantity of education is enough for the son of the poor man; that a very little reading, writing, and arithmetic, doled out with niggard hand, are quite enough to qualify the son of the day laborer to follow the vocation of his sire, and that he ought not to aspire to anything beyond it. These are contracted views, and not in accordance with the times in which we live, when the distinctions of wealth and birth are fast disappearing before an enlightened public opinion. Let us hope that the same liberal views will always govern the proceedings of this body, that their best endeavors will be devoted to perfecting our school system, and to strengthening and conserving whatever experience has proved correct. It will always be my greatest pleasure to watch its growth, and glory in its widening usefulness, and I fondly hope that the youth of our city will become eminent for their mental and moral attainments. And now, permit me to express my deep gratitude to every member of the Board, for the indulgence and forbearance so invariably extended to me as your chairman for the last five years.

# XXXV. THE TOWNS.

- 85. The Rev. G. Young, Brantford.—"The state of the schools in this town will be pretty clearly indicated by the annual report of the trustees, which has been already sent to you. As far as I can judge, the schools are in a healthy and prosperous condition; the teachers are competent and popular, and well salaried; the attendance and discipline good. The examinations were interesting and satisfactory, and in the main your excellent system is appreciated. The trustees are getting into a position in which they will find it practicable, and, I know, esteem it a privilege, to provide these schools with such a library as their wants demand. It is deeply to be regretted that this has not been done at an earlier period. For similar reasons, suitable books as prizes have not hitherto been obtained and distributed among the more industrious and deserving of the pupils. This I am confident will not continue to be the case. A greater number of your beautiful maps, a larger supply of school apparatus, suitable prize books, and a good library for circulation, are desirable, and I think will be ordered. The teachers, I kelieve, are all impressed with the importance of a harmonious blending of religious and secular education, and therefore, so far as opportunities are presented, they carry out the provisions of the law. Your excellent Journal of Education is regularly received, and read with interest and profit; its influence cannot but be good—its existence and circulation a necessity."
- 86. The Rev. George Bell, B. A. Clifton.—"The revised programme is observed by the County Board. The questions have not been printed. (The use of printed questions has been commenced this year (1861), the examination of January 2nd having been conducted in this manner). The library procured some months ago from the Educational Depository by the town council, is open to all the inhabitants. The books are covered, labelled and numbered, and the regulations for school libraries are observed. It was opened on the 18th of July

- and from that date to the end of the year 642 volumes were taken out. The attendance has materially increased under the influence of the *free* system, and the benefits of having senior and junior departments and two teachers; the reason that it is not still larger is to be found in the fact, that three epidemics, principally affecting children, have been raging for a time and in succession during the year."
- 87. The Rev. James Nesbit, Oakville.—"The library seems to be very successful; pupils manifest much interest in the books, which are generally of an instructive character. You will observe that the common school department is now free; we hear of no complaints about the change, and have every reason to believe that good will result from it."
- 88. The Rev. James S. Douglas, A.M., Peterboro .- "I have still the pleasure of reporting very favourably, upon the whole, of the state of the Union school under its respective heads. The plan of instruction introduced by the masters during the year 1860, worked well. The school is now under the supervision of one principal, responsible for the working of the whole school. I regret the necessity for such frequent changes, and the hasty manner in which the teachers are appointed, which is the prime cause of them. attendance at school has very considerably increased, and the improvement in some studies has been very marked. The new school buildings have been well kept, and the order preserved among the pupils is excellent. Singing and drawing and other means are employed with advantage to refine the taste and the affections. The principals and teachers worked harmoniously, but unity of study has not been attended to as it ought, and as I trust it will be for the future. Owing to the short stay of teachers, I am unwilling to enter into particulars. The County Board of Examiners have resolved to meet only twice in the year; and to hold their meetings, with the consent of the trustees, in the Union school, where better accommodation can be had for the candidates. Printed questions, unless sent down by the Board of Education in Toronto, would probably cost more than the small number (say 10 on the average) presenting themselves might justify. Might I respectfully suggest the adoption of the British practice of providing printed forms, and forwarding them privately to the Local Superintendent to the seat of the board—say Peterborough for this county. I would suggest that the papers be not distributed until the day of examination, thus giving each candidate an equal chance, and if deemed necessary to be returned again to Toronto for final decision, thus equalizing the value of certificates all over the Province. As the matter now stands, it is very much a matter of feeling on the part of the Board. I have to acknowledge, with pleasure, the friendly manner in which my visits have been received by the teachers, and particularly those of the separate school, which I have been specially asked to visit."
- 89. Henry Silvester, Esq., Secretary, B.S.T., Woodstock.—"I am requested to draw your attention to the small average attendance for the second half of last year; this was caused by the sudden and prolonged illness of the teacher, who was eventually compelled to resign and the school was consequently closed for about two months. Such a circumstance never occurred before, and the schools are now in a most satisfactory condition. Another teacher resigned after ten years engagement by the board, leaving the profession altogether, and a female teacher resigned previous to her marriage."

# XXXVI. INCORPORATED VILLAGES.

- 90. The Rev James S. Douglas, A.M., Ashburnham.—"I have been appointed local superintendent of the incorporated village of Ashburnham, which properly ought to have taken place a year ago. I have visited the school frequently—perhaps once a month—and have ever had good reason to be satisfied with the large attendance, studious industry and good order of the school, which, under its energetic teacher, has continued to prosper, to the universal satisfaction of all."
- 91. Duncan Ferguson, Esq., Secretary, B. S. T., Caledonia.—"The cause of non-attendance is carelessness of parents. The trustees grant free admission tickets to those who apply for them, and are unable to pay the school fee. As a great many of the parents of the children are Roman Catholics, it is not thought advisable to enforce the regulations in regard to religious instruction, and so destroy the usefulness of the schools to the majority. The revised programme is observed, and the questions are printed. We have no

common school libraries, but have four in connexion with Sunday schools. The trustees are beginning to doubt if the distribution of prizes has a good effect. It causes dissatisfaction among parents and children: and those parents from whom we should expect, on account of their general Christian character and intelligence, to bear with and judge charitably of the trustees in giving out prizes, are the first to charge with partiality and injustice their best intentions. For two years past the prizes have been awarded according to the marks kept by the teacher of the pupils' standing in their different classes, but even this system gives rise to dissatisfaction. Whatever stimulating effect prizes may have upon many, it is doubtful if the good is not more than counterbalanced by the source of discouragement it is to others who have not equal abilities and opportunities."

- 92. A. Dingwall Fordyce, Esq., Elora and Fergus.—"The schools in Elora have been conducted as formerly under the same teachers. The female school, under two teachers, their scholars forming a senior and junior school, meeting in one large room with the use of classrooms. The teachers of this school, as well as the teachers of the boys' school, have laboured most perseveringly and with no small success. The board of trustees take considerable interest in the schools, keep up quarterly examinations, and visit them by committee in rotation. The library here is much more extensive than at Fergus, and I believe more of the community take advantage of it. But I should remark that in Fergus there is a pretty good Mechanics' Institute, and so far as I know there is no such institution in Elora. In both villages I conceive the influence of school libraries to be exceedingly good, so far as it reaches. As far as I know, the regulations in regard to religious instruction have not been taken advantage of. The revised programme for county board examinations is observed, but the questions are not printed. The schools in Fergus have worked well; some dissatisfaction indeed was felt when the trustees resolved to adopt the system of senior and junior schools, and this has by no means been wholly removed; yet, notwithstanding, it seems to me that both have gained by the change. The teacher of the junior school was relieved of a considerable number, and allowed to concentrate his efforts more fully. This was particularly necessary, as there was some degree of insubordination to be got over, and in addition to this the attendance at both schools is equalized. A proposition was made during the season for building a female or junior school house, in connection with the building occupied by the senior school. If this had been resolved upon, it would have removed the objections of many to the system: but the trustecs, having taken the opinion of the ratepayers, the matter was negatived and remains in abeyance. Both teachers employed have faithfully and efficiently discharged their duties. The library is not large, but the books for the most part are well read. There is a private school, taught by a young lady holding a Normal School certificate; the school has an average of from 20 to 30 pupils, and appears to be tolerably well-sustained."
- 93. The Rev. W. B. Lauder, LL.D., Napanee.—"I am glad to be able to report that the attendance at our schools during the past year has been in excess of previous years, and that altogether we are in a prosperous condition; still, I am sorry to say, there are many who, through indifference of their parents, will not avail themselves of the benefits offered: we hope, however, to see this class growing less every year. The trustees do all in their power to provide the appliances of a good education for all, and I hope their exertions will be more appreciated as time advances. The Roman Catholic Separate School was open only three months of the year; they find it difficult, being few in number, to support one, and in fact there is no need for it, for in all our common schools the consciences of all are respected. It is now closed. The schools are opened and closed with prayer and the reading of God's Word, and we hope and trust that the efforts making for the good of the young people of our country will not be without their effect."
- 94. Andrew Irving, Esq., Pembroke.—"There appears in the report a great number of children not attending school, the only reason I can assign for this, being the indifference of parents, which seems to be only partially disappearing. As there has never been any attempt made to get up a Separate School, the trustees have deemed it the most judicious course not to have the general regulations in regard to religious instruction followed, as they have reason to believe, it would lead to disagreeable results to introduce special religious instruction of any kind. Our Library Books are all covered and labelled—only

a few of the books have been taken out during the past year, and on this account the influence of the library for good, has not been what it ought to be. Prizes have not been distributed, but I am satisfied that if a small sum of money were laid aside by the Trustees for the purchase of suitable books to be awarded to the most deserving at the quarterly examinations, the practice would have the effect of influencing both parents and children to take a more lively interest than they have hitherto done in the all important cause of common school education.

