



PUBLIC BUILDINGS

ERECTED AND IMPROVED
BY THE GOVERNMENT OF MANITOBA
DURING THE YEARS

1900 - 1906

THE HON. R. P. ROBLIN, Premier
THE HON. ROBT. ROGERS, Minister of Public Works

DECEMBER, 1906

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PREFATORY



THE views of the public buildings herein shown comprise those erected and improved by the Government of Manitoba during the past six years, and are intended to exhibit one of the many public purposes to which the revenue of the Province has been devoted.

Q All of the structures erected during the period named are attractive in design, substantially built and modern in every respect.

Q It is gratifying that the Government has been able to so abundantly provide for the increased necessities and requirements of the people without involving the Province in any financial obligation whatever.





QUEEN VICTORIA STATUE

Erected in the grounds of Parliament Buildings, City of Winnipeg

Queen Victoria Statue

This magnificent statue of the late Queen Victoria, executed in bronze by the celebrated English sculptor, Frampton, was unveiled on the first day of October, 1904, and stands in a prominent place in the Parliament Buildings grounds in the City of Winnipeg.

The statue is a handsome one, and represents Her late Majesty seated on the Throne holding the orb and sceptre. At the back is an emblematic figure in armour, with a sword, the hilt of which is held upright to form a cross, and this symbolizes the spirit of the Empire armed for defence or for religious liberties, but crowned with the dove, representing peace. The base of the statue is composed of Manitoba limestone, and bears the inscription "V. R., 1837—1901." The statue cost, approximately, \$15,000, the Government contributing \$13,296.56 and the balance being defrayed by private subscriptions.

The unveiling of the statue was appropriately performed by the Honourable R. P. Roblin, Premier of the Province. During the course of an eloquent eulogy on the life and reign of our late beloved Queen, Mr. Roblin said :---

"The statue we have before us to-day has been erected to commemorate the constitutional rule and many virtues of our late lamented Queen. The benefits we have derived from her reign are marked and distinct, and will be remembered as long as the English language is spoken; but nowhere, and in no place, will the name of Queen Victoria be remembered with greater gratitude, more reverence and affection, than by the people of the Province of Manitoba."



Parliament Buildings and Departmental Offices, City of Winnipeg

Parliament Buildings and Departmental Offices

CITY OF WINNIPEG

These buildings were erected in the year 1883 by the Government of which the late Honourable John Norquay was Premier, and are favorably situated upon a block of land contiguous to Broadway and Kennedy Street, in the City of Winnipeg. Their original cost, including furnishings, was \$280,000. In them are contained the Legislative Chamber of the Province, the Library, and the several Departmental offices.

In the year 1900 the foundation walls of the structure were substantially strengthened, at a cost of \$15,000.00, and since that time considerable annual expenditure has been made upon general interior improvements.



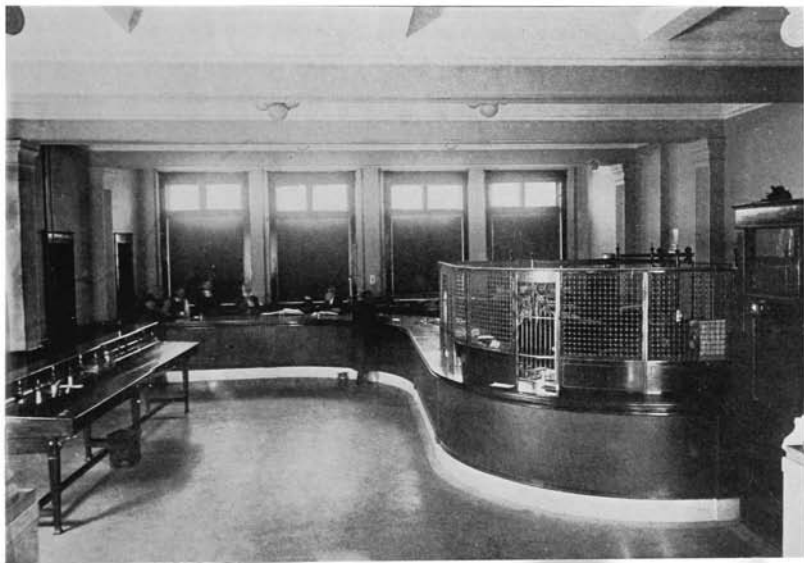
Government House, Winnipeg

Lieutenant Governor's Residence

This building is located immediately to the south of the Parliament Buildings and was erected at the same time as the latter. The grounds are spacious, extending along Kennedy Street to Assiniboine Avenue, and during the summer months present a most attractive appearance. The building has been materially improved during the past six years. A substantial addition on the north-west corner, and a verandah, have been added, the greenhouses in connection with the premises have been rebuilt and enlarged, and a new residence for the gardener has been erected. The permanent improvements made involved an expenditure of, approximately, \$15,000