- 95. R. T. Livingstone, Esq., Master, Grammar School, Perth.—" Corporeal punishment is avoided as far as practicable, indeed I do not think half a dozen cases have occurred during the past year. The principal punishment is as follows:—A register is kept in which is noted every noticed violation of the school rules, for each of which a certain mark has been adopted. These marks are added up at the end of each month and subtracted from ten, which is taken as the standard of perfection. The lowest mark, for example, is onetenth for each case of whispering. Thus, if twenty-seven tenths were entered against a pupil for the month, his mark for conduct would be ten twenty-seven tenths, equal to seven three-tenths. These reports, one of which I enclose, are sent monthly to the parents, are countersigned by them and returned to the Teacher. Such, besides the minor additional punishments of standing aside and remaining after school hours, are all that we find necessary. In all the English classes, with algebra and arithmetic, the pupils advance 'pari passu.' A boy cannot be in the Junior Grammar and Second Arithmetic. In whatever class he is in one branch, he is in the same class in all. But at the same time they are allowed to enter whatever Latin, French, Greek or Geometry class they may be fit for. Examinations for promotion are held monthly, the aggregate of which marks determines the promotion at the commencement of each session. Our standard for promotion is absolutely answering three-fourths of all the questions put, and no pupil is promoted otherwise even if only one answer behind. In the English branches, algebra and arithmetic, the average must be three-fourths for promotion. I may also mention that no choice is allowed to pupils excepting in reference to the classics. Each pupil must take all the work of his class if he are true of all Mine Tension has been all the work of his class if he enters at all. The English branches, algebra, arithmetic and geometry, all boys must Girls need not take the last."
- 96. The Rev. Francis W. Dobbs, Portsmouth.—"I have the pleasure to inform you that the revised programme has been observed, and that the plan of printing questions has been sometimes adopted, although I believe it has not been carried out on every occasion. I am happy to say that the general regulations for religious instruction have been observed, and I trust with beneficial effect to the children; but at present they are very young, and we must wait to see the fruits. Prizes have been distributed in the school, and we feel assured the Trustees will have reason to be thankful for their efforts to promote this desirable object. With regard to the non-attendance of children, I regret to say that much indifference is manifested on the part of parents. It is truly sad to witness such culpable neglect. I trust that during the present year additional interest will be taken in this important subject. There is a small library in the village, open to all denominations; but it appears to be but little appreciated. I trust, however, that a great desire is springing up, and that another year will witness improvements in this respect."
- 97. Rev. John Cassie, A. M., Port Hope.—"The central common school department has always been conducted with ability and success, and the past year has not proved an exception. The central primary school is deserving of special notice, as in every respect a model school of its kind. The East primary school is also well conducted. The West primary school has laboured under difficulties; a new teacher has been engaged, and has now entered upon his duties, and we trust the results will answer our expectations. The revised programme for county board examination is observed, and the questions are printed. The cause of non-attendance of so many children (about 300) is to be traced, in some cases, to indifference of parents, in others to extreme poverty, the parents not being able to give their children a decent outfit. The books in the library are properly covered, labelled and numbered, and the regulations are strictly enforced. It is difficult to say what influence the library exerts in the neighbourhood. The distribution of prizes has had a most favourable effect."

- 98. The Rev. William Lochead, Renfrew. "The general rules in regard to religious instruction are observed, and we believe the result to be most satisfactory. The Revised Programme for County Board examination is followed; but the examination questions are not printed."
- 99. The Rev. W. Aitken, Smith's Falls .-- "I have to state that the Grammar School Department has, during the past year—as compared with previous years—exhibited a very decided improvement in respect of discipline. Perfect order is maintained without the necessity of resorting, even in very rare instances, to corporal punishment; and the awarding of prize books to the more meritorious pupils has been attended with the happiest effect, both in the Grammar and Common Schools in awakening in the minds of the pupils generally a deeper interest in their studies, and in stimulating to greater diligence in their promotion. The school library is large and well selected, the books are properly cared for and the regulations generally observed. From the class of books most commonly called for, I should suppose the use of the library to be mainly restricted to the pupils themselves. This may be attributed to the fact of their being other excellent libraries in the Village,—one of them containing about 1400 volumes. The same fact renders it next to impossible to ascertain the proper influence of the library connected with the school. At the same time that the trustees procured the library, they also purchased a good collection of apparatus, diagrams, &c., but I regret to add that a large portion of it has hitherto been quite unserviceable, as scarcely anything has been done towards the instruction of the pupils in any of the branches of natural science. The order maintained in the Common School Department is not equal to that in the Grammar School, but here also there is improvement, especially in abatement of the practice of personal chastisement. Both Departments are opened and closed with prayer according to the prescribed forms, but no direct religious instruction is attempted in either. In the opening and closing prayers the Roman Catholic pupils do not join. I have only to add that the revised Programme for the County Board Examination is followed, but the examination questions are not printed; and that though there is still cause to regret the limited qualifications of some of the applicants for certificates, this does not happen to nearly the same extent as in former years."
- 100. D. W. Rowlands, Esq., St. Thomas.—"I am in the habit of paying the common school a monthly visit, spending a brief period in reading the Scriptures, followed by an address bearing upon the moral welfare of the pupils, and concluding with prayer: those visits are countenanced by trustees, teachers and pupils. The school is in a very efficient state."
- 101. W. Hope, Esq., Streetsville.—"The cause of non-attendance of children may, generally speaking, be attributed to carelessness on the part of their parents; but some being in poor circumstances keep their children employed either at home or abroad for the purpose of gaining a livelihood. The general regulation on religious subjects are followed. The books in the library are covered, labelled, and numbered, and the regulations in reference to school libraries are complied with. The books, which are extensively circulated, are exerting a very beneficial influence, and are producing a general taste for the perusal of standard works in the various departments of literature. The distribution of prizes in the schools has been the means of creating a healthy and laudable emulation among the pupils. The revised programme for County Board Examinations is observed, and the questions are printed."
- 102. James Beatty, Esq., Thorold.—"The Board changed all the Teachers last year as well as this. These changes have not been attended with very beneficial results; these and other causes have retarded the progress of the pupils and hindered the efficiency of the schools. There is no cause for non-attendance, of which I have any knowledge, except that found in a want of inclination on the part of the children, and a want of interest on the part of the parents and guardians. Every facility is afforded, and every inducement held out, as is manifest from the commodious and comfortable school-houses, and from the efficient and competent teachers provided. The regulations for religious instruction have been observed in one of the schools, and that with good results, but it is difficult to make religious teachers of irreligious persons. The library books are covered and num-

bered, and the regulations carried out by the former Teacher—the acting Librarian. Notwithstanding the existence of a large lending library, the books of the common school library are read with interest, and are eagerly inquired for."

103. "John J. Bowman, Esq., Waterloo.—"The regulations concerning religious instruction are not carried out. The ministers of the different religious persuasions have not as yet taken advantage of the provisions of the law allowing them the privilege of instructing the youth of the place in religious matters. The cause may he briefly stated:—There are so many different denominations, that they have come to the conclusion that their object may be more easily gained by a Union Sabbath School, which they have recently established; the result of which cannot but be beneficial. The Board of Examiners observe the revised programme, and the questions are printed. The Board, at a former meeting, came to the conclusion that they would cause new examination papers to be printed every six months. With regard to our schools, all I can say is, that at the present time, in some respects at least, they are in a very favorable condition. But our school-houses are very inadequate to the purpose which they are intended. However, by another year, I think we shall not be behind any of our neighbors in providing comfortably for our school children. A new school, to cost about \$6000, will (D.V.) be erected during the coming summer."

# APPENDIX B.

# THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA.

I.—Inspector's Report upon the State of the County Grammar Schools of the Western Section of Upper Canada, for the Year 1860.

(Copy.)

HAMILTON, March, 1860.

SIR,—"Having already made a Special Report upon the state and progress of the Grammar Schools in the western section of Upper Canada for 1860, wherein I have given a full and particular account of the present position and relative standing of each school, separately referring to the kind, condition, and tenure of the houses, with their furniture, fitting, and apparatus; to the number, qualifications, and salaries of the Masters; the arrangement, classification, discipline, and mode of instruction adopted by each; to the number, attendance, advancement, and proficiency of the scholars; and including such other information as, in my opinion, was requisite to enable you and the Council of Public Instruction, to form a just and adequate conception of the condition, character, and efficiency of the schools generally; and, moreover, having, in the Reports for previous years, written at considerable length on all practical points connected with the management and improvement of our Grammar Schools, I shall confine myself at present to some general remarks, based upon the Report referred to, and a few suggestions for the better management of the schools in future.

1st. Comparison of the present with the past.—It must be peculiarly grateful to every enlightened and patriotic citizen, who anticipates an honorable and glorious career for our young country, to observe the rapid, real advancement of the educational institutions of the province, and especially to mark the continual improvement in most of our higher schools, in almost every respect—in the superior accommodation and multiplied facilities furnished in many localities—in the general earnest endeavours made to secure the services of properly qualified and experienced masters—in the greatly increased attendance, especially of pupils in the higher branches of study, and in the decidedly improved methods of classification, instruction and discipline, adopted by many; and I may add also, in the heartier, healthier sentiment in regard to these schools which pervades all classes of the community; a reference to my reports of these same schools for 1855 furnishes the most satisfactory and gratifying evidence of this. The following statistics were obtained by me personally, on the occasion of visits to the grammar schools west of Toronto in 1855 and in 1860 respectively, and include only the actual attendance at the times of my visits:—

					1855.	1860.		]	Increa	se.
Number	of	schools	or	en	. 27	42	15	or	55 r	er cent.
"	"	Pupils	in	Classics	. 400	888	488	or	222	"
"	"	a	"	Algebra & Geometry	. 300	674	374	or	224	"
				French		496	370	or	441	"
Average	nι	mber o	f C	lassical Pupils for each	ı					
						21.2	6.2	$\mathbf{or}$	40	""

The progress during 1860 may be seen from the following statement:—

					1859.	1860.		Increa	ıse.	
Number	of	schoo	ls o	pen	39	42	3	nearly	8	per cent.
"	"	Pupil	s in	Classics	. 796	888	92	"		
				Algebra & Geometry		674	144	"	27	"
				French		469	29	"	6	"
				llassical Pupils for each						,
						21.2	.8	nearly	4	"

It should be noticed that a much larger number are reading the more advanced books

and preparing for college than formerly.

The three additional schools opened are Bradford, Mount Pleasant and Kincardine. The schools, and even the school house at Bond Head, have been removed to Bradford. The school at Sandwich is still closed, and will probably remain so. Those established at Fingal and Font Hill have never been commenced, and do not seem to be required in those localities, neither of them being five miles distant from schools already in operation. There has been a tendency, during the last few years, unduly to increase the number of grammar schools in some counties; this arises from the laudable desire of one or two parties in each locality to secure for themselves and neighbours the privilege of a classical training for their sons, without sending them from home. It is to be regretted, however, on general grounds affecting the standing and efficiency of the schools, that such desires, however praiseworthy in themselves, have been gratified, inasmuch as the unnecessary multiplication of the schools necessitates a further distribution of the grammar school fund, thereby diminishing the amount for the others; and it happens, not unfrequently, that the number of advanced scholars are so few, that the school is in all respects but a common school.

2nd. The style and condition of the school houses.—Of the 42 schools visited, the following classification may be regarded approximately correct:—

1. Good, and more or less suitably rewarded	25
2. Tolerable, but not properly furnished	5
3. Bad, old, dilapidated and ill-furnished	4
4. Rented and temporary (some of them furnished)	

The houses lately erected or enlarged are generally elegant and commodious buildings, most of them properly seated, heated and ventilated, and more or less fully supplied with apparatus, charts, maps and blackboards. Of the 20 Union schools, 15 are kept in large, recently erected, airy and well arranged buildings, and not a few of the houses used for grammar school purposes alone, are excellent, and admirably well adapted for the purpose. A few schools are supplied with suitable apartments in the common schools, others are in old buildings, or rented and unsuitable apartments. In most of such cases, however, other provisions are likely soon to be made. It is still, notwithstanding all that has been accomplished, a matter of regret, and in some instances a subject of deserved censure, that so little has been attempted in the way of rendering the surroundings of the school house more attractive with a few exceptions, (and these mainly owing to the taste, skill and industry of the teachers) there are neither tree, shrub nor flower upon the premises, and in cases not a few, fences and neat necessary out-houses are still a desideratum. A very small outlay in this way would yield a large return, both of pleasure and profit. I cannot but think that teachers as well as trustees are at fault in this matter; certainly a slight effort on the part of both would remedy the wrong.

3rd. The class and magnitude of the schools.

First As to the number of Teachers in each school

2. G 3.	rammar Scho	ols, in whic	h more that only two	of teachers vary to two masters are emplor is employed	e emplo oved	yed	} [
$\mathrm{S}\epsilon$	econd. As to t	he number	of classical	pupils in each se	chool.		
1. S	chools having	less than 1	0 classical	oupils	9	average	6.8
2.	"	10 but less	than 15		11	" ······	
3.	"	15 "	" 25		11	"	18.6
<b>4</b> .	"					"	
	Entire	e number of	schools	•••••••	$\frac{}{42}$	average	${21.2}$

If the schools having less than 10 were cut off, the average attendance of classical scholars at each school would be 25.

In a few of the Union Schools, both departments are doing well; where a number of Grammar School pupils is sufficient to constitute a division by themselves, and form a series of regularly graduated classes or forms; but in many cases the Union seems to have been accomplished either with the view of securing the grant of a part of the Grammar School fund, to assist in maintaining the Common School, or of having the classics taught to a very few lads in the Common School. It were better in such cases to have a good Common School, and if more than one teacher was necessary to endeavor to secure the services of one who could teach at least the elements of Latin, than to assume the dignity and functions of a regular legal Grammar School. Indeed, many of the Union Schools are in a very unsatisfactory state, and this not unfrequently arises from the fact that there are sc few in those sections desirous of prosecuting any branch of study beyond those taught in the Common School. The Grammar schools sufficiently large to require the services of two or more masters, are generally in a very efficient state, and so are some of those where only one master is employed. It is desirable that no Grammar School should be established, or continued, where at least 10 or 12 scholars cannot be procured who will prosecute classical studies for more than a few months; for it it obvious that in order to secure at least the number 10, many children are put in the elementary classes, whose parents have no wish or intention that they should ever acquire a competent knowledge of the languages.

4th. Qualifications and Salaries of Masters.

1.	Masters having	degrees from	British Un	niversitie	3,	15
2.	"	"	Canadian	"		17
3.	"	"	American	"		1
4.	"	certificates fr	om Bd. of	Examine	ers	7
5.	" appoint	ted before the	present lav	v was en	acted	2-42

As might be expected, the attainments, modes of management, and methods of in struction, as well as natural endowments and practical skill of these teachers vary very much; but among them are gentlemen who would do honor to any profession, as they certainly sustain and elevate the character of their own. It is deeply to be regretted, though I do not see how it can ever be prevented, that some of the most promising teachers do not make the work of the school-room the business of their lives; since he who has the qualifications, natural and acquired, requisite to attain the high position of a successful teacher, possesses just the qualities both of mind and heart, which will seldom fail of ensuring success in other walks of life, where, as society is now constituted, honors and emoluments richly abound.

1.	Masters receiving	<b>\$400</b>	per annu	m,	<b>2</b>
2.	"	500	- "	**********	4
3.	" .	600	"	4444.	13
4.	"	700	"		5
5.	"	800	"	************************	12
6.	$\alpha_{i}$	1000	or more		6

The average salary is \$750 per annum; but if a few of the lower salaries were omitted the average would not be less than \$800. A well qualified, successful teacher, devoting

himself entirely to his work, will rarely fail to secure a generous appreciation and a fair remu neration, nor should it be overlooked that the situation of Head Master in a Grammar School is now regarded as more permanent than the engagement of teachers has formerly been.

5th. Suggestions for the Future Management of the Schools.

1. That inasmuch as very few of the County Council take much interest in the Grammar Schools, regarding them as local rather than general privileges—might it not tend to increase the efficiency and usefulness of the schools if they were placed under the jurisdiction of the municipalities where they are situated, or such sections of counties as are desirous of supporting such schools.

2. That Grammar School Trustees should be elected by the municipalities or districts supporting the schools, and be invested with powers for the support of the school similar

to those now entrusted to Common School Trustees.

3. That no Grammar School receive any portion of the public monies, unless it has an average attendance of at least 12 scholars in the branches of study not provided for in the Common Schools; and unless further, a suitable school-house be furnished by the municipality or district.

4. That all aid to and from public funds be apportioned to each school in the ratio of attendance, without reference to seniority of appointment or location in a county; no school

however to receive less than \$200 per annum.

5. That a revised programme of studies, and list of text-books be published and uniformly enforced, and that the summer holidays be changed so as to include the month of August, and that in the case of Union Schools some more definite arrangements be made as to the relation of the two departments to each other.

In conclusion, I beg leave to express the conviction which I entertain, that the future progress of these schools will speedily cast into the shade the honorable achievements of

the past,—and gladly will we hail it.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
(Signed,)

W. ORMISTON, Inspector of Grammar Schools.

To the Reverend E. RYERSON, D.D., Chief Superintendent of Education. Canada West.

I.-Inspector's Report upon the State of the County Grammar Schools of the Western Half of the Eastern Section of Upper Canada, for the Year 1860.

TORONTO, 10th April, 1861.

SIR,—After the lengthened Report which I had the pleasure of laying before you and the Council of Public Instruction last year, I do not deem it necessary this year to add any lengthened remarks, especially as the observations of last year still apply in full force, and as the schools then inspected by me were the same which I inspected this year (1860). It is indeed pleasing to observe the efforts made by many Trustees and others to secure to their children the benefit of a higher education than can be obtained in the Common School, however efficient that may be; and it is encouraging to witness how steadily buildings better calculated to secure the bodily and mental vigor of the children are rising up on all sides; but at the same time no true friend of education can help regretting that while so much has often been done to provide a goodly structure, so little has been done to place the instructor on a corresponding footing. The palace of learning has indeed been erected; but the guiding spirit has rarely been found to fill and adorn it. Owing to the miserable pittance doled out, often with a grudge to the teacher, comparatively few men of talent and spirit enter the profession as the profession of a life-time. It serves in their eyes merely as a convenient stepping-stone to something better. And till such time that the teacher feels that the due position is accorded to his profession as a profession, till his services are requitted as liberally of those of the learned professions, it is but folly to expect men generally to devote themselves heart and soul to their arduous

To this evil-to this want of due remuneration-may be traced the radical cause duties. of the pitiable condition of not a few of the Grammar Schools. There are indeed far too many of these, or rather far too many apologies for these seats of higher learning drawing a sickly support, under the Union Act, from both the Grammar and Common School fund. The pruning-hook requires to be vigorously applied to these parasite Grammar School Unions, so that the funds frittered away in these may be devoted to the vigorous maintenance of such Grammar Schools as are really necessary, and may reasonably be expected to become efficient feeders to our Universities, and to offer at the same time to the pupils the advantages of a good classical and commercial education. As I dwelt so much on this point in my last Report, I should not have alluded to it here, were I not deeply impressed with the urgent necessity of calling unceasing attention to the fact, and in the hope that the Legislature will manifest a liberality of spirit corresponding to the great educational interests at stake. No system of education in any country can be complete so long as the intermediate schools between the Common and the University are left comparatively unprovided for. I need scarcely remark that under the present crippled pecuniary condition of these Grammar Schools, the entrance examination is generally not observed, and the programme of Grammar School studies never followed throughout, that unqualified masters are sometimes engaged by the Trustees at so low a salary as \$500 a year, on the speculation of their passing the necessary examination afterwards, an act that I cannot but greatly blame, as it is not only illegal in itself, but tends to place the Provincial Board of

Examiners in a false position in reference to such gentlemen.

In most of the schools which I inspected, English composition and elocution were but little cultivated, and anything like a critical analysis of our own language, and a philological comparison with Greek, Latin, or French, was apparently not thought of, and perhaps, under the circumstances, could scarcely be expected. Certain books in English, Latin, or Greek, were read, but these languages, and their peculiarities and relationships to each other, were not taught. The pernicious custom is also becoming pretty universal among the Grammar Schools, of not subjecting each pupil to the wholesome general literary culture prescribed by law, but of allowing each pupil to choose, to a great extent, his own branches of stndy, and thus to develop only one side of his nature. This custom, which is directly opposed to the whole Grammar School laws and programme, has been partly encouraged by the fact that certain of the scholarships at matriculation in our Universities are granted for special proficiency in particular branches of study, and are not awarded solely for general proficiency in all the subjects taught at the Grammar Schools, and demanded for matriculation. I allude to this incongruity between the system of our Grammar Schools and the matriculation examination at our Universities, in the confident expectation that the interests of both classes of institutions would be consulted by a change in these matriculation scholarships, and that the Trustees and Masters of Grammar Schools may be induced to abandon a habit so injurious to the best interests of the children Whatever advantage a system of optional studies may possess entrusted to their care. with more matured minds, it must at any rate be conceded that the Grammar School is not the place for these to begin, and that such a system, if it become universal and stereotyped in our schools, would degrade into mere teaching shop for retailing information, what ought to be high temples of learning, to evoke all the dormant god-like properties of The fact, also, of the Teacher being so dependent upon the Trustees, often our nature. compels him to humor the whims of the parent, by allowing him to dictate the branches of study in which he wishes his son to be instructed.

In conclusion, I beg respectfully to refer you to my Report of last year, in which I entered at considerable length into the condition of these schools, and the means I thought best adapted to improve them, and to render them worthy of the educational fame of

Upper Canada.

I have the honor to be, Sir,
Your obedient servant,
(Signed) GEORGE R. R. COCKBURN,
Inspector of Grammar Schools,

Reverend E. RYERSON, D.D., Chief Superintendent of Education, Canada West. III.—INSPECTOR'S REPORT UPON THE STATE OF THE COUNTY GRAMMAR SCHOOLS OF THE EASTERN HALF OF THE EASTERN SECTION OF UPPER CANADA, FOR THE YEAR 1860.

TORONTO, July 8th, 1861.

SIR,—In addition to the full and particular account of the inspection of each school in my section, I beg to lay before you the following more general remarks. These will necessarily be brief, for I should hardly be warranted in pretending that the few schools I have inspected, and those, too, in by no means the most advanced portion of the Province, would afford me safe grounds for a wider induction. With the exception of two or three really good schools, our Grammar Schools in the extreme east are in a very low state. Several of them I can only designate as Infant Schools. Nor do I see anything from the localities in which they are placed, or the present state of the Grammar School Law, which gives me any hope of amelioration. Advancing civilization, and the material growth of the country, in time may act upon them, but immediate remedies, and those of a stringent nature, are imperatively needed. A few of the hindrances to their improvement, and which apply

generally to all the schools, I have ventured to point out.