Land Titles Building, City of Winnipeg



First Floor, Land Titles Office, Winnipeg

Land Titles Building, Winnipeg

This building was erected in 1903 at a cost, including furnishings, of \$100,000, and is located on Government property, facing Broadway and a short distance from the Law Courts. It is of a most substantial character and very attractive in appearance, is built of brick and native stone, is fireproof throughout, is heated by transmitted steam and installed with the most modern plumbing. In the building are comprised all necessary offices and other requirements, including vault accommodation and safety and filing devices.



Addition to Deaf and Dumb Institute, City of Winnipeg

Addition to Deaf and Dumb Institute, Winnipeg

This building is situated on the north-west corner of Sherbrooke Street and Portage Avenue, in the City of Winnipeg, and was erected in 1900 at a cost of \$35,000. It is of brick and stone construction, and has modern heating and plumbing systems. The interior comprises dormitories, large class and lecture rooms, and Superintendent's apartments. Accommodation for at least fifty additional pupils in the institution has been provided by the erection of this addition.



Normal School, City of Winnipeg

Normal School, Winnipeg

This building is situated on the south-west corner of Gertie and William Streets, in the City of Winnipeg, and was erected in 1905, costing \$100,000. It is conspicuously handsome owing to the fine character and appearance of the stone work. The building is a very commodious one. In the basement are comprised a recreation room, gymnasium and class rooms, besides boiler rooms, lavatories and kitchen. On the first floor there are further class rooms and offices, model room and library, with large public halls and corridors and wide stairway. The second floor has more class rooms, laboratory, museum and art room, also large halls and stairway. In the attic are the caretaker's apartments and store rooms. The best heating and plumbing systems have been provided, and the ventilation of the building has also received every attention. The interior wood work is of oak and fir.



Addition to the Asylum for the Insane, Brandon



Asylum for the Insane, Brandon, showing recent addition to left of illustration

Addition to the Asylum for the Insane, Brandon

Erected in 1906 at a cost of \$70,000, this building, capable of caring for one hundred and eighty further patients, adjoins and is connected with the old building. The exterior architectural design is most pleasing to the eye, and the construction is of the best character throughout. The walls are of brick and stone. The interior comprises large dormitories, offices and officers' apartments, and the whole is equipped with modern heating and sanitary systems.



Asylum for the Insane, Selkirk

Addition to Asylum for the Insane, Selkirk

The addition, built of brick and stone, was erected in 1902 and cost \$30,000. It was necessitated to meet additional requirements. The interior comprises large wards for patients, and official apartments, and is well furnished and equipped throughout.



Addition to Home for Incurables, Portage la Prairie

Addition to Home for Incurables, Portage la Prairie

The building shown was erected by the Government in 1900, and was urgently required to accommodate a further number of that unfortunate class in the Province incurable and incapable of caring for themselves. The exterior is of brick and stone, with large surrounding verandahs where an abundance of fresh air and sunshine and moderate exercise may be enjoyed by the inmates. The interior consists of large wards and dormitories, also bath and toilet rooms. As in the other buildings, modern heating and plumbing systems have been introduced.



Reformatory and Gaol Addition, Portage la Prairie

Reformatory, and Addition to Gaol, Portage la Prairie

This addition was erected in 1906 at a cost of \$65,000, and supplied a long-felt need, the old premises being entirely inadequate to meet requirements. The walls are of brick and stone, and in the interior are provided new cells, dining-rooms, kitchen, official quarters and other necessary accommodation not hitherto enjoyed. The building in every respect is equipped in a most modern manner.



Court House and Gaol, Morden

Court House and Gaol, Morden

Erected in 1905 at a cost of \$40,000 (including furnishings). The exterior walls are of local boulder stone, giving to the building a very unique and handsome appearance. In the basement are the cells, the caretaker's apartments, boiler room, etc. The ground or first floor is devoted to offices for Judges and officials, and the next floor comprises a spacious Court room and rooms for witnesses, etc. The building is supplied with modern heating and plumbing systems.



Normal School, Town of St. Boniface

Normal School, St. Boniface

Is centrally located, and erected in 1903; cost, \$20,000. It is a solid brick building, on stone foundation, and presents a fine appearance; is substantially built, and comprises in the interior four large class rooms, with a recreation room in the basement, and has modern heating and sanitary appliances.