1. The present means of obtaining funds.—That the management of the Schools should be left to a body of Trustees, who, in this respect, are powerless, and the granting of money for schools in which they have no local interest, should be in the hands of the County Council produces such a result as might be expected. It paralyzes the whole Whenever an improvement is wanted,—sometimes absolutely necessary for the preservation of the health of the pupils,—the same answer is invariably given to your Inspector:—"Application has been made for the necessary funds, but rejected." improvement in the state of the law is absolutely required in this point, by which the Trustees of the several schools might, within certain limits, be allowed to raise a loan; or some system of greater centralization is required, which, by granting from the County funds Scholarships, to enable deserving pupils to live at the Central Schools, would give a more lively interest in them to the whole county. The disadvantages of the present system are the starving of the schools, or the forcing them into union with the Common Schools, for which money is cheerfully raised,—a union which is fraught with the greatest damage to the former, and very little advantage to the latter. Trustees, however enthusiastic in their endeavors to promote higher education, finding themselves helpless, naturally fall off, and give up such endeavors in despair.

2. The want of a class of specially trained Grammar School Masters, who have taken this as the permanent profession for life, is a great drawback to the efficiency of our schools. The supposed inferior social status of the Grammar School Master, and the larger rewards held out for superior mental activity in the other professions, turn aside most of those who are most eminently qualified for the scholastic office. Of the twenty-two schools mentioned in my Report, six were in the hands of persons who avowedly were making them the stepping stones to the attainment of other professions, as Law, Medicine, or the Church. Several were evidently conducted by persons who had taken them after having failed in other walks of life. Comparatively few were held by those who were fitted for their office by previous training, or were throwing themselves entirely into their work as the main busi-

ness of their lives.

3. The localities of some of these schools were such as would naturally and necessarily prevent them attaining to even a respectable standard. Such schools would meet deservedly with no sympathy or aid from the County Councils, and would themselves be too poor to raise sufficient funds for their effectual working. Concentration might be sparingly applied to such schools as these,—sparingly, for the aim, at all events is a noble one, to raise at their own doors a seat of liberal education. One or two of these schools I have pointed out in my Special Report.

4. The want of appreciation of higher education.—Liberal education has one great obstacle not felt with regard to primary. When people are without it,—when it does not exist among them,—they do not feel the need of it. Useful acquirements, and a vigorous discipline, limit the horizon of the best popular idea of education. Enlargement of mind,—superior mental cultivation,—are late in being conceived as a definite object. Cleverness, skill, fluency, and memory, are understood, and have their price in the market. The first

aim is naturally after excellencies of the material, mechanical, so called practical sort. If our Grammar Schools, however, are to educate, amongst others, our professional men, we shall soon see, if these schools are placed on a proper footing, how much breadth of cultivation tells in every profession,—how much it enlarges the views, improves the judgment, and obtains that consideration and influence which make it appreciated. Once its nature is understood, then, like refined manners,—like the principles of art, or conscience,—it will stand itself, and its perceived utility will be a strong leverage to elevating and developing it. It is to our Universities that the country has a right to look for setting

this matter right.

5. The University system of the Province, in its connection with the Grammar School Masterships.—No obstacle appears more fatal to the endeavor to raise the standard of our schools, than the diversities of methods, aims, qualifications, and attainments, arising from our Masters having been educated at so many of our Provincial Universities. the conflicting claims of the several Universities may be adjusted, -however paramount may be the reasons for their existence, -no one who sincerely loves his country can for a moment doubt the increased benefits which would be conferred upon education, from the University to the Primary School, by our having one standard for degrees, and one for matriculation. The relation of Universities to the schools, in this respect, is one of action and reaction. If the University standard is lowered to meet that of the ordinary schools, this at once deprives the higher schools of their aim and grand incentive to exertion. This especially applies in a country where the books required for matriculation are not taken as a specimen of a large body of reading at school, but as the whole of such reading before entering the University. Again, according to the present system of taking degrees, and thus qualifying for Grammar School Masterships, we have no safeguard or check to prevent a graduate holding one of these, though entirely ignorant of one of the two main branches of learning, which it is his special duty to teach.

In concluding these remarks, I would call your special attention to the fact of the erection of two handsome school-houses, at Gananoque and Williamstown, and the improvement at Renfrew, where a suitable building has been hired, as mentioned in my Special Report.

I have the honor to be, Sir,

Your obedient servant,

(Signed) JOHN AMBERY,

To the Reverend E. RYERSON, D.D., Chief Superintendent of Education, Canada West.

# APPENDIX C.

VISIT OF THE PRINCE OF WALES TO THE EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT FOR UPPER CANADA, SEPTEMBER 11TH, 1860.

The Prince of Wales visited the Normal School Buildings at half past three o'clock, and was received at the door by the Chief Superintendent of Education, and by other members of the Council of Public Instruction for Upper Canada, and conducted to the Theatre of the Institution. The students of the Normal School and the children of the Model School, boys and girls, were placed in the body of the theatre of the building, while the gallery was occupied by the general public, who had been admitted by ticket. Upon His Royal Highness entering the room, the students and children and assemblage in the gallery rose, the former singing "God save the Queen," followed by three enthusiastic cheers for the Prince, who seemed delighted with the sight before him. The Prince was presented with a bouquet by a pupil of the Girls' Model School, and several bouquets were thrown upon the platform.

At the conclusion of the National Anthem, the Honorable Samuel Bealey Harrison, Q.C., Chairman of the Council of Public Instruction, proceeded to read the address, which

had already been agreed to by the Council:-

" To His Royal Highness the Prince of Wales.

"MAY IT PLEASE YOUR ROYAL HIGHNESS,—The Council of Public Instruction for "Upper Canada beg to unite with the many thousands of our fellow subjects in welcoming "you to a country first selected as a home by the United Empire Loyalists of America. "To us, as a body, has been assigned the task of establishing Normal and Model Schools "for the training of teachers, of making the regulations for the government of elementary "and grammar schools throughout the country, and of selecting the text books and libraries "to be used in them; while on one of our number has been imposed the duty of preparing "and administering the school laws. It has been our aim to imbibe the spirit and imitate "the example of our beloved Sovereign, in the interest and zeal with which Her Majesty "has encouraged the training of teachers and establishment of schools for the education of "the masses of Her people, and we have been nobly seconded in our efforts by our Canadian "fellow subjects at large.

"At the commencement of our labours, in A.D. 1846, our meetings were held in a private house, the number of our schools was 2,500, and the number of the pupils in them 100,000. At the present time we have the Educational Buildings, now honored by the presence of your Royal Highness, where teachers are trained, and maps, apparatus, and libraries, are provided for the schools, and those schools now number 4,000, attended by 300,000 pupils. In the song and text books of the schools, loyalty to the Queen and love to the mother country are blended, with the spirit of Canadian patriotism, and Christian principles with sound knowledge, are combined with the teaching and libraries of

"the schools.

"With all our Canadian fellow-countrymen our earnest prayer is 'Long live the "'Queen.' But whenever, in the order of Providence, it shall devolve on your Royal "Highness to ascend the throne of your august ancestors, we trust that the system of "Public Instruction now inaugurated will have largely contributed to render the people of "Upper Canada second to no other people in your vast dominions, in virtue, intelligence, "enterprize and Christian civilization."

His Royal Highness then read the following reply (which had been handed to him by the Duke of Newcastle) in a clear and distinct tone of voice:—

"Gentlemen,—The progress of Canada has excited my admiration, but there is no "subject in which your efforts appear to have been more zealous than in the matter of "public education. You have, I know, the assistance of an able administrator in the person of your Chief Superintendent, and I hope that the public education of Upper Canada "will continue to inculcate the principles of piety, obedience to law, and Christian charity, "among a thriving and industrious population. Accept, Gentlemen, my thanks for the "welcome now offered to me within the walls of this great and important establishment."

The pupils then sang, with fine effect, the school song entitled "Hurrah! Hurrah for Canada."

The Prince having returned his acknowledgments, and expressed to Dr. Ryerson the pleasure he experienced, was conducted to the Council Chamber, the Library and Map Depositories, the Museum and other portions of the building. In the library the members of the Council were severally introduced to him, and he then signed his name, "Albert Edward P.," in a neat, legible, pointed hand. The Duke of Newcastle, the Earl of St. Germans, Sir Edmund Head, General Bruce, General Williams, and other members of the Prince's suite, also signed their names in the book, as follows:—

"Albert Edward P.;"
Newcastle;
St. Germans;
Robert Bruce, Major General;
W. F. Williams, Lt. Gebl.;
Edmund Head;
G. R. Grey, Capt. Grenedier, Guards;
C. Teesdale, Captain. & Brevet Major, Royal Artillery;
Francis Retallack, Captain, 63rd Regiment, & Military Secretary;
Gardner D. Engleheart, Barrister at Law;
Henry W. Acland, M.D., F.R.S., Regius Professor of Medicine, Oxford;
G. Henry Seymour, Commodore, R.N.;
E. W. Vansittart, Captain, H.M.S. Ariadne.

At the conclusion of this ceremony, His Royal Highness and suite were conducted all over the building. As he passed through he expressed himself much pleased with the various specimens of philosophical instruments, maps and globes, of Canadian manufacture, which were shown him. The Duke of Newcastle, who is chairman of a British Commission on Education, made many inquiries, and requested Dr. Ryerson to furnish him with some written information on the subject. On a previous evening, Major General Bruce and Lord Lyons also visited the institution, and made many inquiries. After remaining in the building upwards of an hour, the Prince took his departure, amidst the deafening cheers of the assembled crowd, and ejaculations of love and admiration for His Royal Highness.

# APPENDIX D.

HOLIDAYS AND VACATIONS IN THE COMMON AND GRAMMAR SCHOOLS.\*

"1. The hours of teaching each day shall not exceed six, exclusive of all the time allowed at noon for recreation. Nevertheless, a less number of hours for daily teaching may be determined upon in any school, at the option of the trustees.

"2. Good Friday and every Saturday\* shall be a holiday, as directed by the statute.

- "3. There shall be two vacations in each year: the first, or summer vacation, shall continue for two weeks from the first Monday in August; the second, for eight days, at Christmas.
- "NOTE.—In Cities, Towns, and incorporated Villages, the summer vacation shall continue four weeks, from the first Monday in August.

"Adopted by the Council of Public Instruction for Upper Canada, on 10th July, 1860.

"4. All agreements between trustees and teachers shall be subject to the foregoing regulations; and no teacher shall be deprived of any part of his salary on account of observing allowed holidays and vacations.

"5. Union, Grammar and Common Schools are subject to the regulations affecting

holidays and vacations in Grammar Schools, as follows:

TERMS, VACATIONS, DAILY EXERCISES, AND HOLIDAYS IN THE GRAMMAR SCHOOLS OF UPPER CANADA.

"1. There shall be four terms each year, to be designated the winter, spring, summer, and autumn terms. The winter term shall begin the 7th of January, and end the Tuesday next before Easter; the spring term shall begin the Wednesday after Easter, and close the last Friday in June; the summer term shall begin the second Monday in August, and end the Friday next before the 15th of October; the autumn term shall begin the Monday following the close of the summer term, and shall end the 22nd of December.

"2. The exercises of the day shall not commence later than nine o'clock, a.m., and shall not exceed six hours in duration, exclusive of all the time allowed at noon for recreation, and of not more than ten minutes during each forenoon and each afternoon. Nevertheless, a less number of hours of daily teaching may be determined upon in any Grammar

School, at the option of the board of trustees.

"3. Every Saturday shall be a holiday; or, if preferred by the board of trustees and head master of any grammar school, the afternoons of Wednesday and Saturday in each week shall be half-holidays. All days declared by law to be public holidays, shall be holidays in each Grammar School.

\* Revised by the Council of Public Instruction for Upper Canada, on the 10th of July, 1860.

† The number of teaching days in the rural schools, in each month, omitting the allowed holidays and vacations, is as follows:

$(First \ half \ of \ the \ year.)$		(Second half of the year.)	
January	22	July	22 12
February	20	August (Cities, Towns, &c., 2)	20
March As Easter is change-	20	September October	23
May	23	November	22
June	20	December	16
-		-	
Total	127	Total	116

"4. The public half-yearly examinations required to be held in each Grammar School by the eighth clause of the twenty-fifth section of the Consolidated Grammar School Act, 22 Vic., cap. 637, shall take place, the one immediately before the Christmas holidays, and the other immediately before the summer vacation.

"Adopted by the Council of Public Instruction for Upper Canada, on the 26th day

of December, 1854.

"Approved by the Governor General in Council, as intimated to the Chief Superintendent of Education, on the 15th day of February, 1855."

# APPENDIX E.

# THE NORMAL SCHOOL FOR UPPER CANADA.

PROVINCIAL CERTIFICATES GRANTED BY THE CHIEF SUPERINTENDENT OF EDUCATION.

The Chief Superintendent of Education, on the recommendation of the Masters of the Normal School, and under the authority of the following section of the Upper Canada Consolidated Common School Act, 22 Vic., chap. 64, sec. 107, has granted to the undermentioned Students of the Normal School, Provincial Certificates of Qualification as Common School Teachers in any part of Upper Canada:

"107. The Chief Superintendent of Education, on the recommendation of the Teachers in the Normal School, may give to any Teacher of Common Schools a Certificate of Qualification, which shall be valid in any part of Upper Canada until revoked; but no such Certificate shall be given to any person who has not been a Student in the Normal

School."

The Certificates are divided into classes, in harmony with the general programme, according to which all Teachers in Upper Canada are required to be examined and classified, and are valid until revoked, or until the expiration of the time mentioned in the Certificate, according to the following form:

> GRADE (A, B, or C,) OF THE FIRST (OR SECOND) CLASS. Certificate of Qualification, Normal School, for Upper Canada.

having This is to Certify, That attended the Normal School during the Session, 18 , and having been carefully examined in the several branches named in the margin, is hereby recommended to the Chief Superintendent of Education, as eligible to receive Number One being the highest. a First [or Second] Class Certificate of Qualification, as a Common School Teacher in Upper Canada, according to the "Programme of the Examination and Classification of Common School Teachers," revised by the Council of Public Instruction, on the 17th day of December, 1858.

Head Master.

Second Master.

In Accordance with the foregoing recommendation, and under the authority vested in the Chief Superintendent of Education, by the 107th section of the Upper Canada  $_{\mathsf{L}} \mathsf{L}. \mathsf{S}. \mathsf{I}$ Consolidated Common School Act (22nd Victoria, chapter 64).

# STANDING

뿄	_
200	Spelling
Ē	Reading
ã	Grammar
ä	Composition
H	English Literature-
á	History
á	Geography
Ì	Education
N	Writing
	Drawing
ä	Music
d	Book Keeping
d	Arithmetic
	Algebra
	Geometry
ă	Mensuration
	Natural Philosophy———
ķ	Chemical Physics————
Î	Chemistry-
ğ	Aptitude to Teach————
Ì	Conduct —————
ч	

d do hereby grant to a First [or Second] Class Certificate of Qualification, as a Common School Teacher, of the grade and standing above indicated, which Certificate shall be valid in any part of Upper Canada, until revoked by this Department, [or for one year, as in the case of Second Class Certificates, Grade C].

Dated at the Education Office, Toronto, this [twenty-second day of June one thousand eight hundred and sixty].

Chief Superintendent of Education for U.C.

Recorded in Certificate Register A of the Department, Number

Registrar,

Each certificate is numbered and recorded in the register of the Department in the following order:—

Twenty-third session,-Dated 15th June, 1860.

```
1098 Obtained 1st Class B, (1166)
                                                                  1099 Thompson, Alexander
                  First Class .- Grade A.
                                                                  1100 Wark, Alexander (926.)
                                                                  1101 Wilson, George.
1102 Wright, Meade Nisbett.
1059 Barrick, Eli James (982.)**
1060 Hay, Angus Cameron.
1061 Knight, James Henry (794.)
                                                                  Second Class .- Grade C .- (Expire one year from
1062 Platt, John Milton (991.)
1063 Ridgway, Robert (992.)
                                                                                               date.)
                                                                  1103 Obtained 2nd Class B, (1185.)
1104 Obtained 2nd Class B, (1190.)
                  First Class.—Grade B.
                                                                   1105 McRae, Alexander.
1106 Obtained 2nd Class B, (1195.)
1064 Curry, Robert Nicholas (987.)
1065 Obtained 1st Class A, (1159.)
1066 Murray, John.
1067 Rouse, William Hiram.
                                                                   1107 Obtained 2nd Class B, (1196.)
1108 Treadgold, George.
                                                                   1109 Walker, Thaddeus.
                  First Class .- Grade C.
                                                                   1110 Whiteside, Jacob Lemon.
1068 Armstrong, John (623.)
                                                                   1154 Atkinson, Edward Lewis (920.)
1069 Chaisgreen, Charles (996.)
                                                                                             FEMALES.
1070 Healy, Michael.
1071 Keffer, Thomas Dixon.
                                                                                     First Class .- Grade A.
1072 Obtained 1st Class A, (1160.)
                                                                         None.
                 Second Class .- Grade A.
                                                                                     First Class .- Grade B.
1073 Obtained 1st Class A, (1155.)
1074 Fotheringham, A. Thomson.
                                                                   1111 Collar, Eliza (1038.)
                                                                   1112 Fraser, Catherine (1050.)
1075 Obtained 1st Class A, (1157.)
                                                                                     First Class .- Grade C.
1076 Mutton, Ebenezer.
1077 Obtained 1st Class C, (1171.)
                                                                  1113 Ashall, Eliza (670,)
1114 Carroll, Charlotte Jane (1046.)
1115 Hamilton, Sarah Maria (938.)
1078 Obtained 1st Class B, (1165.)
1079 Obtained 1st Class B, (1167.)
                                                                   1116 Kelloch, Agnes (946.)
                 Second Class .- Grade B.
                                                                   1117 Mullin, Sarah (1041.
1080 Obtained 2nd Class A, (1172.)
                                                                   1118 Robinson, Grace (1042.)
1081 Barefoot, Isaac.
                                                                   1119 Obtained 1st Class B, (1208.)
1082 Brierly, Charles.
                                                                                    Second Class.—Grade A.
1083 Buckland, Henry.
                                                                   1120 Bourke, Barbara Anne.
1084 Cannon, George.
1085 Chisholm, William.
                                                                   1121 Obtained 1st Class C, (1210.)
1122 Obtained 1st Class B, (1205.)
1086 Craig, George.
1087 Cuthbertson, Edward Greer.
                                                                   1123 Obtained 1st Class C, (1217.)
                                                                   1124 Russell, Mary Jane.
1088 Hill, Alfred.
1089 Hipple, Jacob.
                                                                   1125 Shepherd, Anne Eliza.
1090 Kiernan, Thomas.
1091 Obtained 1st Class C, (1169.)
                                                                   1126 Obtained 1st Class B. (1209.)
                                                                                    Second Class .- Grade B.
1092 McDiarmid, Peter (643.)
1093 Obtained 2nd Class A, (1178.)
                                                                   1127 Bedell, Sarah Melantha.
                                                                   1128 Coulter, Margaret.
1094 McGregor, Robert Campbell.
1095 McMillan, Malcolm Cameron.
                                                                  1129 Obtained 1st Class C, 1211.
                                                                  1130 Farquharson, Georgiana.
1096 Obtained 1st Class C, (1170.)
                                                                  1131 Obtained 1st Class C, 1212.
1097 Scollon, John.
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<sup>\*</sup> The figures in brackets indicate the number of a previous certificate obtained by the student named.