Normal School, Manitou

Normal School, Manitou

This building was erected in 1905, at a cost of \$18,000. It is a brick and stone structure on substantial foundation. The interior consists of large class and recreation rooms, is heated by hot air, and contains all modern improvements.



Land Titles Office, Carman

Land Titles Office, Carman

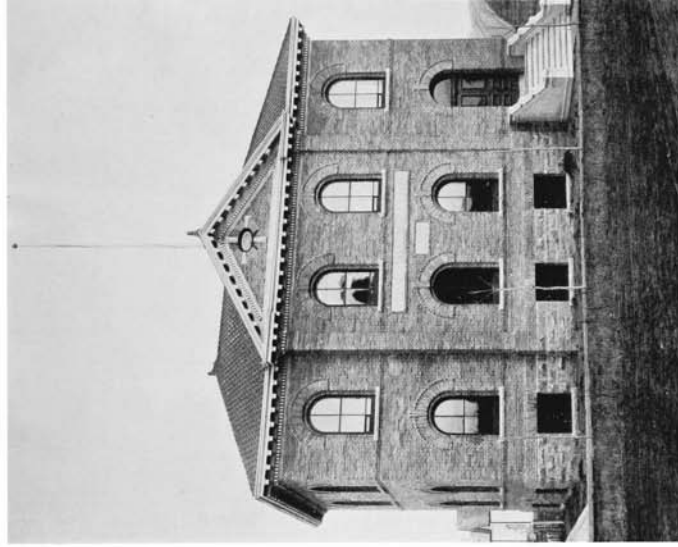
This building was acquired by the Government and added to at a total cost of \$10,000. On the ground floor the general offices are located, with a large vault in the rear; the second floor comprises a large room, used for County Court sittings, and the basement has furnace and fuel rooms.



Land Titles Office, Neepawa

Land Titles Office, Neepawa

This building was erected in 1906 at a cost of \$20,000, and, although small, is a gem in point of architectural design and appearance; is built of brick upon a solid foundation, with appropriate cut stone effects. The interior is well finished, and comprises spacious offices for the several officials. Is well heated and lighted, and has modern sanitary conveniences; also metal filing cases and shelving.



Land Titles Office, Boissevain

Land Titles Office, Boissevain

This building was erected in 1905, at a cost of \$12,000; is a solid brick structure, containing large and suitably arranged offices for the purposes intended, and is well heated and otherwise efficiently equipped.



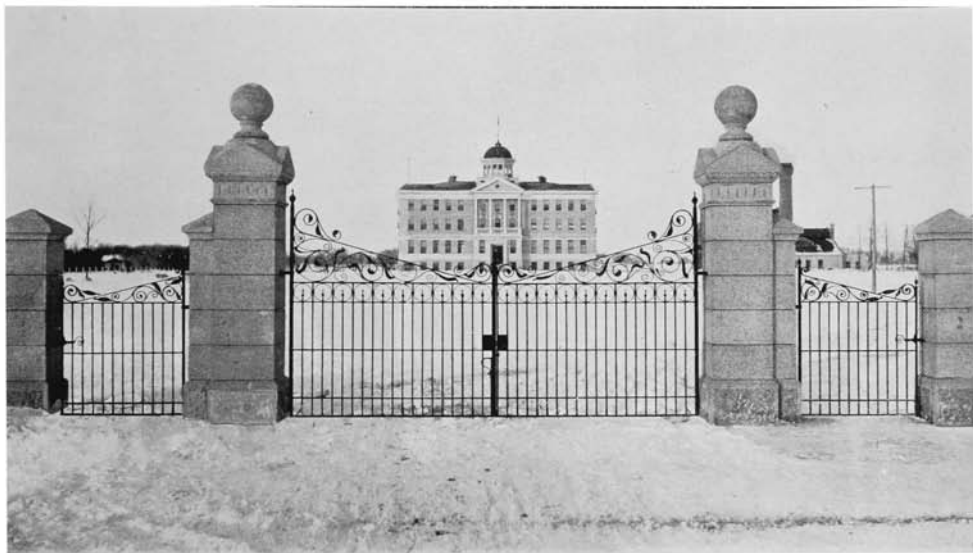
Land Titles Office, Portage la Prairie

Land Titles Office, Portage la Prairie

Alterations to this building were made in 1906 at a cost of \$8,000. The exterior is of brick and stone, the front being most attractive in appearance. The interior alterations are nearing completion, and will comprise adequate office accommodation, and modern heating and plumbing will be introduced.