```
1132 Goodfellow, Elizabeth.
1133 Gowanlock, Janet Kidd.
                                                                                          1142 Carrigan, Augusta.
                                                                                          1143 Craingmile, Elizabeth Wilson.
   1134 Hall, Agnes (1053.)
1135 Obtained 1st Class C, (1213.)
                                                                                          1144 Obtained 2nd Class A, (1220.)
                                                                                          1145 Ford, Julia Cadman.
   1136 Obtained 1st Class (1215.)
                                                                                          1146 Foster, Mary Louisa.
   1137 McMillan, Susan Maria.
1138 Sanders, Harriet Louisa.
1139 Scarlett, Catherine (1057.)
                                                                                         1147 Obtained 2nd Class A, (1221.)
1148 Hill, Charlotte Mary.
1149 Lloyd, Eliza Jane.
                                                                                        1150 McLennan, Margaret.
1151 Obtained 2nd Class A, (1222.)
1152 Obtained 2nd Class C, (124.)
   1140 Shepherd, Mary Elizabeth.
   Second Class. -Grade C .- (Expire one year from
                                       date.
                                                                                         1153 Stewart, Annie.
   1141 Obtained 2nd Class A, (1219.)
                                   Twenty-fourth Session,—Dated 22nd December, 1860.
                                                                                         1201 Dean, Andrew Daniel.
                                                                                         1202 McDougall, Duncan.
                          First Class .- Grade A.
                                                                                        1203 Rogers, George.
1204 Young, William Howie.
 1155 Farewell, Geo. McGill (1073).
1156 Hocking, William Francis.
1157 McKay, Hugh Munro (1075).
1158 McKee, Thomas (433).
1159 Moore, Charles Boyd (1065).
1160 Price, Robert (619, 1072).
                                                                                                                           FRWALES.
                                                                                                                First Class .- Grade A.
                                                                                                                            (None.)
                          First Class .- Grade B.
                                                                                                                First Class .- Grade B.
  1161 Bell, Robert.
                                                                                        1205 Grece, Martha Zenobia (1122).
                                                                                       1203 Greece, Martin Zenobla (1122).
1206 Hornell, Mary Johnston (947).
1207 St. Rémy, Harriet A. A. Le Lievre de.
1208 Umney, Lilly (962, 1119).
1209 Yeates, Elizabeth (1126).
  1162 Doan, Robert Wilson (702).
1163 Lusk, Charles Horace.
 1164 McCulley, Alfred (795).
1165 Sinelair, John (1078).
1166 Sing, Samuel (1098).
                                                                                                                First Class .- Grade C .-
  1167 Stewart, Thomas (1079).
                                                                                        1210 Childs, Sarah Elizabeth (1048, 1121).
                         First Class .- Grade C.
                                                                                        1211 Dunn, Hannah Olivia (1129).
 1168 Kidd, William (910).
                                                                                        1212 Fraser, Charlotte (1131).
 1169 McCamus, William (1091).
1170 Margach, John Lewis (1096).
                                                                                        1213 Hendershot, Melissa Frances (1135).
                                                                                       1214 Kerr, Marion.
                                                                                       1215 McAllan, Annie (1136).
1216 McCulley, Esther (841).
 1171 Pysher, David (723, 1077).
                       Second Class .- Grado A.
                                                                                       1217 Rattray, Jessie Sophia (1055, 1123).
 1172 Anderson, William (1080).
1173 Clements, William.
1174 Duncan, Alexander (816).
                                                                                                              Second Class .- Grade A.
                                                                                       1218 Armstrong, Annie Linda (1036).
1219 Bethell, Dorinda Graham (1141).
 1175 Glashan, John.
1176 Hanly, John.
1177 Johnston, John.
1178 McFarlane, Laughlin (1093).
                                                                                       1220 Cummins, Margaret Eliza (1144).
1221 Gunn, Jane (1147).
                                                                                       1222 Millard, Alice Gay (1151).
 1179 Magrath, Patrick.
 1180 Young, Egerton Ryerson.
                                                                                                              Second Class .- Grade B.
                                                                                       1223 Bishop, Maria Agnes.
1224 Coady, Harriet Esther (672).
1225 Hanlon, Ellen Victoria.
1226 McCarthy, Catherine.
1227 Reed, Georgiana.
                       Second Class .- Grade B.
 1181 Beattie, Jeremiah.
 1182 Blanchard, Samuel Gray.
1182 Billoun, Jesse Nunn.
1183 Bolton, Jesse Nunn.
1184 Code, John Richard (1008).
1185 Fleming, William (1103).
1186 Foster, Ralph (552).
1187 Gerrie, James.
                                                                                       1228 Smith, Jenny.
                                                                                       1229 Turner, Eliza Ann.
1230 Wood, Mercy.
1188 Graham, Charles.
1189 Graham, John.
1190 Hammond, William (1104).
                                                                                       Second Class. — Grade C. — (Expire one year from date.)
                                                                                      1231 Beattie, Grace Shepherd.
1232 Beckett, Emma.
1233 Brown, Elizabeth Jeffrey (1045).
 1191 Keddy, John.
1192 Kermott, Charles Holland.
1193 Kiernan, William Malcolm.
                                                                                      1234 Emery, Marion.
1235 Graham, Mary Caroline.
1194 Morrison, Adam.
1195 Mulloy, Nelson (1106).
                                                                                      1236 Griffin, Ellen.
1237 Hills, Isabel.
1196 Richardson, James (1107).
1197 Switzer, Parmenio Alvan.
                                                                                      1238 Jones, Anna Elizabeth.
1239 Moffatt, Susan Wait.
1240 Pollock, Jane.
Second Class .- Grade C .- (Expire
                                                          one year from
                                    date.)
                                                                                      1241 Rogers, Ellen (1152).
1242 Smith, Sarah Anne.
1198 Andrew, Archibald.
1199 Ball, Edward Martin (1005).
                                                                                      1243 Vallance, Margaret.
1244 Wickson, Emma.
1200 Davidson, Archibald.
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#### EXPIRED CERTIFICATES.

The Certificates of the Second Class, Grade C, granted subsequently to the Nineteenth Session, have been limited to one year from their respective dates. In the Annual Report for 1859, a list of certificates not valid at the end of that year, was published, and the following list shows those which expired during 1860.