Agricultural College, Main Building

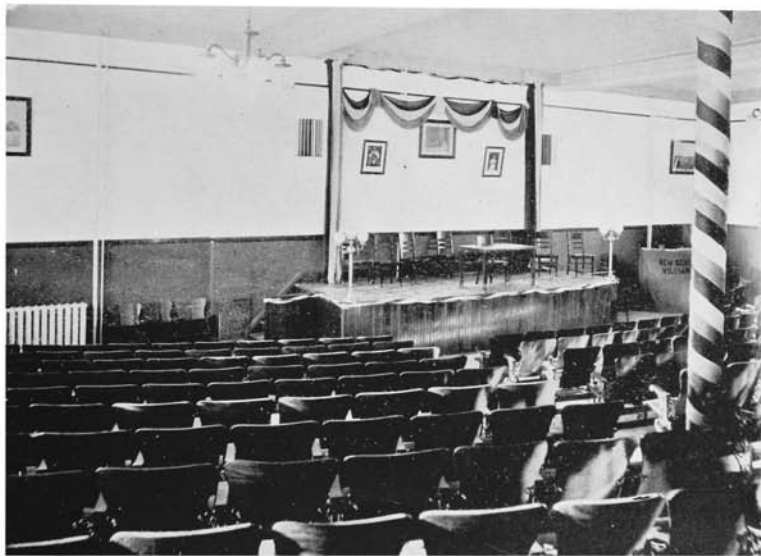


Entrance to Agricultural College premises, showing Main Building in distance

Agricultural College and Buildings, Winnipeg

These are located upon the inner two miles of lots three and four of the Parish of St. Charles. The premises comprise about 117.40 acres, with a frontage on the Assiniboine River of 537 feet, extending back about two miles. Adjoining, on both sides, is the Tuxedo Park property, which has been sub-divided into streets and lots. The main building and dairy and science hall, together with the Principal's residence, power house, ice house, and greenhouses, are situate between the river and what is known as Piper Boulevard. To the south of the latter is the machinery hall, auditorium, farmer's cottage, and also the horse barn, cattle stables and piggery.

The grounds in the vicinity of the main buildings are being laid out on approved plans, and will when completed possess a most attractive and picturesque appearance.



Auditorium, Main Building, Agricultural College

MAIN BUILDING

This magnificent structure was completed in 1906 at a cost of \$102,000. The exterior walls are of brick and stone, on a most substantial foundation. Large colonial stone columns adorn the front of the building immediately above the main entrance, and the whole is capped by a well-proportioned tower, giving a bold effect. The interior is provided with perfect heating, plumbing and ventilation systems, and contains the following accommodation:—

Basement—Workshop, kitchen, dining room, gymnasium and lavatories.

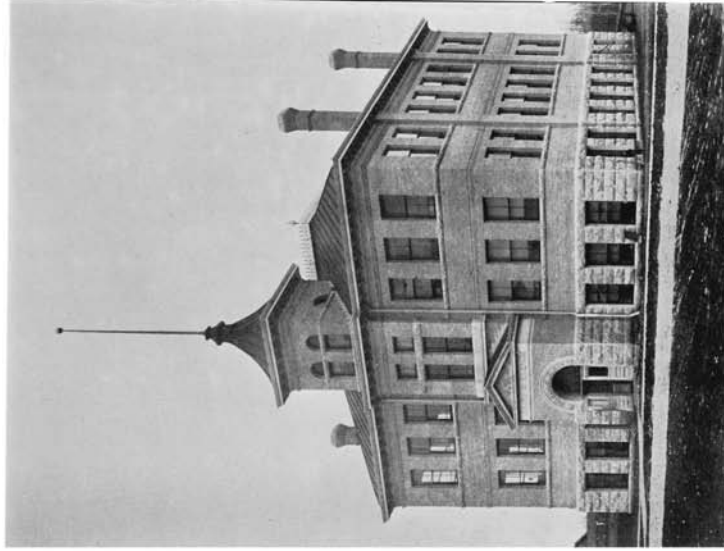
Ground Floor—Laboratory, lecture rooms, offices, lavatories and auditorium, with spacious corridors and staircases.

Second Floor—Lecture rooms, library and reading rooms, laboratories, offices, sitting room, class room and museum, with large rotunda and staircases.

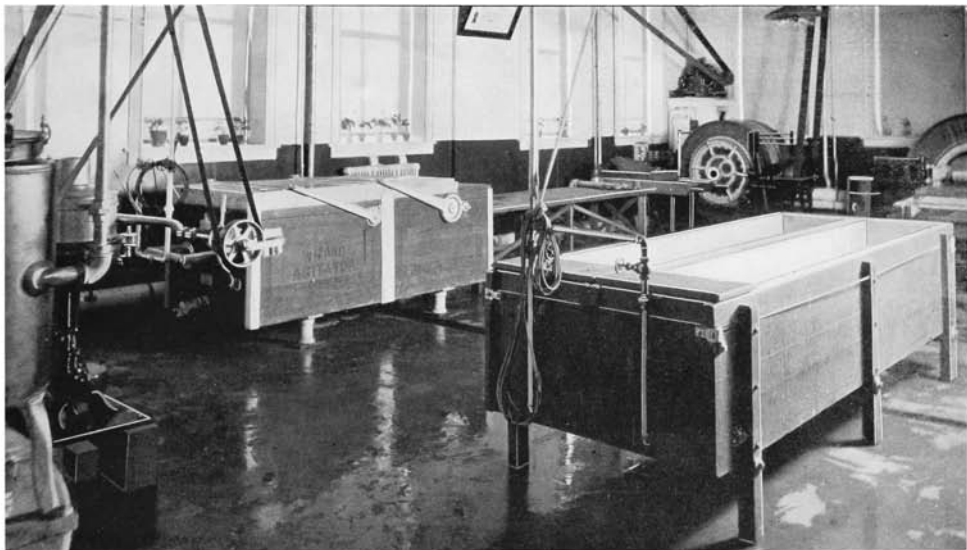
Third Floor - Dormitories, bedrooms, lavatories, and large rotunda and staircases.

Attic—Spacious storerooms.

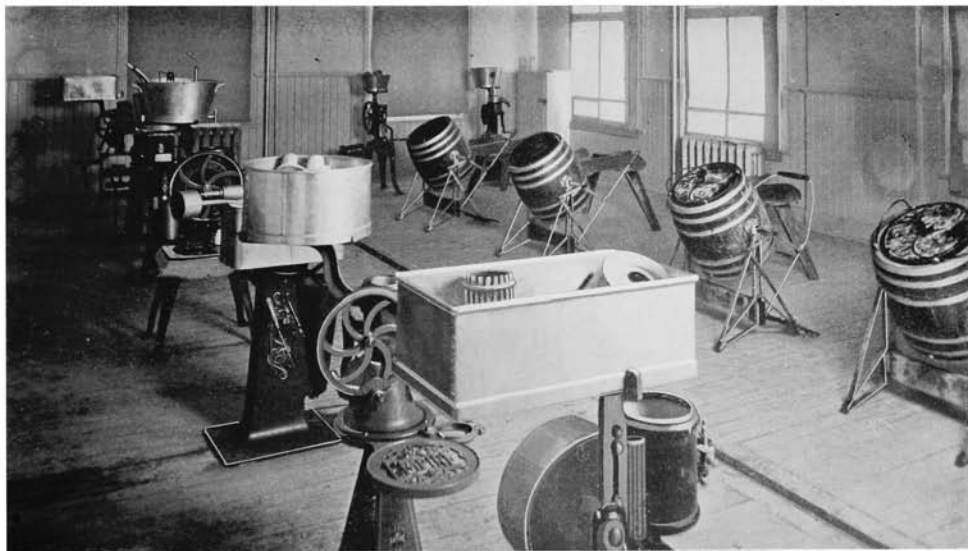
All of the interior work is of the most improved character and the best of workmanship.



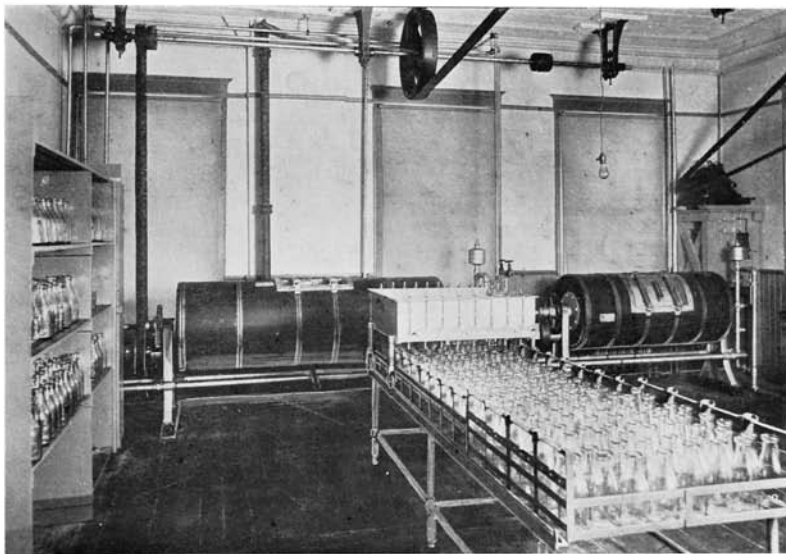
Dairy and Science Building, Agricultural College