Such certificates have no further value.

```
No. 921, Carrie, James.
" 922, Obtained 2nd Class B, 998.
do. 1001.
                                                                  " 1014, McLean, Archibald. " 1015, Messmore, Alexander.
                                                                  " 1016, Munn, John.
" 1017, Platt, Gilbert George.
      924,
                            1st Class C, 978.
                    do
      925,
                           2nd Class A, 1078.
                    do
                                                                  " 1018, Vanalstine, Wm. Henry.
                                                                  "1019, Wilcox, Richd. Jefferson.
"1045, Obtained 2nd Class C, 1233.
      926,
                    do
                           2nd Class B, 1100.
      950, Armstrong, Mary.
      951, Atkin, Ellen.
                                                                  " 1046,
                                                                                    do
                                                                                            1st Class C, 1114.
      952, Beam, Rebekah Ann.
                                                                  " 1047, Chambers, Mary.
     953, Obtained 180 Class A, 1033.
954, Fenney, Jane Parker.
955, Flood, Louise.
956, Obtained 2nd Class A, 1033.
                                                                     1048,
                                                                                Obtained 2nd Class A, 1121.
                                                                  " 1049, Clark, Maria Chapman
                                                                  " 1050,
                                                                                Obtained 1st Class B, 1112.
                                                                  " 1051, Freeland, Henrietta.
                                                                  " 1052, Grainger, Mary Jane.
                    "
      958,
                            1st Class C, 1030.
                                                                  " 1053,
                                                                                Obtained 2nd Class B, 1134.
      959, Irwin, Margaret.
                                                                  " 1054, Patterson, Elizabeth Caroline.
      960, McPhail, Margaret.
                                                                  " 1055,
                                                                                Obtained 2nd Class A, 1123.
               Obtained 2nd Class A, 1035.
                                                                  " 1056, Robertson, Margaret.
" 1057, Obtained 2nd Class B, 1139.
      961,
      962,
                           1st Class C, 1119.
                                                                  " 1057,
 " 1005,
                    "
                           2nd Class C, 1199.
                                                                  " 1058, Shurtleff, Mary Jane.
    1006, Beer, William.
                                                                 Total number of Certificates granted .....
                                                                                                                           1244
 " 1007, Clark, William Andrew.
                                                                 Expired, up to 31st December, 1860, ......
    1008,
               Obtained 2nd Class B, 1184.
                                                                Obtained second Certificates in same class,
 " 1009, Fitchett, David.
" 1010, Haight, George Lester.
                                                                Obtained higher Certificates, .....
                                                                                                                             342
 " 1011, Jackson, Duncan.
" 1012, Keam, Peter.
" 1013, McHale, John.
                                                                Total Certificates valid on 31st December, 1860,
                                                                                                                             902
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(Certified),

ALEXANDER MARLING,

Registrar.

Education Office, January, 1861.

# APPENDIX F.

Apportionment of the Legislative School Grant for Upper Canada, for the year 1861.

No. 1.—Circular to the Clerk of each County, City, Town, and Villaye Municipality in Upper Canada.

SIR,—I have the honor to transmit herewith, a certified copy of the apportionment, for the current year, of the Legislative School Grant to each City, Town, Village, and Township, in Upper Canada. This apportionment will be payable at this Office, to the Agent of the Treasurer of your Municipality, on the first of July, provided that the School Accounts have been duly audited, and, together with the Auditor's and Local Superintendents' Reports, have been transmitted to the Department.

The basis of apportionment to the several Counties and Cities for this year, is the census returns of 1861, which have been procured for that purpose, by this Department, from the Bureau of Statistics, at Quebec. This apportionment to the Counties has been sub-divided among the several Townships, Towns, and incorporated Villages, according to the statistical returns of school population for 1860, which have, for this purpose, been carefully revised and corrected in this Department. Many inequalities in the apportionment have thus been removed, and all parts of the Province share in the grant upon equal terms, and in accordance with the demands made upon each locality for school accommodation and instruction. By this means, also, a more just and equitable apportionment has been made to those new and thinly settled Counties where poor schools have heretofore

existed, and where the ordinary Legislative and Municipal grants have not been sufficient

to enable Trustees to sustain the schools during the whole year.

As much difficulty has hitherto been experienced in making an equitable apportionment to Union Schools, a plan has this year been adopted, which, I think, will entirely obviate this difficulty. The school population reported in each Union Section has been carefully divided among the respective Townships concerned, and the apportionment has been made to the Township. Thus to each Township an apportionment has been made according to the entire school population in the Township, as reported by the Local Superintendents.

Where Separate Schools exist, the sum apportioned to the Municipality has been divided among the Common and Roman Catholic Separate Schools therein, according to the average attendance of pupils at both classes of schools, during that year, as reported by

the Trustees.

The gross sum apportioned this year is about \$4000 more than that of last year.

Owing to the delay in procuring certain necessary information from Quebec, the apportionment for 1861 could not be made in the usual time.

I trust that the liberality of your Council will be increased in proportion to the growing necessity and importance of providing for the sound and thorough education of all the youth of the land.

I am, Sir, your obedient servant,

E. RYERSON.

Education Office, Toronto, 24th June, 1861.

No. 2.—Apportionment to Counties for the year 186	1.
1. COUNTY OF GLENGARRY.	
Townships. Apportionmen	t.
Charlottenburgh	
Do. for Separate Schools \$73 00	, 0
	0.0
T	)()
Do. for Separate Schools 33 00	,,
T - 3.1.1	ı A
Do. for Separate Schools 69 00	,,,
Do. 101 Separate Schons, 05 00	
\$175 00 \$2214 0	0 (
Total for County, \$2389.	-
2. COUNTY OF STORMONT.	
	0 (
	0
	0
Roxborough 352 0	0
\$1844 0	
\$10 <del>11</del> 0	
3. COUNTY OF DUNDAS.	
Matilda	0
	0.
T77171	0
	0
	_
\$1977 0	0
<del></del>	
4. COUNTY OF PRESCOTT.	
Alfred \$156 0	
Caledonia 144 0	
Hawkesbury, East 377 0	0
Do. for Separate Schools \$85 00	- }
Do. West 225 0	0
Longueuil 198 0	0
Plantagenet, North	0
Do. South 152 0	0
\$85 00 \$1544 0	_
Fotal for County, \$1629. \$85 00 \$1544 0	V
truth Arons.	

5. County of Russ	SELL			
Cambridge			\$72	0.0
Clarenco			179	00
Cumberland			307	
Russell				
2	• • • • • •	••••	200	00
			\$764	00
			\$104	00
6. COUNTY OF CARL				
Display	ETOP	₹.	* 0 0 0	0.0
Fitzroy			. \$302	00
Do. for Separate School	\$24	00		
Gloucester			487	00
Do. for Separate School	26	00		
Goulbourn		,	360	00
Gower, North			267	00
Huntley			324	00
March			161	0.0
Marlborough			307	00
Nepenn		•••	. 432	00
Nepean	7.0	00	, TOM	00
Oggoods Deparate pendul	10	VV	539	00
Osgoode Torbolton	•••	•••		
Torpotton	•••		62	00
			40014	
(0.1.1.6. 0	\$68	00	\$3241	00
Total for County, \$3309.				
<del></del>				
7. COUNTY OF GRENV	ILLE	Ŀ.		
Augusta			. \$678	00
Edwardsburgh			581	00
Do. for Separate School	\$23	0.0		
Gower, South	φ		127	00
Oxford on Rideau		•••	525	
Wolford			375	
Do: for Separate School	1.0	00	910	VV
20. for peparate penoor	10	00		
			00000	00
Batal for Communication	<b>\$</b> 39	UU	\$2286	00
Total for County, \$2392.				
· —				
8. County of Le			_	
Bastard and Burgess South			. \$515	
Crosby North			. 288	
Do. South				00
Elizabethtown			627	00

8. COUNTY OF LEEDS.—Continued.	12. County of Addington.—Continued.
Elmsley South 169 00	Kaladar 68 00
Escott Front	Sheffield
Kitley       398 00         Leeds and Lansdowne Front       431 00	Do. for Separate School 23 00
Do. for Separate School \$31 00	\$42 00 \$1876 00
Leeds and Lansdowne Rear 249 00	Total for County, \$1918.
Yonge Front 221 00	
Do. and Escott Rear 284 00	10 0 - 7
\$31 00 \$3586 00	13. County of Lennox.
Total for County, \$3617.	Adolphustown
<del></del>	Do. South
O Claring on Lavang	Richmond
9. COUNTY OF LANARK. Bathurst	-010.00
Beckwith	\$876 00
Burgess North	
Dalhousic and Lavant	14. County of Prince Edward.
Do. for Separate School \$8 00	Ameliasburgh \$424 00
Drummond 246 00	Athol
Elmsley North 157 00	Hallowell
Lanark 341 00	Hillier 306 00
Montague       440 00         Pakenbam       310 00	Marysburgh 483 00
Ramsay	Sophiasburgh 332 00
Sherbrooke North 20 00	\$35 00 \$2106 00
Do. South 68 00	Total for County, \$2141.
\$8 00 \$3050 00	,,,
Total for County, \$3058.	
Lotal for Soundly, woode.	15. County of Hastings.
	Elzevir \$107 00
10. County of Renfrew.	Hungerford
Admaston \$317 00 Algona 28 00	Do. for Separate School \$22 00   Huntingdon
Algona       28 00         Alice and Peterwawa       88 00	Madoc
Bagot, Blithfield, Brougham and Sebastopol 261 00	Marmora 160 00
Bromley 233 00	Rawdon
Grattan 121 00	Sidney 630 00   Thurlow 502 00
Horton       167 00         McNab       242 00	Do. for Separate School 28 00
Pembroke	Tudor 51 00
Ross 154 00	Tyendinaga 951 00
Stafford 49 00	\$50 00 \$4166 00
Westmeath       234 00         Wilberforce       197 00	Total for County, \$4216.
WILDERIOFCE	
\$2171 00	
<del></del>	16. County of Northumberland.
[]. COUNTY OF FRONTENAC.	Alnwick \$128 00
Bedford, Olden and Oso	Brighton
Do. for Separate School \$40 00	Haldimand
Hinchinbrooke	Hamilton
Kingston	Monaghan South 140 00
Do. for Separate School 14 00  Loughborough	Murray 452 00
Pittsburgh	Percy
the for Scharate Schools 52 00	Seymour
Portland	
Storrington         345 00           Wolfe Island         316 00	\$21.00 \$3760.00
Do. for Separate Schools 37 00	Total for County, \$3784.
200. For copyrights	
\$143 00 \$2473 00	17. COUNTY OF DURHAM.
Total for County, \$2616.	
	Cartwright
12. COUNTY OF ADDINGTON.	Clarke
Amberst Island	Darlington 797 00
Anglesea and Barrie 17 00	Hope 584 00
Camden East 799 00	Manvers 514 00
Do. for Separate School \$19 00	\$3619 00
Ernestown	90018 00

18. County of Peterborough.	23. COUNTY OF SIMCOE.—Continued.
Asphodel \$403 00	Orillia
Belmont	Do. Separate School
Dummer 260 00	Sunnidale 50 00
Ennismore	Tay and Tiny 208 00
Monaghan North	Tecumseth
Otonabee         469 00           Do.         for Separate School         \$29 00	Tossorontio 103 00 Vespra 104 00
Smith 363 00	Do. Separate School \$13 00
\$29 00 \$2303 00 Total for County, \$2332.	\$75 00 \$4421 00 Total for County, \$4496.
Total for County, \$2002.	Lucia for Country, 4x770.
19. COUNTY OF VICTORIA.	24. COUNTY OF HALTON.
Eldon	Esquesing
Fenelon	Nelson 528 00
Galway, Lutterworth, Minden, Snowdon and	Trafalgar 635 00
Somerville	#1998 AA
Ops	\$2288 00
Verulam 175 00	25. COUNTY OF WENTWORTH.
\$2403 00	Ancaster \$522 00
\$2403 00	Barton
20. COUNTY OF ONTARIO.	Binbrooke 232 00
Brock \$536 00	Flamborough East \$418 00
Mara and Rama	Do. for Separate School \$33 00 Do. West 453 00
Reach 699 00	Do. West 453 00 Glanford 243 00
Scott 282 00	Saltfleet
Scugog Island	000 00 00000 00
Thorold	\$33 00 \$3203 00 Total for County, \$3236.
Whitby 408 00	
Whitby East	26. COUNTY OF BRANT.
\$4271 00	Brantford \$790 00 Burford 724 00
<u> </u>	Dumfries South
21. COUNTY OF YORK.	Oakland 102 00
Do. Separate School \$10 00	Onondaga 268 00
Georgina 176 00	\$2345 00
Gwillimbury North 149 00	
Do. East	27. COUNTY OF LINCOLN.
Markham	Caistor
Scarborough 598 00	Clinton
Vaughan 880 00	Grantham
Whitehurch       641 00         York       969 00	Grimsby 331 00
Do. Separate Schools \$100 00	Louth
1770.00.000.00	
\$110 00 \$6282 00 Total for County, \$6392.	\$2243 00
	20 0
22. COUNTY OF PEEL.	28. COUNTY OF WELLAND.  Bertie
Caledon	Crowland 161 00
Chinguacousy 801 00	Humberstone
Gore of Toronto	Pelham 289 00
Toronto 694 00	
	Stamford
\$2768 00	Stamford
\$2768 00	Thorold 328 00
23. County of Simcor.	Thorold