Butter-making Room, Agricultural College



Home Dairying Department, Agricultural College



Pasteurizing and Bottling Room, Agricultural College

DAIRY AND SCIENCE BUILDING

This building, like the former one, is of brick and stone, and was completed in 1906, at a cost of \$30,000. It presents a very attractive appearance, and is provided with modern plumbing and heating systems. In the basement are the lecture rooms, lavatories and refrigerators; on the ground floor are the lecture and class rooms and Principal's offices; the second floor consists of large lecture room and a number of class rooms. Large public corridors and staircases are provided throughout.



Principal's Residence, Agricultural College

PRINCIPAL'S RESIDENCE

Also completed in 1906; cost, \$7,000. Is a brick building on stone foundation. The interior is finished in oak, and comprises basement, parlor, dining and sitting room, kitchen, pantries, and five bedrooms and a bath room on the second floor. The whole is modernly equipped as regards plumbing and heating.

FARMER'S COTTAGE

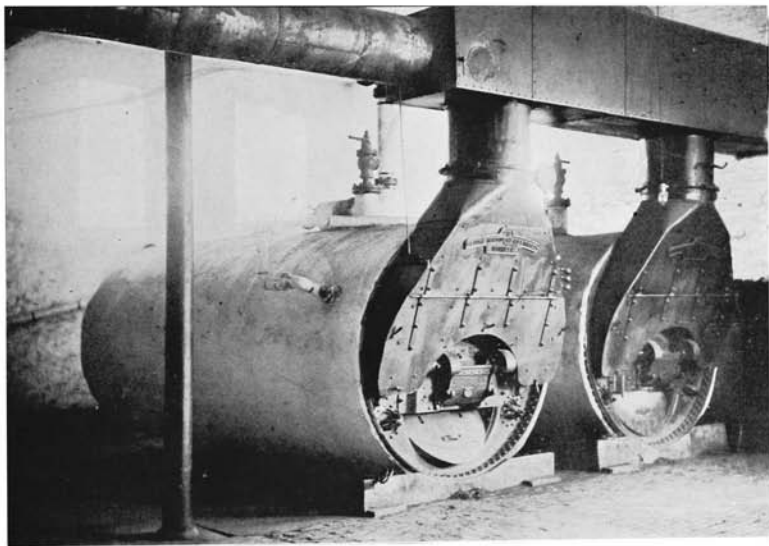
Also erected in 1906; cost, \$3,250. Is a frame building, having large basement, dining room, parlor, kitchen and pantries, with bath room and five bedrooms. Modern improvements are provided.



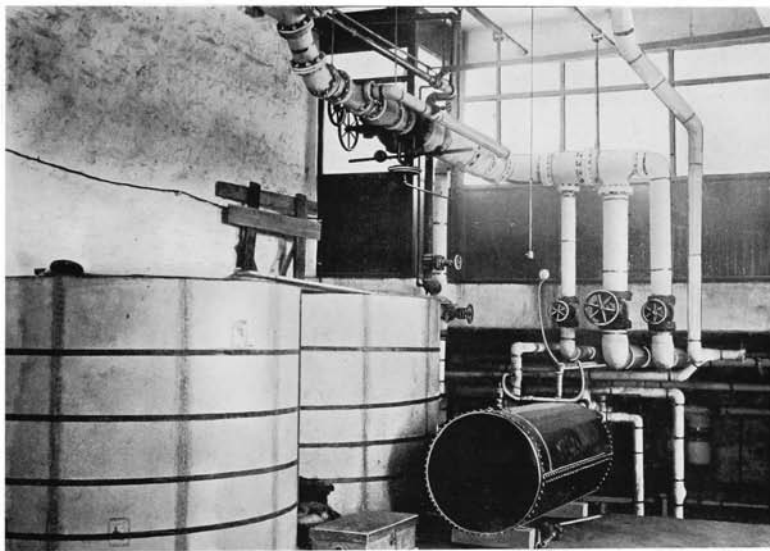
Farmer's Cottage, Agricultural College



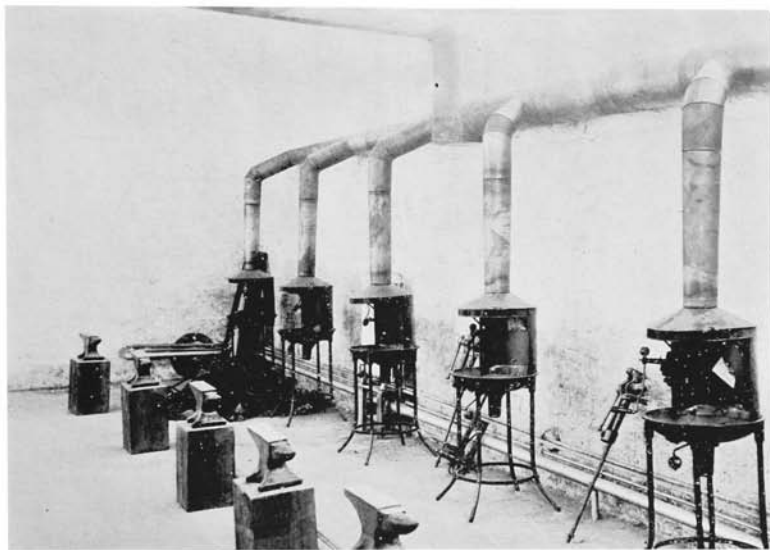
Power House, Agricultural College



Boilers, Power House, Agricultural College



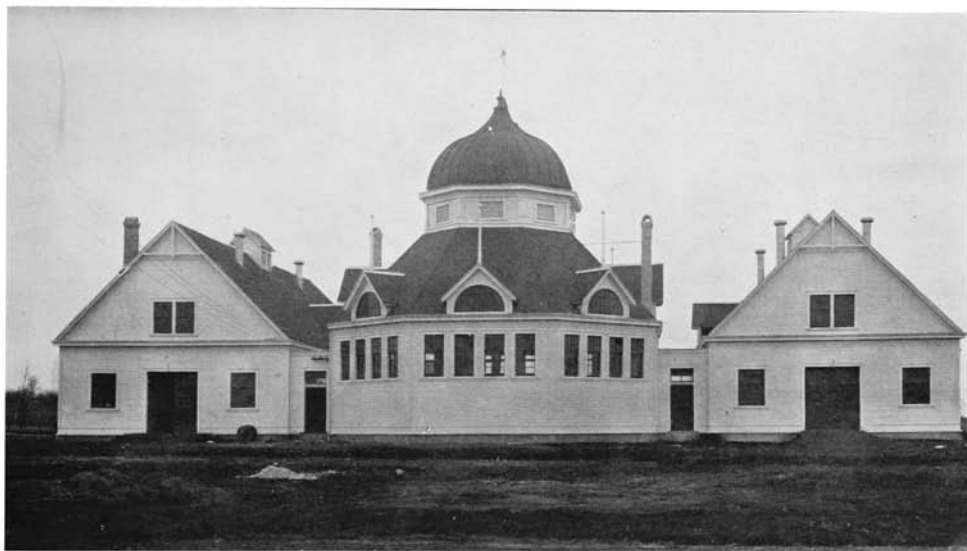
View in Boiler Room, Power House, Agricultural College



Anvils and Forges, Blacksmith Department, Power House, Agricultural College

POWER HOUSE

Erected in 1906 also; cost, \$20,000. Is a brick and stone building on substantial foundation, and fireproof throughout. It is equipped with the most modern plant, and furnishes heat for the Main and Dairy and Science buildings and the Principal's residence. The janitor is also provided with suitable apartments in the building.



Horse Barns

Pavilion, Agricultural College

Cattle Barns

THE PAVILION AND BARNS

Also erected in 1906; cost, \$20,000. The interior of the Auditorium is large, well lighted and admirably adapted for the purpose intended -- the practical instruction of pupils respecting live stock. The barns adjoin the Auditorium building, and are in every respect most complete in point of detail.