	Thorold
23. COUNTY OF SIMCOE.  Adjala \$259 00 Essa 304 00 Flos 107 00	Thorold
23. COUNTY OF SIMCOE.  Adjala \$259 00 Essa 304 00 Flos 107 00 Gwillimbury West 391 00	Thorold
23. COUNTY OF SIMCOE.  Adjala \$259 00 Essa 304 00 Flos 107 00 Gwillimbury West 391 00 Innisfil 498 00	Thorold
23. COUNTY OF SIMCOE.   Adjala   \$259 00	Thorold
23. COUNTY OF SIMCOE.         Adjala       \$259 00         Essa       304 00         Flos       107 00         Gwillimbury West       391 00         Innisfil       498 00         Medonte       218 00	Thorold

29. County of Haldimand, -Continued.	34. County of Grey.—Continued.
Oneida for Separate School, \$30 00	Egremontfor Separate Schools \$6 00
Rainham	Euphrasia 191 00
Seneca       360 00         Walpole       535 00	Glenelg 289 00   Holland 224 00
waipote 555 00	Holland
Total for County, \$2334. \$30 00 \$2304 00	Keppel and Sarawak
	Melancthon 187 00
30. County of Norfolk.	Normanby 328 00
Charlotteville S411 00	Do. for Separate Schools 25 00
Houghton       257 00         Middleton       297 00	Osprey
Townsend	Proton
Walsingham 476 00	Sullivan 192 00
Windham 410 00	Sydenham 423 00
Do. for Separate School \$16 00	
Woodhouse 438 00	\$61.00 \$3986.00
\$16 00 \$3037 00	Total for County, \$4047.
Total for County, \$3053.	35. County of Perth.
	Blanchard
31. County of Oxford.	Downie 442 60
Blandford \$221 00	Easthope North
Blenheim 769 00	Do. South
Dereham	Ellice
Norwich North	Do. for Separate School
Do. South	Fullarton
Oxford North	Hibbert 383 00
Do. East 355 00	Logan 241 00
Do. West	Mornington 340 00
Zorra East	Wallace 235 00
Do. west	\$20 00 \$3552 00
\$4583 00	Total for County, \$3572.
<del></del>	
32. COUNTY OF WATERLOO.	36. COUNTY OF HURON.
Dumfries North\$433 00	Ashfield
Waterloo       943 00         Wellesley       673 00	Biddulph
Wellesley	Goderich 425 00
Wilmot	Grey
Do. for Separate Schools 82 00 *	Нау 408 00
Woolwich 557 00	Howick 82 00
#150 00 #000F 00	Hullett 339 00
\$130 00 \$3207 00 Total for County, \$3337.	Do. for Separate School \$16 00 McGillivray
Total for County, \$5001.	McKillop
33. COUNTY OF WELLINGTON.	Morris
Amaranth \$152 00	Stanley 426 00
Arthur	Stephen 209 00
Do. for Separate Schools \$104 00	Tuckersmith
Eramosa	Turnbury
Garafraxa 555 00	Wawanosh
Guelph	
Luther 18 00	\$16 00 \$5434 00
Maryborough 320 00	Total for County, \$5450.
Minto 132 00	Dr. Chamana - Dr.
Do. for Separate School 8 00	37. COUNTY OF BRUCE.
Nichol	1 TO 1
Peel	Bruce
Pilkington	Carrick
Do. for Separate Schools 46 00	Do. for Separete School \$37 00
Puslinch	Culross 196 00
	Elderslie 241 00
\$193 00 \$4664 00	Greenock
Total for County, \$4857.	Do. for Separate School 28 00 Huron 277 00
34. County of Grey.	Huron 277 00   Kincardine 409 00
Artemesia\$340 00	Kinloss 166 00
Bentinck	Saugeen 203 00
Collingwood	· ————————————————————————————————————
Derby 141 00	\$65 00 \$2890 00
Egremont 232 00	Total for County, \$2955.
28	

38. County of Middlesex.	Apportionment to (	Cities, Towns	and Villag	nes for 1861
Carradoc     492 00       Delaware     195 00       Dorchester, North     513 00       Ekfrid     325 00       Lobo     427 00       Lendon     1043 00	CITIES.	Common Schools.	R. Cath. Separate Schools.	Total.
Metcalfe       214 00         Mosa       344 00         Nissouri, West       380 00         Westminster       729 00         Do. for Separate School       \$14 00         Williams, East       247 00         Do. West       139 00	Toronto	\$3449 00 1788 00 1072 00 1148 00 696 00	\$1624 00 349 00 485 00 144 00 953 00	\$5073 00 2137 00 1557 00 1292 00 1649 00
Do. for Separate School 14 00		\$8153 00	\$3555 00	\$11708 00
\$28 00 \$5382 00		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Total for County, \$5410.	TOWNS.	1		
39. COUNTY OF ELGIN.         Aldborough       \$204 00         Bayham       604 00         Dorchester, South       266 00         Dunwich       322 00         Malahide       599 00         Southwold       663 00         Yarmouth       653 00	Amherstburgh Barrie Belleville Berlin Bowmanville Brantford Brockville Chatham Clifton	\$163 00 116 00 415 00 208 00 217 00 617 00 317 00 422 00 64 00	94 00 63 00 167 00 23 00  123 00 116 00 58 00 42 00	257 00 179 00 582 00 231 00 217 00 740 00 433 00 480 00 106 00
\$3311 00	Cobourg	405 00	129 00	534 00
## 40. County of Kent.    Camden	Cobourg. Collingwood. Cornwall. Dundas Galt. Goderich. Guelph. Ingersoll Lindsay Milton Niagara Oakville. Owen Sound. Paris. Perth. Peterborough Picton. Port Hope Prescott. Sandwich Sarnia St. Catharines. St. Thomas Simcoe. Whitby. Windsor.		129 00 128 00 128 00 125 00 44 00 95 00 42 00 66 00 96 00 67 00 132 00 254 00 21 00 24 00	534 00 244 00 206 00 308 00 319 00 315 00 196 00 198 00 169 00 169 00 346 00 261 00 354 00 196 00 196 00 197 00 198 00 198 00 199 00 198 00 199 00 19
Warwick		\$8682 00	\$2014 00	\$10696 00
\$2619 00 42. County of Essex.	INCORPORATED VILLAGES.			
Anderdon       \$237 00         Colchester       281 00         Gosfield       290 00         Maidstone       220 00         Do. for Separate School       \$25 00         Malden       198 00         Mersea       249 00         Rochester       113 00         Sandwich       430 00         Do. for Separate School       25 00         Tilbury, West       127 00         \$50 00       \$2145 00	Asbburnham  Bath  Bradford  Brampton  Brighton  Caledonia  Cayuga  Chippewa  Clinton  Colborne  Dunnville  Elora  Embro	\$91 00 74 00 115 00 156 00 102 00 77 00 126 00 92 00 92 00 141 00 129 00 80 00		91 00 74 00. 115 00 156 00 146 00 102 00 77 00 92 00 92 00 92 00 119 00 129 00
Total for County, \$2195.	Fergus	119 00		119 00

						-		
INCORPORATED VILLAGES.—Continued.	Common Schools.	R. Cath. Separate Schools.	Total.	COUNTIES.—Con.	Common Schools.	C. Cath. Separate Schools.	Tota	1.
Fort Erie	68 00		68 00	11. Frontenac	0.472.00	1/2 0/	007	
Hawkesbury	119 00	,	119 00	12. Addington	2473 00	143 00		3 00
Hespeler	87 00		87 00					3 00
Iroquois	53 00		53 00	13. Lennox 14. Prince Edw'rd	876 00			3 00
Kemptville	115 00		115 00			35 00		L 00
Kincardine	117 00		117 00	15. Hastings	4166 00	-		
Merrickville	87 00	,	87 00	16. Northum'brl'd	3760 00	24 00		
Mitchell	138 00	••• •••	138 00	17. Durham	3619 00		361	
Morrisburgh	71 00			18. Peterborough.	2303 00	29 00		
Napanee	162 00		71 00	19. Victoria	2403 00			
Newburgh	102 00	\$9 00.		20. Ontario	4271 00		427	
Newcastle	138 00		106 00	21. York	6282 00	110 00		
New Hamburgh	104 00	••• •••	138 00	22. Peel	2768 00	*** ***		
Newmarket		40.00	104 00	23. Simcoe	4421 00	75 00		
Oshawa	115 00 113 00	43 00	158 00	24. Halton	2288 00			
Pembroke		51 00	164 00	25. Wentworth	3203 00	33 0€		
	51 00		51 00	26. Brant	2345 00	j		
Portsmouth	73 00	46 00	119 00	27. Lincoln	2243 00			
Preston	132 00	22 00	154 00	28. Welland	2215 00			
Renfrew	65 00	,	65 00	29. Haldimand	2304 00	30 00		
Richmond	in Tow		0- 00	30. Norfolk		16 00		
Smith's Falls	97 00	•••	97 00	31. Oxford	4583 00		4588	
Southampton	69 00		69,00	32. Waterloo	3207 00	130 00		0.0
Stirling	74 00	••• •••	74 00	33. Wellington	4664 00	193 00		0.0
St. Mary's	279 00		279 00	34. Grey	3986 00	61 00	4047	0.0
Stratford	310 00	··· ···	310 00	35. Perth	3552 00	20 00		
Strathroy	75 00		75 00	36. Huron	5434 00	16 00		
Streetsville	127 00		127 00	37. Bruce	2890 00	65 00		
Thorold	110 00	87 00	197 00	38. Middlesex	5382 00	28 00		
Trenton	69 00	107 00	176 00	39. Elgin	3311 00			
Vienna	102 00		102 00	40. Kent	2970 00	60 00		
Waterloo	139 00		139 00	41. Lambton	2619 00		2619	
Welland	83 00		83 00	42. Essex	2145 00	50 00	2195	00
Yorkville	177 00		177 00					
	<b>\$</b> 5165 00	\$365 00	\$5530 00		\$126379 00	\$1616 00	\$127995	00
		~ ~ .		GRAND TOTALS.				
Summary of $Ap_I$	portionment	to Counties,	for 1861.		d	G	 	
					Common	Separate	Total	
CONTENE	Common	Separate	Total.		Schools.	Schools.	•	
COUNTIES.	Schools.	Schools.	Total.	·				
				m. + -1 C + :	\$196970 AA	ATOTA OO	6105005	• •
				Total Counties		\$1616 00		
1. Glengarry	2214 00	175 00	2389 00	011100		3555 00	11708	
2. Stormont	1844 00		1844 00	1 2011 110 1111111	8682 00	2014 00	10696	
3. Dundas	1977 00		1977 00	" Villages	5165 00	365 00	5530	00
4. Prescott	1544 00	85 00	1629 00		\$7.400E0.00	A 7	9755000	
5. Russell	764 00		764 00		\$148379 00	\$7550 00	\$155929	00
6. Carleton	3241 00	68 00	3309 00	Additional sum re	served for a	ny Roman		
7. Grenville	2286 00	39 00	2325 00	Catholic Separ				
8. Lecds	3586 00	31 00	3617 00	be established			\$571	00
g. Lanark	3050 00	8 00	3058 00					
10. Renfrew	2171 00		2171 00				\$156500	00
10				-				

Note.—The school moneys apportioned to the various counties, cities, towns, and villages, as per the foregoing statement, are payable to the Toronto agents of the local treasurers, on the first day of July next. Wherever the apportionment is withheld, it has been owing to the omission or neglect on the part of the local school arthorities to comply with the school law, and to transmit to the Educational Department the necessary reports or audited returns—blank forms of which were furnished from the Department early in the year.

# APPENDIX G.

No. 1.—Department of Public Instruction for Upper Canada.

Documents Furnished Annually by the Educational Department to the School Officers of Upper Canada.

The following are furnished gratuitously by the Educational Department of Upper Canada to the various school officers, viz.:—

1. The Journal of Education for Upper Canada is sent monthly to each of the Trustee Corporations in the rural school sections, to the Boards of Grammar and Common School Trustees, to the Local Superintendent, to the Trustees of each of the Separate Schools, and to each County Clerk and Treasurer, Exchanges, &c., &c. Total, 4,500 copies.

The Journal has been constituted the official medium of communicating all departmental intelligence. It is regularly sent by the publisher, about the first of each month, to the official address of the parties above enumerated. Should they fail in any case to receive it, immediate notification of the fact should be sent to the Education office. Missing numbers can generally be supplied. To the public, the price is \$1 per annum, payable in advance. Back volumes since 1848 (the first year of its existence) can be furnished on the same terms.

- 2. The School Registers, for recording the attendance, recitations and deportment of pupils, are furnished to each of the Grammar and Common Schools, and to the Separate Schools, in Upper Canada. Total, about 4,000 copies. The Registers are sent annually to the County Clerks, for gratuitous distribution, through the Local Superintendents.
- 3. The Trustees' Half-Yearly Reports are sent every six months, through the Local Superintendents, to the Trustees of each school section. Those for the Grammar Schools and Roman Catholic Separate Schools, are sent direct from the Department. Total sent out annually, 7,500 copies.
- 4. The Trustees' Blank Annual Reports are annually sent through the Local Superintendents to each of the Trustee Corporations in the rural school sections. Total, about 4,000 copies.
- 5. The Blank Annual Reports, from which the General Annual Report of the Department is compiled, are sent to the Local Superintendents and Boards of Common School Trustees and Boards of Grammar School Trustees. Total number sent out annually, 600 copies.
- 6. Auditors', Treasurers' and Sub-Treasurers' Returns are sent to about 450 of those officers, to be filled up and returned.
- 7. The Chief Superintendent's Annual Report to His Excellency the Governor General, printed by order of the House of Assembly, is also sent to each of the rural Trustee Corporations, to the Boards of Common School Trustees in cities, towns and villages, to Boards of Grammar School Trustees, to Boards of Public Instruction, to Local Superintendents, and to Separate School Trustees, besides copies to other parties. Total number sent out annually, about 4,500.
- 8. Various Forms.—Forms are also sent from time to time, to Superannuated Teachers, Trustees, (for maps) Normal School Students, &c. About 800 copies.

  Letters received and sent out by the Department:—

	1852	1853	1854	1855	1856	1857	1858	1859	1860
Number of letters received		4015 77	4920 95	5338 102	5739 110	6294 121	6431 124	6468 125	7121 137
Number of letters sent out		1936 37	2581 50	3764 72	3966 77	35 <b>42</b> 68	4627 88	5823 112	6015 116

# Recapitulation. Total number of copies prepared, or printed, and sent out annually from the Educational Department for Upper Canada:—

<ol> <li>Journal of Education.</li> <li>Schoe! Registers</li> <li>Trustees' Blank Half-Yearly Reports</li> <li>Trustees' Blank Annual Reports</li> <li>Local Superintendents' Blank Annual Reports.</li> <li>Auditors' and Treasurers' Blank Returns.</li> </ol>	4,000 7,500 4,000	7. Chief Superintendent's Report. 4,500 8. Various Forms, about. 800 9. Letters, &c., sent and received 13,140 10. Circulars, about 8,000  Grand total per year 47,490
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# No. 2.—Summary of the Local Superintendents of Schools in Upper Canada

			School Sections.	Schools Open.
(1.) (2.) (3.) (4.)	392 5 36 47	Townships Cities Towns Incorporated Villages	3,908 53 97 76	3,743 53 97 76
	480	Total	4,134	3,969

Number of Local Superintendents, 305.

# No. 3.— Statement of the Religious Persuasions of the Local Superintendents of Commmon Schools who are Clergymen.

Total number of Reverend	perintendents	10
Do. Rome	37   Congregationalist   2   Methodist   2   2   Not ascertained   2	20
Clerical Superinter dents Lay do an	those not reported	10
	30.	15