Pavilion, Agricultural College, showing Class receiving instruction in Stock Judging

PRESENT STAFF OF COLLEGE

W. J. BLACK, B.S.A., Principal and Professor of Animal Husbandry.

W. J. CARSON, B.S.A., Professor of Dairy Husbandry.

W. J. RUTHERFORD, Professor of Agriculture.

F. TORRANCE, B.A., D.V.S., Lecturer in Veterinary Science.

COURSES OF STUDY

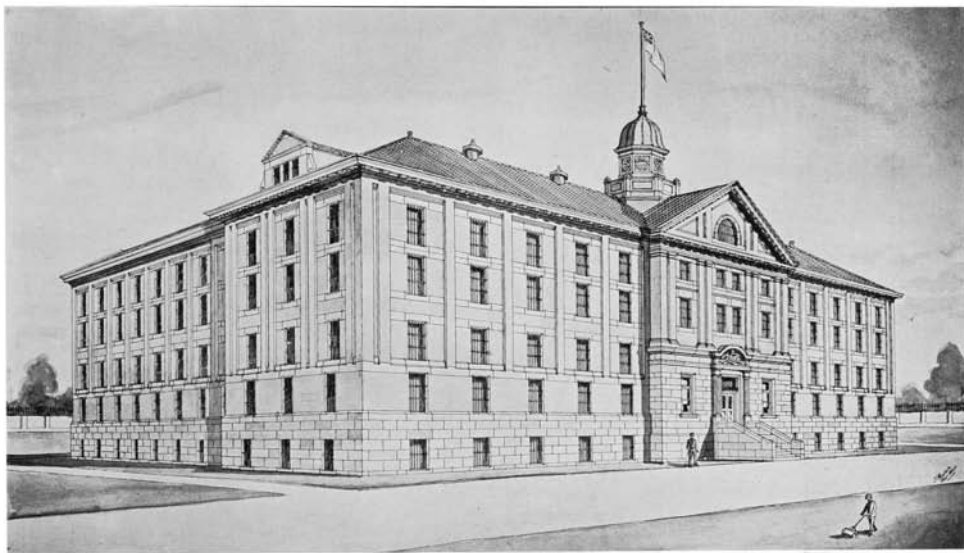
Agriculture: Soil physics, soil cultivation, summer fallowing, plant growth, plant diseases, crops, weeds, plant breeding and improvement, and farm management.

Animal Husbandry: Breeds, judging, breeding, feeds and feeding, and care and management.

Veterinary Science: Anatomy, materia medica, pathology.

Farm Dairying: Practical work.

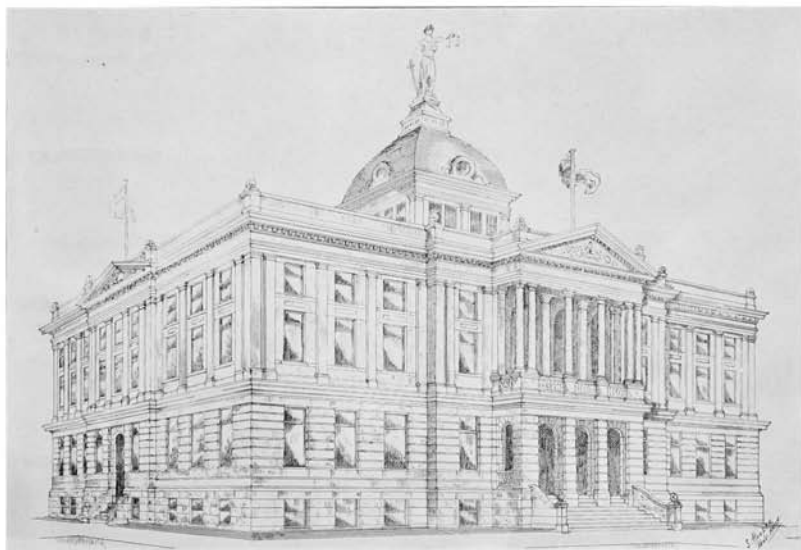
Other Subjects: Horticulture, farm forestry, farm mechanics, and English and mathematics.



Proposed Gaol, Winnipeg

Proposed Gaol, City of Winnipeg

The view shown of the exterior of this building is a reproduction from an original photograph of plan. Its construction has not yet been commenced, but it is the intention to start the work the coming season and push it to completion with the utmost despatch. Authority for the erection of the building was given by the Legislature in 1905, at an estimated cost, including site, of \$200,000. The site has not been determined. The building when erected will be fully modern in every respect, the greatest care having been taken as to interior arrangements. At present the gaol accommodation for the Eastern Judicial District is totally inadequate, but the new building will overcome this by providing most ample accommodation.



Proposed Law Courts, Winnipeg

New Court Buildings, Winnipeg

The view shown is also a reproduction from a photograph of plan. The large increase of legal work of all kinds centering in the City of Winnipeg, and the present lack of accommodation, have induced the Government to take into consideration the providing of further facilities in this respect. The proposed structure is modern in every particular and most attractive in appearance.